CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING

Six times daily, one Sunday, seven consecutive insertions, or one week's continuous advertising in Daily and Sunday World, 6 cents a word.

Male Help Wanted.

IF YOU CAN QUALIFY for executive, technical or administrative position paying $2000.00 yearly or more, and wish to be brought into touch with interests that can use your services, in Canada or the States, you will find our service of great assistance to you. Not an employment agency. We conduct preliminaries only. Strictly confidential. For particulars address Industrial Service, 406 Southam Building, Montreal.

A SALESMAN for the City of Toronto: state experience. Write B. S. Smith, 14 Archer street, Toronto.

WANTED—Several salesmen for special newspaper proposition; good salary to men who can produce results. Apply, 8.30 to 10 a.m. or 5 to 6 p.m., Mr. Shaughnessy, Room 11, Peterkin Bldg., cor. Temperance and Bay Sts.

WANTED—First-class all-round boilermaker, man accustomed to flange fire work. Telephone or write M. Beatty & Sons, Limited, Welland, Ont.

Mechanics Wanted.

AMALGAMATED SOCIETY OF ENGINEERS. All members coming to Toronto must report at Occident Hall, Queen and Bathurst Streets. Important.

Articles for Sale.

PORTABLE HOUSE FOR SALE—1 room, 41' 2" x 25' 4"; 3 rooms, 12' 8" x 19'; kitchen, eight-foot verandah, lavatory and marble basin; price, $1500. Apply Dominion Council, Y.W.C.A., 604 Jarvis St. North 8060.

Articles Wanted.

THE DOMINION COUNCIL, Y.W.C.A., 604 Jarvis street, would be very glad of gifts of books to be used in the fruit picking camps for girls.

Attractions.

SMALL SPACE wanted for interesting game, fall fairs or bazaars. Haslam's Concert Agency, 130 University avenue.

Business Opportunities.

BUSINESS WANTED—J. P. Lawrason, 25 Toronto street, wants one chance to sell your business or property, no matter what kind or where located; I can get you the last dollar; write or call and talk it over; I have helped others. I might help you; advice free.

IF YOU WANT to save twenty-five cents of every dollar you pay for Waists, Skirts, House Dresses, Silk Dresses, Children's Dresses, Muslin Dresses, Underwear, Petticoats, Lingerie Dresses, Kimonos, Men's Shirts, Silk Neckwear, Washable Neckwear, Hosiery, Underwear, Sweaters, Children's White Dresses, Boys' Blouses, Knee Pants, Wash Suits, Rompers, Men's Clothing, Raincoats, for the term of one year, write to B. S. Smith, 14 Archer street, Toronto.

IF YOU WANT to save twenty cents on every dollar you pay for merchandise for your store for one year write B. S. Smith, 14 Archer street, Toronto.

Bicycles and Motor Cars.

BICYCLES wanted for cash, McLeod, 181 King west.

BICYCLES, MOTORCYCLES, SIDE cars, enameling, plating, repairs, satisfaction guaranteed; used machines always on hand. Hampson's, Sumach and Spruce.

Dentistry.

DR. KNIGHT, Exodontia Specialist; practice limited to painless tooth extraction, Nurse, 167 Yonge, opposite Simpson's.

H. A. GALLOWAY, Dentist, Yonge and Queen. Crowns and bridges. Telephone for night appointment.

Dancing.

BALLROOM and stage dancing—individual and class instruction. S. T. Smith's private studios, Yonge and Bloor, Gerrard and Logan. Telephone Gerrard three-nine. Write 4 Fairview boulevard.

Entertainers.

HASLAM'S Variety Concert Agency, featuring exclusive professional artists. Reasonable. 130 University avenue.

Electric Wiring and Fixtures.

SPECIAL prices on electrical fixtures and wiring. Art Electric, 307 Yonge.

Herbalists.

ALVER'S ASTHMARINE prevents asthma, pneumonia, breathlessness, by absorbing the germ poisons from the lungs. At druggist, 84 Queen W., or Alver, 501 Sherbourne St., Toronto.

