ny. Besides Cardinal Taschereau there wer the Archbishop of Ottawa, the Bishops of Rimouski, Sherbrooke, Chicoutimi, St. Hyacinthe, Nicolet and Pontiac, Mg Tesse, Mgr. Letourneau, Mgr. Legare, Mgr. Tesse, Mgr. Marois, Grand Vicars Langevin Or uski; Marechal, of Montreal Gelinas, of Nicolet, and some 200 member of the clergy. The large church was crowded to suffocation, and was yet unable to contain anything like the whole of those who sought admission. Two crowns of solid gold for the crowning of the statu stood upon a table in the chancel, and be-fore the singing of mass they were solemnly blessed by His Eminence. Sermons were preached in English by Archbishop Duhamel of Ottawa, and in French by Bishop Racin of Sherbrooke. Both extolled the efficacy of St. Anne in intercession in heaven and in powers of healing upon earth, and ed that the saint was deserving of th homage, the trust and the veneration of the Canadian people, whose devotion to religion and the Church from the earliest days of the infant colony of New France was warmly expatiated upon. The increase in the pilgrimages to La Bonne Ste. Anne was also referred to, and it was said that last year 100,600 pilgrims visited the shrine:

At the conclusion of the mass the ceremony of the corporation of the statue took

place, and, in consequence of the inability of the church to hold anything like the entire congregation, was performed on a raised platform erected for the purpose outside the entrance. There was a procession of the clergy and bishops, the Cardinal bringing up the rear. Four priests carried the statue of the saint te the platform and deposited it before the Cardinal. The statue, which is about six feet in height, represents the saint in old age carrying her daughter, the blessed Virgin Mary, in her arms. It was made in Munich and presented to the Church by a wealthy Belgian, family. The golden crowns were presented to His Eminence, who, in the observance of due precedence, took first the smaller one and laid it upon the head of the juvenile Virgin Mary, immediately thereafter. Cardinal. The statue, which is about si one and laid t upon the head of the lawer pile Virgin Mary, immediately thereafter laying the larger crown upon the head of St. Anne. Both crowns have been obtained by the centributions of the faithful, and are of very great value, so much so in fact, that their cost is not given to the public lest it should excite a temptation to robbery As the act of coronation was performed by Cardinal Taschereau, guns were fired, bells were rung and the brass bands clanged out their most joyous music. Then a solemn "Te deum" was sung in the open air, in which most of the vast assemblage joined. The statue as crowned by Hig Eminence was carried back again into the church amid great rejoicing, and placed upon its proper pedestal in the nave in front of the chancel. Around it will be massed the crutches now found in another part of the church Numbers of people reiterated the cry, thrice repeated: "Ste. Anne, help of Christians pray for us." A number of sick and afflicted people, for the most part helpless little boys, had thrown themselves or been carried in the way of the statue, and were imploring the saint for relief. At the approach of the Cardinal they cagerly ached out and appealed for the blessin Eminence appeared only too ready to bestow, lifting his hand in Episcopal fashion over them as he tarried on his way and passed on. The scene was a touching one to all who witnessed it, the eagerness and longing displayed on the cou of the earnest applicants moving many to tears even amongst the members of the A mighty emotional sentiment

ed the whole multitude. The proceedings terminated with the veneration of a relic of St. Anne preserved in the church. This relic, which is claimed to be a portion of a finger joint of the saint, was the first presented to the Cardinal by one of the Redemptorist Fathers in charge of the church, and was nerated by His Eminence, who pressed i to his lips. It was subsequently by the bishops, clergy and people. It was subsequently venerated

SNOWSTORM IN THE ALPS.

The Empress of Austria Almost Lost Dur A London cable says: The Empress of

Austria had a somewhat unpleasant experience recently. The Empress is almost as ardent a mountaineer as she was a horse woman, and during her stay at Ischl went and all other explosives whatever in its application to all present uses of gunpowder. This new composition is destined, say many persons, to revolutionize the existing system of ammunition. It is the discovery of a Russion engineer, and has been christened Sleetova. Its strength is equal to that of proxyline, and it has the immense advantage of being ten times the experience of the property of the property of the property of the strength is considered to the strength of the property of the strength of th in for a great deal of mountain climbin One day she made the ascent of the Geth-feld, and, according to her usual custom took with her but a small posse of attend ants. When half way up a snowstorm came on, and the Empress and her party were at that moment going along a narro path a little better than a mere ledg which wound round the face of the mou tain. To advance was impossible and to return was equally dangerous. So the Empress had to cling to the face of the precipice in the blinding snowstorm, for the space of more than an hour. At the expiration of that time the storm abated now applied without any damage whatever to the weapon from which it is discharged. It is stated, in fact, that ball cartridges loaded with it have been fired out of card-board gun barrels, as a test, without the least injury to the latter. So satisfactory, indeed, have been experiments that it is reported that the Minister of War is about to have a special factory built for its manufacture. The composition of the new and an attempt was made to descend. A relief party, which had been sent up from Ischl, when once the position of affair became known, finally rescued the Im perial party, and the Empress met with an ovation on her return to her villa after, her dangerous experience of Alpine mountaineering.

A Muscular Christian.

Wednesday forenoon as Rev. Mr. Shore f the Sherbourne Street Methodist Church Toronto, was walking from his residence of Carlton towards Sherbourne street, a hors and buggy minus a driver dashed past him going west. In a moment the rev. gentle-man was running after the runaway, which he overtook. He seized hold of the top of the buggy, which was down, and while running and holding onto the buggy passed along to the side and seized the reins and stopped the horse, got into the buggy and turned to go eastward, meeting on Bleeker street the coachman, from whom the horse had escaped on Bleeker street.

