

From the foregoing it can easily be seen what a prominent figure Mr. Macdonald has been and still is in the development of Canada—a man whose name will always be recognized and handed down as a pioneer in the making of our first great road and waterways. Mr. Macdonald is a member of Toronto and Albany Clubs, Toronto; and the Rideau Club of Ottawa.

HON. WILLIAM HENRY BROUSE, M.A., M.D.

Hon. William Henry Brouse, M.A., M.D., Senator for Grenville, was a descendant of one of the United Empire Loyalists who settled on the north shore of the St. Lawrence River immediately after the American war, his parents being Colonel Jacob Brouse, farmer, of Matilda, Ontario, and Nancy Parlow, the latter also being the descendant of a Loyalist family.

He was born at Matilda, Dundas, Ontario, June 15th, 1828, was educated at Victoria University, Cobourg, where he took his degree of M.A. in 1849. He studied medicine with the Hon. John Rolph, M.D., LL.D., of Toronto, and was the first graduate of Victoria University who was recognized at McGill University, Montreal, where he obtained the degree of M.D. in 1847. He had charge that year, under the Canadian government, of three hundred cases of emigrant fever at Port Iroquois, Matilda. In 1848 he removed to Prescott, where he practised his profession for more than thirty years. He was well known on both sides of the St. Lawrence. He had an extensive practice, and occupied a high position among the the medical profession, his reputation in both medicine and surgery being excellent. He was a member of the senate of Victoria University, and took an active interest in all matters pertaining to his Alma Mater. He was identified with a number of financial and public organizations. Was reeve and mayor of Prescott, and was identified with every interest relating to the town and vicinity, and pertaining to the welfare of the country, and his heart was in every enterprise that would advance the cause of good morals and the intelligence of the people.

He was appointed a member of the Medical Examining Board for Upper Canada in 1850, and was elected a member of the Medical Council