nounced that the Italian government prepared a law concerning the prophylaxis of infectious diseases, in which tuberculosis figures conspicuously. Persuasion alone is not sufficient, but compulsion must be used. We shall look forward with much interest to the outcome of this progressive measure, under the guidance of so eminent an authority. The education of our people in methods necessary to counteract the spread of tuberculosis would assist materially all other efforts in the same direction. Efforts should be made by the school, the church, the councils, and in every way possible, to inform the masses as to the vast moment of this serious malady, and as to the manner in which their united co-cperation would prove of service.

Tuberculosis has become a really national disease, and is widely spread. The Provincial Bureau of Public Health doubtless will have an increased appropriation and additional special experts on this disease, that every means should be taken to stay the progress of tuberculosis, without which our efforts would be futile and the

results anything but satisfactory.

A central bureau of health can not be thoroughly equipped without a chemical and bacteriological laboratory. Such are indispensible in the present advanced state of science.

The Dominion of Canada indicates a vigorous and healthy growth in this direction. Meetings like the present tend to strengthen and develop the power of public opinion in aid of the cause of science, and we trust that by judicious enterprise and intelligent energy the practical result will be that the soil and bacilli of tuberculosis will rapidly disappear.

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