

Manager
President

Clothing

Men's Strong Tweed
Suits, sizes 32 to 38.
\$12.50. Friday... \$8.90

Reefers, 34, 35, 36
and 38. Sizes 32 to 38.
with storm and
also fawn and brown.
Sack Coats, in sin-
gle, sizes 32 to 38.
\$4.00 and \$1.98

and Domestic Tweed
Suits, sizes 32 to 38.
\$8.50, \$5.00, \$3.50.
Friday... \$5.95

Clothing

Overcoats, including
mackinaws and
stings, sizes 32 to 38.
\$4.00, \$4.75, \$5.00.
To clear, \$2.98

Durable Two-piece
suits, in neat stripes
and patterns. Nor-
mal throughout. In
regular \$2.50. \$1.98
Friday...

s Furs

Lamb Caps, in
union and driver
even curl. Regu-
lar \$1.00. Fri... \$4.95

Coats, in black dog-
skins long. Regu-
lar \$14.90

s Hats

Men's new shapes, in
fawn and grey col-
ors. \$1.50 to \$2.50. 78c

Hats, up-to-date
1-2 to 3-4. Regu-
lar \$1.00. Friday... 95c

Caps, an assortment
up to 50c. 19c

twear

Men's Boots, strong
skin, medium heavy
sole, 4 to 10. Regu-
lar \$1.00. Friday Bar... 99c

to each customer.

Men's Calf Boots, in
black and strong, fine
all sizes. \$1.00. Friday... \$1.49

Men's Boots, double
soles, 4 to 10. Regu-
lar \$1.00. Friday... 99c

Men's Boots, double
soles, 4 to 10. Regu-
lar \$1.00. Friday... 99c

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lar \$1.00. Friday... 99c

Men's Boots, double
soles, 4 to 10. Regu-
lar \$1.00. Friday... 99c

\$80 Per Foot Floor Street

North side, looking down Major
street. Ideal location for doctor or den-
tist. 81 feet frontage, will divide.
H. H. WILLIAMS & CO.,
Realty Brokers - 26 Victoria

PROBS

Fresh southerly winds mostly in
showers; colder at night.

6 MEMBERS FOR TORONTO
MAY BE THE OUTCOME OF
THE NEW REDISTRIBUTION

Preliminary Discussion in the Leg-
islature, With British and
United States Precedents Cited

RESPECT FOR BOUNDARIES
EQUALIZED POPULATION

Premier Whitney, Hon. A. J. Mathe-
son, Hon. W. J. Hanna, J. R. Dargavel,
F. G. Macdonald for the government
and C. M. Bowman, Sam Clarke (Nor-
thumberland) and G. S. May for the
opposition are the committee appointed
yesterday to look the redistribution
bill into shape. The bill was read a
second time in the legislature yester-
day when Premier Whitney announced
that adherence to county boundaries
and equalization of population were the
principles which would govern the
changes. Hon. A. G. MacKay expressed
a fear that the committee might not
have the perfect freedom of action that
would be desirable.

"The committee may do anything it
pleases," declared the premier magnani-
mously, adding, however, "but I have
no fear of the result." The opposition
were not reassured.

Allan Studholme wanted a square
deal for the third party. He had
something to say, he remarked.

"I haven't noticed that the indepen-
dent party has failed to have its say,"
drily observed Mr. Whitney, and there
was a roar of laughter at the third
party's expense.

Six Only for Toronto.
Hon. A. G. MacKay considered that
Toronto had no right to more than
six members. He could see no reason
why an exception should be made in
the case of Toronto. Every constitu-
ency the bill provided, should have
only one representative, except in
North, South, East and West Toronto.
It was not apparent to why the
principle should be universally applied.

Premier Whitney, in moving the sec-
ond reading, went over a good deal of
familiar ground with regard to the
necessity for changes. The legislature
was not bound by any precedent or
tradition and could adopt any scheme
which commended itself to its judg-
ment.

