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HARDING ADDS TO STRENGTH; HAS 390 ELECTORAL VOTES

Tennessee for Him and Solid South No More

But Fourteen Seats in Doubtful List This Morning—Champ Clark Among the Fallen—Bryan Distributes Blame Between Wilson and Cox.

New York, Nov. 4.—Tennessee has swung into the swelling Republican column, shattering Democratic tradition of a solid south, so unofficial, but nearly complete, returns from the volunteer state showed early today. Her shift from the Democratic ranks, coupled with a similar upset in Oklahoma, reported late last night, assured Warren G. Harding of 386 electoral votes as against 127 definitely in the James M. Cox column and left in doubt but eighteen seats in the electoral college, divided among Arizona (3), Montana (4), Nevada (3), New Mexico (3), and North Dakota (5).

In all of these states, save New Mexico, Harding was in the lead on available returns and even in New Mexico Republican managers were claiming a Harding plurality though available returns showed a Cox lead.

Tennessee so far gives Harding 199,790 votes, and Cox 189,789. Governor Roberts, Democrat, was swept out and Alfred A. Taylor, unsuccessful candidate for governor against his brother in 1916, was elected.

No further actual upsets were reported from the "solid south" although several towns in Florida and Louisiana and several counties in Georgia and Alabama broke precedents by piling up Harding pluralities.

Further House Gains.
The Republican congressional sweep assumed larger proportions as related returns continued to come in. The victory of Samuel D. Nicholson, Republican candidate for senator from Colorado, assured Harding a majority of at least ten in the upper house and of five states where senatorial choices had not been determined. The Republican lead in the lead in four—Arizona, Oregon, Nevada and North Dakota. In the fifth, Kentucky, Republican leaders are clinging to the hope that late returns would overcome the advantage held by Senator Beckham over Richard P. Ernst, his Republican opponent.

The Republicans had secured 237 seats in the House of Representatives to 142 for the Democrats. Four seats went to miscellaneous, including one Socialist and one prohibitionist. Forty-two districts were unreported. On the returns so far the Republicans had a plurality of 181 for the Democrats and four for other prohibitions. Forty-two districts were unreported. On the returns so far the Republicans had a plurality of 181 for the Democrats and four for other prohibitions. Forty-two districts were unreported.

Late returns also indicated possible turnovers in cases of some Democratic representatives reported elected. A notable instance was in New York where three Republican candidates reported defeated—Ryan, the 15th district; Anson, in the 21st and Rosedale, in the 23rd, had forged ahead of Dooling, Donovan and McKinley, earlier reported elected.

Champ Clark Beaten.
The house will have one Socialist member, Meyer London of New York, who defeated Henry C. Grogg, a former candidate in the 12th. The prohibition party lost its lone representative, but an independent prohibitionist, Milton W. Shrew, was elected from the 26th Pennsylvania district.

Several notable upsets occurred in the congressional race, among them the retirement of Former Speaker Champ Clark in Missouri and the election of a Republican representative, Harry Wauz, back in Texas.

Post election developments within the ranks of the beaten Democratic party included a tart statement from William J. Bryan in which he divided blame for the defeat between President Wilson and Cox, asserting that the former had "laid the foundation for the disaster," and the latter "completed the structure."

Wayne B. Wheeler, legislative counsel of the anti-saloon league of America, issued a statement declaring a check of the congressional election states showed a "substantial majority" in both houses against any beer or wine amendment.

Figures by States.
Returns early today showed the following states had given their electoral votes, a total of 386, to Harding: California 13, Colorado 6, Connecticut 7, Delaware 3, Idaho 4, Illinois 29, Indiana 15, Iowa 12, Kansas 10, Maine 6, Maryland 10, Massachusetts 18, Michigan 11, Minnesota 12, Missouri 18, Nebraska 8, New Hampshire 4, New Jersey 14, New York 45, Ohio 24, Oklahoma 10, Oregon 5, Pennsylvania 38, Rhode Island 5, South Dakota 5, Tennessee 12, Utah 4, Vermont 4, Washington 7, West Virginia 8, Wisconsin 18, Wyoming 8; total 386.

For Cox.
Governor Cox had safely the following: Alabama 12, Arkansas 9, Florida 6, Kentucky 10, Louisiana 10, Mississippi 10, North Carolina 12, South Carolina 9, Texas 20, Virginia 12; total, 127.

