

HOUSE OF COMMONS, August 2. NEW FOUNDLAND FISHERIES.

Mr Wallace presented a petition from the merchants and traders of Greenock, complaining of the great difference in the amount of duty that was levied on Spanish vessels, returning with fish from Newfoundland, and British vessels, stating unless some alteration was made in the existing reciprocity laws with Spain, the trade of this country would be very much injured.

Mr G. F. Young had, three years ago, felt it his duty to call the attention of the government to the Reciprocity Act and the conduct of the Spanish Government, which pressed most severely upon British interests.

Captain Pechell, in seconding the petition of the hon. member for Greenock, hoped he would undertake a bill for Scotland, similar to that which he, (Captain Pechell,) had brought in for the protection of the English fisheries.

Mr P. Thompson said that great efforts had been made with the young Queen of Spain to enter into an arrangement which would be mutually advantageous to both countries. He was sorry to say that there did exist a jealousy on the part of the Spanish government towards the British navigation, that government having only a small commercial marine.

(From the Montreal Courier.)

Sir Francis Head has commenced in earnest to attack upon the rule laid down in his instructions from Lord Glenelg, that every office holder who may be either secretly or openly opposed to the Government, should be dismissed.

The Toronto Courier of the 13th inst., gives the following account of the late doings of Sir Francis, in this way:—

“William Warren Baldwin, Esq., Judge of the Surrogate Court of the Home District; James Edward Small, Esq., Commissioner of the Court of Requests for this city and Lieut. Colonel of the first East York Militia; and George Ridout, Esq., Judge of the District Court of the Niagara District, and Colonel of the second East York Militia; respectively received communications this morning from the Government Office, that they were from this date, severally released from the duties of their said Offices.

“Copies of a printed document, emanating from said Society, and signed W. W. Baldwin, we are informed accompanied these intimations.

“Every body with whom we have spoken to-day, rejoices in this additional evidence of the firmness and decision of Sir Francis Head's character. A similar intimation to certain other individuals who have long been enriching themselves at the expense of that Government, which they have secretly been endeavouring to overthrow, would be hailed with delight.

Lord Gosford is afraid, we presume, to enter upon such a reform, as nearly the entire

machinery of his Executive would require to be renewed.

(From the Upper Canada Herald.)

We have great pleasure in directing public attention to the proceedings of a meeting which was held yesterday at the Court House, respecting the Bank of “BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.” The meeting was well attended, and most of the Directors of our present Banking Institutions were present, and took part in the proceedings, showing that they preferred enlarged views of the public welfare to narrow notions of private interest.

At a meeting of the merchants, men of business and other inhabitants of the town of Kingston, held at the Court House, Monday, 25th, for the purpose of considering the propriety of petitioning the Directors of the Bank of British North America, to establish a branch of that Institution in the Town.

Resolved, 1st.—That the increasing Trade and population of this flourishing Colony, as well as the natural advantages it possesses in fertility of soil, salubrity of climate, abundance and richness of mineral subjects, extensive forests, and the peculiar facilities of internal communication, require but the addition of Capital to render its advancement equal to that of any portion of the Globe.

Resolved, 2d.—That, as the Banking Capital at present employed in this Province has been acknowledged by the Directors themselves, insufficient for the support of its commerce, we deem the increase of such capital not only desirable, but essential to the growth and prosperity of the country, which the great uncertainty of the operations of our monied institutions here, has retarded rather than encouraged, so much so that for five months out of twelve, the mercantile community have suffered from want of accommodation.

Resolved, 3d.—That we hail with satisfaction the undertaking of the “Bank of British North America,” the establishment of which will materially assist in developing the vast resources of the Province.

Resolved, 4th.—That the town of Kingston possesses advantages, in a local and commercial point of view, unsurpassed by any other town in the Province, and that we invite the establishment of a Branch of the Bank of “British North America,” therein.

Resolved, 5th.—That a Committee be appointed to correspond with Robert Carter, Esq., on this subject, with instructions to them to make such representations as may be deemed necessary.

Resolved, 6th.—That A. Manahan, Thomas Wilson, Thomas Greer, John McMerriek, Thomas Briggs, junr., Robert Jackson and Henry W. Beason, be the committee for that purpose.

JOHN STRANGE, Esq., Chairman. THOMAS GREER, Secretary.

