

THREE OF OURS WOULD MAKE TWO GOOD BATTALIONS

Colonel Wedderburn's Battalion Might Yet Get to France If Drafts From Other Units Were Sent Over

Recruiting Authorities Believe it Impossible to Raise 600 Men in Next Three Weeks in Province to Save Identity of 145th and 165th Battalions—Pay for Returned Soldier Recruiting Officers Being Arranged

The question of filling up New Brunswick units now at Valcartier Camp is the main topic of discussion among recruiting authorities at this time.

A Big Task

Several recruiting men, representative of different parts of the province, admit with regret that they do not think it possible to fill up these two units to the 1,000 mark within the next three weeks.

War Souvenirs

There is an exhibition in the window of T. McAvity & Sons, King street, one of the finest collections of war souvenirs that has yet been seen in St. John.

On the arrival in the city yesterday of Lieutenant-Colonel P. A. Guthrie, the chief recruiting officer for the province...

These boys are doing good work now and many of them have since the beginning of the war given their blood for their country...

These boys are doing good work now and many of them have since the beginning of the war given their blood for their country...

These boys are doing good work now and many of them have since the beginning of the war given their blood for their country...

These boys are doing good work now and many of them have since the beginning of the war given their blood for their country...

These boys are doing good work now and many of them have since the beginning of the war given their blood for their country...

These boys are doing good work now and many of them have since the beginning of the war given their blood for their country...

These boys are doing good work now and many of them have since the beginning of the war given their blood for their country...

These boys are doing good work now and many of them have since the beginning of the war given their blood for their country...

These boys are doing good work now and many of them have since the beginning of the war given their blood for their country...

MOORE FEELING MORE FOR THE KING

Friday, Sept. 1. Yesterday afternoon Miss Margaret Bethune of 81 St. David street received word from the record office at Ottawa that her brother, Private Howard W. Bethune, formerly of the 86th Battalion, had been killed in action on June 18.

Private Leslie R. Kane of Bay Shore was wounded by shrapnel shell on August 20, and is now in the 4th General Hospital, London, England.

Word was received yesterday by Mrs. William Greary, corner of Gormain and Lancaster streets, that the late Mr. Greary was killed in action on June 2 and buried at Ypres.

Word has been received by Lieut. Colonel Guthrie that the transfer of Captain Hugh Hawlock McLean, son of Brigadier-General H. H. McLean to the 28th Battalion has been approved.

The following troops have safely arrived in England: 127th, 129th, 130th, 137th, 138th and No. 10 Stationary Hospital.

During the last five months 2,688 men have been recruited in New Brunswick. The totals for the months follow: April, 1,141; May, 315; June, 899; July, 478, and August, 862.

James Cavichi, manager of the Georgetown section of the Valley road, returned on Monday from spending two weeks at his home in Nova Scotia.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Warwick and children, Miss Marjorie, and Masters Billy and Harold, came up from their summer home in Westchester, N. Y., for a short visit with Mrs. Johanna P. Bulley.

Mr. Percy Masters, who has been the guest of Miss Nellie Bulley, has returned to St. John.

Six more recruits joined the 28th Battalion at Fredericton yesterday. The names of these are: James McLean, of Barriere Bridge, Northumberland county; James Cullin, of Nelson; and James McMillan, of Chatham.

During the month of August, 942 men were secured for overseas service, 38 of them for the 28th Battalion.

The detailed statement for the month of July shows that 27 men were secured for the 28th Battalion.

The 382 men secured during the month of June were divided as follows: For the 28th Battalion, 104; for the 104th, 91; for the 145th, 82; for the 165th, 105.

The 382 men secured during the month of June were divided as follows: For the 28th Battalion, 104; for the 104th, 91; for the 145th, 82; for the 165th, 105.

The 382 men secured during the month of June were divided as follows: For the 28th Battalion, 104; for the 104th, 91; for the 145th, 82; for the 165th, 105.

The 382 men secured during the month of June were divided as follows: For the 28th Battalion, 104; for the 104th, 91; for the 145th, 82; for the 165th, 105.

The 382 men secured during the month of June were divided as follows: For the 28th Battalion, 104; for the 104th, 91; for the 145th, 82; for the 165th, 105.

The 382 men secured during the month of June were divided as follows: For the 28th Battalion, 104; for the 104th, 91; for the 145th, 82; for the 165th, 105.

The 382 men secured during the month of June were divided as follows: For the 28th Battalion, 104; for the 104th, 91; for the 145th, 82; for the 165th, 105.

The 382 men secured during the month of June were divided as follows: For the 28th Battalion, 104; for the 104th, 91; for the 145th, 82; for the 165th, 105.

