Miscellaneous.

The Road to Ruin.

EVIL EFFECTS OF GAMBLING—THE LOTTERY, POOL AND HORSE RACING SOURCES OF SIN.

'Come, Fred, go into the pulpit with me and read the Scriptures and pray, for I have to be choir leader, play the organ and all that.' These were the words that the Rev. J. N. Sutherland, the present assistant pastor of the Laight Street Baptist Church, and former actor, said yesterday afternoon, in the vestibule of the church, to his brother, the Rev. Frederick Sutherland, pastor of the Baptist Church at White Plains. As the two sat in the pulpit the contrast in their appearance was very marked, the brother Frederick being of medium stature, slight built, with side whiskers and mustache and dishevelled hair, whereas the exactor is robust in physique, has his face clean shaven, and combs and parts his hair with scrupulous precision. There was a pretty large congregation, and it was easy to notice that many were of that class rarely to be seen inside of a church, and whose presence was doubtless partly owing to the printed placards in front inviting attendance to listen to the 'thrilling experiences of redeemed men.' The most, however, were probably induced to come through interest to hear what Mr. Sutherland might have to say on the advertised subject of his discourse, 'Gambling, Rum's Twin Brother; or, How Our Boys are Ruined.'

Many people, he began, speaking in a clear, ringing tone and with a degree of impassioned earnestness that showed his heart and feelings were thoroughly absorbed in the subject, many people might think the topic announced for this discourse a singular one for a Christian pulpit. It might be so now, but the time was not far distant when ministers generally would feel it their bounden duty to take up the theme. It is to me a particularly painful subject because it brings to my mind many of my painful experiences before my conversion. Gambling seemed to be an innate vice. It showed itself in marbles and other games of boyhood days. Unless restrained then there was danger of its becoming an absorbing passion. Some of the grandest men he had ever known had succumbed to its terrible thraldom. It was a fearful slavery and had ruined and wrecked its legions whose days had been one continuous struggle, and whose nights had been sleepless in their efforts to beat the wheel of fortune. There was hardly a day that the papers did not contain warnings against the dangers of yielding to this inordinate passion. In the pool room and the pool for drinks—underlying these were was incalculable danger. He had watched young men at their first games of pool and seen the flushing of their checks after their first victory. It was this more than anything else that led to the taking of the first glass of liquor—the prelude to other excesses. From the pool for drinks the transaction was easy to the pool for horse races. There was not a day the law against selling pools on horse races was not violated in this city. He had walked through Barclay street and stood and watched boys and young men go in and buy their first combination and pool tickets. It was a terrible thing, this pool selling. It's patrons don't count what they lose. If they make a winning the whole street would know it. Their countenances would glow with the flush of victory. They would be ecstatic with joy. 'I can count,' continued Mr. Sutherland, 'the thousands of dollars I squandered in policy offices, and will I recall my sleepless nights in trying to think out some way of beating an impossibility. There are seventy thousand chances to one of winning and yet people are still busying themselves in the same insane calculations to beat the Kentucky lottery. I am ashamed to confess the time and money I lost at it.'

LOTTERY TICKETS.

Some of the brightest young men he had known had been hopelessly ruined through buying lottery tickets and had died in poverty. A particular friend of his died and his trunk was half full of Havana lottery tickets and yet all his winnings did not exceed $500. Men would commit crime to satisfy this passion. One day after his conversion he went into a lottery office, where he had been in the habit of going for years and met a Christian brother. How easy it would have been to have been dragged back. He had gone there since, but there were many professing Christians who go to policy offices. It was terrible to think of. It was also terrible to think of the homes that had been impoverished through indulgence in this vice. He had seen mothers pawn the last thing they had in the house to try their luck at this game of chance. It was only necessary to stand in front of a pawn office—and it was not only the poor, but people in their carriages went there—to read most painful chapters in life's history through yielding to this enslaving passion. Frenzied by losses or elated by successes, dissipation followed and the drunkard's doom. An acquaintance of his had disposed of everything to gratify his passion for gambling but a clock given to him by his mother as a dying gift. He dearly loved that dead mother, but to satisfy his ruling passion he parted with the clock. From the $4 received for it he won $17,000, but in less than two weeks he was penniless. Up to that time he had never drank, but in despair he now flew to the wine cup and became a wreck. A noted gambler in this city had won a large sum as part proprietor of a gambling house, but in his last days he realized that families had through these winnings been impoverished, that hopes had been blighted and hearts broken, and he told his daughter to give it all away in charity, and she did so. There was hardly a barroom in this city in which there was not gambling.

