

London Advertiser.

TWO DAILY EDITIONS AND WEEKLY.

The Leading Medium for Advertisers in Western Ontario.

THE LONDON ADVERTISER COMPANY (Limited).

LONDON, ONTARIO.

London Monday, Sept. 22.

The British Journalists.

The members of the party of British Journalists, who have been touring this country upon the invitation of the Dominion Government, have freely admitted that their trip has been to them a revelation. They are in a position to do Canada a practical service by faithful and intelligent comment, which will be given a wide currency through the medium of their respective journals, which are among the leading ones in Great Britain. There has been some ground for the complaint that the British press has been too indifferent to Canadian affairs, but there has been a great improvement in this respect in recent years as a result of the new interest in the colonies awakened in the mother country by the development of the Imperial idea. That so many prominent newspapers should consider it worth while to send representatives to this country is an admission that Canada is bulking larger in British estimation and is commanding more attention from the press. The visitors have been able to see Canada to the very best advantage. They were taken through Manitoba and the Northwest at the height of the harvest. They saw the magnificent crops gathered in, sojourning at various points to witness harvesting work and study farming operations there at close range. They admit they were wonderfully impressed with the boundless resources of the country, and the prosperity and abundance on every hand. They have returned to Ontario, and will find the same conditions of plenty, with a more developed agriculture and a landscape that will remind them of home. Two of the visitors are in London today, and there is no place they can see Canada better typified than in the heart of Western Ontario.

Hospital Encouragement.

A look through the last report of St. Joseph's Hospital, of Denver, Colorado, causes us to refer to the question of hospital encouragement. London is much interested in its hospitals, and has two, Victoria and St. Joseph's, of which any city might well be proud. Do we as citizens and as a city do all we should?

The site of St. Joseph's Hospital in Denver was a gift in 1876 from Governor Gilpen and his wife. He stipulated that no part of the original site should be sold, and in order to build the present building an appeal was made to the public. The corner stone was laid in July, 1899, and in July, 1900, the present administration building costing \$82,000 was formally opened. The public had responded generously. It will be remembered that Dr. C. L. Campbell some time ago suggested for Victoria Hospital certain representation based on the amount donated. In the St. Joseph's Hospital at Denver a scale is decided upon as follows:

Five thousand dollars endows a bed in perpetuity, affording an opportunity to those desiring to establish a memorial of friends.

Three thousand dollars endows a bed during one life.

The contribution of \$3,000 at one time constitutes the donor a patron.

The contribution of \$1,000 at one time constitutes the donor a benefactor.

Two hundred and fifty dollars endows a bed during one year.

While this scale is decided upon, the hospital has no endowment fund and receives no aid from the charity organizations of the city. It is not a money making institution. It cares for from 25 to 40 charity patients each month, averaging 20 days and would, the report states, gladly accept the dedication of a ward, the endowment of a room, or the support of a bed.

Victoria Hospital has received some generous gifts, but is almost entirely supported by public taxation and the buildings were erected by that means. Should not private philanthropy have done more for the hospitals than it has and might not the subject suggested again by the report referred to be considered by the trustees? Perhaps if public attention is drawn to the subject some, it may be several, will be disposed to donate or bequeath such amounts as they believe they can spare for so good an object. St. Joseph's Hospital in Denver is an imposing structure and apparently a worthy monument to the generosity of its citizens. We suggest that our citizens be offered the opportunity for individual generosity in the maintenance of our hospitals.

Strikes and Lockouts in Great Britain.

Measured by strikes and lockouts, the industrial situation in the United Kingdom has shown a steady improvement in recent years. The number of fresh disputes last year was 542, compared with 564 in 1917. The number of workpeople affected by last year's disputes, directly and indirectly, was 178,546, compared with 250,367 in 1917. The former number is about 2 per cent. of the industrial population. The aggregate duration of disputes (new and old) during last year was about 4,000,

000 working days, or about 20 days per head of those affected. The loss of time during the year, if spread over the whole industrial population, amounted to about half a day per head. On the whole the results were more in favor of the employers than in the previous year. The number of actual stoppages settled by arbitration or mediation was only 41, but these included some of the most widespread and prolonged disputes of the year. By trades the disputes were divided as follows: Building, 9,797; mining and quarrying, 112,951; metal, engineering and shipbuilding, 22,489; textile, 16,609; clothing, 4,135; transport, 2,682; miscellaneous, 10,489; employees of public authorities, 364. As in 1918 and 1919, the mining trades had the largest number of persons involved.