The government bill followed that of
Sir Wilfrid Laurier in the last Domi-
nion readjustment, which was based
on the English bill. At the confer-
ence in Great Britain in 1884 certain
provisions were settled and left to be
carried out by a committee which ar-
ranged the details of the bill. The
bill was then passed by the House of
Commons and the Senate.

Mr. Whitney saw no reason
why the representatives of the people
should endeavor to narrow seats and
get away from their responsibility.

He was not prepared to believe that
the two parties would quarrel over
the question in a reasonable way and
so as to render everyone completely
satisfied and overjoyed. The English
government, as a result of the former
redistribution, now had a majority of
over 300, although the official return of
the vote cast would only entitle them to
a majority of 60.

New Ontario Constituencies.
Any reasonable redistribution would
entail the creation of several new
constituencies. In Toronto the popu-
lation had increased rapidly, but he
was not prepared to say that any
constituencies would be created in
Toronto. New Ontario would be a number
of new constituencies. As moderate as
they could, within five years, he would
venture to say, the new constituencies
would be created. He would have the
largest number of voters in the
province. East Nipissing, when created,
only 25,000. The Chestnut-st. The
portion of East Nipissing which
should now be erected into a new rid-
ing, had in 1901 a population of 1800.

Premier Whitney gave some figures
from states in the Union to show that
the proportion of population was high
in Ontario, where with a 1844 over 100
constituencies and 2,167,000 population
the average would be over 21,000. In
Massachusetts there were 10 executive
members, 40 senators and 240 repre-
sentatives, 230 from a population of 2,815,
000, an average of 5600. Vermont had
30 senators and 250 representatives, 280
from a population of 243,000, or 1200
people for each representative. In New
Hampshire, with 24 senators and 200
representatives, or 417 in a population of
411,000, or less than 1000 to each repre-
sentative.

British Precedent.
Hon. A. G. MacKay was not com-
plaining, he said, but in connection
with the premier's reference to the
British practice, he wished to say that
the leaders on both sides in Great Brit-
ain had defined the principles of the
bill before it was introduced. Had that
course been adopted here he would
have been better satisfied. He gathered
that the schedules were pretty well
prepared.

"I protest against any such construc-
tion of my remarks," declared the
premier at once. No schedule could exist
until the committee had prepared it.
Mr. MacKay hoped that the repre-
sentation would not go over the 10
mark. If the promise was so fond of
British precedents, the rule was to re-
duce the representation and the con-
stituencies were generally 50,000, 60,000
or 70,000.

Mr. Whitney thought the parallel
might apply to the federal parliament.
He acknowledged the reasonable pos-
sibility taken by Mr. MacKay. But in
England there had been no joint com-
mittee and nothing formal at all, merely
by a conference between the leaders,
and he had already indicated the fail-
ure in England.

WILL HANG THE ASSASSIN.

Giuseppe Alia Guilty of Murder in the
First Degree.

DENVER, Col., March 12.—Giuseppe
Alia, who shot and killed Father Leo
Heinrichs in St. Elizabeth's Church in
this city Feb. 23, was to-day found
guilty of murder in the first degree.
Hanging was the penalty fixed by the
jury.

SOCIALISM IS A
MENACE TO
BRITAINPower Portfolio for
Beck

Minister May Become Head of
Commission to Aid Ma-
nicia it es.

A power commission for the
province, with
A minister of power at the
head.
Such is said to be a near prob-
ability, in fact, just as soon as the
various municipalities have for-
warded their requests for Ni-
gara power.

Hon. Adam Beck, now min-
ister without portfolio, will then
be created minister of power.

H. C. TOMLIN NOMINATED
TO BE A CANDIDATE
IN N.W. TORONTO

Conservatives Choose a Running
Mate for Hon. Thomas Crawford
—Platform is Power.

H. C. Tomlin, baker, Bathurst-
street, was last night unanimously
nominated to contest the riding of
West Toronto for the local legislature,
along with Hon. Thomas Crawford,
at a packed and very enthusiastic
meeting of the West Toronto Central
Conservative Association, held in the
hall at the corner of Ossington-av-
enue and College-street, J. W. Chees-
worth presiding.