William Hamilton, recently arrived from England, was robbed of a gold watch an chain, worth about \$125, while in a hote on Chaboillez square, Montreal, on Thurs day evening. Dolphus Colin and Felix Forest were sent up for trial on the charge having committed the theft.

THE OUEEN'S SPEECH

urmah, Egypt, Ireland, the Colonies, the Fisheries, Commercial Depression and the Jubilee Touched Upon.

myself for the purpose of defining the con-litions under which it would be possible for me to undertake the withdrawal of my croops from Egypt at a fixed date has not

een ratified by the Sultan. The course o

ection imposed upon me by my obliga-ions to the ruler of the people of Egypt emains unchanged. The presence of my orces has secured to Egypt the blessings

tranquility, and has enabled me t

ffectually support the Khedive's efforts to promote good government and the pros-porty of his people. I have agreed with the President of the United States to

refer to a joint commission the difficult questions respecting the North American fisheries which have recently

been discussed by the two nations. With singular satisfaction I mention the

natters of deep practical interest to the respective communities and conducted in a print of hearty co-operation, will, I doubt not, add strength to the affection by which

epression under which all commercial an

dustrial interests have so long suffered i

unity continue to labor. The wants

and difficulties of Ireland have occupied your close attention during protracted session. I trust the remedie

your wisdom has provided will gradually effect a complete restoration of order in Ireland and give renewed encouragement to peaceful industry. In order to pass them it has been

ecessity to postpone many important peasures affecting other parts of the king-tom, which, doubtless, you will be able to esume without hindrance at the coming

ssion. After reference to allotments

oal mines, merchandise marks and crimi

that procedure in Scotland Act, the Queer concludes: This year, the 50th anniversary of my reign, has been the occasion of the

pression of fervent loyalty, which has

deeply touched me. I am indeed truly thankful for the warm, hearty proofs of affection which have reached me from all classes. In thanking God for the blessings

He has youchsafed me and my country,

which was deemed necessary to the pros

erity of the country. Out of the fitteen ix have passed and become law, viz., the rish Crimes Bill, the Irish Land Bill, the

Allotment Bill, and three other measure

eculiar to Scotland. Nothing particular as been done for England, and everybody cems very glad to have been let alone so

of thirty-three weeks and has lost by death

ive members, and by elevation or succes-tion to the peerage, eight, while twenty-five new members were introduced during the

A FATAL SALUTE.

Tragedy at the Ste. Anne Beaupre Festivi

ties by the Bursting of an Old Cannon.

A Quebec despatch says: The news o

terrible accident, through an explosion of a cannon, has just reached the city from

St. Anne, growing out of the ceremonies at the coronation and blessing of the statue of St. Anne. His Eminence Cardinal Taschereau, nearly all the bishops of the Province, 300 clergy and about 10,000

people assisted at the ceremony. The little village was en fete, and to add to the success of the demonstration three cannons, which had been ornaments in the

lawns at Beauport Asylum for years, were shipped to St. Anne for the purpose of firing a salute on the arrival and departure of the Prince of the Church. Everything

ent well until the boat conveying His

minence was leaving the wharf, when the

villagers again went to fire off the guns One of them exploded and large pieces of metal were blown in all directions. On

eport stated that three men were killed

butright, while a second report says that only two men named Bilodeau and Sylvain, were probably fatally injured, and a boy, name unknown, was picked up in an

conscious state and has remained s

er since. It is said the cause of the xplosion was the age and used-up condi-ion of the guns, and the fact that they

had not been sponged, although used in firing volley after volley all day. As there is no telegraphic connection with St. Anne the exact details of the injuries to the victims cannot be learned until to-morrow

A New Explosive.

A London cable says: It is reported that the Russian Minister of War has jus

oncluded a series of experiments with a lew explosive compound which bids fai o outdo the qualities of melinite, robusit

nd all other explosives whatever in its

heaper than the ordinary villainous salt etre. Another great superiority which it ossesses over all known motives of the ynamite class, is that when fired its force

oes not strike downward, but entirely or all purposes of cannon and musket charges to which ordinary gunpowder is

ow applied without any damage whateve

nanufacture. The composition of the new ompound is a profound secret.

Emma James writes to the Buffalo Com

lent of the United States, was the father

dent of the United States, was the father of Madison Heming, a colored man, who was living in Pike County, O_{sc} in 1874. Heming's mother was Maria Heming, maid to Jefferson's cldest daughter Martha. Maria Heming was a colored slave and bore Thomas Jefferson five children, one of whom was Madison Heming. Jefferson promised Maria that all her children should become free when they reached the are of 21. This promise he kent religiously.

age of 21. This promise he kept religiously.

The transfer of the St. Martin & Upham

Railway to the Central Railway Company, of New Brunswick, has been sanctioned by

ublican office while the com-

Parliament has sat for a perio

ble Whelehan Lost His Life. ble Whelehan Lost His Life.