The Chairman having left the chair, William Wilson, Esq., a Director of the Bank of Upper Canada, was called thereto, when the thanks of the meeting were given to Mr Strange for his able conduct in the chair.

(From the Toronto Courier.)

CLASSIFICATION OF THE NEWLY ELECTED HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.

Our friend of the U. C. Albion, has given us another “Synopsis” in his paper of today, in, he “believes,” “a perfect form.” In this “perfect form,” however, there are, as before, some imperfections; for instance, he has knocked down one Scotchman for an Irishman; one Irishman for a Scotchman; one Scotchman for a Canadian; and one Canadian for a Yankee, &c.

The following we believe to be in “perfect form.”

Table with 2 columns: CANADIANS and ENGLISH. Lists names of members of the House of Assembly.

- List of names: Cook, Cornwall, Dettlor, Hagerman, Jarvis, Jones, McCrae, McDonnell, McLean, McMeeking, McNab, Merritt, Morrison, Murney, Richardson, Robinson, Rutlan, Ryhart, Sherwood, Thomson, Wells, Woodruff, 22. Gowan, Kearnes, Mannan, Mathewson, Park, Powell, 7, Seaton, Chisholm, A., Dunlop, Ferrie, Gibson, McDonnell, D., McIntosh, McKay, Malloch, Thorburn, 9, U. STATES MEN, Duncomb, C., Duncomb, D., Moore, Norton, Shade, Shafer, 6.

In the above list the republicans are marked in Italics; the rest are sound British Constitutionalists; making, as we have stated in our last, 44 of the latter to 18 of the former, viz:

32 Canadians, of whom 26 are constitutionalists and 6 republicans. 8 English, of whom 6 are constitutionalists and 2 [Alway and John Rolph] republicans.

7 Irish, of whom 6 are constitutionalists and one [Parke] republican.

9 Scotch, of whom 5 are constitutionalists and 4 [A. Chisholm, Gibson, McIntosh, and Duncy Thorburn], republicans.

Natives of the United States, all of whom except Shade are democratic republicans, as they were “born and bred,” and “will live and die,” in spite of all they may say and swear to the contrary; and all their oaths of allegiance to the “contrary notwithstanding.”

While we have been making out this table we could not but picture to our mind's eye the ludicrous figure which Master Rolph will cut on his “first appearance” in parliament, at the head of this ragged remnant of his defeated and scouted faction!

Let us look at them again! here they come—bank and file!

Corporal Rolph—commandant of the squad. Lance Corporal Thorburn—second in command.

Alway and Duncombe, Duncomb and Moore, Park and Gibson, Morrison and McIntosh, McMeeking and McDonnell, Woodruff and Chisholm, Norton and Wells, Shafer and Cook.

O ye shades of Bidwell, Perry and Mackenzie, of Bruce, Robby and Smith! and your dozen and a half of Revolutionary accomplices in the last Parliament, who were lately tried and found guilty by juries of your constituents; and suffered accordingly the “extreme penalty of the Law!” could ye but lift your heads out of your political graves and take one peep at this miserable refuse of your late “villible Banditti!” would ye not exclaim, “O ye Gods! what a beggarly account of empty scoundrels!!!”

The following remarks by the Editor of the New York Aton are worthy of notice:—

This display of feeling in favour of Sir Francis Head and good government has not passed unnoticed on this side of the lines. Many persons of respectability in the United States, knowing the value and resources of Upper Canada, have been willing to invest their capital in that province for various purposes for which it has been solicited; but the disturbed and unsettled state of the country has induced them to keep their purse strings closed. The new state of things will obviate their fears, and we have authority for saying that almost any amount of capital may here be obtained for any laudable undertaking that promises to be beneficial to the country, and advantageous to those who may engage in them.

QUEBEC, August 12.

We are sorry to hear that there was frost in several places in this vicinity on Wednesday morning, which has injured the potato stalks, and must have an unfavourable effect upon other vegetation. The weather continues to be sufficiently wet, and a great improvement has taken place in the pastures and appearance of the late sown grain crops.

The money in the hands of the Court of Chancery at the present moment, principally for the benefit of minors, &c., amounts to not less than £39,780,000.