The following were nominated: Dr.
W. R. Cook, F. G. MacBrien, A. F.
Saunders, T. H. Humble and H. C.
Tomlin, but all the others withdrew
to make the nomination unanimous.

Mr. Tomlin, who announced that his
platform would be cheap power, re-
gardless of consequences, and no ad-
ditional indemnity to members of the
legislature unless approved by the
people, was needed no further.

Two resolutions endorsing the pre-
sent candidate, Speaker Crawford, and
the leaders of the party in both fed-
eral and local politics were unani-
mously carried.

Three hundred members of the as-
sociation were present and forty-one
applications were received.

The nomination is, of course, in ex-
pectation of the redistribution giving
each of the four Toronto constituencies
an equal number.

DIDN'T GET THEM JOBS.

Italian Employment Agent is Arrested
for Fraud.

Leopold Scaroni, an Italian employ-
ment agent of 37 Chestnut-street, was
arrested yesterday afternoon on a
warrant charging him with obtaining \$475 by fraud from
Roberto Antonio, 126 Chestnut-st.
The police are also looking for another Italian
employment agent.

The arrest was made in connection
with the shipment of 200 Italians to
Parry Sound, with offers of railway
work. The money was collected to pay
their fare and the agent's fee of \$1.
On arrival at Parry Sound the men
were given employment by the
C. P. R. A number of the others were
lodged in jail as vagrants and many of
them being penniless were compelled
to walk back to Toronto and are now
desperate.

The case was brought to the notice
of the police by Rev. Mr. Merlino, Italian
pastor of the Holy Family church.

Michael Basso, yesterday applied to
the mayor for help for his destitute
countrymen.

THEATRE MANAGER GONE.

London Surprised by Sudden Absence
of Louis H. Bowers.

LONDON, Ont., March 12.—(Special.)
—Louis H. Bowers, for a year manager
of the Grand Opera House, has left the
town hurriedly. He is said to have
been heard from to-day from Chicago.

The reason for his disappearance is
said to be due to complaints which
reached the police that Bowers had
been misconducting himself with young
girls. Bowers is about 40 years of age,
a walk by Detective Sockett yesterday.
His theatre accounts are said to be
straight, but stories that he has out-
standing personal accounts to the
amount of perhaps \$1000 are heard.

The Grand Opera House, London, is
owned by Ambrose Small of the Grand
and Majestic Theatres in this city, and
who owns or controls a large number
of theatres in the province. The only
notification of Bowers' absence has
been a telegram from Chicago giv-
ing the name of the party with whom
he had left the keys of the theatre. It
is not thought that he has mismanaged
the theatre funds.

FLEET ENDS JOURNEY.

SAN DIEGO, Cal., March 12.—The
United States fleet steamed into Mag-
dalena Bay to-day, ending its historic
cruise of 10,000 miles.

Heesperi's Maiden Voyage.
LONDON, March 12.—(C. A. P. Cable.)
The Heesperi, the Granville's ship, has
just made her maiden voyage. She
has accommodation for 1720 passengers.

SOCIALISM IS A
MENACE TO
BRITAINRosebery Makes Appeal
For Sane Imperialism
and Says Lords is
the Necessary
Barrier.

LONDON, March 12.—"The active
menace of socialism" with which
Great Britain is confronted was a
prominent and striking feature of
Lord Rosebery's presidential address
before the Liberal League this after-
noon.

The former premier was discussing
the necessity of the league's unceas-
ing support of "sane imperialism," in
which category he included the main-
tenance of the policy of free trade.

