

CANADA CITIZEN

AND TEMPERANCE HERALD

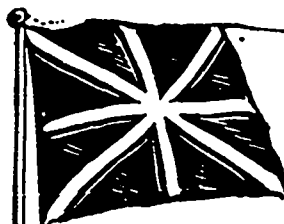
FREEDOM FOR THE RIGHT MEANS SUPPRESSION OF THE WRONG.

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OUR LIST OF GLORIOUS VICTORIES.



1885.

*Lennox & Addington,
Brome, Lanark,
Guelph,*

*Kent, Carleton, Drummond,
Durham and Northumberland,
Lambton, Elgin, St. Thomas,
Missisquoi, Wellington, Chicoutimi.*

FOR GOD AND HOME AND COUNTRY.

HURRAH!

A prohibition constitutional amendment has passed the Texas Legislature and will be voted upon by the people of that State in August.

Mr. W. G. Fee is gone to Kingston to assist in the campaign in that city, and the adjoining county. We can wish him nothing better than that his usual success may still attend his operations.

If friends who are superintending campaign work in different counties, would correspond with the office of THE CANADA CITIZEN, they would obtain valuable information in reference to available workers for both speaking and organizing purposes.

Mrs. S. E. Peck, so well and favorably known as a very enthusiastic and successful worker, has been aiding the cause materially in Scott Act campaigns in several parts of the Province. We cordially recommend workers everywhere to secure her services if they possibly can. Information may be obtained by addressing this office.

Dr. J. N. Cadieux, well-known as a scientific and practical lecturer, is working for the Scott Act committees of Hastings County, Belleville, Kingston, Montreal and other places. He comes to Canada very highly commended, and will no doubt render good services in this summer's campaigns. While he is in Canada his address will be Blenheim P. O., Ont.

To those clergymen who have sent us subscriptions, and are entitled to receive "The People versus the Liquor Traffic, etc.," we wish to say, that the books are not yet ready for mailing, but will be sent to them as speedily as possible. Their names have been placed on the subscription list.

A large number of petitions are now before the Governor-in-Council, and the announcement of pollings is being anxiously looked for. No doubt the war perplexity has lately engaged the attention of the Council to the exclusion of other matters, but some of these petitions are so absolutely beyond criticism that there exists no reason for not putting them through at once.

The most brutal crimes that shock the community are, in the majority of cases, directly traceable to intemperance. Even where the perpetrators of crime are not what is commonly called drunk, enough liquor has frequently been taken to influence the passions and deaden the judgment. Another illustration of this is furnished in the confession of the man Mitchell in the recent St. Thomas tragedy. The husband, wife, and the man who was killed had all been drinking just prior to the awful occurrence.

Mr. Deering owes his position as Mayor of Portland to the votes of the men of that city who are determined that the liquor law shall be enforced. He has appointed as his Marshall, Mr. Andrews, who is effectively enforcing the law in the hitherto somewhat lawless city of Portland. A law and order league has been formed with branches all over the State, and the results prove that the law can be made a most effective agency for the total suppression of intemperance. In another column will be found some extracts making this very clear, and we cordially commend them to the attention of our readers.

We commend to our legislators at Ottawa, as an example that might be copied by them with advantage to themselves, the transaction of our public business, and their standing with the better part of the community, the following rule of the Congress of the United States:—

"No intoxicating liquors shall be offered for sale, exhibited or kept within the Capitol, or in any room or building connected therewith, or on the public ground adjacent thereto, and it shall be the duty of the sergeant-at-arms of the two Houses, under the supervision of the presiding officers thereof respectively, to strictly enforce the foregoing provisions, and any officer or employee of either House who shall in any manner violate or connive at the violation of this rule shall be dismissed from office."

The workers in Kansas have had trouble with bogus medical certificates, but there they do not hesitate long in dealing summarily with the offenders as will be readily seen from the following clause from one of the acts passed for carrying out the emphatically expressed will of the people:—

"And every physician who shall give such prescription or administer such liquors in violation of this Act, and every physician who shall give to or write for any person a prescription for the purpose of enabling or assisting any person to evade any of the provisions of this Act, or for the purpose of enabling or assisting any person to obtain any intoxicating liquors for use as a beverage, or to be sold or disposed of in any manner, in violation of the provisions of this Act, shall be deemed guilty of misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars, and by imprisonment in the county jail not less than ten days nor more than ninety days."