Lumber.

XX BRITISH Columbia Cedar Shingles, Kiln Dried Walnut, Oak Flooring. George Rathbone, Limited, Northcote Ave.

Medical.

DR. REEVE, diseases of skin, stomach, liver, nerves and general run-down condition. 18 Carlton street.

Marriage Licenses.

PROCTOR'S wedding rings and licenses. Open evenings, 262 Yonge.

Personal.

SHIRTS REPAIRED like new — 416 Church street.

Properties for Sale.

7-ROOMED HOUSE on Highway. Lot 50x150 feet deep, on corner, between Port Credit and Toronto. Price $3,500; $1,000 down and $50 quarterly. Open evenings. E. T. Stephens, Limited, 136 Victoria St.

GARDEN LAND on Highway. Between Port Credit and Toronto. Price $350 per half acre and upwards. Open evenings. E. T. Stephens, Limited, 136 Victoria St.

FIVE ACRES, $60 per acre. Payable $10 down and $2 monthly. Five acres of good garden soil, high, dry and level; close to electric car line, west of Yonge St. Open evenings. E. T. Stephens, Limited, 136 Victoria St.

½-ACRE, new four-roomed house. Near Long Branch, convenient to the Toronto-Hamilton highway; an ideal location for a home; $1,900, $300 down, balance easy. Hubbs & Hubbs, Limited, 134 Victoria St.

FOR SALE—This property can be bought at pre-war cost for a good cash payment. Solid brick, in highly restricted district, lot 50x127 to Ravine Park; 9 rooms on two floors with full sized attic, will be finished to suit purchaser. Large verandah and balcony. ⅞x¾ in. cut oak floors throughout main floor; living room, mahogany; bedroom in white with stained doors; tiled bathroom, separate toilets; brick divided cellar. 22 Hillbrow avenue. Hillcrest 5539.

R. B. RICE & SONS, Victoria Street, Toronto properties, selling, renting, collecting

Florida Farms for Sale.

FLORIDA FARMS and investments. W. R. Bird, 53 Richmond west, Toronto.

Rooms and Board.

COMFORTABLE Private Hotel; Inglewood, 295 Jarvis street: central; heating; phone.

Live Birds

HOPE'S—Canada's Leader and Greatest Bird Store, 109 Queen street west. Phone Adelaide 2573.

Legal Cards.

A. G. CAMPBELL, Barrister, Solicitor, Notary. McKinnon building. Telephone Main 3631.

MACKENZIE & GORDON, Barristers, Solicitors, Toronto General Trusts Building, 85 Bay street.

Motor Cars and Accessories.

BREAKEY SELLS THEM—Reliable used cars and trucks, all types. Sale Market, 46 Carlton street.

SPARE PARTS — We are the original spare part people, and we carry the largest stock of slightly used auto parts in Canada; magnetos, coils, carburetors, gears of all kinds; timken and ball bearings, all sizes; crank cases, crank shafts, cylinders, pistons and rings, connecting rods, radiators, springs, axles and wheels, Presto tanks, storage batteries. Shaw's Auto Salvage Part Supply, 923-927 Dufferin street, Junction 3384.

Patents and Legal.

FETHERSTONHAUGH & CO., head office, Royal Bank Building, Toronto. Inventors safeguarded. Plain, practical pointers. Practice before patent offices and courts.

100 and More
100 and More
100 and More

ONE HUNDRED AND MORE.
ONE HUNDRED AND MORE.
ONE HUNDRED AND MORE.
USED CARS, TRUCKS, BUS, SEDANS, etc.
SEE THEM AT

BREAKEY'S
402 Yonge

WANTED

Smart Boys

for early morning delivery of The Daily World. Good wages are paid, work is healthful and attractive to growing boys. Parents should look into this proposition, as many boys have been physically benefited by carrying a morning newspaper route. Make personal application to Mr. F. Richards, World Office.

Linotype Operator Wanted

Good Money to Good Man.