The dice box was the companion of the rum bottle. A few years ago he was with a party of young men in a hotel in this city and they threw dice first for twenty five cents, then for fifty cents and then for $1 apiece. It would be sad to trace out the histories of those young men. Two had since died horrible deaths. For one he did not intend to trust the devil any longer. Under the infatuation of gambling men would do what under other circumstances they would not think of doing.

A NARROW ESCAPE OF BECOMING RICH.

On one occasion he lost all his own money at gambling, and the devil tempted him to use money in his possession that had been paid to him as initiation fees into a mystic order. He yielded to the devil's suggestion, and lost the money, but if he had died suddenly that night before making the money good, which he did the next day, his name would have been forever tarnished. Nearly all the embezzlements and defaulting were the product of gambling. There was an all prevailing desire to make fortunes quickly. They had even gotten up graveyard insurance policies as one of the means to this end. It would be impossible to describe the extent of the gambling in Wall street and the ruin and desolation to many that were the consequence. He would not attempt to describe it.

'When I was in San Francisco,' continued Mr. Sutherland, 'I had between $4,000 and $5,000 in the savings bank. Consolidated Virginia was then selling at 40. A particular friend of mine, knowing that I had money laid by, urged me to buy some Consolidated Virginia stock. 'Put the whole on margin,' he said, 'there's millions in it.' I said I would consult my wife, and she said, 'don't buy,' and I didn't. The stock ran up to $2,000 a share. How I tore my hair and raved that I did not buy the stock pursuant to my friend's advice. I am glad now I did not. I thank God for my wife's warning voice. The money would have done me no good, and money got in such a way never does anybody good. I know a theatrical manager who made millions by dabbling in stocks, but afterward he lost it all. I have watched some of those men who have made large fortunes by stock gambling, those men who are on the top of the ladder, those men whose success is only achieved by swamping scores of others. They don't sleep well at night. Many say, 'Give me their money and I'll stand their sleepless nights.' I tell you it is better to have money honestly earned, to have a conscience void of offence and to sleep well at night.'

In conclusion some incidents in the life of 'Coal Oil Johnny' already familiar to the public were recited. Allusion was also made to ladies' club houses and the evil effects indicated. One great antidote to the growing passion for gambling he urged to be the proper education of the rising generation and throwing around the youth of both sexes bulwarks that will resist the darts of sin. He specially advised that young men should be taught that they never can grow rich in front of the green cloth, and that men nowadays are too smart to allow themselves to be beaten at their own game.—*N. Y. Herald.*

The Spread of Mohammedanism.

From the Post-Despatch.

Mr. Wilfrid S. Blunt, the well-known Orientalist, has just completed a census from the best obtainable authorities of Mohammedanism. According to him the creed numbers 175,000,000 believers, divided into four sects, of which the Sunites are 145,000,000. There were 93,250 pilgrims at Mecca last year. But the most singular feature of Blunt's record is the spread of Islamism into the heart of Africa. In the Dark Continent the faith is alive and at work, and is proselytizing as fiercely as in the days of the Caliphs of Bagdad. Each year adds thousands of converts to the faith of the Prophet, and the result will shortly be the erection of another Mohammedan Caliphate in Soudan, which is now largely Islamite. The work which this creed has done in the civilization of the world will never be appreciated, and now again in Africa, as centuries ago in Europe, the Crescent is shining brightly upon a benighted people. Our debt to the Arabs in Spain and to the Ottomans in south-eastern Europe will never be paid. Their philosophers laid the foundation of almost every science that we have; their commanders taught us strategy and modern war. It would be strange if Islam took a new lease of life in the oldest part of earth and sprouted freshly among its peoples. It is a system which is indigenous to the tropics, as characteristic as the fauna or the flora of the torrid zone; and young Africa, under the green standard of the Prophet, may yet take her place among the nations.

Beaconsfield.

'But with his power of hitting,' says a biographer of Disraeli, 'he is wary of an opponent who also holds well his weapons.' In 1866 Mr. Dowse, a man with genuine Irish wit and a genuine Irish brogue, fell into a *lapsus linguæ* and instead of saying *in secula seculorum*, said *in seculum seculorum*. Bear in mind for a moment that on the previous evening Mr. Newdegate had made a motion which Mr. Disraeli entreated him to withdraw, but Mr. Newdegate, pressing for a decision, his leader went with him into the lobby, although it was well known that his views on the principle were not in accordance with Mr. Newdegate's. When Mr. Dowse sat down, having finished, *in seculum seculoroum*, Mr. Disraeli rose and, in a mock, solemn manner, said that not only was Mr. Gladstone about to destroy their ancient institutions, one of his conspicuous followers was now robbing them of a time-honored quotation. He had always thought the phrase ran 'in secula seculorum,' but now he supposed the right honorable gentleman intended to bring in a bill to revolutionize the Latin grammar.' There was great laughter. When Mr. Disraeli sat down up rose Mr. Dowse, and said: 'The right honorable gentleman is very clever about what everybody knows was a mere *lapsus linguæ*. But let me tell the right honorable gentleman that though he may see on this side of the House a trifling mistake or a trip of the tongue, such as I fell into, there is one thing he will never see—the head fellow the tail into the lobby. The laughter and cheers were uproarious and long continued.