Questions of remuneration were, as usual, the most frequent cause of dispute in 1901, though not to such a marked extent as in previous years. The number of workpeople directly affected by wages disputes in 1901 was 58,865; by hours of labor disputes, 4,198; by disputes about employment of particular classes or persons, 10,524; about working arrangements, 23,185; trade unionism, 11,521, and other causes, 3,134. Trade was not generally so good as in the previous year, and thus disputes having an increase of wages as their object were not so common as in the previous four years. On the other hand, there was a striking increase in the number of disputes arising out of resistance to reduction of wages, there having been 101 disputes, involving 25 per cent. of all the workpeople directly engaged in wages disputes.

Disputes last year directly involving 20,551 persons were decided in favor of the workpeople; disputes involving 37,675 persons were decided in favor of employers, and others involving 40,955 were compromised. Seventy-one per cent. of all disputes affecting 80 per cent. of all persons involved, were settled by direct negotiation between the parties. The number of persons affected by disputes settled by arbitration, conciliation and mediation was 17,000, but the report points out that the settlement of strikes and lockouts forms but a very small proportion of the work of permanent conciliation and arbitration boards and joint committees. To appreciate these agencies at their true value account should also be taken of the numerous alterations effected in working conditions by them without any stoppage of work having taken place. Thus in the recent report on changes of wages and hours of labor in 1901 it is shown that 75 per cent. of all the changes of the year, as measured by numbers of persons affected, were arranged by sliding scales, wages boards, or other methods of arbitration and conciliation, while only 2 per cent. of the changes followed upon strikes or lockouts.

Peary and Deldrick fell out near the North Pole. This disposes of the fiction that a woman is at the bottom of every quarrel.

If the London Mail is correctly informed, the South African colonies must bear \$500,000,000 of the war debt. Will the outlanders squeal?

The Austrian and German Governments decline Uncle Sam's invitation to press Romania to be kinder to the Jews. Isn't the treatment of the Jews in most European countries a case where charity should begin at home?

The annual earnings of the Intercolonial Railway have increased \$3,000,000 under the present Administration, or as much as the whole revenue of the road under the old regime. The Intercolonial is now carrying something more than deadheads.

Hon. J. H. Ross has consented to be a candidate for the representation of the Yukon in the House of Commons. His election is assured. He is one of the most promising men in Canadian public life and should take a high position in federal politics.

A readjustment of the tariff is not necessarily an increase. It is quite possible, when the Ministers take up the question, that they will deem it advisable to raise the tariff on some items and reduce it on others. The thing to be avoided is an increase in public taxation or in the burden on consumers.

These are growing times in Scotland, too. The census returns for the decennial, 1891-1901 show the rate of increase in the population to have been the highest since 1831. The population last year was 4,472,103, compared with 4,025,847 in 1891, the rate of increase being 11.09 per cent. as against 6.77 per cent. in the previous ten years.

Throwing Money Away.
[Houston Post.]
With the trusts raising the price of necessities higher and higher every day, one is reminded of Ingalls' witty rejoinder when told that Washington once threw a dollar across the Potomac: "A dollar went further in those days."

Note This, Girls.
[Jim Smith's Gem.]
A girl is as liable to sow her affections in bad soil as a young man is to sow his wild oats.

The New Disease.
[Cleveland Plaindealer.]
"What's the matter with that little man over there? See how he nervously prances up and down in front of the coal office. What a wild eye he has! Is he crazy?"
"Eh? Don't you know what ails him?"
"No, I don't. What is it?"
"Why, that's anthracitis in the second stage."

Poems the World Has Read.

Boadicea.

[William Cowper.]
When the British warrior queen,
Bleeding from the Roman rods,
Sought, with an indignant mien,
Council of her country's gods.

Sage beneath a spreading oak
Sat the Druid, hoary chief;
Every burning word he spoke
Full of rage and full of grief.

"Princess! if our aged eyes
Weep upon thy matchless wrongs,
'Tis because resentments rise
All the terrors of our tongues.

Rome shall perish—write that word
In the blood that she has spilt;
Perish, hopeless and abhorred,
Deep in ruin as in guilt.

Rome, for empire far renowned,
Frampled on a thousand states;
Soon her pride shall kiss the ground—
Hark! the Gaul is at her gates!