Night Work.

APPLY FOREMAN, TORONTO WORLD.

WONDERS OF SCIENCE

The young couple sat in their six-by-eight "garden."

"I see by this medical work," said the lady, "that a man requires eight hours' sleep and a woman ten."

"Yes," agreed the man; "I've read that somewhere myself.

"How nice!" said the lady. "You can get up every morning and have the fire made and the breakfast ready before it is time for me to get up!"

Motor Cars.

Keeping the Used Car Business Clean

I HAVE NO DESIRE whatever to be engaged in any business that can be classed as "crooked," "slippery," or "tricky."

WITH THIS always in view, I have set a standard for myself which I am obliged to "live up to" in order to make myself keep "straight."

FIRST—I advertise that "all statements made in my advertisements are the truth, without qualification."

THIS MEANS that I do not advertise any cars that I have not in stock as the paper goes to press.

I DO NOT represent cars as overhauled, or, rather, as having received mechanical attention, unless I can show you bona fide work orders and bills, showing parts supplied on each particular car.

I REFUSE to sell used cars and trucks other than "as is," or "as shown and demonstrated," unless I can show bills and work orders, as mentioned above.

I OFFER $5.00 (five dollars) to any independent mechanic that you care to bring to examine car if he can point out any fault with any car or truck that I offer for sale that I do not tell you about while talking sale.

I DO NOT use any superlative adjectives in advertising my stock.

I INSIST that salesmen have the moral courage to tell the truth about my stock, and lose sales, if necessary, in doing so.

I HAVE no "gold nuggets" to sell for little money; neither have any of the used cars I sell "diamonds" in the hubs.

WHAT'S THE USE of trying to kid the motoring public that cars purchased and resold at the curb, or within an hour or so after I purchased them, are "overhauled"?

WHAT'S THE USE of advertising a certain number of cars and trucks on hand for you to come and give me "the laugh" if I cannot produce them or show bona fide orders for prior sale?

I HAVE NO WINGS sprouting, but I will tell you the truth, and take my chances on getting business.

A USED CAR is a used car—Call it what you like—and I have yet to sell my first "perfect" used car or truck.

BREAKEY
Used Car Dealer

MORE THAN 100 IN STOCK.
402 YONGE,
44 CARLTON,
9-11 BUCHANAN,
68 HAYTER.

Royal Northwest Mounted Police Recruits

An officer will be at the Ontario Provincial Government Employment Bureau, 45 King Street West, Toronto, from June 30th to July 15th, for the purpose of engaging recruits.

Applicants must be between the ages of eighteen and forty, and unmarried.

Minimum height 5 feet 8 inches, minimum chest measurement 35 inches, maximum weight 175 pounds. Term of engagement 3 years.

A. A. McLEAN,
Comptroller.

Ottawa, 28th June, 1919.

Estate Notices.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF Nettie May Paterson, Late of the Municipality of Burnaby, in the Province of British Columbia, Married Woman, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to section 56 of The Trustee Act (R. S. O., 1914, chapter 121) that all creditors and others having claims or demands against the estate of the said Nettie May Paterson, who died on or about the 27th day of February, 1916, are required on or before the 16th day of July, 1919, to send by post prepaid, or deliver to the undersigned administrator, their Christian names and surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts and the nature of the securities, if any, held by them.

And take notice that after said last mentioned date the administrator of the said estate will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which the said administrator shall then have notice, and that the said administrator will not be liable for the said assets or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claim notice shall not have been received by the said administrator at the time of such distribution.

THE TORONTO GENERAL TRUSTS CORPORATION,
85 Bay Street, Toronto, Ont.,
Administrator of said Estate.
L. C. SMITH,
4 Temperance Street, Toronto, Ont.,
Solicitor for the said Administrator.
Dated at Toronto, this 25th day of June, 1919.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF Sarah Ann Routledge, Late of the City of Manhattan, in the State of Kansas, One of the United States of America, Widow, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to section 56 of The Trustee Act (R.S.O., 1914, chapter 121) that all creditors and others having claims or demands against the estate of the said Sarah Ann Routledge, who died on or about the 14th day of December, 1915, are required on or before the 16th day of July, 1919, to send by post prepaid or deliver to the undersigned administrator their Christian names and surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts and the nature of the securities, if any, held by them.