Mr. Disraeli never again meddled with Mr. Dowse.—*Quiz.*

DYE WORKS,

GILBERT'S LANE, - - - SAINT JOHN, N. B.

MEN'S CLOTHES, of all kinds, CLEANSED or RE-DYED and Pressed, equal to new LACE CURTAINS, BLANKETS, CARPETS, &c., Cleaned by a NEW PROCESS, every week day. SILKS, IRISH POPLINS, DRESS MATERIALS OF ALL KINDS DYED. FEATHERS, KID GLOVES, TIES, &c., &c., CLEANED OR DYED.

All Orders left at the following places will receive prompt attention. PRICES LOW Macaulay Bros. & Co, 61 Charlotte street; W. P. Moses & Co., Yarmouth, N. S.; W. H. Killer, Truro, N. S.; P. H. Glendenning, New Glasgow, N. S.; Wm. Shannon, Annapolis, N. S.; Chipman & Etter, Amherst, N. S.; Miss Wright, Digby, N. S.; Robt. Young, Charlottetown, P. E. I., or at the DYE WORKS, GILBERT'S LANE, ST. JOHN, N. B.

A. L. LAW, Proprietor.

H. S. PIPER, AGENT, BRIDGETOWN.

J. G. H. PARKER,

BARRISTER-AT-LAW, CONVEYANCER, and REAL ESTATE AGENT.

Practise in all the Courts. Business promptly attended to.

OFFICE—Fitz Randolph's NEW BUILDING, Bridgetown. 7ly

35 PER CENT!

AS 35 per cent is now the duty imposed on American Furniture, the Subscriber wishes to inform the public generally that

HE DOES NOT INTEND

raising the prices of his FURNITURE, as may be seen in his list below; but intends making

Still further Reduction,

as he hopes his Sales will increase under the New Tariff. He has his FACTORY fitted up with the MOST IMPROVED MACHINERY, and is running full time. He also intends adding to his now large STOCK, and can offer better inducements to Customers.

PARLOR FURNITURE, in Suits, from $60.00 to $120.00.
BEDROOM SUITS, in Pine, from $25.00 to $40.00. A good suit for $28.00
SOFAS, $19.00 to $24.00.
WALNUT CHAIRS, $3.50 to $6.00.
CENTRE TABLES, in solid Walnut $8.00 to $10.00.
CENTRE TABLES, in Marble Tops $14.00 to $16.00.
BEDSTEADS, $2.50 to $3.00.
WASH STANDS, $1.00 to $1.25.

Please call and examine my STOCK, and you will find as good an assortment as is generally kept in large Cities, and as times are hard I will sell at Prices that will DEFY COMPETITION.

JOHN B. REED.

Bridgetown, April 2nd, 879. 50tf

REMOVAL. REMOVAL.

Dr. S. F. Whitman, Dentist,

has removed his Dental Office to his more commodious apartments in the

JAMES MESSENGER HOUSE,

so called, first door west from J. B. REED'S FURNITURE WARE ROOMS, where he will be better prepared to wait upon his friends and patrons.

Dr. S. F. WHITMAN.

Granville St., Bridgetown, May 25th, 1881.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

ALL persons having any legal demands against the estate of BENJAMIN D. LEONARD, Esq., late of Clarence, in the County of Annapolis, deceased, are hereby requested to render the same to Edwin K. Leonard, duly attested to within six months from the date hereof; and all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment to said Edwin K. Leonard. EDWIN K. LEONARD, sole Executor.

Clarence, July 2nd, 1881.—3m

Hatheway Line.

Boston & Nova Scotia,

in Connection with the WINDSOR & ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.

The Steamship "HUNTER" will leave Lewis Wharf, Boston, every THURSDAY, p. m., for Digby and Annapolis, N. S., and will return from Annapolis every MONDAY, p. m., at 3.30 o'clock, via. Digby, making close connection with the trains of the W. & A. R. Railway for Halifax and intermediate stations.

Through Freight Tariffs.