A Dublin cable says: Details of the murder of Constable Whelehan by moonlighters at Lisdoonvarne on Sunday night have reached the city. The police, having learned that a party of moonlighters would visit the house of a farmer named Sexton, made arrangements for their capture. Constable Whelehan, accompanied by a dozen other officers, went to the place designated. Five of the force were placed in Sexton's house and the others in a shed near by, while Whelehan himself acted as sentinel in front of the house. A last (Friday) night's London cable wes the remainder of the Queen's Speech s follows: The treaty between Great as follows: The treaty between Great Britain and China, with reference to the relations between China and Burmah, has been ratified. The confident hope I expressed that a general pacification of Burmah would be effected during the present year has been fully realized. A settled government is being gradually introduced in its remoter districts. The convention which was concluded between Turkey and myself for the purpose of defining the con-

POLICE VS. MOONLIGHTERS.

Particulars of the Affray in Which Const

while Whelehan himself acted as sentinel in front of the house.

When the moonlighters appeared on the scene the door of the house was opened and three of them rushed in with loaded rifles in their hands. They were in the act of scarching Sexton when the police secreted in an adjoining room rushed out and a fierce encounter ensued. Two moonlighters who, among others, had been left outside now tried to make their escape, but the ow tried to make their escape, but the

now tried to make their escape, but the police placed in the shed prevented this and drove them into the house.

While the fight was proceeding in the house two other outlaws attacked Constable Whelehan on the outside. Policeman Connell ran to Whelehan's assistance, but was immediately knocked down by a blow from a clubbed rifle and rendered inspensible. Whelehan was quickly desnatched. ensible. Whelehan was quickly despatched and the body, with a loaded revolver lyin longside, was afterwards found some dis ance from the scene of the murder and emoved to Sexton's house. Connell was lso carried to the house, and at last

ssemblage of the first conference of repre-entatives of my colonies ever held in Lon-ion. Their deliberations, directed to many counts was recovering.

Whelehan was a highly esteemed officer Ie had been twenty-two years in the ervice. He was detailed to attend the rince of Wales during the latter's visit t eland. The Prince at the time pr m with a souvenir in the shape of a gold encil case. Two of the moonlighters taken into cus

oot, and strength to the allection by which he various parts of my Empire are bound ogether. The Queen thanks the House of commons for the liberal provision for the sublic services, and continues, there is ome ground for hoping that the grave conversion and or which all compared to the provention of the subject of the s ody are sons of well-to-do farmers, and he others are laborers. All of them—ten n number—were taken to Galway and ssuming a less severe character. I eeply grieve to add that there is no mitiation of the suffering under which large ortions of the agricultural comlaced in iail to-night. A crowd has sembled on their arrival, but no ympathy was manifested for them.

It is stated that the leader in the attack
n Whelehan has turned Queen's evidence

MITCHELLSTOWN. omething About the Scene of the Lat-

Irish Riots. The scene of the recent lamentable riis situate in county Cork, Ireland, and was visited by a Hamiltonian in June last who then wrote to a friend in this city th lowing narrative of his visit :

"We reached Mitchellstown from Corlfter going over portions of two railways and riding nine miles on a jaunting can Lady Kingston is the present heir. W went through her private grounds, covering, 1,000 acres, under guard of police and oldiers, as she has had trouble with he tenants. Strangers, and even townspeople, are not allowed in without a pass; a favor which a relative kindly procured for us. The income of the estate was at one time £90,000 per annum, but it is now down to £14,000. The tenants, being Land Leaguers rust I may be spared to continue to reign ver a loving, faithful and united people. The Queen's speech in January last pecified fifteen measures, the passing of will not pay full rent. The castle is under quard night and day and it takes £11,000 to pay interest on money borrowed, so that now Lady Kingston is raising money by belling the products of her green-houses. I observed one block of fourteen houses erected by a former Lord of the Manor for such of his gentry tenants who had grown ld on his lands and had no provision to ep them. This lord built the houses and placed a sum of money at interest to provide an annuity for the occupants. The three bishops of the district are trustees, on whose decision rests the selection of those who shall participate in the beneficiary."

Latest from Ireland. Professor Baldwin, a well-known author

ity on agriculture, died on the 31st ult. ir The Gordon Highlanders have arrived a Belfast to relieve the 71st Highland Light Infantry, who have been stationed there

ince 1885. One hundred and twenty-one members of the House of Lords own land in Ireland, which is valued, according to the Poor Law

valuation, at £1,842,633 per annum. John Reilly has been sentenced at Gran rd Petty Sessions, under the Crimes Act three months' hard labor for throwing me on a bailiff and a policeman at Cool

The self-styled Rev. Dr. Keating, who was sentenced in Dublin to eighteen months' imprisonment for obtaining money under false pretences was liberated on the

Australia. An extraordinary fatality occurred o e 1st inst. at Kilkee, on the west coast o ounty Clare. Three young ladies wer on the rocks reading, when a huge tida wave suddenly broke over them and washed hem away. One young lady saved herself by clinging to the rocks, and another was escued, but the third was swept out to sea and drowned.

In Ireland during the present year 1,562,-164 acres were planted with cereal crops, being a decrease, as compared with last year, of 28,000 acres. On the other hand, there has been an increase of 7,434 acres ander green crops and 2,312 under flax, naking the net acreage under tillage 18,794. In meadow and clover under cultivation there has been an increase of 49,329. Thus, the extent of land under crops of all inds, there has been since last year an inease of 30,535 acres.