And take notice that after said last mentioned date the administrator of the said estate will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which the said administrator shall then have notice, and that the said administrator will not be liable for the said assets or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claim notice shall not have been received by the said administrator at the time of such distribution.

HUGH McCARROLL PATTON,
157-A Indian Road, Toronto, Ont.,
Administrator of said Estate.
L. C. SMITH,
4 Temperance Street, Toronto, Ont.
Solicitor for the said Administrator.
Dated at Toronto, this 25th day of June, 1919.

UNKINDEST CUT

"I was just thinking."

"I thought I heard something rattle."

CONTRACTORS AND INDUSTRIAL EQUIPMENT

The A. R. WILLIAMS MACHINERY CO., Limited
64 FRONT ST. W., TORONTO
Phone Contractor's Dept., Adelaide 20.
Full lines of Iron and Wood-working Machinery, Boilers, Engines and Contractors' Machinery, Electric Motors, Gas and Gasoline Engines, Saw, Shingle and Lath Mill Machinery, etc.
HALIFAX, N.S. ST. JOHN, N.B. MONTREAL, P.Q. TORONTO, Ont. WINNIPEG, Man. VANCOUVER, B.C.

Mortgage Sales.

MORTGAGE SALE.

UNDER and by virtue of the powers contained in certain Mortgages, which will be produced at the time of sale, there will be offered for sale by Public Auction, on Thursday, the 17th day of July, 1919, at the hour of twelve o'clock noon, in the City of Toronto, in the County of York, by Chas. M. Henderson, Auctioneer, the following property, namely:

Parcel 1.—All and singular that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the City of Toronto, in the County of York, and being composed of the northerly thirty feet (30') of the southerly fifty-five feet of Lot One Hundred and Twenty-Three (123), on the east side of Seventh Street, according to plan registered in the Registry Division of East Toronto as No. 459-E.

Parcel 2.—All and singular that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the City of Toronto, in the County of York, and being composed of the easterly twenty-five feet from front to rear of Lot 79, according to Plan 459-E, subject to a right-of-way over the westerly 3' 6" of said lands, and together with a right-of-way over the easterly 3' 6" of the lands immediately adjoining to the west thereof.

Parcel 3.—All and singular that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the City of Toronto, in the County of York, and being composed of parts of Lots 122 and 123, on the east side of Seventh Street, according to plan registered in the Registry Division of East Toronto as 459-E, and more particularly described as follows: Commencing at a point in the easterly limit of Seventh Street distant one foot five inches (1' 5") southerly from the northwest angle of Lot 123; thence southerly along the easterly limit of Seventh Street a distance of twenty-nine feet seven inches (29' 7"); thence easterly parallel to the southerly limit of Lot 123 to a point in the southerly limit of Lot 122 distant thirty feet six inches (30' 6") westerly from the southeast angle of said Lot 123; thence easterly along the said southerly limit of said Lot 122 a distance of thirty feet six inches (30' 6"), to the southeast angle of said Lot 122; thence northwest along the northeast limit of Lot 122 a distance of twelve feet three inches (12' 3"); thence westerly in a straight line to the centre of the partition wall between the house on the lands herein conveyed and the house on the lands lying immediately to the north; thence continuing westerly along the said centre line of party wall, and its production westerly, in all a distance of one hundred and forty-four feet two inches (144' 2"), to the easterly limit of Seventh Street, and place of beginning; together with a right-of-way over the northerly one foot eleven inches (1' 11"), by a depth of sixty feet (60'), extending easterly from the easterly limit of Seventh Street, of the lands lying immediately to the south of the lands herein conveyed. And subject to a right-of-way over the southerly four feet six inches (4' 6"), by a depth of sixty feet (60'), extending easterly from the easterly limit of Seventh Street of the lands herein conveyed.

