

WINGS IN THE WORLD OF SPORT

are Again in Order--This time in Intercollegiate Football

MAN AND HOPPE

in Greatest Billiard Players in World

think that a 25 to 1 score was a degrading little appeal, but such is not the case

and Hoppe have played through only one scheduled contest it is fairly certain that each is supreme at his own game

ord established a new world's record dirt track when he covered the 100 automobile race at Gallburg, Ill.

As an unofficial report says that the French have captured Altkirch, in Upper Alsace, at the point of the bayonet.

Two ships at Kiel are building 30 armored lighters to carry 100 men each, and to have a speed of 15 miles an hour for use on the Skagerrak.

Secretary Daniels, in an address, said the time is not distant when the warring nations will heed the peace proposals of the United States, which are still open.

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All twenty-four hour records for export wheat business since the war began were broken by Friday's total of \$2,000,000.

As a result of the Emden's activity, cargo insurance for the Orient has advanced from 3/4 to 5/8, an increase of about 40 per cent.

Dr. Bernhard Dernburg, formerly German Colonial Secretary, says Germany has assured the State Department that it will respect the Monroe Doctrine.

WEATHER: FAIR AND COOL  
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**SUMMARY.**  
The Eastman Kodak Company has purchased the factory of the Eastern Chemical Company at Elmhurst, N.Y. The company is the only one in America which has manufactured photodrapic acids, most of which have come from Germany.

Along the Vistula the recent fighting has been confined to German left wing, where 1,000,000 Russians captured 600,000 Germans. It was there that Petrograd claimed the big victory.

British Admiralty says 70 cruisers of Allied nations are hunting for German cruisers Karlsruhe and Emden.

Berlin claims success on the Yser Canal, Belgium, west of Lille and west of Augustowice in Russian Poland.

Germany are said to be bringing up heavy reinforcements for the final effort to break through the Allies left wing.

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## GERMANS ON OFFENSIVE STILL IN THE NORTH

**Reinforcements Being Used as Reserves of First Line Veterans--Artillery Duel Near Rheims**

**GOOD NEWS FROM RUSSIA**

Official Report From Petrograd Says That Germans Have Suffered Terrible Defeat at Vistula--Lost 60,000 Killed and Wounded.

(Special to The Journal of Commerce.)

Paris, October 24.—Emperor William's German troops are still on the offensive in the northern sphere of the fighting, with reinforcements being used as reserves of the first line veterans.

Almost every day brings fresh word of desultory artillery duelling near Rheims. Many shells fall into the city, which is now a scene of desolation and wreckage.

Verdun is the centre of a furious struggle on the eastern line. The French are striving vigorously to dislodge the Germans at Camp Des Romains on the Meuse. At that point the invaders have succeeded in getting a number of heavy Austrian siege guns in position.

The French movement against Metz seems to have been checked.

There has been little change in the relative positions of the armies which are battling along the Meuse. The Germans have been making fierce efforts to get Verdun, because the ring of forts at that point guard the only feasible roadway over the Meuse along which a big army could move. These assaults have been strongly met by the French army, which has succeeded in getting between Metz and Verdun--Toul line.

A Petrograd despatch says more than 4,500,000 Russians, Germans and Austrians are now believed to be engaged along an irregular battle front extending from the Baltic Sea to Southern Galicia. No decision has yet been reached in this battle to determine whether the Russian army will be able to invade Galicia, and advance on Berlin before the heavy snows of winter cause a halt in operations.

Official reports issued by the General Staff, state that the Germans have suffered a terrible defeat at the Vistula, but the Russians will be unable to press their advantage until the latter is decided on their left wing where the reformed Austrian army is making heavy attacks. According to a despatch received by Novoe Vremya, from its correspondent with the Russian army the Germans lost 60,000 killed, wounded and prisoners, in their attempt to cross the Vistula at Ivanogorod and in subsequent fighting west of that fortress, when the Russians took the offensive and pursued the retreating Germans.

Apparently the Germans suffer from a shortage of cavalry, for the commanders of corps when ordered from the direction of Radem northward toward Warsaw, hastily gathered such Austrian cavalry regiments as were available to use as an advance guard. Among the prisoners taken before Warsaw are a number of Austrian cavalry men of many different regiments.

The Vistula in the region covered by the present operations is from 200 yards to nearly half a mile wide, and is bridged only at the first-class fortresses of Novo Gorgievsk, Warsaw, and Ivanogorod. The river is a quarter of a mile wide at the latter point, and the fortress stands at the confluence of the Wieprz with the Vistula.

Somewhere near here the Germans had determined to force a passage. They advanced near enough to bombard the fortress of Ivanogorod with heavy guns, but it is reported that the damage was immaterial and that the bridges were entirely unharmed. The Germans would probably avoid injuring bridges over a river so wide, and from ten to twenty feet deep, which it was their hope to cross, but the omission to destroy the bridges here has greatly facilitated the Russian advance.