States still in the doubtful list, lacking sufficient returns, were: Arizona 3, Montana 4, Nevada 3, New Mexico 3, North Dakota 5; total, 18.

Election Briefs.
New York, Nov. 4.—Revised returns from all but 121 of the 7,808 districts of the state early today gave Miller, Republican, a plurality of 88,275 over Governor Smith, in the gubernatorial contest.

U. S. PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION.



Governor Cox of Ohio, candidate of the Democrats for the presidency, who was defeated.

The vote was: Miller, 1,919,856; Smith, 1,226,811.

Juneau, Alaska, Nov. 4.—Returns reporting the larger portion of the vote in the first, third and fourth divisions of Alaska indicate a Republican landslide in the territory. The vote for delegate to congress was: Grigsby, (Dem.), incumbent, 2,426; Sutherland, (Rep.), 8,715.

LATER.
New York, Nov. 4.—Montana gives to the Harding column making his total electoral votes 890. It is no longer in the column of incidental returns, leaving the latter total fourteen instead of eighteen.

The Prohibitionists.
Chicago, Nov. 3.—The election of Senator Harding is more pleasing to the prohibitionists than the election of Cox would have been, said Virgil Hinshaw, chairman of the prohibition national committee yesterday. He said this was because of Mr. Harding's recent public statements made to the National Temperance Council that he would use whatever power he possessed to prevent the re-establishment of intoxicating liquors and also his statement that his future action on prohibition should be interpreted by his vote upon the eighteenth amendment and the Volstead law.

New York, Nov. 4.—Franklin D. Roosevelt, defeated Democratic candidate for the vice-presidency yesterday sent a telegram to Calvin Coolidge, his successor in the White House, expressing congratulations and trusting that under the administration of Mr. Harding and yourself, the nation will grow in prosperity and in the unselfish ideals of Americanism, which unprejudiced citizens of all parties desire.

SHOOTING NEAR FREDERICTON

Arthur Noble Gets Bullet in Lung—Herbert L. Stevenson Arrested.

Fredericton, N. B., Nov. 4.—Arthur L. Noble, a local lumberman, was shot through the back by one of four shots fired at him from behind a barn while he walked along a road leading from the highway to the residence of Richard Donald at Penniac, 9 miles up the Nashua River valley from Fredericton, between 8:30 and 9 o'clock last night.

The bullet passed through his left lung and he is now in Victoria Hospital in a critical condition but with Dr. C. P. Holden, his family physician, expecting his recovery within a few days.

This morning Herbert L. Stevenson, who resides at 412 Argyle street, Fredericton, was arrested by Sheriff Hawthorn upon information given to the sheriff by his wife, who said that she and her sister were walking with Mr. Noble at the time and declared the shooting was the result of her husband's jealousy.

This afternoon the character of the charge to be laid against Stevenson was discussed. Sheriff Hawthorn said that Stevenson entered no objections to being placed under arrest but declared he did not do any shooting and it is understood that no firearms were found upon him.

Stevenson is a returned soldier, who went overseas with the 10th battalion. He won the Military Medal and his decoration was presented to his wife at a formal function at the office of the assistant governor here, Hon. Wm. Pugsley, making the presentation.

PRISON FOR LIFE

Perth, Ont., Nov. 4.—Imprisonment for life in Kingston penitentiary for the manslaughter on John Neal yesterday for sentence passed in the shooting of Miss May Casey of Ottawa, near Altonplace, Ont., on August 30 last. His counsel, Mr. C. J. Poy, presented to the court a petition for clemency.

POLICE ON FIRST AID.
Jack Redfern, who is instructing the members of the local police force in first aid, is confident that teams from this city will be able to cope with those throughout Eastern Canada for the shield presented by Lord Shaughnessy. Mr. Redfern has three classes weekly. He was formerly a sergeant major in an army medical corps and is well versed in his work.

WINTER PORT.
The first sailing of the Anchor Donaldson line to this port will be the S. S. Canada, which is due here at the end of the month. From advices received she will have a large general cargo and some live stock.

PITIFUL FAILURE WILSON TASK

Strong Comment by Manchester Guardian

Analyzes U. S. Election and Sees Europe "Snarling, Grabbing and Jockeying in the Old Slime."

London, Nov. 4.—The Manchester Guardian's political motto for the election's choice is by general assent accumulated dislike of Wilsonism and not love of Harding and his party.

The national regulations, which effected a tragic change from those weeks in the autumn of 1918 when the material power of the United States was deciding the world's fate, have been a disaster.

