

Cholelithiasis was found six times—two males, four females.

The following anomalies or malformations were noted :—

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|--|-----------|
| Patent foramen ovale..... | 19 times. |
| Abnormal course of right coronary..... | once. |
| Hypoplasia of aorta..... | “ |
| Accessory renal arteries..... | twice. |
| Abnormal lobation of left lung..... | 3 times. |
| “ “ right lung..... | 5 “ |
| Unusual course of transverse colon..... | 7 “ |
| Meckel's diverticulum..... | twice. |
| Inguinal hernia..... | once. |
| Liebermeister's grooves of liver..... | 6 times. |
| Accessory spleens..... | 7 “ |
| Accessory thyroids..... | twice. |
| Kidney, double pelvis and ureters..... | once. |
| Partial persistence of thyro-glossal duct..... | twice. |
| Branchiogenic cyst of neck..... | once. |
| Accessory cervical ribs..... | “ |

SURGICAL DEPARTMENT.

During the year 362 specimens were received for examination from the Surgical operating room. The most interesting are noted as follows :—

Adenitis and Peradenitis :—

16 cases in all.

Of these 11 were simple inflammatory.

5 were tuberculous.

The glands affected were :—

| | |
|----------------|----|
| Cervical | 4 |
| Inguinal | 10 |
| Axillary | 2 |

84 APPENDICES were received, classified as follows :—

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|---|----|
| Acute catarrhal..... | 20 |
| Acute necrosing..... | 22 |
| Acute perforating..... | 24 |
| Sub-acute relapsing..... | 1 |
| Chronic relapsing..... | 6 |
| Chronic relapsing, with acute exacerbation..... | 6 |
| Obliterative..... | 5 |