The garrison of the fortress joined the field army and assisted in driving back the German forces at this point in the three-hundred-mile front. This happened on the 21st, and the Germans, who on the previous day were still tenaciously holding their ground to the south of the River Piliza, are now retiring from this section about the south have begun a general retirement at about the latitude of Novo Alexandria, south of Ivanogorod.

**Fighting is Desperate.**  
Between the Vistula and San rivers fighting still continues, and is reported to be of a most desperate character, but again, farther to the south, the Russian attack has already proved successful, and prisoners were taken to the number of three thousand unharmed men and several scores of officers, without counting the wounded.

A few miles north of Przemysl the Russians took an entrenched position on the heights and put the Austrians to flight in great disorder. Over two thousand men and two hundred wounded were taken prisoners here, the relative proportions sufficiently indicating to many military men the nature of the defeat inflicted. Twenty officers were among the unharmed prisoners. At this point on the extreme south, approaching the spurs of the Carpathians the Russian operations are proceeding satisfactorily.

## MORE NATIVE CANADIANS WITH SECOND CONTINGENT

**Percentage Will Be Greater Than Was Alleged in Case of the First Contingent--Many College Men in Rank.**

Reports from various parts of the country state that a larger percentage of native born Canadians are enlisting in the second contingent than went out with the first. In the first contingent it is said that only thirty per cent. of those who volunteered were native born Canadians, the remainder being British born, many of whom had had some previous military training. Another factor noticeable in connection with the recruits for the second contingent is that they are a better type of men. The first contingent was largely made up of adventurers, while the recruits for the second contingent consist very largely of men holding responsible positions, who are throwing these up and going to the front from a sense of duty. Hundreds of college men will go out with the second contingent, while numbers of college professors are taking their places in the ranks. Business men from big corporations, bankers, farmers' sons and others, are vying with one another in rallying to the call for men.

"It has apparently taken some little time for the native born Canadians to realize the dangers confronting the Empire, and his own responsibility in repelling the world's war lord. Recruiting officers declare that Canada's second contingent will be composed of the very flower of the country's young manhood.

## AUSTRIANS ADMIT RUSSIANS HAVE CROSSED SAN

Vienna, via Berlin and Amsterdam, October 24.—An official statement issued here says: "Our heavy artillery was especially active yesterday in the battle south of Przemysl," says the statement, "and to-day severe fighting developed on the banks of the Lower San where, at several points we allowed the enemy to cross the river. These Russian forces have now been strongly attacked by our troops and pressed against the river."

"At Zagorz, southwest of Przemysl, we captured more than 1,000 Russians."

"Part of our troops suddenly appeared before Ivanogorod and beat two Russian divisions. We captured 3,600 prisoners, one standard and 18 machine guns."

"Returning from a station on the River Save, our monitor Temes struck a mine and sank. Three men are missing."

## JAPANESE PREPARING TO CELEBRATE

Tokio, October 24.—Unofficial reports printed in Japanese newspapers to-day say that Teing Tao has fallen. The Admiralty refuses to confirm the rumor, but the city is making preparations to celebrate the great victory.

It has been definitely learned that the cruiser Takachihio, reported at first to have been blown up by a mine, was torpedoed and sunk by the German torpedo boat S-90, which was subsequently beached to escape capture.

## COST OF SEATS ON NEW YORK EXCHANGE ATTAINED HIGH LEVEL

High Point Was Reached in 1905 at \$95,000 and the Low Point Was in 1871 at \$2,750.

Before 1868, seats on the New York Stock Exchange were not transferred by purchase and sale. An initiation fee of \$5,000 was, however, required from members duly elected by the board and in business on their own account.

In 1868, the transfer of seats began to have a market valuation, for in that year, the present system of transfer was instituted.

The following official table shows the high and low prices of Stock Exchange seats in every year since that time:

Year	High.	Low.	Year	High.	Low.
1914...	\$55,000	\$34,000	1890...	\$22,500	\$17,000
1913...	53,000	37,000	1889...	23,000	19,000
1912...	74,000	55,000	1888...	24,000	17,000
1911...	73,000	65,000	1887...	30,000	19,000
1910...	94,000	65,000	1886...	33,000	23,000
1909...	94,000	73,000	1885...	34,000	20,000
1908...	80,000	51,000	1884...	27,000	20,000
1907...	88,000	51,000	1883...	30,000	23,000
1906...	95,000	78,000	1882...	32,500	20,000
1905...	95,000	72,000	1881...	30,000	22,000
1904...	81,000	57,000	1880...	25,000	14,000
1903...	82,000	51,000	1879...	16,000	5,100
1902...	81,000	65,000	1878...	9,500	4,900
1901...	80,000	49,500	1877...	7,750	4,500
1900...	47,500	37,500	1876...	5,600	4,000
1899...	49,000	29,500	1875...	6,750	4,250
1898...	29,750	19,000	1874...	5,000	4,250
1897...	75,000	15,000	1873...	7,700	5,000
1896...	30,000	14,000	1872...	6,000	4,800
1895...	20,000	17,000	1871...	4,500	12,750
1894...	21,250	15,900	1870...	4,500	4,000
1893...	20,000	15,250	1869...	7,500	3,000
1892...	32,000	17,500	1868...	5,000	7,000
1891...	24,000	16,000			

\*Record high price. †Record low price.