"Protection," Lord Rosebery de-
clared, "is a great evil, a great tyranny
and a great source of corruption."
Continuing the speaker said that the
foregoing, however, at a time when the
present movement in parliament found-
ed on ideas of social reform might
lead to such enormous pressure in the
way of direct taxation as to make the
nation seek relief from its intolerable
burden by shifting a part of this bur-
den to the taxation of imports. The
time might come, but Lord Rosebery
said he trusted to God it never would,
when the Liberals would be forced to
choose between allowing the socialism
to gain the upper hand or allying
themselves with the party of protection
in order to defeat socialism. Of
these two conditions he, for one, with-
out hesitation, would prefer protection.
This would be a great evil and a
source of corruption, but socialism
would mean the end of the empire,
religious faith and freedom, and pros-
perity.

Defence of the Lords.

In the elections of 1907 Lord Ro-
sebery went on, the country had seen
the Liberals and Conservatives flying
at each other's throats for the sake
of letting the socialism slip away
with the kernel, namely, seats in par-
liament, and they had witnessed the
tragedy of the Liberal League under
the banner of "No Second Chamber"
at the very moment when a second
chamber was most necessary in order
to combat socialism. Formerly Great
Britain had a strong second chamber
backed up by the veto of the sovereign.
The veto of the sovereign has since
disappeared, said the former
premier, and now it is sought to do
away with the second chamber. Con-
trast this Lord Rosebery continued
with the conditions in the United
States, the most democratic constitu-
tion in the world.

"There you find a written constitu-
tion, not one syllable or letter of which
can be altered without grave and
lengthy consideration. Here we find
a senate of overpowered authority,
and you find a veto in the hands
of the president. Not a veto that
has fallen into desuetude, but an active
and vigorous element in the constitu-
tion. Here we have nothing but the
feeble barrier of the hereditary second
chamber, which it is now said ought
to be entirely abolished.

A Necessary Barrier.

"I honestly say, considering the
menace of socialism, which has reared
its head in this country during the
last year, and which is prepared to
walk back to London, it strikes me as
amazing that the government, at the present
time, should embark on the policy of abo-
lishing the only barrier remaining be-
tween it and the people."

Lord Rosebery admitted that the
house of peers needed reform, but no
such reform as was suggested by the
present government.

HISTORY REPEATS ITSELF.

Quartet Play Euchre With Same Old
Onlooker of 48 Years Ago.

A strange coincidence happened in
Carlton West a few days ago.
Four men named John Brown, James
Long, ex-Councillor W. O. Brown and
John Marshall, were playing a game
of euchre on the last day of Febru-
ary, and Tommy Brown, a well-known
resident of Carlton, was an onlooker.
The little group were discussing by-
gone days, and incidentally it was re-
membered that exactly 48 years ago
on the last day of February, the same
four men had played euchre, with the
same Tommy Brown looking on.
The last game was played within
100 yards of that of the years ago.

PREMIER INDISPOSED.

Was Not in Parliament Yesterday—
A Visit to the Mint.

OTTAWA, March 12.—(Special.)—Sir
Wilfrid Laurier is indisposed and was
not in his place in parliament to-day.
D. R. Wilkie of the Imperial Bank,
Toronto, was in town to-day and
visited the royal mint.

UNEMPLOYED TO PARADE.