Other Romans shall arise,
Heedless of a soldier's name;

A Redaction.

[Washington Star.]
What? Twenty dollars for a ton
Of coal? Nay, nay! I'll wait
Until a bargain day, and buy
At \$19.98.

Sizing Up the Spectator.

[Goderich Signal.]
There isn't half as much difference
of opinion between Tarte and Sifton
as there is between the Hamilton
Spectator and F. D. Monk as to
the Frenchness of Sir Wilfrid Laurier.
Yet no one will imagine that the Spectator
would not support Monk for
premier tomorrow or the day after.

Times Have Changed.

[Philadelphia Record.]
He used to send her roses;
He sent them every hour;
But now they're married, and he sends
Her home a cauliflower.

The Bench Was Barred.

[London Answers.]
A king's counsel was appearing in a
case of slander, which was being heard
before a certain judge, with whom
outside court, he was on the best of
terms.

The chief witness was a woman,
who appeared to testify to the alleged
slander.
"Now, madam," began the K. C.,
"please repeat the slanderous state-
ments made by the defendant on this
occasion just as you heard them."
"Oh, they are unfit for any respect-
able person to hear!" was the emphatic
response, as she looked indignantly at
the barrister.

"Then," said the K. C., coaxingly,
"suppose you whisper them to the
judge."

Johnny's Logical Request.

[Philadelphia Ledger.]
Johnny—Mamma, should we pray
for other people?
Mother—Certainly, Johnny.
Johnny—Well, then, can't you say
my prayers for me after this?

Thirty Years Hence.

[St. Thomas Journal.]
Thomas A. Edison says that in less
than thirty years electricity will be the
only motive power. He figures on J.
Israel Tarte being dead by that time.

Two and Two.

[Tit Bits.]
Irate Customer—Look here, you said
this gun would shoot a hundred yards.
I've tried it and it only carried fifty.
Isaac—Well, but mine friend, there
are two barrels.

Premature Inquiry.

[Philadelphia Press.]
Miss Gushington—What do you con-
sider the ten best books, Mr. Seat?
Con Seat (the young author)—Really,
I've only written six books so far,
you know.

INTERCOLONIAL BOOMING

Net Surplus for the Past Year
Almost \$100,000.

Traffic Has Been Growing Yearly at
Rapid Rate.

Ottawa, Sept. 22.—Hon. A. G. Blair states that the revised figures of the business of the Intercolonial for the year ending June 30 last made a better showing than was anticipated when the twelve months closed. "When leaving for England," said the minister of railways, "I stated that the surplus would be \$50,000. The revised figures have been handed to me, and the net surplus is \$95,850, or \$100,000 more than the unvised figures showed."

"Was there a large increase in the business of the line during the last fiscal year?"

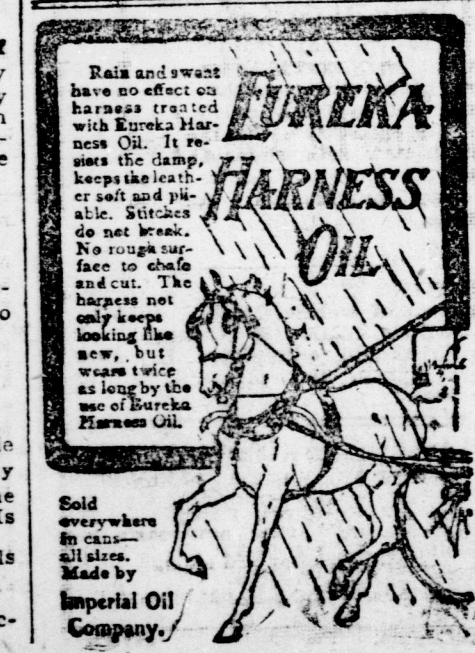
"The increase amounts to about three-quarters of a million. The traffic, in fact, has been growing yearly at a rapid rate, and today is three millions greater than under the last government. In other words, the total increase is as large as was the entire business of the railway during any of the previous fifteen years of the Conservative regime."

"Will this increase be maintained, do you think, during the current year?"

"The prospects are that it will. The figures for the two months of the cur-

Rain and sweat
have no effect on
harness treated
with Eureka Har-
ness Oil. It re-
sists the damp,
keeps the leather
soft and pliable,
and prevents the
face to chafe and
cut. The harness
not only keeps
looking like new,
but wears twice
as long by the use
of Eureka Har-
ness Oil.

