subsequently issued a new writ for the Electoral district of L'Assomption.

Appeal discontinued.

Code for appellant.

Quebec.]

May 3, 1892.

CONTROVERTED ELECTIONS OF BAGOT AND ROUVILLE.

Election petition—Judgment voiding election—Trial—Commencement of—Six months—Sec. 32, R.S.C.—Consent to reversal of judgment—R.S.C., ch. 135, sec. 52.

In these two cases the trials were commenced on the 22nd of December, 1891, more than six months after the filing of the petition, and subject to the objection taken by the respondents that the Court had no jurisdiction, more than six months having elapsed since the filing of the petition, and no order made enlarging the time for the commencement of the trial, the respondents consented that their elections be voided by reason of corrupt acts committed by their agents without their knowledge.

On appeal to the Supreme Court upon the question of jurisdiction, the petitioner's counsel signed and filed a consent to the reversal of the judgment appealed from without costs, admitting that the objection was well taken.

Held, that upon the filing of an affidavit, as to the facts stated in the respondent's consent, the appeals should be allowed and the election petitions dismissed without costs. R.S.C., ch. 135, sec. 52.

Appeals allowed without costs.

Bagot case:

Ferguson, Q.C., for appellant. Belcourt for respondent.

Rouville case:

Belcourt for appellant. Code for respondent.