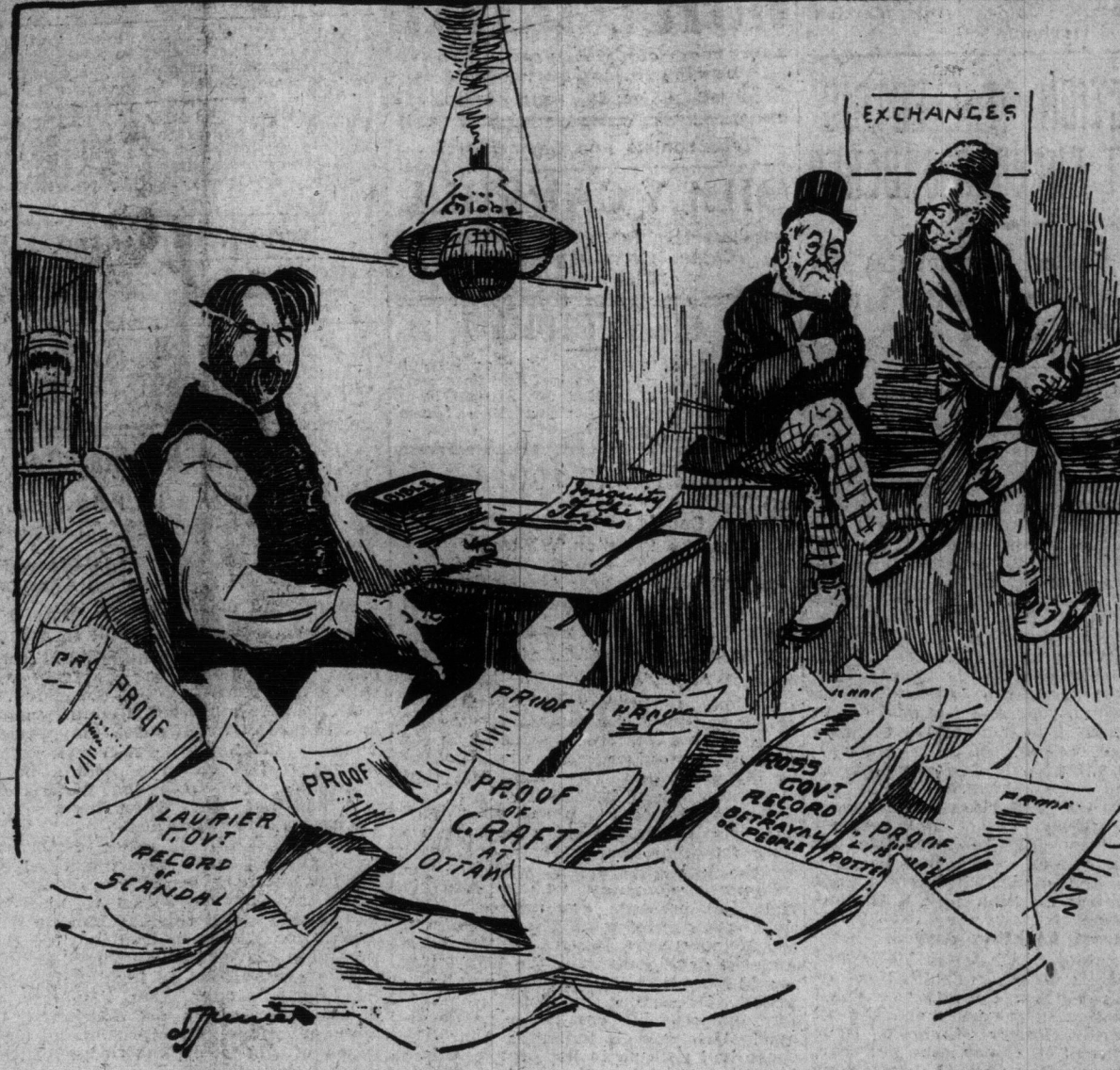
Socialists Decide to Organize a Dem-
onstration.

At a meeting of unemployed called by
the Socialists of the city yesterday it
was decided to organize and march up
to the city hall and demand that they
be given work. It was stated that
while the mayor says there are only
1200 out of work in the city, if the truth
were known it would be more like
32,000.

W. Mance, organizer for the So-
cialist party, was present and criticized
the Salvation Army's immigration pol-
icy.

Smoke, Not Fire.
At 12:15 this morning a lot of excite-
ment was caused by the smoking of
the furnace at the Oldsmobile Co., 80 East
King-street. The firemen were called
out, but do damage was done.

AN OVERWORKED EDITOR AND PROOFREADER



EDITOR OF GLOBE: "When a body has a' that proof brought till him he doesn't find time to smite the
angodly Tories as fierce and frequent as he would weesh."