Parcel 4.—All and singular that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the City of Toronto, in the County of York, and being composed of part of Lots 122 and 123, on the east side of Seventh Street, according to plan registered in the Registry Office for the Registry Division of East Toronto, as 459-E, and more particularly described as follows: Commencing at a point in the easterly limit of Seventh Street, distant 1' 5" southerly from the southwest angle of Lot 122, which point is opposite the centre line of the partition wall between the house on the lands herein conveyed, and the house on the lands lying immediately to the south; thence easterly to and along the said centre line and the said production easterly, in all a distance of one hundred and forty-four feet two inches (144' 2"), to a point in the northeast limit of Lot 122, distant twelve feet three inches (12' 3") northwesterly from the southeast angle of said Lot 122; thence north eighty degrees thirty-six minutes west, seventy-seven feet five inches (77' 5"), to a point; thence north eighty-six degrees west, seventy-three feet nine inches (73' 9"), to a point in the easterly limit of Seventh Street, distant nineteen feet three inches (19' 3") northerly from the southwest angle of Lot 122; thence south along the east limit of Seventh Street twenty feet eight inches (20' 8"), more or less, to the place of beginning; together with a right-of-way over the southerly four feet (4'), by a depth of seventy-three feet nine inches (73' 9"), extending easterly from the east limit of Seventh Street, of the lands lying immediately to the north of the lands herein described, and subject to a right-of-way over the northerly three feet ten inches (3' 10"), by a depth of seventy-three feet nine inches (73' 9"), extending easterly from the easterly limit of Seventh Street, of the lands herein described.

There is erected on Parcel One an eight-room, detached, brick dwelling house. There is erected on Parcel Two a nine-room, brick, detached dwelling, and on Parcels Three and Four there is erected a pair of semi-detached, brick dwellings, containing eight rooms each.

Terms: 10 per cent. of the purchase money to be paid down at the time of sale, balance to be paid thirty days thereafter.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to

MERCER & BRADFORD,
Manning Arcade, Toronto, Solicitors for the Mortgagees.

Dated at Toronto, this 30th day of June, 1919.

N. ONTARIO BUSH FIRES ARE CAUSING ANXIETY

From Englehart to Cochrane a Serious Situation is Fast Developing, State Reports.

Englehart, July 1.—In the continued absence of rain, a serious situation is fast developing from bush fires thruout the territory north from this place to Cochrane and along the Transcontinental Railway. The bush is burning vigorously in many places, and a heavy pall of smoke hangs in the sky. The most serious damage, according to reports received here, has been done in the district from Porquis Junction north and west, and at Potter, some 17 miles out of Cochrane, the section-house, other buildings and 10,000 cords of pulpwood have been destroyed. Settlers are being urged to leave their homes in some parts, and there are conflicting reports of serious damage done the T.C.R. west from Cochrane. No lives have been lost so far as is known here. Today has been exceedingly hot all over Timiskaming, and there are no signs of rain visible.

HOW SUBMARINES WERE DESTROYED

Vivid Description of Sinking of U-Boats Under North Sea.

Further graphic stories of how U-boats were sunk are being disclosed.

An enemy submarine attacked a convoy off the east coast of England at the end of May, 1918, and torpedoed the leading ship. An armed trawler immediately dropped a depth charge. Other patrol vessels and an airplane followed suit, and the convoy proceeded on its way. The armed trawler then employed her listening apparatus, and heard the submarine, apparently in a damaged condition, upon four separate occasions. The enemy was bombed on each occasion. At noon the following day a line of depth charges was dropped, and for the last time the enemy was heard by the armed trawler Later an obstruction was located on the bottom, but owing to the tide and depth of water diving operations could not be carried out. The admiralty's decision was that the submarine was destroyed.