In the week ending July 19, two vessels from St. Kitt's and Antigua, the first with 44 and the latter with 50 emigrants, called at Barbadoes, on their way to Demerara.—Measures have, we understand, been taken in both the former Islands, to check this system of emigration.—In St. Kitt's, the Assembly had gone so far at a special session, as to pass an Act, which had been concurred in by the Council, to prevent the Apprentices from purchasing the remainder of the

term of their probationary bondage, with a view to manumission. The Act had not received the sanction of the Governor, and does not seem to have been put in force, for it is in direct opposition to a very spirit of the Imperial African Act.

In Boston, on the 1st August, while the examination of two negro women who had been enticed away from their owners, now on a visit at Boston, was proceeding before Judge Shaw, a mob consisting of blacks and whites, broke into the court room, knocked down the officers, rescued the prisoners, and carried them off in triumph in a coach.

A ceremony of thanksgiving was performed in the Israelitish Temple Rue Notre Dame de Nazareth, for the purpose of testifying gratitude to God for the escape of the King.

The judicial committee of the Privy Council, in the case of the Mauritius slaves, have reported to the crown that the slaves of the Isle of France and its dependencies are not entitled to their immediate and unqualified freedom, but subject to the provisions of the slavery emancipation act, in the same manner as the slaves in the rest of His Majesty's colonies.

FRENCH INDEMNITY.—Among the numerous individuals who have shared this “good send,” we notice the legal representatives of the Hon. William Ginn, of Boston, as awarded nearly 200,000 dol., and those of the Hon. Isaac Thunpike about 125,000 dol. The United States Insurance Company has declared a dividend of 25 per cent., arising solely from the Indemnity.

THE STAR.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1833.

His Excellency the Governor has issued a Proclamation proroguing the General Assembly to the 16th JANUARY—then to meet for the despatch of business.

(From the Royal Gazette, Sept. 20.)

BY AUTHORITY.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR has been pleased to appoint GEORGE SIMMS, Esq., to be Clerk and Registrar of the Southern Circuit Court of this Island, in the room of AARON H. GALT, Esq.

HIS EXCELLENCY has also been pleased to nominate ARTHUR CARTER, Esq., to be one of the Board of Commissioners of Roads in the District of Ferryland, in the room of Lieutenant ROBERT CARTER, (R. N.) resigned.

Secretary's Office, } 14th September, 1833. }

Lord Glenelg has appointed Sir Lionel Smith, the present Governor General of the Windward Islands, to succeed the Marquis of Sligo, as Governor and Captain General of Jamaica. Sir Evan Murray McGregor, Governor General of the Leeward Islands, is to succeed Sir L. Smith, in the Windward Islands; and Sir Dudley Hill, Governor of St. Lucia, to succeed Sir E. M. McGregor, in the Leeward Islands. Lieutenant Colonel C. J. Doyle, is appointed Lieutenant-Governor of Grenada.

It is understood that the Commissioners of Light Houses, for the Provinces of Lower Canada, P. E. Island, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia, have agreed to erect one Light House on St. Paul's, and one on the East side of Seatarie.

SHIP NEWS.

Custom-House, Port of Carletonar. ENTERED.

Sept. 17.—Schr. Cornelia, Heiter, Liverpool, 51 tons salt, 6 tons coal, 5 crates earthenware, 1 cask & 1 case hardware, 14 bags nails, 2 ton, 12 cwt. iron, 30 bls. pitch & tar, 8 bls. paints, 64 coils cordage, 3 bales canvass, 20 bds. oakum, 10 bales haberdashery, 2 cases, 1 crate hats, 75 boxes soap, 1 bhd. refined sugar & sundries.

22.—Brig Lark, Power, Liverpool, 44 tons coal, 7 bales haberdashery, 17 crates earthenware, 42 kegs gunpowder, 25 bls., 1 keg painter's colours, 2 hampers cheese, 10 chests tea, 4 bags coffee, 5 bags pepper, 14 bags nails, 3 hhds. loaf sugar, 200 half boxes soap, 41 half boxes candles, 28 bls. coal tar, 8 kegs shot, 6 cwt. oakum, 1 tierce rice, &c.

CLEARED.

Sept. 9.—Brig Julia, Stanworth, Italy, 3100 qtls. fish, to load at Labrador.

19.—William the Fourth, Cleall, Bristol, 11,403 gals. seal oil, 3,645 gals. cod oil, 15 bls., 4 boxes caplin, 100 qtls. fish, 2 bds. fish, 9 tierces pickled cod fish, 9 tierces pickled herring, 22½ cwt. old junk, 13 cwt. old iron, 1 dried bear skin.