It is in what proportions a basis of dynamic genius in President Wilson and an irredeemable viciousness of spirit in other politicians contributed to darken the opening prospect we cannot tell yet. It is gone now, Europe is snarling, grabbing and jockeying in the old slime, while the remaining effect of Wilsonism in the United States is the decision of the presidential election by an overwhelming majority.

The newspapers here declare the election of Senator Harding was a triumph, giving high praise to his personality and recall that he has always asserted great sympathy for France. Editors are unanimous in remarking that the election clearly concerns the policy of President Wilson, and settled definitely the issue of the election of the United States.

Five negroes were burned to death and the sixth was hung to a tree. Two were killed and a third was wounded. The negroes burned to death in houses in which they had congregated and which were taken from a jail early this morning by a mob.

HERO OF RUT IS UP FOR COMMONS
London, Nov. 4. (By Canadian Associated Press).—The coalition party is not running a candidate in the Wrekin division, vacant through the death of Charles Palmer, newspaperman. The fight, therefore, will be between General Townshend, the defender of Kut, and an independent candidate, the Charles Danes labor, but it is believed that a coalition vote is expected to go to Gen. Townshend.

MAY AGREE TO NON-UNION LABOR FOR TIME BEING
London, Nov. 4. (Canadian Associated Press).—The ministers concerned with the housing shortage have had a friendly discussion with officials of the building trade unions concerning the proposed employment of non-union ex-service labor on housing schemes.

PORT MATTERS.
A meeting of local steamship agents was held in the Board of Trade rooms this morning and a discussion took place regarding the labor situation affecting steamship traffic at this port. No important news was taken from the meeting but it is believed that a satisfactory arrangement would be made.

WEATHER REPORT
Issued by authority of the Department of Marine and Fisheries, R. F. Stupper, director of meteorological service.

Synopsis.—The disturbance which was in the lower St. Lawrence Valley yesterday has passed to the Atlantic and that which was in Saskatchewan is now moving eastward over Northern Ontario. The weather is showery near Lake Superior and elsewhere it is fair and mild. Autumnal signals are displayed at Great Lake ports.

Showerly.
Maritime—Moderate winds, fair and mild. Friday, strong southwest, becoming showery.

Gulf and North Shore—Moderate winds, fair and mild. Friday, strong northwest winds, showery.

New England—Unsettled tonight. Friday fair. Fresh south and southwest winds.

LOCAL FIRMS IN IT.
The secretary of the board of trade has received a copy of the trade supplement to the London Times of Oct. 28. It is profusely illustrated and contains many advertisements of Canadian firms, among which are some of local firms. An illustrated booklet of the City of London has also been received. It is in bright colors and is very attractively presented.

DISPUTE OVER A HORSE SHUTS PART OF N. S. COLLIERY

Glouce Bay, Nov. 4.—Because he could not have his favorite nag, which was required in another part of the mine, a young driver yesterday caused a strike in the Phalen colliery, which tied up one section of the mine, kept fifty men idle, and reduced coal production by scores of tons.

The boy was hunting from two miners only and for this purpose was given another horse, his own animal being required where there was more hauling. The driver first took the horse, he wanted away from the stables, whom it was assigned. Then when some officials interfered, he caused a strike in his section.

The men are working today and union officials are investigating the present guilty of the out-laws strike.

EIGHT DEATHS IN RACE CLASH

Twenty-five Houses Burned—All Outgrowth of U. S. Election Incident.

Orlando, Fla., Nov. 4.—Former service men patrolled the streets of Orlando, Ocoee and nearby towns throughout the night to prevent renewal of a race clash which is known to have resulted in the death of two white men and six negroes in Ocoee on Tuesday night. Quiet prevailed early today and the authorities said they did not expect any further outbreaks.

Deputy sheriffs who were called to Ocoee by the riot, which was the outgrowth of the election, said they believed the death toll would exceed eight. They said they were convinced that the bodies of several negroes would be found in the ruins of twenty-five houses destroyed by fire.

A battle between white citizens and negroes followed an attempt on the part of a negro to enter a white school. The white citizens were armed with clubs and stones and the negroes were armed with knives and pistols.

NEW YORK HAS GERMAN IN PORT
First Merchant Ship Flying German Flag There Since 1914.