BOSTON AND	General Mdze. Rate per 100 lb. CLASS. 1st	2d	3d	4th	Flour, Meal, Apples and Potatoes. 100 bbl. lots. ₩ Bbl.	Under 100 bbl. ₩ bbl.
	cts.	cts.	cts.	cts.	cts.	cts.
Annapolis	32	26	22	16	22	26
Roundhill	36	30	24	18	24	29
Bridgetown	37	30	25	18	25	31
Paradise	39	32	26	19	26	22
Lawrencetown	41	34	27	20	27	34
Middleton	42	34	27	20	27	34
Wilmot	42	34	27	20	27	34
Kingston	44	36	29	22	29	37
Aylesford	45	37	31	22	30	38
Berwick	45	37	31	22	30	38
Waterville	45	37	31	22	30	38
Cambridge	45	37	31	22	30	38
Coldbrook	46	37	31	22	30	38
Kentville						

No freight received on day of sailing.

Classification of Freight same as W. & A. Ry. Tariff.

Smalls to be charged as one hundred pounds FIRST CLASS, but no less charge than 50 cents.

Invoices, with value and weight, must accompany all Through Freight.

A charge will be made for Customs Bonding Charges.

For further particulars apply to P. INNIS, General Manager, and the several Station Agents of the W. & A. Railway, and to

T. S. WHITMAN, Agent.

NOTICE.

ALL persons having any legal demands against the estate of ABEL W. FOSTER, late of Granville, County of Annapolis, deceased, are requested to render their accounts against said estate duly attested, within three months from the date herein—and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to

EVELIN G. FOSTER, Administratrix.

Bridgetown, May 23rd, 1881. 3m

Spring Stock for the Season of 1881 now Complete.

The Best Value in the Market Offered to Wholesale Buyers.

A MOST extensive stock of Writing Papers, Oblong, Square and Official Envelopes, Bill Papers, Foolscap, Letter and Note Papers, Blotting, Tissue and Oil Papers, Wrapping Papers, Paper Bags and Shop Twines, Ledgers, Cash Books, Journals, Day Books, Copying Letter Books, Invoice Books, Bill Books, Time Books, Index Books, Traveller's Order Books, Oblong, Note and Exercise Books, Mark Twain's Scrap Books, Puck Books, etc. Wallets, Purses, and Pocket Books, Stephens' Black, Blue Black and Copying Inks, an endless variety of Eagle and Common Penholders, Inkstands, Esterbrook's and all the leading Pens, Fabre's Pencils, Slates Slate Pencils and School Chalk.

The stock of Birthday Cards, far surpassing any ever shown in Halifax, (order a 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 dollar lot.)

School Books, every book used in the Maritime Provinces for sale.

Second supply of Room Paper and Bordering just opened. Window Blind Paper, Plain and Satin, Green and Buff. Also—a large variety of American Figured Blinds at lowest prices.

THOS. P. CONOLLY,
Central Bookstore.
Cor. George and Granville Sts.,
Halifax, N. S.

Executor's Notice.

ALL persons having any legal demands against the estate of Hon. W. C. Whitman, late of Lawrencetown, in the County of Annapolis, deceased, are hereby requested to render the same to J. W. Whitman, duly attested to within six months from the date hereof, and all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment to said J. W. Whitman.

JNO. W. WHITMAN, CHAS. B. WHITMAN, } Executors.

Lawrencetown, July 16th, 1881. 143m

Hardware AND Carriage STOCK EMPORIUM,

MIDDLETON,
Annapolis County, N. S.

WE beg to call the attention of

Carriage and Sleigh Builders

to our complete stock of Goods suitable for their use. By late importations, we have in stock:

SLEIGH RUNNERS and RAVES,

LATEST PATTERNS, BASSWOOD PANELS for Sleigh Backs and Dashers, 40x30 and 36x18.

Whitewood Boards,

16 and 18 inches wide, free from KNOTS and CHECKS—WELL SEASONED.

PLUSHES, FELTS, and CORDS for Sleigh-Coverings

AMERICAN MOSS, (XX) CURLED HAIR, (XX), and all UPHOLSTERINGS requisite.

HALF-OVAL NOSING IRON ½, ¾ and ⅞.

SLEIGH STEPS, WROUGHT SLEIGH COUPLINGS.

SLEIGH and SLED SHOE STEEL, all sizes. In fact everything that Sleigh and Carriage Builders use in their trade, will be found in our establishment.

MASURY'S PAINTS and LAKES, ground in Japan expressly for Carriage Builders, and in all the leading colors. TRANSFER ORNAMENTS.

GOLD, SILVER and BRONZE LEAF and BRONZE POWDERS.

We would call the attention of Horse-shoers and Carriage Smiths to our

American Snowball Shoes,

our very superior brand of

HORSE-SHOE IRON,

to the excellent quality of our *Small Rounds and Flats.*

MONEY'S HORSE NAILS, CARRIAGE MALLEABLES.