## CUT GERMAN LINES

London, October 24.—The Times Amsterdam correspondent telegraphs that a report has been received there that the Allies have cut the German lines east of Bruges after fierce fighting. The Germans, he adds, are really clearing out of Ostend now, although the battle along the sea coast has not yet been decided.

## SIR GEORGE PAISH'S MISSION SUCCESSFUL

**Eminent British Financier, Together With Basil Blackett, Bring About Better Understanding with U.S. INTERNATIONAL EXCHANGE**

Meeting To-day Will Consider This Important Question and Will Report to the Federal Reserve Board.

(Special to Journal of Commerce.)

Washington, October 24.—The conference between the members of the Federal Reserve Board, Sir George Paish and Basil B. Blackett, representing the British Government, and New York bankers, resulted in reaching a better understanding between Great Britain and this country's international problems still waiting solution. No formal statement was issued.

The committee, composed of Benj. Strong, Jr., and A. H. Wiggin, of New York, and James Brown, of Philadelphia, representing the bankers and Governor Hamelin and Paul M. Warburg, representing the Federal Reserve Board, was appointed to confer with Sir George Paish and Basil B. Blackett on the question of international exchange. The meeting will be held about noon to-day and they will make a report to the Federal Reserve Board next week.

The conference took up the question of cotton plating and the international cotton complications. The Federal Reserve Board will meet at 10 a. m. to discuss further the revised cotton pool scheme. The discussion as to the opening of markets of the world was general. It is thought that after the establishment of the \$150,000,000 fund to aid the cotton growers of the South, the lowest price of spot cotton will have been reached and that the New York Cotton Exchange may resume business without difficulty.

A committee was appointed to confer with the committees on the Exchange of the world. Various estimates were made of the indebtedness of the United States to Great Britain and of the amount of American securities held abroad, and of the amount of liquidation of American securities held abroad, which may be expected in the New York Stock market when it resumes business.

Bankers were confident that the gold pool would care for maturing obligations up to January 1st, and that this pool would go much further toward clearing the foreign exchange situation than had been anticipated.

English bankers, however, are not content to rest on the assumption that the exports will wipe out the balance which stands against the United States and want some definite understanding in regard to the settlement of the balance which may remain after the \$100,000,000 fund is adjusted.

At the Washington Conference Sir George Paish expressed the opinion that England would be able to carry on the war on her current receipts without breaking into the invested capital owned by her citizens. This meant, in his opinion, that large sales of securities probably would not be attempted, and when it was necessary to sell securities, it would be in order to buy American products.

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## FIGHTING IN BELGIUM NOW GOING ON IS FIERCE

Hardest Struggle Going On in Form of Triangle Formed by Neuport, Dixmude and Roulers.

Paris, October 24.—German troops are still on the offensive in the northern sphere of the fighting, with reinforcements being used as reserves for first line veterans.

Reports from the north indicate that the hardest fighting in Belgium is in a triangle roughly bounded by Neuport, Dixmude and Roulers. The French, British and Belgians are feeling the pressure of superior numbers.

On the La Bassee-Armentieres line the fighting has been of the most severe character. Villages of Freilinghen and Le Quesnoy, St. Deni, northwest of Lille have been razed by artillery fire and Freilinghen is reported to be in flames.

Fierce attacks and counter-attacks are being made along the line extending from Albert to a point of Arras. The Germans made a series of desperate night attacks in an effort to break through the Allies' line near Doullens.

It would seem that the Germans have not yet given up hope of smashing Anglo-French line in this region in order to cut off the Allies' forces operating north of Arras in France and along Yser River in Belgium. There has been little change in the relative positions of the armies which are battling along the Meuse, notwithstanding the violence of the assaults.



There has been little or no change in the situation in Belgium and Northern France during the past few days except that the British warships have been shelling the German lines and have prevented their passing on the coast. The Allies are slowly forcing the Germans back around Lille and Arras while farther east what advantage there is rests with the Allies.

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### DOMINION SILVER COMPANY

Just arrived from Baccarat, a few exhibition sample pieces of Cut and Engraved Crystal Vases, suitable for collections. Very artistic pieces at prices surprisingly low.

Also  
A few pieces from the Toronto Exhibition on Belgian blanks.

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