Old Man Ontario the Boss of the Job

The destinies of Toronto are not—and shall not—be in the power
of any individual, not even William Mackenzie. The morally de-
funct Globe, and its persistent officious president, Robert Jaffray,
may attempt to wheedle William into believing that he is another
"splendid adventurer" in his own realm, fit to compare with Raleigh
and Drake in theirs. Glorious, but futile anticlimax—Raleigh, Drake
—and William Mackenzie. Surely an anticlimax is not possible from
that beautiful bud of perfection in literary and logical facilities, the
reverend editor of The Globe.

No, no, William Mackenzie, you must suffer a disillusionment!
Ontario is too big and prosperous for any single and Globe-anointed
privatizer to combat and defeat the great ship of the people's will. If
you are a sensible man, you will have nothing to do with the flighty
filibustering of the beighted admiral of The Globe.

And, as for President Jaffray—Robertus, the Senator—Old
Man Ontario is still "boss of the job," and will see that in due season
the chairman of the Niagara Park Commission shall not both hold
office under the Whitney government and thwart the Whitney public
power policy. The treachery has been already committed, but already
there are too-long-delayed rumors of the retirement of Robert Jaffray
from the Niagara Parks Commission.

That Globe pen-picture of Baron Mackenzie dispensing largess
to the people of Ontario is something to sob over. But the boot is on
the other foot. As prime minister of Ontario, the chosen spokesman
of Old Man Ontario, Mr. Whitney does not approach Mr. Mackenzie
as a manial, but as a master. Mr. Whitney, if he desires, can tell Mr.
Mackenzie what he wants Mr. Mackenzie to do; and he can tell him
in the manner of The Centurion. And Mr. Mackenzie will do as he
is told. The World expects Mr. Whitney to tell Mr. Mackenzie.

And tell him now!

WHERE IS ALFRED EARL?
MAY BE BIBLE-CRAZEDMysterious Disappearance of Young
Riverdale Man --- Carpenter by
Trade But an Earnest Student.

A most mysterious disappearance is
the case of Alfred Earl, who has been
missing from his boarding house, 35
Lewis-street, since March 3. He was
last seen on the morning of that day
about 10 o'clock in front of the Sun-
light Soap Works, Eastern-avenue, by
William Welch, a fellow boarder.

He is a native of Ireland, born in
County Carlow, but came from County
Wexford to the United States five or
six years ago. He was employed first
as a carpenter in Waterbury, Conn.,
then as a student at the Advent Bible
College. After a few months' study
he came to Toronto last Christ-
mas, looking for employment in his
trade, but was unsuccessful in getting
work. His associates describe him as
a thoroughly upright and religious young
man, very quiet in demeanor, with a
tendency to keep by himself. At the
time of his disappearance his board
was paid up a week in advance. His
trunk was in order, and he had left all
his clothes and suit case in the room.

No known can be given for his
disappearance, and Detectives Guthrie
and Archibald, who were consulted,
were baffled to offer any reasonable
explanation. His brother, Charles Earl,
who has come from Waterbury, Conn.,
to have the case put in the
hands of the police, believes that the
Bible study must have affected his
mind, and that he has made away with
himself.

The lost man is described by his
brother to be 5 ft. 8 in. tall, weighs around
140 pounds, has dark hair and com-
plexion, and is about 27 years old.



There is one identification mark on his
body, a scar near the left kidney
where he had been operated on for
some kidney trouble. Besides, the
top of the middle finger of the right
hand has been cut off about the mid-
dle of the nail.

Information about the lost man
whether dead or alive, should be sent
to the city detective bureau, police
headquarters, or to Mrs. Duffy, 25
Lewis-street, Toronto.

FOR RENT

Centrally located manufacturing flat,
5100 square feet, excellent shipping fa-
cilities, immediate possession.
H. H. WILLIAMS & Co.
Realty Brokers - 26 Victoria St.

28TH YEAR

CITY'S RIGHTS IN
HANDS OF MEN
WHO JEEREDToronto Members Howl-
ed Down in Vain Ef-
fort to Have Im-
portant Amend-
ments Passed.