WROT-CARRIAGE GOODS, &c., &c., &c.

This, with our usual stock of SHELF AND HEAVY HARDWARE, makes one of the best assorted stocks in the Province.

Wholesale and Retail.

BESSONETT AND WILSON.

Middleton, Annapolis Co. nov.17

Windsor & Annapolis Raiw'y.

Summer Arrangement.

Time Table,

COMMENCING

MON., 6th DAY JUNE, 1881.

Miles.	GOING WEST.	Express, Daily.	Pass. & Freight Mon., Wed. and Friday only.	Passengers and Freight Daily.
		A. M.	A. M.	P. M.
0	Halifax—leave	7 45	8 52	3 00
14	Windsor Junc—leave	8 22	10 13	3 50
			P. M.	6 15
46	Windsor	9 40	12 30	6 37
53	Hantsport	10 00	12 54	7 05
61	Grand Pre	10 22	1 21	
64	Wolfville	10 30	1 36	7 17
66	Port Williams	10 35	1 44	7 25
71	Kentville—arrive	10 50	2 00	7 40
	Do—leave	11 05	2 30	
83	Berwick	11 36	3 18	
88	Aylesford	11 50	4 06	
		P. M.		
95	Kingston	12 04	4 29	
98	Wilmot	12 12	4 40	
102	Middleton	12 23	4 55	
108	Lawrencetown	12 40	5 17	
111	Paradise	12 48	5 28	
116	Bridgetown	1 01	547	
124	Roundhill	1 20	6 13	
130	Annapolis — arrive	1 40	6 40	
	St. John by Steamer	7 30		

Miles.	GOING EAST.	Passengers and Freight Daily.	Pass. & Freight Tues., Thurs. and Saturdays only.	Express, Daily.
		A. M.	A. M.	A. M.
	St. John—leave	.....	.....	8.00
				P. M.
0	Annapolis—leave	.....	6 30	2 15
6	Round Hill	.....	6 56	2 25
14	Bridgetown	.....	7 22	2 54
19	Paradise	.....	7 42	3 07
22	Lawrencetown	.....	7 55	3 15
28	Middleton	.....	8 20	3 31
32	Wilmot	.....	8 37	3 42
35	Kingston	.....	8 51	3 51
42	Aylesford	.....	9 24	4 06
47	Berwick	.....	9 46	4 20
59	Kentville—arrive	.....	10 40	4 50
	Do—leave	6 30	11 15	
64	Port Williams	6 50	11 35	5 00
66	Wolfville	6 57	11 45	5 16
69	Grand Pre	7 10	11 57	5 22
77	Hantsport	7 36	12 30	5 30
			P. M.	5 54
84	Windsor	8 15	1 15	6 17
116	Windsor Junct	10 15	3 40	7 55
130	Halifax—arrive	11 00	4 30	8 10

N. B.—Trains are run on Railway Standard Time—15 minutes added will give Halifax time.

Express Trains run daily.

Steamer "Empress" leaves St. John at 8 a. m., every Monday, Wednesday and Friday for Digby and Annapolis, and leaves Annapolis on arrival of Express Train from Halifax, at 1.40 p. m., every Tuesday, Thursday and Friday, for Digby and St. John.

Steamer "Hunter" leaves Annapolis every Monday at 3.30 p. m., for Boston direct, and returns from Boston every Thursday p. m.

Western Counties Railway trains leave Digby every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 3.30 p. m., on arrival of Steamer "Empress" from Annapolis, and every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 1.00 p. m., for Yarmouth and Intermediate Stations, and leave Yarmouth at 7.45 a. m., daily, for Digby, connecting on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays with Steamer "Empress" for Annapolis and Halifax.

International Steamers leave St. John every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 8 a. m., for Eastport, Portland and Boston.

St. John & Maine Railway trains leave St. John at 8.15 a. m., and 9.00 p. m., daily for Bangor, Portland, Boston, and all parts of the United States and Canada.

Through Tickets may be obtained at the principal Stations.

P. INNES, General Manager.

Kentville, 1st June, 1881.

TO ARRIVE IN A FEW DAYS,

BKT. GEO. E. CORBITT."

WITH 100 PUNCHEONS

CHOICE MUSCOVADO MOLASSES!!

WHICH WE WILL SELL LOW FOR CASH.

A. W. CORBITT & SON.

FOR WEST INDIES,

Bark "Geo. E. Corbitt,"

Will be put in the berth for Demerara on her arrival from West Indies. All parties wishing to ship potatoes or hay will please apply immediately to

A. W. Corbitt & Son.

CARD.