His First Wife Has Her Revence. An Erie, Pa., dispatch says': William Vearne, of Penzance, Cornwall, came to America fifteen years ago, leaving a young vife and three children in the old country. He located in Erie three years ago, went not the marble business and made money He was married last Christmas eve to ar complished young lady several years his nior. He was influential in the society of he Sons of St. George, and his public wed-ing was brilliantly celebrated. Last June he English wife and daughter arrived in nis city and Wearne was arrested. His rial occurred to day on a charge of bigamy. The defendant swore the English woman was never his wife. She was in court and inted at the declaration. The jury was ut only fifteen minutes and returned a erdict of guilty. One thousand people at-ended the trial, and the result was cabled o Mrs. Wearne's friends in England. The defendant will go to the penitentiary.

Savage Attack on a Girl by a Cow. A young woman named Nancy Miller, the lives with her father in Nassagaweya had a terrible experience with an enrage cow the other day, narrowly escaping with her life, and with every shred of clothing torn from her body. It occurred in this way: Miss Miller went out for the cows to ring them home to milk, and found them bring them home to milk, and found them in a thicket and sent a dog in to bring them out. The dog enraged one of them to such an extent that she became frantic and rushed out of the bush just where Miss Miller was standing, and, instead of pursuing the dog, rushed on her, hooking and bruising her in a terrible manner. Had it not been for the young woman's presence of mind in holding on to a strap which secured a bell about the animal's neck. secured a bell about the animal's neck, she would undoubtedly have been killed.

A man named Cram, from Bothwell, re The transfer of the St. Martin & Upham Railway to the Central Railway Company. If New Brunswick, has been sanctioned by the Governor in Council.

A lost canary flew into the Darlington. A lost canary flew into the Darlington. sirous of having her brought back if possipositor was setting the type to advertise it. ble to get his money without it.

TELEGRAPHIC SUMMARY.

Owing to the contractor's delay in com pleting the barracks at London, D Schoo of Infantry will not be organized for a few

Mr. Haws, first mate of the ship Equator ying at Indian Cove, Quebec, was serious stabbed yesterday by one of the crew, an s not expected to recover.

Mr. William Darbyson, stevedore, Que bec, was badly injured on Wednesday nigh and almost killed by a barrel of molasse

olling over him on board ship. The Wellington Street Church, London, of which Rev. Dr. Ryck man is the pastor, has just been decorated and improved to the extent \$1,000.

The men injured by the premature the rockets on H. M. losion of the rockets on H. M. sellerophon last Saturday will be remove to the military hospital on their arrival a

It transpired yesterday that a lunation amed Joseph Lizotte, of Hedleyville, near Quebec, had gone off in a skiff down the iver, saying he was bound for England search has been made for him without At the London Assizes vesterday, in the

case of Walter Stevenson, accused of hav-ing caused the death of Ralph Shaw, the Chatham volunteer, last June, the Grand Jury brought in a true bill for man-slaughter. At yesterday's meeting of the committee of the Montreal City Council appointed to investigate the charges of crookedness against members of the Council, it was deided to commence the examination of wit

The schooner Provost, brick laden, fro Chatham, Ont., was driven ashore at the Detour Lighthouse Point, near Sault Ste. Marie, on the 13th inst., during a heavy northeast gale. The vessel pounded on the cocks severely, but was scuttled before the rew left. All hands are safe.

esses next Tuesday.

Mr. William Wemp, of Chatham, has een appointed colonization agent of the been appointed colonization agent of the Canadian Pacific Railway for Ontario, and vill make that city his headquarters oon as he returns from his visit to th Northwest. Mr. Wemp was recently tra-velling agent for the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway.

A 3-year-old daughter of Mr. Tarte fel out of a three-story window last evening a the Canadien office on to Fabrique street Duebec, and would have been instantly cilled but that her fall was broken h riking on the shoulder of a French sailor rom.the Minerve who was passing at the ime. One thigh is broken and her head is cut, but her recovery is hoped for

Mr. Chisholm, M. P. for New Westmir ter, was in Ottawa yesterday en route to Nova Scotia, his native Province, for a nonth's holidays. He reports this to be a oom vear in British Columbia, prosperit s generally prevalent throughout the Pro ince. Labor is scarce and wages are high A bricklayer or stonemason will ,not work ander \$5 a day, and an ordinary laborer ets his \$2.50 or \$3 a day.

Two or three days ago a young Canadian girl, aged 14 years, died in childbirth at Watertown, N. Y., through want of proper attention. The unfortunate girl turns out to be a daughter of Albert McEwan, a vealthy farmer residing near North Gowe rillage, in Carleton county. The father of the deceased girl has entered an action against R. Andrews, of Burritt's Rapids, for \$50,000 damages for seduction. The trial will come off at the Autumn Assizes n Ottawa. Andrews was an uncle of th ceased, and is one of the wealthiest and est known men in his section of the ountry.

A true bill for perjury has been found by the Middlesex grand jury against Consta-ble Endicott, who arrested Miss Cass. The interview between Prince Bismarch and Count Kalnoky, Austro-Hungarian Minister of Foreign Affairs, will take place vithin a few days.

M. Heredia, French Minister of Public Works, believes that after the completion of means for transportation, it will be pos-sible to reduce the time required for mobil-ization of an army corps to one day.

In the Russian budget for the con ear the ordinary expenditure is covered by the ordinary revenue and the extraordinary expenditure is derived purely from the ordinary revenue, increased by taxation and partly from pending financial opera-

It is now stated on what is called the highest authority that the Queen does not intend publishing a new book. Such rumors are stigmatized as clumsy invenwise person, is learning Hindustani, and that is Her Majesty's only literary occupa on at present.