OTTAWA, March 12.—(Special.)—The
bill of the Niagara, St. Catharines and
Toronto Railway passed the railway
committee this morning after Messrs.
Claude Macdonell, Edmund Bristol and
W. F. Maclean had made several at-
tempts to amend it by securing the
right of the City of Toronto to control
the street crossings.

A group of Liberal members from far
away provinces howled down every at-
tempt of these men to get a fair hear-
ing, and cried "lost" before the amend-
ments were even stated to the com-
mittee.

Edmund Bristol declared that the
City of Toronto had no wish to hold
up the railway. The question was as
to whether the railway should spend
more money for the protection of hu-
man life.

Claude Macdonell pointed out that
one hundred thousand people in Toron-
to crossed the railway tracks in a day.
Hence the difference between the po-
sition of Toronto and the position of
a smaller community.

W. S. Calvert refused to believe that
the Toronto City Council was more
anxious than the railway commis-
sioners to protect human life.

Commission Has Done Little.

W. F. Cookshutt said that the
members were talking glibly about
the commission, but he had been to
the commission once or twice, and
didn't hold those views. He pointed
to the burned-over area south of Front-
street, which had been tied up by the
railways for years. "What have the
railway commission done about that?"
he asked.

Nothing.

Claude Macdonell moved that the
consent of the city, expressed by by-
law, to take on or discharge passen-
gers at more than two points between
their terminal and the city limit.

"This," said Mr. Macdonell, "is to
prevent their doing a street railway
business." This was with the con-
sent of the committee. The whole
country should not be asked to stand
aside merely to let the City of Toronto
get more money out of the railway.

The Macdonell amendment was lost.

Finally Mr. Macdonell moved a
third section to prevent the railway
from operating a street railway or
part of a street railway within the
city limits without the city's consent.

MONTREAL, March 12.—(Special.)—
The important announcement was
made by Hon. Sydney Fisher, at the
Dominion Forestry convention here
to-day that the Dominion government
had decided to set aside the whole
eastern slope of the Rocky Mountains
forever as a forest reserve, extending
clear from the boundary to the ex-
treme northern limits of the coun-
try.

This vast region, he stated, would
be kept free from settlers and held
for forest growth, which would be cut
off from the timber trade. Such
regulations as would preserve it for all
time as a forest resource for the west.
The announcement was received with
hearty cheers by the delegates.

The convention, which is held here
for the first time in many years, had
a most auspicious opening, the main
feature being the introduction of
the bi-lingual system, in an effort to
interest the people of Quebec in forest
conservation, and the lively interest
in the matter displayed by the Catho-
lic clergy of the province. When
Lieut.-Gov. Sir Louisbourg was ac-
companied by Hon. Sydney Fisher, Arch-
bishop Bruchesi, Bishop Radcliff, Mgr.
Bischoff, and others, all of whom took a very active part
in the convention.

Archbishop Bruchesi spoke at length
on the work by the curies in Quebec
Province to guard the habitants from
recklessly wasting their forest wealth,
and promised his own curies such
regulations as would preserve it for all
time as a forest resource for the west.
The announcement was received with
hearty cheers by the delegates.

TORONTO DOCTOR IN TROUBLE

Herbert Brethour, It is Said, Is in
Serious Plight in Montana.

Word was yesterday received in the
city that Dr. Herbert Brethour, who
left Toronto six years ago to practise
in Hamilton, Montana, is in custody
there as a result of the death of a
young school teacher, a coroner's jury
having charged murder.

The girl came to her death from
blood poisoning, as the result of an op-
eration performed, it is alleged, by Dr.
Brethour, and the chief witness for
the state is Dr. J. Stockton, who was
present at the operation and adminis-
tered an anesthetic.

Dr. Stockton has sworn that after
the girl's condition became hopeless
Brethour told him that he was to get
\$200 for producing a miscarriage and
that he refused, but went to see the
girl and took her ante-mortem state-
ment. The girl died February 22.

Dr. Herbert Brethour graduated from
Toronto University in 1899. He prac-
tised medicine in Sunderland