The 382 men secured during the month of June were divided as follows: For the 28th Battalion, 104; for the 104th, 91; for the 145th, 82; for the 165th, 105.

PARLIAMENTARY CONSTRUCTION TANGLE GOES ON

Fourth Explanatory Report Issued by Building Committee in Charge

HON. RODOLPHE LEMIEUX RESIGNS HIS POSITION

Architect Blamed by Committee and Then Exonerated in Same Breath—Only Two Liberal Members Now on Committee—Motion for Reconstruction, 'According to Law' Goes Begging.

(Special to The Telegraph) Ottawa, Sept. 4.—Another voluminous statement has been issued in attempted justification of the methods of reconstruction being employed in connection with the Dominion parliament building.

This makes the fourth, and purports to be issued on the authorization of the whole joint parliamentary committee which has supervision of the work.

On the northern and northwestern fronts, after somewhat lively fighting, we occupied the locality of Borssek and the heights west of that town.

Three hostile hydroplanes dropped bombs on Constanza. Several children and civilians were wounded.

The towns of Bars Zek and St. Lelek are in the extreme eastern portion of Transylvania and the first named is the most frequented watering place in that province.

Basardjik is a town fortified in the extreme southern portion of the Dobruja district. Rumanian, Italian, Isak and Kafalat are Rumanian frontier towns on the Danube river.

The committee's official statement places the responsibility for tearing down the walls on the shoulders of the architect, Messrs. Pearson & Wainhand, but exonerates them from all blame in so doing.

The French have made fresh progress east of the village of Forest, north of the river, and on the south have successfully attacked the village of Borssek.

The village of Soyecourt was brilliantly carried by assault, as well as part of the village of Forest, north of the river.

London, Sept. 4.—Fighting between the Somme and the Ancre was very severe. The British advance being stubbornly contested, and the enemy making repeated determined counter-attacks.

London, Sept. 4.—The official statement from general headquarters issued tonight reads: This morning the enemy made a counter-attack against our newly won position northwest of Mont Farm.

London, Sept. 4.—The official statement from general headquarters issued tonight reads: This morning the enemy made a counter-attack against our newly won position northwest of Mont Farm.

London, Sept. 4.—The official statement from general headquarters issued tonight reads: This morning the enemy made a counter-attack against our newly won position northwest of Mont Farm.

London, Sept. 4.—The official statement from general headquarters issued tonight reads: This morning the enemy made a counter-attack against our newly won position northwest of Mont Farm.

London, Sept. 4.—The official statement from general headquarters issued tonight reads: This morning the enemy made a counter-attack against our newly won position northwest of Mont Farm.

London, Sept. 4.—The official statement from general headquarters issued tonight reads: This morning the enemy made a counter-attack against our newly won position northwest of Mont Farm.

London, Sept. 4.—The official statement from general headquarters issued tonight reads: This morning the enemy made a counter-attack against our newly won position northwest of Mont Farm.

London, Sept. 4.—The official statement from general headquarters issued tonight reads: This morning the enemy made a counter-attack against our newly won position northwest of Mont Farm.

MANLY MEN IN CASUALTY LIST

Has Money From England, Guns From France and Transport From Russia

London, Sept. 1.—A high authority on Rumanian affairs who spent much time in that country and in this since the outbreak of the war with Germany, and who seems in close touch with Rumanian developments during the whole period of the war made the following statement to a representative of the Morning Post:

Rumania is prepared for war. She has an army of 900,000 men trained and equipped and ready to go into the field today.

Behind these we have reserves numbering 800,000. It is a great army and it may surprise many people as I noticed there is a general impression that half a million men would represent the maximum strength of the forces Rumania could put into the field.

It should be remembered the country has been more or less prepared for war since 1914 and that for quite a long time past there has been a steady course of preparation going on for exactly this emergency.

It should be remembered the country has been more or less prepared for war since 1914 and that for quite a long time past there has been a steady course of preparation going on for exactly this emergency.

It should be remembered the country has been more or less prepared for war since 1914 and that for quite a long time past there has been a steady course of preparation going on for exactly this emergency.

It should be remembered the country has been more or less prepared for war since 1914 and that for quite a long time past there has been a steady course of preparation going on for exactly this emergency.

It should be remembered the country has been more or less prepared for war since 1914 and that for quite a long time past there has been a steady course of preparation going on for exactly this emergency.

It should be remembered the country has been more or less prepared for war since 1914 and that for quite a long time past there has been a steady course of preparation going on for exactly this emergency.

It should be remembered the country has been more or less prepared for war since 1914 and that for quite a long time past there has been a steady course of preparation going on for exactly this emergency.