G. W. Gunter, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

OFFICE at house of Mr. JAS. CRAIG,

MIDDLETON, N. S.

ESTABLISHED 1845.

HARNESSES

LEATHER! BOOTS & SHOES!

Of Every Description.

THROUGH my long years of experience I feel confident at the beginning of a New Year, in calling attention to my present facilities to supply Harnesses, &c., at the very LOWEST PRICES:—

1st, I import mountings direct from manufacturers.
2nd, I manufacture the Leather
3rd, I employ the best workmen in the County.
4th, Am satisfied with a small margin.

I am thankful to my many patrons, and wish them in the coming year every prosperity, and that there may be a growing demand for first-class Harnesses.

COARSE BOOTS,

UPPER, GRAIN AND WAX, CALF-SKINS, SOLE LEATHER, ETC.

GEORGE MURDOCH.

WANTED.

ONE THOUSAND HIDES, for which the Highest Cash Price will be paid. n36

CITIZENS'

FIRE, LIFE AND ACCIDENT

Insurance Company

OF CANADA.

Sir Hugh Allan, President.
Henry Lyman, Vice President.
Archibald McGoun, Secretary Treasurer.
Alfred Jones, Inspector
Gerald E. Hart, General Manager.

CAPITAL:

1,188,000.00.

Policies of Insurance issued by the above Company on the most favorable terms. Isolated or detached dwellings insured for one or three years at very low rates.

Agent for Annapolis County

H. CROSSKILL

MIDDLETON.

Middleton, Jan. 3rd, 1881.

DENTISTRY.

Primrose Bros.,

DENTISTS,

(Graduates of Philadelphia Dental College.)

OFFICES.—Lawrencetown and Bridgetown.

EXPRESS WAGON FOR SALE.

Strong Iron Axles and Springs. Apply to GILBERT HILL, COX BROTHERS.

Bridgetown, August 17th, 1880. n19tf

NEW YORK ARTIFICIAL STONE WORKS,

MANUFACTURED AT

ANNAPOLIS, N. S.

Plain and Ornamental Stone Work,

—SUCH AS—

WINDOW CAPS, SILLS, WATER TABLES, CHIMNEY TOPS, Round & Square, STONE EDGING, STONE STEPS of any design, COPING for Cemetery purposes, BURIAL CASES, CHIMNEY THIMBLES,

Monuments & Head Stones

of all descriptions; Ornamental Vases, Drain Pipe, Flower Pots, Flagging for Walks and Platforms, and all kinds of Stone work that can be manufactured.

We will warrant this Stone to stand any kind of weather, and the longer exposed the harder it gets.

We have now in the Woodland Cemetery, Annapolis, a lot of Coping, manufactured recently, which the public can inspect for themselves.

Orders solicited—satisfaction guaranteed.

Artificial Stone Works.

Annapolis, N. S., Feb. 16th, 1881.

THE VOICE OF THE SUCCESSFUL. My success is owing to liberality in advertising. *Bonner.* The road to fortune is through printers' ink. *P. T. Barnum.* Success depends upon a liberal patronage of printing offices. *F. F. Astor.* Frequent and constant advertising brought me all I own. *A. T. Stewart.*

Vegetine.

CONDUCTORS TAKE IT.

Blotches, Pimples, Humors on the Face and Neck Disappear.

A SOVEREIGN REMEDY for RHEUMATISM!

MONTREAL, P. Q., Oct. 17, 1879.

MR. H. R. STEVENS:

Dear Sir—I most cheerfully add my testimonial to the great number you are daily receiving in favor of your VEGETINE. I have been troubled with rheumatism for several years; also with blotches and pimples breaking out upon my face and neck.

A friend recommended VEGETINE, and, after using several bottles, I have had no more trouble with rheumatism, and the blotches on my face and neck have disappeared. I have recommended VEGETINE to some of my friends who were troubled with rheumatism, and they have used it with good success, and I will recommend it to all who are troubled in the same way. Yours truly,

VICTOR PIGEON,
Passenger Conductor Grand Trunk Railroad.

Vegetine.

Dr. Callier Surprised.

VEGETINE CURED HIS DAUGHTER

CALLIERSVILLE, Chilton Co., Ala., May 15, 1878.

Dear Sir—My daughter has been afflicted with nasal catarrh, affection of bladder and kidneys, and is of scrofulous diathesis, and, after having exhausted my skill and the most eminent physicians of Selma, I at last resorted to the use of your VEGETINE (without confidence), and, to my great surprise, my daughter has been restored to health. I write this as a simple act of justice, and not as an advertising medium.

Respectfully, T. E. CALLIER, M. D.