Another story relates to the sloop Cyclamen, which left for Marseilles early in 1918 to search for an enemy submarine, which was suspected to be in the vicinity of Cape Bon. The ship was towing two explosive underwater anti-submarine devices, sometimes referred to as P.V. At 9.48 a.m. the starboard P.V. exploded. The ship was immediately turned and a depth charge was dropped on the same position. At 12.20 p.m. Cyclamen had again reached the spot. This time her port P.V. exploded. The ship was brought back to the middle of the explosive area, and a depth charge was dropped there. The officer of the watch reported a black object visible in the middle of the area for a few seconds. This object resembled the bow of a submarine. It was the general opinion on board the Cyclamen that an enemy submarine had been destroyed, and this view was confirmed afterwards by the admiralty. Lieut.-Commander G. F. L. L. Page, commanding officer of the Cyclamen, was awarded a bar to the D.S.O. in connection with the affair, while Petty Officer G. R. Thomas received the distinguished service medal.

NEW YORK POLICE ARREST BABY GIRL

Made Charge of "Improper Guardianship to Keep Lost Child.

New York police say that the youngest prisoner they have had to arrest was a three-months-old girl, whose name was entered in their records as Agnes Curran. She was recently charged with "improper guardianship" in the following manner:

When Mrs. Helen Touhey of 80 Charles street went with her baby to visit friends in the neighborhood she left her baby carriage on the sidewalk in front of the friends' house. Later, when Mrs. Touhey started for her own home the carriage had disappeared.

She had not gone very far, however, when she saw her baby carriage being wheeled by a little girl. On nearer approach Mrs. Touhey found that a strange baby reposed among the cushions and quilts, and questioning brought forth from the girl the information that a woman had asked her to "mind the baby."

Carrying her own youngster, Mrs. Touhey pushed the carriage, with its three-months-old occupant, to the nearest police station, where Mrs. Touhey received her property from the police officers.

A detective took the strange baby to the Children's Society, only to be told that the child was too young to be cared for properly by the society, which politely refused to accept it. There was nothing for the police to do but keep the responsibility thrust upon them, and to do this they had to make a charge against the baby. For this reason the infant was accused of "improper guardianship," and, that formality having been observed, Agnes Curran was sent to Bellevue Hospital to spend the night.

STRIKERS' BANNER BARRED FROM PARADE

G.W.V.A. in St. Catharines Would Not Permit Moulders and Machinists to Carry Inscription Against Borden

Special to The Toronto World.

St. Catharines, July 1.—St. Catharines had its second consecutive holiday demonstration today. Yesterday it was a local peace day celebration under civic auspices, and today the great war veterans held their Dominion Day parade and demonstration. The parade was delayed somewhat by the striking moulders and machinists, who, with other labor organizations, had been invited to participate. The strikers insisted on carrying a banner with a declaration for a 44-hour week along with the inscription: "We did not betray Belgium, but Borden betrayed us." It was this inscription that the parade committee took exception to, the G.W.V.A. being a non-political organization. Eventually, when the strikers refused to parade without their banner, they were ordered to drop out, which they did. The other union men marched.

CLEMENCEAU MAKES PLEA FOR UNITY

Bring to an End Old Conflicts, He Urges in Presenting Treaty to Chamber.

Paris, June 30.—In presenting the text of the peace treaty to the chamber of deputies today, Premier Clemenceau made a brief speech in which he recalled the French national assembly which met at Bordeaux in 1871 and added:

"We make peace as we make war, without weakness. Internal peace is a necessity for external peace."

The centre and right cheered the premier, while the extreme socialist left remained silent.

Contrary to his usual custom, Premier Clemenceau read his speech, which required only ten minutes for delivery. When he had finished there came cries from many deputies, "It should be posted thruout France." Jean Bon, socialist deputy, however, insisted upon observance of the regulations which permits posting to be voted on only the day after the speech is made.

After depositing the treaty and the convention between France and Great Britain, and between France and the United States on the table in the chamber, M. Clemenceau said:

The Humanitarian Ideal.