It should be remembered the country has been more or less prepared for war since 1914 and that for quite a long time past there has been a steady course of preparation going on for exactly this emergency.

It should be remembered the country has been more or less prepared for war since 1914 and that for quite a long time past there has been a steady course of preparation going on for exactly this emergency.

It should be remembered the country has been more or less prepared for war since 1914 and that for quite a long time past there has been a steady course of preparation going on for exactly this emergency.

It should be remembered the country has been more or less prepared for war since 1914 and that for quite a long time past there has been a steady course of preparation going on for exactly this emergency.

It should be remembered the country has been more or less prepared for war since 1914 and that for quite a long time past there has been a steady course of preparation going on for exactly this emergency.

It should be remembered the country has been more or less prepared for war since 1914 and that for quite a long time past there has been a steady course of preparation going on for exactly this emergency.

It should be remembered the country has been more or less prepared for war since 1914 and that for quite a long time past there has been a steady course of preparation going on for exactly this emergency.

OBITUARY

Mrs. Wm. H. Marks. St. Stephen, Aug. 30.—A telegram was received here on Friday, Aug. 25, containing the sad news of the sudden and unexpected death of Mrs. William H. Marks at her home in Eureka, California.

Frederick T. Mann. Pettitocid, Aug. 30.—After a short illness at his home in Pettitocid on Wednesday, Aug. 30, Frederick T. Mann, passed away, aged forty-seven years.

Mrs. Amelia C. Seely. Fredericton, Aug. 31.—One of the best known and most highly respected residents of Sunbury county passed away early this morning in the person of Mrs. Amelia C. Seely, who died at her home in Promonto at 8:30 o'clock.

WEDDINGS

St. John. St. John, N. B., Aug. 31.—On Tuesday, August 22, the home of Mrs. T. Edwin Carter, was the scene of a quiet but very pretty wedding when her daughter, Miss Martha J. Carter, was united in marriage to Mr. Leonard A. Peto of Montreal, formerly of London (Eng.).

TWO VILLAGES CAPTURED BY ITALIANS

Rome, Sept. 4. Via London.—Italian troops have made additional successes in Albania, east of Atona, says an official statement given out today.

The villages of Kuta and Drisar have been occupied and Monte Gradist has been taken. Later, the statement says, the Italians retired to the right bank of the Vovusa, having accomplished their objective. The text follows:

Yesterday in the Fiemme Valley the enemy having received reinforcements, after an intense artillery preparation, launched two violent attacks against our positions on Monte Cauril.

They were stopped each by our fire and eventually were dispersed with heavy loss by a counter attack with the bayonet. On the remainder of the front the artillery was active.

Albania. On Saturday detachments of Bersaglieri and territorial units were sent to the right bank of the Vovusa.

On Saturday detachments of Bersaglieri and territorial units were sent to the right bank of the Vovusa.

On Saturday detachments of Bersaglieri and territorial units were sent to the right bank of the Vovusa.

On Saturday detachments of Bersaglieri and territorial units were sent to the right bank of the Vovusa.

On Saturday detachments of Bersaglieri and territorial units were sent to the right bank of the Vovusa.

On Saturday detachments of Bersaglieri and territorial units were sent to the right bank of the Vovusa.

BEAR

Petrograd, Sept. 7. Undertaken by the Turkish Armenia, is pushed. In the region under way for some of their strong mountain

Russian

A Turkish offensive west of Erzingan, advance of the enemy in vancing and driving to gain positions.

According to statements in the region of commander of the Thander of the Second Division was seriously wounded, and

On the northern crossed the Dvina in position. The amount

In the region south of our fire, fell within North of Dvina, to the western bank of and captured a portion

HALICZ BOMBARDED. In the direction of Halicz the fighting is of General Teherbatov of fortified positions, a suit, reached the River which they crossed at

In the region of from Halicz to Semikow with heavy and light air is still stubbornly holding of our bombardment.

In this region 2,500 men, including 2,500 Turkish officers and are being counted.

In the wooded C Germans Tell of Air Fighting Berlin, Feb. 7, by wireless—Owing to the favorable Overseas News Agency been lively fighting along front in Northern Courland on the Island of Oesel, in Riga, was successfully

agency says, by German planes. Attacks attempted by Dr. Landry's text was frustrated by German hydro and anti-aircraft guns. Se fell into the sea or into the out causing damage. One plane was disabled by German guns.

TRYING TO ISSU

Government Sp

Opposition V

tempt to De

Strength.

(Special to The Tele Woodstock, N. B., Sept. 4.—Owing to the favorable Overseas News Agency been lively fighting along front in Northern Courland on the Island of Oesel, in Riga, was successfully