The wardrobe of the late King of Bavaa has been sold at Munich, and the pro ceeds are to be applied towards the payment of his debts. The St. James' Gazette alludes to this transaction as following the preceent set in England when King George IV died; but this is an entire mistake, as his wardrobe became the perquisite of his pages, and it was sold by them for their wn exclusive benefit. This was a mon trous job, as the wardrobe fetched an im mense sum, and the public, who originally paid for it, ought to have obtained the pro-ceeds. King George IV. left every coat he had ever bought during a period of fifty years, eight hundred canes and whips, every déscription of uniforms, the State costumes of all his Orders, and magnificent furs and pelisses, some of which had be nt to him by the Emperors of Russia and

Ira L. Green, formerly of Rochester N. Y., murdered his wife and two children at Sarasota, Fla. Green was afterwards shot while resisting the officers.

It did not appear when the Chicago anarchists emerged from their cells to take exercise yesterday morning that the fatal news of Wednesday had any impression on news of wednessay has any impression on them. The representative German paper of Chicago, the Staat's Zeitung, which has hitherto been in favor of the execution of the anarchists, came out yesterday morn-ing in an editorial and somewhat supported mutation of the sentence.

Information reached Baltimore yester lay of a double tragedy, which occurred on he night of the 13th inst. at Huntingtown a small village in Calvert County. Edward Coolid, a farmer, cut his wife's throat with a razor, after failing in an attempt to shoot her, nearly severing her head from her body. He then tried to kill his sister, but she escaped, and with the same weapon ne cut his own throat, dying after kissing his two little boys. Jealousy was the cause

Mrs. Normoyle, an old resident of Oshawa while purchasing goods in Wightman's shoe store yesterday morning, died suddenly of heart disease. She was in apparent good health and was chatting pleasantly when she fell prostrate on the floor, expiring instantly. She was 70 years of age and a widow, her husband having been killed on the Grand Trunk Railway some years ago

Latest reports received by the Fisheries Department show that this season has been unusually successful and profitable for Canadian fishermen. Edward Carberry, while working in the

Don River improvement works, Toronto, last night, was seriously, if not fatally, red by a mass of earth at least two tons in weight falling upon him. His condition Ayoub Khan had taken refuge in Koi Jamani, Beloochistan. If he remains he will be surrendered to the British authori-

BESSIE DIES OF GRIEF.

triking Instance of a Dog's Attachme

Several years ago a lady in this place gave to one of Mr. J. T. Owen's children a pocedle dog, which proved to be a very affectionate creature, and from its first attached to Mrs. Owen. It was always playful and delighted in nothing so much as being noticed, receiving the caresses ovisitors as gladly as a child, and seemed gifted with reason. During the protracted illnes of Mrs. Owen the little pet would, at mes time, go to its mistress to be fed, where eceived its meals regularly from her hand During the last few days of Mrs. Owen's During the last few days of Mrs. Owen's illness, when she was unable to give it's the accustomed attention, it was noticed even by those who had been visiting the house that "Bessie." had lost her spirit of playfulness and looked dejected. When her mistress died, on the 18th of April last, Bessie took a position under her bed, and when her body was placed in the coffin she then changed her rosition and remained hen changed her position and remaine nder the coffin until the remains we under the coffin until the remains were taken from the house. For days afterward she clung to that room, lying in a chair beside the bed, and, although she had never been known to get on a bed before, she would, after the death of her mistress, jump on the bed and scratch down the cover, exidently hunting for her best and lost friend, refusing most of the time to eat for days at a time, eating so little that it seemed she must necessarily die of starvation. Occasionally she made an effort to rally, but would in a short time relapse into the same would in a short time relapse into the san state of gloom and despondency. For the last few weeks she had almost entirely abstained from food, until she became a iving skeleton. On last Sunday morning hen the family arose and opened the doo ittle Bessie crawled from her comfortabl bed on the back plazza, and softly crept nto the room of her young mistress and tretched herself upon the floor under the oot of the bed and died without a struggle. Her action from the day she lost her mis cress showed plainly that she was grieving deeply, and called forth much tender sym athy, and added grief to those who alread

support them .- Cartersville (Ga.) Con Deer, and Not Men, in the Highlands.

and their load to bear, but who had reaso

The rage for creating vast expanses of crificial solitudes, which are jealously proceeded, is growing so rapidly that very soon the half of the Highlands will be isolated. in order to afford six weeks enjoyment to the scions of dukes, to successful brewers and to opulent strangers. The prices they pay for their pleasures are astounding in gnitude, amounting often to more than double the rent a pastoral farmer could afford. For instauce, Mr. Cooper, the son of a returned Australian, pays £4,500 to Lord Wimbourne for the use of his forest, while Mr. Winans, the American, whos main stretches across the island almos from sea to sea, gives three or four time that sum to as many different proprietors It is a selfish, arbitrary and impolitic cus m. which will have a short-lived day, bu may be productive of serious mischief while it lasts. No one questions that the higher altitudes of the country may well be left to deer; but it is a reversal of civication to fence off a country almost as g as Yorkshire from the foot of man, and to buy venison at £60 per carcase, even with the gratification of pursuit and shaughter thrown in.—Scottish American