Sold
everywhere
in can-
isters.
Made by
Imperial Oil
Company.



rent fiscal year, that is for July and August, show an increase of \$180,000 over the same two months last year. Should this be maintained it would give a gain of over \$1,000,000 for the year."

HON. JAS. H. ROSS ACCEPTS

Will Be Candidate for Commons
From Yukon.

Nomination of Convention Was Made
Unanimous.

Victoria, B. C., Sept. 20.—The com-
missioner of the Yukon Territory, at
present in Victoria, received a telegram
from Dawson informing him of his
unanimous nomination as candidate
for the Commons. The election will
take place on Dec. 2. The telegram
follows: "Large convention, embrac-
ing representatives from every por-
tion of Yukon Territory, met today at
Dawson, and with most hearty uni-
animity nominated you as candidate
for the House of Commons of Canada.
Requisitions unanimously signed are
being forwarded urging your accept-
ance." (Signed) Fred MacLennan,
chairman.

Mr. Ross wired the following reply:
"My nomination unanimously for
House of Commons by representative
convention at Dawson on 19th is very
highly appreciated by me. Thank con-
vention for evidence of confidence, and
hereby accept nomination. Although
yet take active part in election, and
therefore will have to leave work of
campaign entirely in hands of my
friends, in whom it is needless for me
to say I have utmost confidence. I
think I may claim that reasonable
measures of success have already at-
tended efforts in behalf of people of
Yukon. If I become territorial repre-
sentative at Ottawa—and with your as-
sistance there is little doubt on that
point—I will be in position to still fur-
ther promote the welfare of its people,
and generally to advance interests of
whole territory. I believe in Yukon
and its great possibilities, and it will
be to me a pleasure as well as duty to
continue to work unceasingly in its be-
half." (Signed) Ross.

He leaves in a few days for California
for the benefit of his health.

HONEST ADVICE.

Based on His Own Personal Experience
He Recommends Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Wolfestown, Que., Sept. 22.—(Spe-
cial).—Mr. R. Boulanger, Secretary and
Treasurer of the town, says:
"I think it is hardly for every
family to keep and use Dodd's Kidney
Pills."

"I myself was completely cured of
Kidney Disease and Urinary Trouble
by this remedy."
"I was so bad that I was obliged to
urinate often with much pain. They
have relieved me of pain and the re-
sults in every way are satisfactory."
"Those who know Mr. Boulanger's well
know how very ill he was and how
completely Dodd's Kidney Pills have
restored him."

SPECIAL NOTICES

Notice—Large stock of goose feathers
sold by the pound, iron bedsteads,
mattresses, springbeds, children's iron
cots, pillow and down cushions, fur-
niture and stoves at the Feather Bed
and Mattress Cleaning Factory, 383
Richmond street north. Telephone,
597. J. F. Hunt & Sons.

Buy your Trunks and Bags at
Tuckaberry's, and get your old ones re-
packed. All work called for and de-
livered. Phone 866. 364 Richmond
street.

THE MOST POPULAR PILL.—The pill is
the most popular of all forms of medi-
cine, and of pills the most popular are
Dodd's Kidney Pills. They are the only
what it is asserted they can do, and
are not put forward on any flimsy
claims. They are easily taken, they
do not nauseate nor grip, and they give
relief in the most stubborn cases.

In some German towns children are
allowed to travel free on the local
tramway cars if they are under a cer-
tain height, which is marked on the
doors of the vehicle.

GOOD HEALTH IS IMPOSSIBLE
without regular action of the bowels.
Laxa-Liver Pills regulate the bowels,
cure constipation, dyspepsia, bilious-
ness and sick headache.

Measures to promote temperance in
Swiss towns are impeded by the fact
that in nearly all hotels and restau-
rants guests are expected to drink
wine or beer.

IF ATTACKED with cholera or sum-
mer complaint of any kind send at once
for a bottle of D. Kellogg's Dysen-
tery Cordial, and use it according to
direction. It acts with wonderful rapid-
ity in subduing that dreadful disease that
weakens man and that destroys the
young. The delicate and feeble can use
this cholera medicine say it acts
promptly, and never fails to effect a
thorough cure.

As the Ebb and Flow of the Tides--
So Are the Great Crowds Attending

THE GREAT SALE OF THE

BANKRUPT STOCK

So Recently RUNIANS, CARSON, McKEE CO.'S

Only a short time in business, and yet the stock,
amounting to

\$67,460.00

Was Sold at Auction...