Vegetine.

Worked Like a Charm---Cured Salt Rheum and Erysipelas.

75 COURT ST. ROME, N. Y., July 10, 1879.

MR. H. R. STEVENS:

Dear Sir—One year ago last fall my little boy had a breaking out of Erysipelas and Salt Rheum, his face being one mattered sore of the worst description. Noticing your advertisement in the papers, I purchased two bott'es of VEGETINE, and, with the two bottles my son was cured. I never saw anything like the VEGETINE; it worked like a charm. I have been city watchman at Rome for years. This testimonial is gratuitous.

Yours respectfully,
HORATIO GRIDLEY,

Vegetine.

Remarkable Cure of Scrofulous Face.

WESTMINISTER, Conn., June 16, 1879.

MR. H. R. STEVENS:

Dear Sir—I can testify to the good effect of your medicine. My little boy had a Scrofula sore break out on his head as big as a quarter of a dollar, and it went down his face from one ear to the other, under his neck, and was one solid mass of sores. Two bottles of your valuable VEGETINE completely cured him.

Very respectfully,
MRS. G. R. THATCHER.

Vegetine.

PREPARED BY

H. R. Stevens, Boston, Mass., and Toronto, Ont.

Vegetine is Sold by all Druggists.

BRIDGETOWN

Marble Works.

ENCOURAGE HOME MANUFACTURE.

THE subscribers are still importing and manufacturing

Monuments & Gravestones

OF ITALIAN and AMERICAN Marble.

ALSO:

Granite and Freestone Monuments.

Having erected Machinery in connection with J. B. Reed's Steam Factory, we are prepared to Polish Granite equal to that done abroad

Give us a call before closing with foreign agents and inspect our work.

DANIEL FALCONER. OLDHAM WHITMAN

CARD.

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LICENSED AUCTIONEER,

Sales attended to promptly in any part of the County. Consignments solicited. Prompt returns made.

Bridgetown, N. S., May, 1880. n5tf

$72 a week. $12 a day at home easily made. Costly outfit free. Address True & Co., Agusta, Maine.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

IN order to meet the demands of our numerous customers, we beg to announce that, we have added to our extensive

Slipper and Larrigan Factory

the necessary Machinery for the Manufacture of

Men's, Women's, Misses', & Children's

BOOTS AND SHOES

in all the leading styles.

By continuing, as in the past, to use first quality of material, we hope to merit a liberal share of public patronage in our new branch of business, as well as a continuance of public favor in our old business.

Vincent & McFate,

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O. R. O.

COLLAR!

Best Now in Use, Largest Stock in Town, All Sizes.

New Jewellery—Rings, Brooches, Ladies Sets, Cuff Buttons and Shirt Studs, Fancy Goods, &c.

I will from this date to Sep. 30th sell for CASH at SMALL ADVANCES ON COST balance of Summer and Spring Goods.

EXPECT BARGAINS—As a special inducement I offer ten per cent. discount on all bill paid in full with CASH before 30th inst.

J. W. TOMLINSON

Lawrencetown, July 15th, 1880.

Encyclopedia Britannica.

Subscriptions will be taken at this office. Payments are made very easy and extend over a period of five or six years, enabling a person of very moderate means to secure this invaluable work.

STARTLING DISCOVERY!

LOST MANHOOD RESTORED.

A victim of youthful imprudence causing Premature Decay, Nervous Debility, Lost Manhood, etc., having tried in vain every known remedy, has discovered a simple self cure, which he will send FREE to his fellow-sufferers. address J. H. REEVES, 43 Chatham St., N. Y.

POSTERS, PROGRAMMES, AND ALL KINDS OF LABLE WORK AT THIS OFFICE.

Agricultural.

Canadian Agriculture.

Mr. Brown, professor of agriculture, at the Guelph Model Farm, Province of Ontario, has been making a variety of experiments, the results of which are summarized as follows in his annual report, and which may prove suggestive to our readers, even if they are not prepared to accept all the points suggested as conclusive.

1. A steady, frosty winter is better than an open one in feeding cattle.

2. A average two or three-year old steer will eat his own weight, of different materials, in two weeks.

3. Two or three-year-old cattle will add one-third of a pound more per head per day to their weight upon prepared hay and roots than upon the same materials unprepared.

4. It is thirty per cent. more profitable to pre-mature and dispose of fattening cattle at two years old than to keep them up to three years.

5. There is no loss in feeding a cattle beast well upon a variety of materials for the sake of the manure alone.

6. Farm-yard manure from well-fed cattle, three years old, is worth an average of $3.30 per ton.

7. A three-year old cattle beast, well fed, will give at least one ton of manure every month of winter.

8. No cattle beast, whatever will pay for the direct increase to its weight from the consumption of any kind or quantity of food.