In a conversation with Mr. N. G. Batch der, on Tuesday evening, our reporter arned the following. Mr. Batcheler exported from this section last year to the United States over 26,000 lambs. At the average price, \$2.65, the sum paid for them was \$68,900. On these lambs Mr. Batchwas 305,300. On these rathes an Davin-elder paid into the customs office at Morris town, N.Y., \$13,780—20 per cent. duty. In answer to an inquiry as to whether in the event of the duty being taken off it would result in the price of lambs being reduced to the American consumer or raised to the Canadian producer, Mr. Batchelder said the price would be raised in Canada by just the amount of duty. The Americans did not raise enough lambs for their own market and had to buy from Canada. The merican farmer at present gets 20 per ent. more for his lambs than his Canadian eighbor, and if the duty were taken off the hly result would be that the Canadian uld get as much as the American. Thus would get as much as the American. Thus it will be seen that our farmers lost last year on Mr. Batchelder's purchase no less than \$13,780, that would have been saved by commercial union.—Brockville Recorder

e was Relieved Despite Her Suffering Over in Petosky, Mich., a lady rubbed phosphorous on her bunion, presumably to ease the pain, and then retired to her downy couch. Along in the night her husband, who was a drinking man, by the way thought he saw a fery eye staring at him He imagined that he saw a frightful winged onster with one blazing eye staring at his and after standing it as long as he could h decided to kill it. Slowly he reached under the bed till he found his boot jack, and after spitting on his hands he whaled away. The next moment his poor wife gave a yell that nearly lifted him out of bed, but when he found the true state of affairs he was immensely relieved, even though she has been obliged to walk on crutches ever since. Not Onite Soon Enough, Though,

A friend n the South asked a negro girlier name. "Matilda," was the answer. 'But that isn't your only name?" said the ady. Thus encouraged the girl glibly re-cited, "Matilda Malvina Minerva Virginia Victoria Jane." (Here my memory fails me, for my friend reported the entire numper of names as eight.) At the end of her ecitation, the girl said proudly: "My recitation the girl said proudly: "My grandmother named me." "But haven't you any more names than that?" asked her mischievous interrogator. Conscious of taving made a fair showing the girl was puzzled to answer so unusual a question. At last she said slowly: "My grandmother

The following assignments were reported resterday: Ontario—Barrie, John Clayton, shoes; Mitchell, Stark & Jewell, bakers; Port Perry, Tate & Barrigan, millinery, Quebec—Montreal, Bessette, Lefort & Co. holesale fancy goods; Irving & Suther-nd, oils, etc.; Richard Swalwell, umber; W. S. Thomson & Co., whole-

sale fancy dry goods. It has transpired that the non-release o Canadian vessels scized last season in Behring's Sea is due to the ignorance of the authorities of Sitka, who refused to comply with a telegram from Secretary Bayard directing the restoration of the ves sels and skins to their owners, on the alleged ground that the telegram might no

DON'T BE DOWN-HEARTED

be authentic.

Is it not Winter weary?

Is it not Winter weary?

Past gird makes solace cheery.

If cannot win though at must run

When one life's race wistered:

cetal may hear the words: "Well done,"

So never be down-hearted.

A meeting of the Council of the Domir News has been received at Bombay that ion Rifle Association will be held shortly to memorialize the War Office for the reten-tion of Wimbledon common for the annual matches of the National Rifle Asso-

THE HOUSEHOLD.

low to Do Ever So Many Housewifely

Grape-water Ice.—Grape-water ice is in season, and is delicious. Take the juice of four lemons, half a pint of water, one pint of sugar, two glasses of grape juice; mix these well, strain and freeze.

French Mustard.—Slice an onion bowl and cover with good vinegar; after two days pour off the vinegar, add to it a teaspoonful of cayenne pepper, a teaspoon-ful of salt, a tablespoonful of sugar, and mustard enough to thicken; set on a stove until it boils. When cold it is fit for use. Pudding Sauce.—Arrow-root sauce for oread or rice puddings is made of two teapoonfuls of arrow-root, the juice of o spoonfuls of arrow-root, the juice of one leemon, a little grated nutmeg, half a pint of water, and sugar to the taste. Wet the arrow-root with the water, stir it until it is mooth, add the other ingredients and let tall come to a bein

all come to a boil. Peach Cake. — Bake three sheets reach Cake.—Bake three sheets of sponge cake as for jelly cake; cut nice ripe peaches in thin slices; prepare cream by whipping, sweetening and adding flavor of vanilla, if desired; put layers of peaches between the sheets of cake; pour cream over each layer and over the top. To be eaten soon after it is prepared.

Pickled Champers Mcke.

Pickled Cucumbers.-Make choice those which are small and not too old; put them into jars and pour over them a brine made of two-thirds of water and one of vinegar, with salt in the proportion of a pound to three pints of liquid. Put the brine on the fire till the salt is melted, let it stand to settle, and before using pour it off clear. When it is wished to use the cucumbers take off the rinds and dress them like fresh countries. hem like fresh cucumbers.

Peach Fritters.-Make a batter of two Peach Fritters.—Make a batter of two well-beaten eggs, half a pint of milk and a little salt; beat very smooth and light, and then pour in the remainder of the milk and eggs, to which is added a tablespoonful of butter or olive oil. Peel and cut the peaches in halves; dip them in the batter and fry them in boiling fat until they are a delicate brown. Serve on a hot dish and sprinkle with powdered sugar,

Gold Cake.—One and one-half cups of sugar, two-thirds of a cup of butter, one sugar, two-thirds of a cup of butter, one cup of sweet milk, three cups of sifted flour, yolks of six eggs, one even teaspoonful of soda and three scant teaspoonfuls of cream tartar. Stir the sugar and butter to a cream, add the yolks after beating them thoroughly, then the cup of sweet milk and the flour, through which the soda and cream tartar should previously have been sifted.