"As to the conditions of the treaty itself, and the spirit that inspired it, I do not desire to anticipate the discussion which must take place here. Howhour when we are to close the greatest drama of history, when we are still under the emotion of supreme duties magnificently accomplished, the first impulse of our souls should be of hope for France, as much as for humanity—the French ideal, the humanitarian ideal.

"We may and we ought publicly to attest this common thought under the eyes of our great ancestors, the continuation of whose patriotic work is our pride. What joy without bounds when from this tribune the final word is given!

"By France and by our allies the work of the salvation of the world from peril is accomplished, on the single condition that we remain at our posts of duty.

"The old spirit of warlike dominion is perhaps mastered forever. The day has come when force and justice, that were redoubtably separated, must be rejoined for the peace of peoples, that humanity may live. That peace we want with a will that nothing should shake. We will make that peace as we made war—without weakness.

Plea for Internal Peace.

"Internal peace as a foundation for external peace requires the bringing to an end of old conflicts."

M. Clemenceau dwelt at length on the necessity of reconciling opposing interests and opinions, referred to the troubles of 1871, and added:

"The military revanche has come. Even in defeat we had begun our moral revanche; in victory we will complete it. Too long have we dispersed our forces in political and social conflicts. It is the fatality of all peoples and of all times."

M. Clemenceau referred to the errors of German judgment concerning France, and Germany's preparations to subjugate her. He pointed to the result, and said, in conclusion:

"It is true that our fields have been ravaged, our villages and towns razed. The elite of our young manhood reposes in our sacred soil, enshrouded in glory. All our wealth has been spent without measure; our best blood has been shed from all our pores; tears have furrowed all visages; all hearts have trembled with unspeakable horror. But the tears, the suffering and the blood from our wounds have left us better, higher, greater, and more completely French.

"France is erect, alive and strong in its will for justice, as in the military virtues of its great soldiers. Now, everyone to the task, to accomplish the duties of tomorrow. In peace, as in war, social union remains the very foundation of the country that we shall not have saved from the barbarian in order to rend it asunder by parricide hands."

CANADIAN SOLDIER TAKES TO LAND

Facts Reveal Success of Government's Land Settlement Scheme.

Are the young men of Canada being weaned from the land?

Do the farmers and farmer's sons who went overseas at the call of duty view the proposals of the government to establish them on the land with that degree of favor which promises a general response?

An article in an American magazine was based on the assumption that nothing was farther from the mind of the average soldier farmer, who is coming back after four years of warfare to engage in peaceful pursuits, than to follow agriculture as a permanent vocation.

In short, "when the returned soldier appeared, having in his possession a permanent discharge from military service, his response to those considerate and philanthropic efforts was: 'Nothing doing'!"

Facts Reveal Success.

An investigation of the facts reveals that up to the end of February the federal soldier settlement board had approved loans amounting to $1,668,105 to 1,218 returned men who had taken up homestead lands. In February the government, by order-in-council, increased the powers of the soldier settlement board to permit of the granting of loans for the purchase of improved or unoccupied lands in older settlements, and to equip such farms; and in the two succeeding months the applications from returned men have been so numerous as to make heavy demands on the organization in practically all the provinces of the Dominion, especially in the provinces of the Great West.

From February 10 to April 19, since the new loan provisions came into effect, 4,225 veterans have been approved by the agricultural qualification committees of British Columbia, Saskatchewan, Alberta and Manitoba.

At the present moment the provincial offices of the board are receiving hundreds of new applications weekly and the officers are working day and night in order to keep abreast of the demands for land loans.

This would seem to be an effective answer to the statement that the returned men—many of whom are farmers and farmers' sons—are refusing the opportunity thus presented of re-establishing themselves on the land.

COUNCIL OF FOUR TO CONTINUE WORK

Personnel, However, Will Be Different From Former Supreme Council.

Paris, June 30.—The new council of four, consisting of Stephen Pichon, the French foreign minister; Arthur J. Balfour, the British foreign secretary; Robert Lansing, American secretary of state, and Tomasso Tittoni, the Italian foreign minister, will meet tomorrow afternoon to outline the method of procedure of the peace conference, which is likely to undergo many changes.