9. On an average, it costs twelve cents for every additional pound of flesh added to the weight of a two or three-year-old fattening steer.

10. In this country the market value of store cattle can be increased thirty-six per cent. during six months of finishing by good feeding.

11. In order to secure a safe profit, no store cattle beast, well done to, can be sold at less than 4½ cents per pound (live weight).

12. In the fattening of wethers to finish as shearlings, the Cotswold and Leicester grades can be made up to 200 pounds, the Oxford Down 180 pounds, and the Southdown (grades) 160 pounds each (live weight.)

13. Combining wool and flesh value, the Southdown grades give the highest returns—as much as double that of the Cotswold grade, and thirty-five per cent. over that of the Leicester grade, as also slightly in advance of the Oxford Down grade.

14. Fattening cattle on oats will eat one-sixth less hay than when receiving corn or peas. Those on pea-meal will drink one-third more water than those upon corn or oats. Clover lessens the consumption of roots.

15. Apparently about one-fifth of ground corn passes through the cattle beast undigested.

16. Pea meal (rough ground) gives twenty-one per cent. greater returns in fattening cattle than either corn or oats.—*American Cultivator.*

Fall Wheat.

The usual questions are poured in on us—Which is the best kind of wheat to sow? Any new variety this year? etc., etc. We have heard of no new kind to be introduced this year; in fact many of the varieties that have been introduced as new varieties in previous years have been old wheats that have been in cultivation previously, and have run out or become apparently extinct. But they have been cultivated in some localities perhaps thousands of miles away, perhaps in another country, and thus with apparently a new vitality given by the climatic change, have been brought into general cultivation again. This climatic change, has a most astonishing effect on wheat and potatoes in America. For instance, where is the Blue Stone and Soules wheats? Where are the Pink Eye and Peach Blow potatoes? These were the best varieties known a few years ago, and perhaps may in a few years take their places as the best varieties again: but should they do so, they would be introduced under a new name. In the State of Ohio, in the vicinity of the Iron Mines, the Democrat was originated; from there it has spread, and as a hardy, productive wheat, of the best milling qualities, in our opinion there is none to surpass it at the present time. This we say from what we have seen, heard and tasted. It is a bearded variety and of an amber color. We have seen it growing on Mr. F. Shore's farm, in Westminster township; Mr. S. thinks his is the best field of wheat in his township. Others speak very highly of it. Still as it resembles an old variety so closely, we should be inclined to take it for an old variety were it not claimed that the originator was a careful person, and some Americans claim there is a difference in the grain.

The Democrat wheat was first introduced into Canada last year. The old Scott wheat, beardless and having a white chaff and a red grain, is a safe, reliable wheat that makes excellent flour. These two varieties we consider will, on an average, be found unsurpassed, taking all things into consideration. The Fultz wheat some claim to equal or superior to the above varieties. It is a good wheat, and should be tried. The Clawson we consider the safest wheat to sow, but as the flour is not of as good a quality as that made from the wheats above mentioned, we do not commend it. The weakness of the flour made from the Deihl wheat has undoubtedly tended to reduce the standard of our flour. The Gold Medal, Victor or Soules varieties do not appear to gain in favor.

If you have the Michigan Amber, the Silver Chaff, the Mediterranean, or any other old variety that is doing well with you, by all means sow it. Any fresh variety should be introduced with caution.—*Farmer's Advocate.*

— Potash, says a writer, is absolutely necessary to successful potato growing. The easiest and best mode of supplying it is in the form of wood ashes. It is furnished also in soft coal ashes and well-rotted yard or stable manure.

Joker's Corner.

"A Harmless Temperance Beverage."

BY JOSH BILLINGS.

Yes, I have finally come to the conclusion that lager beer is a harmless temperance beverage, and at least is not intoxicating. In proof of this I have been told by a German who said he drank it all night long, just to try the experiment, and after was obliged to go to bed entirely sober in the morning. I have seen this same man drink eighteen or twenty glasses, and if he was drunk it was in German, and nobody could understand it.

It is proper enuff to state that this man kept a lager beer saloon, and so he could have no object in stating what was not most strictly true. I believe him to the full extent of my ability.

I never drank but three glasses of lager in my life, and that made my head untwist as tho it was swung on the end of a string, but I was told it was owing to my bile being out of place; and I guess that was so, for I never biled over wus than I did when I got home that nite. My wife thought I was going to die, and I was afraid I shouldn't, for it seemed as tho' everything I had eaten in my life was coming to the surface; and if my wife hadn't pulled off my boots just when she did, I believe that they would have come t