New York, Nov. 4.—The first merchant steamship flying the German flag to come to the port of New York since July 1914 arrived here today. The vessel, which marks the resumption of trade with Germany under the flag of that country, was the Sophie Rickmers, a steamer of 4,863 tons, built in Germany during the war. The ship is in ballast and will take cargo here for the return voyage. Her captain and crew are Germans.

VERDICT TODAY IN RENFORTH CASE

The Renforth tragedy case, before the circuit court in Hampton, which Beverly, Rose, Wilkinson, Kennedy, and Curie are charged with manslaughter, was resumed this morning. The address of the counsel to the jury were proceeded with and Chief Justice H. A. McKeown commenced the charge to the jury. At the afternoon session of the court the judge's charge was finished and the jury adjourned to render their verdict.

LAST DAYS OF SUGAR CONTROL IN UNITED STATES

Washington, Nov. 4.—The last vestige of government control over sugar in the United States has been removed through President Wilson signing a proclamation providing for revocation on November 15, of licenses held by wholesalers, refiners, exporters and importers.

WATER IN MILK; FINE OF \$50 ON ONTARIO FARMER

Toronto, Nov. 4.—H. W. W. Warner, a farmer of Pickering township, was fined \$50 and costs here yesterday for selling milk containing two and a quarter gallons of water in an eight gallon can.

PRUSSIANS HELP LITHUANIANS

Operation of Zeligowski's Troops Checked

Varying Reports of the Fighting in Territory Where General Wrangel is Battling With Reds.

Riga, Nov. 4.—Offensive operations by irregular Polish troops commanded by General Zeligowski have been checked along the entire front by the Lithuanians during the last few days and the evacuation of Kovno has been postponed. The only point where the Poles have not been defeated is on the northern sector of the line, where they have occupied the railroad station at Dashti.

Reports from Kovno attribute the Lithuanian successes to assistance given by Prussians who are said to have been joining the Lithuanians. Whole units, it is declared, have crossed the frontier with their arms and ammunition, large quantities of which are said lately to have disappeared from German government arsenals. It is asserted the Lithuanians are now being trained by Prussians may later turn to marauding.

The Latvian government is massing troops south of the Drinsk frontier, fearing an advance in that direction by Zeligowski's forces.

London, Nov. 4.—Repulse by the Lithuanians of Gen. Zeligowski's troops is reported in a wireless message from Moscow today. It says the towns of Porecva and Vitsebski have been recaptured from the Poles.

Schaerhau, Nov. 4.—Russian Bolshevik troops are unsuccessfully attacking the line held by General Wrangel's army south of the Perekop. The Soviet army is battering at the seven mile trench system which extends west across the narrow neck of land leading to the Crimean peninsula. The Bolshevik position is quite strong. It has on its left the Gulf of Perekop, and on its right the Gulf of Sivass, or Putrid Sea. Back of the line he has heavy naval guns and other artillery. The town of Perekop, which has been occupied by the Bolsheviks, is a mass of mud-brick buildings.

Russia report that during the offensive against Gen. Wrangel between Melitopol and Alexandrovka the Bolsheviks captured several armored trains. It is said they now control hundreds of miles of Soviet territory. At Melitopol the Bolsheviks are said to have captured millions of pounds of flour and grain, as well as other supplies, including fuel and munitions.

London, Nov. 4.—Further advances by the Bolshevik forces in their offensive against Gen. Wrangel's troops in South Russia are reported in Wednesday's official statement from the Soviet war office in Moscow. It reads: "In the Crimean sector we are continuing to drive back the enemy, who is retiring to the peninsula, fighting heroically."

DOZEN HOUSES IN GRANARD BURIED

Reprisals by Uniformed Men in 11 Lorries

Rifle Shots Into Homes—Halifax and Dartmouth Ministers Pass Resolution on Irish Situation.

Granard, Ireland, Nov. 4.—Reprisals for the shooting and killing of District Inspector of Police Kellegher, which occurred on Sunday evening, were carried out here at mid night when eleven motor lorries filled with uniformed men invaded the town. Rifles were fired into houses and doors, houses and business premises were burned. The buildings destroyed included the market house and hotel, valued at £75,000. The inhabitants of Granard fought the flames and saved many other houses from destruction.