M. Pichon will be chairman of the council. It is probable that a body similar to the old council of ten will be constituted, but the council of four will continue the work of direction.

The missing clauses in the Austrian treaty probably will be delivered to the Austrian delegation before the end of the week, but it seems unlikely that the treaty can be signed before July 31 at the earliest.

The Turkish delegation, which visited France for the purpose of laying before the peace conference a request that Turkey's territorial integrity be preserved intact, will leave for home Thursday.

In the meantime, members of the delegation will be permitted to visit Paris to make purchases.

U.S.S. ELECTRICIAN AT HAMPTON ROADS

Land Battleship Will Give Thoro Course in Practical Electricity.

With electrical propulsion of capital ships a practical success in the United States navy and the use of electricity becoming more widely extended, the navy department has authorized the construction of a land battle ship at the Navy Electrical School, near Norfolk, Va., equipped with all the intricate apparatus of a modern battle ship.

The ship will be known as the U.S. S. Electrician and will be 235 feet long and 36 feet beam. She will have three decks, containing lecture rooms, reading rooms and living quarters for 160 men. She will be fitted with every type of electric appliances used aboard ship with the sole exception of radio apparatus. Her equipment will comprise an electrically operated three-gun turret, capable of being fully trained, the guns elevated and depressed; gun rammers and ammunition hoist, an operating boat crane, deck winch and electrical anchor windless equipment; a fully equipped fire control system, with conning tower, substations and spotters' positions; cage masts with searchlights and signal devices, a bridge completely equipped with telegraphs and indicators and apparatus for all other systems of interior communication thruout the ship.

Students receiving instruction on board the U. S. S. Electrician will be quartered there and will stand all watches and carry out the same routine as if on board an actual battle ship. A library and reading room is provided for their leisure hours and the athletic field begins at the foot of the starboard gangway.

Located at Hampton Roads.

The Navy Electrical School is located at Hampton Roads, on the site of the Jamestown Exposition, eight miles from Norfolk. The course of instruction at the school covers a perid of thirty-two weeks, and embraces everything that an electrician should know, from the first essentials of theoretical electricity to the care and repair of the electrical apparatus found on board a modern man of war. The instruction consists of lectures by practical navy chief electricians who have had years of experience at sea. These lectures are followed by practical tests and experiments in laboratories and work shops, to give them skill in handling the apparatus involved. At the completion of the course of instruction, the students are graduated as thoroughly capable electricians, and are recommended for the rating of electrician, third class. In exceptional cases recommendations for electrician, second class, are made.

In 1915 the Navy Electrical School consisted of two hundred and fifty students and fifteen instructors. During the first three months of participation in the war, this number was increased to eighteen hundred men. In the latest warships the application of electricity has expanded to include practically every activity from driving the main engines to peeling potatoes. The present school was authorized in the fall of 1917, having been transferred from the New York Navy Yard, because of the increased membership.

Applicants must be between the ages of eighteen and thirty, and American citizens, must be able to read and write legibly and understand arithmetic. They should be electricians by trade or have pursued an established course of electricity for a reasonable length of time.

CALLING HER.

"Propinquity is what brings about marriages," declared pa in didactic mood.

"Huh?"

"It works this way. From among the men who call most frequently at a house the daughter of the house naturally selects a husband."

"In that case," said ma, "I fear our daughter is doomed to marry a bill collector."

GREAT HANDICAP.

"Pop—"

"Well, Junior—"

"I'm sorry we have such a name as Schniffenioppersteln."

"My son, our name has never been disgraced by any member of the family."

"Oh, it isn't that."

"What is it, then?"

"When we had to stay after school and write our names fifty times, Jim Jones got out half an hour before I did."

AN IDEAL HOME.

"How do you like your new apartments?"

"The rooms are too small and the view is bad, but the gossip of the other tenants is the finest I ever heard."