To Can Peaches.—Rub the peaches hard with a piece of flannel or coarse crash to remove the rough surface, but do not peel them. Make a syrup of one cupful of sugar to one quart of water. When it is boiling put in the peaches and cook slowly until they are tender; then put them into the cans and pour over them the hot syrup. ne cans and pour over them the hot syrup and screw on the covers. The flavor of the each is retained in a greater degree than

peach is retained in a greater degree than when the skin is removed wholly.

Pickled Peaches.—Make a syrup of two pounds of sugar to one quart of good vinegar. Put into a little muslin bag one table spoonful of each kind of spice, tie tightly and put it into the vinegar and sugar. Preserve the peaches a for companying and sock pare the peaches as for canning and cook them in the syrup until they are tender, but not too soft; then place them in the jar and pour over them the hot syrup. Put he spice bag into the jar with the peaches. Peach Shortcake.—The cake is made of e pint of flour, one teaspoonful of baking owder, one saltspoonful of salt, and two tablespoonfuls of sugar passed through a sieve and then mixed with four tablespoon-fuls of butter. When thoroughly mixed moisten with one teacupful of milk. Bake n two deep pie plates in a quick oven. Have the peaches peeled and cut in slices. As soon as the cakes are done cut them in

nalves, butter them, and arrange the slices of peaches between the pieces, sprinkling with sugar. Serve warm with cream. How to Restore the Rubber Rings of Cans.—The rubber rings by the use of which fruit cans are made air-tight, after being used, become hard and unyielding, so much so that fruit seldom keeps as well when they are used the second time. Though new ones cost but little, it is not always convenient to get them. Every one should know that the elasticity of the old ones can be restored, and that they can be made as good as new by baking them a half hour in a mixture of ammonia and water—two-thirds ammonia and one-third

water. Try it. How to Prevent the Breakage of Glass Jars in Canning .- Now, in fruit-canning eason the women of the household to whom we are so deeply indebted for the good things we eat, should be told that the trouble so many of them take in warming class cans before putting hot fruit into em to prevent breaking is all needless ; hat, in fact, it results in breaking more than it saves. By placing the cold can on a wet rag taken from a dish of cold water it may be filled with fruit boiling hot without the least danger of breakage. The only requisite is that the cloth be fully saturated—and with cold water.

Prepared Pears .- At this time of the year a good many families have such quantities of ripened pears that they can neither eat nor profitably dispose of them. A lady who has tried it finds this an excellent use o make of them: Cut them in thick slices, tew them, and then, in an open oven, dry hem thoroughly, if it take two days. They ome out all honeyed over with their own veetness, and fig-like in their substance and consistency, at once suggesting both raisins and figs. And they are excellent eating, far finer than any one would believe without trying. They will keep, it is said, year or two.

Rough on the Maiden Ladies.

They have a custom at the Andrew Presbyterian Church, Minneapolis, which has brought great consternation to the widows and maiden ladies. It began with the children and extended to the congre-gation. On each Sunday following a birth-day the person who has thus shuffled of nother year marches to the front and drops as many pennies in the missionary box as he is years old. It can readily be seen how embarrassing this is to many. They resort to all sorts of tricks to avoid divulging the truth. Sometimes a lady will put in over a dollar, and as everybody knows she is not a hundred years old, it lets her out of the dilemma. The missionary box is the gainer .- St. Puul Pioneer

Honor to Whom Honor. Waiter—Everything satisfactory, sah? Guest—Perfectly.

Tried to get everything right, sah." 'This is as well a cooked meal as I ever Yes, sah, thought it would be, sah. Didn't know but maybe you might like to

offer a small fee, sah.'

"I really think it would be deserved." Well, send in the cook."—Omaha World. The junior classes in the Kingston Public

Schools are very much over crowded, so much so that pupils cannot be accepted, and this after six rooms have just been opened in the new Central School. A demand has been made on the Board for more accompany to the second of t modation, but there being no money to supply it the situation of the Kingston Common Schools is still very interesting. One of the sights at Coney Island recently was a bulldog wearing a linen collar

and a flashy necktie. 13 years old, swam the New Yo. Narrows, a distance of a mile and a half.

It was at Penn-Rhyn much earlier in the than usual, and, as it was intolerative with nothing in the world to do, they had asked a dozen people out to spend a week in all sorts of unconventional frolics. Sally had three or four charming buds for her guests, among them Madge Palliser; her brother Jack had brought several willing victims from the club, and the old Van Covers came to amuse papa and mamma Gorham and keep them out of mischief with an innocent rubber of whist in the chimney corner o'nights.

Madge was the blithest of the blithe. All

the men adored her openly, save and except Thomas Fotterall, Esq., who never wor-shipped publicly at her shrine, though he often watched her furtively from afar off-

often watched her furtively from afar of with something more than ordinary interest in his half-shut eyes.

One night Mr. Fotterall had been sitting beside Madge in the group around the fire, but only Sally's quick eyes had detected the glances they had not infrequently exchanged. In the bustle attendant upon separation for the night nobody noticed separation for the night nobody noticed how long the gallant Tommy was in hand-ing his charming neighbor her bed-room candle stick, nor how the rich crimson lushed not only her cheek, but her throat and brows, as her fingers lay not unwillingly

in his strong grasp.
Sally flew into the room they occupied together and was already nestled among the pillows, when Madge sauntered slowly in, her eyes dancing and a new expression on her face that caused Sally to look again surprise, and wonder if she really growing pretty, after all.
"Come to bed—pray do!" said Miss

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Gorham, in a sleepy tone.
"I'm coming," responded Madge, in an absent way.