Halifax, N. S., Nov. 4.—Archbishop Worrell, president of the Ministerial Association of Halifax and Dartmouth, announced today that at a meeting of that body on last Monday a resolution was passed endorsing the attitude of the British government towards the hunger strike of the late Lord Mayor, MacSwiney. The resolution was as follows: "The Ministerial Association of Halifax and Dartmouth, which represents the Protestant population of these places and a considerable majority of the whole, have followed the events which have taken place in Ireland for some time past. They are profoundly shocked at the reports of murders and outrages which are a disgrace to any nation and a regret to all law-abiding people. "They feel it is a duty of the British government to do all in its power to check these outrages and overcome the lawlessness which now exists. "While they sympathize with the relations of the late Lord Mayor of Cork in their personal loss and while they recognize his honest determination to be true to his convictions, they think he was mistaken and voluntarily and unnecessarily sacrificed his life for the cause he championed. "While, therefore, we regret the necessity, we feel that the British government was justified in its action in this most distressing case, for no government could continue its existence if the decisions of its recognized courts were liable to be overturned by the action of individual prisoners. "This association ventures to suggest that some rule, such as that which we know in Canada, would give to Ireland all the benefits of self-determination which Canadians now enjoy without the evils which would be developed if a complete severance from the British Empire were accomplished. "The association affirmed their loyalty and devotion to His Majesty, King George V, and their conviction that the peace of the world will best be preserved by maintaining the integrity of the British Empire."

ANGUS McLEAN ON PULP SITUATION

In New York on Return from Abroad

Quoted as Saying Canada Will Take Care of U. S. Supply—Why Beaverbrook Did Not Buy Paper Mill.

New York, Nov. 4.—(Canadian Press). Angus McLean, vice president and general manager of the Bathurst Lumber Co., Limited, Bathurst, N. B., pulp and lumber producer, declared on his arrival here from abroad that Canada will take care of the United States in supply of paper, because of easy transportation and on account of her proximity to Canada's logical market. England will get her paper and pulp from the Scandinavian countries in greater quantities than heretofore, he said. "While abroad I discussed the paper situation with Lord Beaverbrook, and it is his opinion that pulp will ease up," said Mr. McLean. Lord Beaverbrook did not carry out his intention of buying a paper mill in Canada because of "excessive prices asked for property," according to McLean.

BENTINCK TO THE OPPOSITION

Lord Henry Leaves Ministerial Side of the British Commons—Oswald Mosley Also.

London, Nov. 4.—(Canadian Associated Press).—Much interest has been shown by the accession of Lord Henry Cavendish Bentinck from the ministerial to the opposition side of the House of Commons. Lord Henry's family has high Conservative traditions. He was returned at the general election as a Tory-Democratic-Conservative, but has always shown an independence of party whips. With the Cecil family he has exhibited indignation against the government concerning the alleged Irish reprisals as was indicated the other evening when high words passed between him and Sir Hanam Greenwood, Irish secretary, when they encountered each other in the lobby of the commons. This explosion in its personal aspect, evaporated in a few minutes. Oswald Mosley also accompanied Lord Henry to the other side of the house on the same grounds.

TRYING TO GET PRINCESS MARY TO COME TO CANADA

Toronto, Nov. 4.—Effort is being made by the directors of the Canadian National Exhibition Association to bring about the visit of Princess Mary and the Duke of York in 1921, which will be "women's year" at the exhibition here. Vice-President Robert Miller and Hon. Manning Doherty, Ontario minister of agriculture, are in England and are working on the matter.

THE PROHIBITION VOTE IN SCOTLAND

London, Nov. 4.—(Associated Press).—The latest summary of the Scotch liquor poll shows that 140 districts have decided to make no change, twenty-four favor reduction of licenses, and eighteen will go dry.

As Hiram Sees It

"Hiram," said the Times reporter to Mr. Hiram Hornbeam, "the members of the Rotary Club had their wives with them at dinner last evening."

"You don't say," observed Hiram. "And the ladies," said the reporter, "were real good fellows."

"It's only now you're finding that out," said Hiram. "Since prohibition came in the men's findin' out a hull lot—ain't they? They kin hev a good time themselves, an' they kin hev a good time when the wimmen's there too."

"It had been said," remarked the reporter, "that women were not as good mixers as men, and would throw a damper over the festive board by looking over and through each other."

"There aint nothin' to that," said Hiram. "When you take the wimmen off the ice they're better champagne—yes s'ize."

"I agree with you," said the reporter. "It's high time," said Hiram, "that the men folks got over this idee about bein' the lords of creation. I tried that theory on Humber once, an when he got done talkin'—in a quiet way she heven't a hen on—your could-aught me fer a pint o' sour milk—hey?"

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