

sion of it, and that they have so far founded their empire or dominion upon the principles of humanity and true civilization.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

Your obedient servant.

F. N. BLAKE,
United States Consul.

Hon. HAMILTON FISH,
Secretary of State.

APPENDIX A.—*The Indian population of Canada.*

The Indian and negro population of Canada are not specifically enumerated as such in the ordinary decennial census, but are included under other heads, according to nativity, &c. All the tabular statements I have found on the subject show a general increase. The following shows the total number of certain tribes in Canada, at different periods from 1827 to 1857:

Upper Canada.		Lower Canada.	
1838.....	6,643	1827.....	3,649
1844.....	6,874	1837.....	3,575
1846.....	8,756	1844.....	3,727
1847.....	8,862	1852.....	4,058
1857.....	9,094	1857.....	4,396

In 1857 the Indian census, including settled and migratory tribes, and tribes not within reach of the missionaries, gave the following numbers of this people:

Settled Indians in Upper Canada.....	9,094
Settled Indians in Lower Canada.....	4,326
Nomadic tribes visiting north shore of Lake Huron.....	1,422
Nomadic tribes visiting north shore of Lake Superior.....	1,240
Nomadic tribes of the Lower St. Lawrence, not within reach of missionaries or agents (as estimated).....	1,000
1857.—Total.....	19,652
1868.—As by annexed statement, exclusive of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick.....	20,612