But she proceeded, nevertheless, to put

But she proceeded, nevertheless, to put on a wrapper and let down her beautiful hair, preparatory to brushing it out and putting it up for the night.

At last she looked up. Sally was sleeping the sleep of the just, with one dimpled hand under her cheek, the other lying on the coverlet. The old Dutch clock on the the coverlet. The old Dutch clock on the landing of the stairs below chimed out a melodious midnight, and Madge began to think seriously of bed.

As she glanced up, however, her eyes be-held a sight which caused every drop of blood to stand still in her veins. In the mirror opposite her she saw the door of a closet on the other side of the bed

open slowly and the face of a man peep slyly out—a bad, brutal, scar-seamed face, with bloodshot eyes that scanned the scene with evil accuracy.

They saw the slumbering and unconscious Sally, the motionless figure of Madge, evidently about to follow her friend's example and retire for the night, and the little heap of rings and pins that glittered on a table near by. With a grin of hideous sat-isfaction the face was noiselessly withdrawn

and the door shut softly to again, while poor Madge laid a hand upon her heart and tried to still its wild beating. What could she do? Wake Sally, who would be certain to cry out in a frenzy of fright and give the wretch a chance to annihilate them before they could escape? Fly downstairs to the smoking-room, where she could hear some of the men, still talk ing over their cigars, and abandon Sally to ner fate? She raised her head once more in despair when, lo! an idea!

Lightly, tremblingly, she rose to her feet,

ightly crossed the room, and suddenly eavens, how the floor creaked!—suddenly

risoner safe.

How he swore, and stormed, and beat gainst the door, while Sally woke scream ng, and the entire household, in a state of lire alarm, appeared upon the scene. The nen rushed up from the smoking room and proceeded to extract the offender from his inpromptu dungeon and to deliver him over to the officers of the peace, who were sum-noned by a watchman's rattle, wielded vigorously out of the window by Mrs. Van Coover, in a paroxysm of fear.

Cover, in a paroxysm of fear.

There was a minimense amount of gabble and explanation toing on, unstituted praise of Madge's courage and presence of mind, and then a general rendezvous in the hall below, for sleep was felt to be impossible after all that had occurred. But on the way downstairs, on the dusky landing where the old Dutch clock had stoo for years and told no tales, Mr. Tom Fotterall and Miss Madge Palliser were detained a and Miss Madge Palliser were detained a oment or two behind the rest, quite b

The red-brown locks were in a sad state of tumble; but the pretty pink wrapper was very becoming, nevertheless, and for once in her life its wearer was really lovely, with happy tears in her eyes and the deares blush in the world mantling her cheek as

somebody's tender arms went about her and somebody said, softly: "At Trinity, the last of May!" And that was all. A very brief moment of bliss; but the next Sunday a paragraph appeared in several gossipy journals electrified society at large. It said: "The engagement is announced of Mr. Thomas Erquhart Fotterall, who is the only scion of the oldest and most aristocratic family in Virginia, and Miss Margaret Euphrosyne Palliser, the reigning belle of the season."

Making Buttons Out of Blood.

The country is learning to utilize waste. Making buttons of blood is in this direction. There is a large factory in Bridgeport, near Chicago, employing about 100 men, boys and girls, in which waste animal blood is converted into buttons. The same firm has another large factory elsewhere. A man named Hirsch was the first to intro duce the business in this country some years ago. He lost \$16,000 the first six months, but stuck to it, and he is now immensely wealthy. There are a number of similar factories in England. From 8,000 to 10,000 gallons of blood are used in the Bridgeport factory every day. Nothing but fresh beef blood is used. Considerable of the blood evaporates during the process of drying, but what remains is pure albu-men. Some of it is light in color and some dark, according to the chemical treatment given it. These thin sheets of blood are then broken up, and are ready to be worked then broken up, and are ready to be worked into various shapes and sizes. Large quantities of the blood sheets are used by cloth manufacturers for "setting" the color in calico goods. Not only are buttons made from blood in this way, but tons of earrings, breastpins, belt clasps, combs and trinkets are made annually there from blood. It is a queer, odoriferous business, but a paying one.—Philadelphia Bulletin,

Fresh News Notes. The Brockville Presbytery has dismissed

from the service of the Church J. J. Stiles, a student employed at Morton. The Northwest Council has been empowered to make ordinances relative to direct taxation for territorial revenue pur-poses, and for the incorporation of com-panies with territorial objects.

A searching inquiry into Wednesday night's collision between the Exhibition ferry steamers on Toronto Bay has been ordered by the Minister of Marine.

The Toronto Exhibition, which closed last night, has been the most successful ever held in that city. The total gate receipts were \$52,051.45, an increase of \$H,144.01 over last year's receipts.

Several of the judges of the Court of Queen's Bench, of Quebec, being incapaci-

tated by illness, Chief Justice Sir A. A. Dorion yesterday issued a warrant to the Governor-General asking for the appoint-Grace Blaukley, a Fort Hamilton girl, ment of an additional judge. It is rumored years old, swam the New York that the Court will be reorganized at an early date.