For 55 Cents on the Dollar.

What a Grand Opportunity for the People to
Get Bargains.

DELAYS ARE DANGEROUS! COME QUICKLY COME AT ONCE!

The variety is immense. You can get almost anything that you
require for your family for the winter, at marvelously low prices.
Remember that nowhere else can you possibly get so much for your
money.

The Purchasing Power of Your Dollar Is Nearly Doubled.

Many would have liked to have got this stock, but it required
nerve and money. It might have gone out of town. Your interests
are well guarded by

KINGSMILL.

The superiority of

COWAN'S

Cocoa and
Chocolate

was fully demonstrat-
ed at the Western Fair.

EASILY CLEANED

and three extra plates, with-
out extra charge, with our

MEAT CHOPPERS

Three sizes, for family
or butcher shop use.

A. WESTMAN

HARDWARE 111 Dundas St.

Bind Your Magazines

Every opportunity to save your book by
having them satisfactorily bound. Blank
Books made to order. All classes of
repairs.

H. P. BOCK,

Curse
DRINK

Cured by COLONIAL REMEDY

No taste. No odor. Can be given in
glass of water, tea or coffee, without
patient's knowledge.
Colonial Remedy will cure or destroy
the diseased appetite for alcoholic stimu-
lants, whether the patient is a confirmed
inhabitant, a "tippler," social drinker or
drunkard. Impossible for anyone to have
an appetite for alcoholic liquors after
using Colonial Remedy.

Indorsed by Members of W. C. T. U.
Mrs. Moore, press superintendent of
Woman's Christian Temperance Union,
Ventura, California, writes: "I have test-
ed Colonial Remedy on very obstinate
drunkards, and the cures have been
many. In many cases the Remedy was
given secretly. I cheerfully recommend
and indorse Colonial Remedy. Members
of our Union are delighted to find an
economical treatment to aid us in our
temperance work."
Druggists or by mail, \$1. Trial package
free by writing to Mrs. M. A. Cowan
(for years secretary of a Woman's
Christian Temperance Union), 236 St.
Catherine street, Montreal. Sold in Lon-
don by W. T. Strong & Co.

Mr. Frederick Borden, minister of
militia, returned from England today
(Saturday).

SPECIALIST

DISEASES OF THE KIDNEY.

Albert Wesley Kahle, M.D.,

190 DELAWARE AVE.,

OFFICE HOURS: BUFFALO, N. Y.

SUNDAYS: 2 to 4 p.m. 4812

RAILWAYS AND NAVIGATION.

Excursions to

BRITISH COLUMBIA

CALIFORNIA,

MONTANA,

WASHINGTON,

UTAH.

—VIA—

"The Niagara Falls Route."

during September and October at very

low rates.

Particulars at the city ticket office, 355

Richmond street, or depot, corner Clar-

ence and Bathurst streets. Telephone,

G. F. and T. A. JOHN PAUL,

City Pass Agent.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL

ANNUAL

WESTERN EXCURSIONS

Sept. 25, 26 and 27, 1902.

—LONDON TO—

Detroit, Mich. \$ 2.50

Saginaw, Mich. 4.40

Bay City, Mich. 4.50

Grand Rapids, Mich. 6.35

Cleveland, Ohio 5.00

Columbus, Ohio 9.45

Cincinnati, Ohio 10.00

St. Paul, Minnesota 35.40

Good to Return Until Oct. 13th.

O. W. RUGGLES, JOHN PAUL,

G. F. and T. A. City Pass Agents,

355 Richmond street.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

Western Excursions

Sept. 25th, 26th, 27th, 1902.

From London to Port Huron, Mich. \$1.95

Detroit, Mich. 2.50

Saginaw, Mich. 4.20

Bay City, Mich. 4.30

Grand Rapids, Mich. 6.15

Cleveland, Ohio 5.00

Columbus, Ohio 9.50

Cincinnati, Ohio 10.00

St. Paul, Minn. 35.40

Valid to return until Oct. 13, 1902.

A SPECIAL TRAIN

will leave London for Windsor and

Detroit at 9:30 a.m. on Thursday, Sept.

25, Friday, the 26th, and Saturday, the

27th.

Further particulars from agents, E.

DE LA HOOKE, C. P. and T. A., C. E.

MORNING, ticket agent, station.

ALLAN LINE

ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.