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BIRTHS.

AWFORD—In Fredericton, May 15, Mr. and Mrs. Fenwick W. Crawford, a daughter.

OLE—On May 24th to the wife of Fred P. Poole, a daughter.

MANS—At Cedar Cottage, Dartmouth, N. S., on the 19th inst, to C. V. and Mrs. Romans, a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

TAPLES-GOLDING — At Germain Street Baptist church on May 15th, by Rev. W. W. McMaster, W. Allan Staples to Mable Louise, daughter of Emily E., and the late Robt. Golding.

ULTON-McLEOD.—In this city, on the 21st instant, by Rev. W. E. McIntyre, W. Thomas Fulton of Missoula, Mont., to Mary A., daughter of Daniel McLeod of Chipman.

OSTER-BARKER.—At the residence of the bride's father, 219 Germain street, St. John, N. B., on Wednesday, the 15th day of May, by the Rev. E. Bertram Hooper, Emma Leontine Barker to Frederick Allan Foster.

AMPBELL-PATTERSON.—In this city, on the 21st May, 1907, by the Rev. Dr. Raymond, rector of St. Mary's church, Owen R. Campbell of Sackville, N. B., to Ella May Patterson of this city.

DALEY-TUCKER—On the evening of May 22nd, at 108 Waterloo street, by Rev. A. B. Cohoe, Walter E. Daley and Miriam E. Tucker.

MONCTON, N. B., May 29.—William Butcher, of Meadow Brook, found guilty of intent to steal a ride on an I. C. R. train was this morning sentenced by Magistrate Kay to two months in jail, or a fine of twenty dollars. Butcher was arrested yesterday morning in a sealed box-car and claimed he had gone there to light his pipe and fell asleep. Hon. H. R. Emmerson has offered a gold medal for the first prize in the Y. M. C. A. road race which is to be held on June 8. Frank L. Thomson has offered a silver medal for second prize. There will be about twenty entries for the event in which there is much interest.

65 ACRES NEAR AUGUSTA, ME.
Only $2,700. Send for picture No. 4394, page 11, "Strout's List 18."
A wealthy man got his start and made a large amount of money on this farm, but business interests at present call him elsewhere, and this is now offered at a bargain. It is a great opening for some young man to start in upon an independent life. Located within one mile of village, with store, church and school near. Mail delivered, splendid fields, machine worked, free from rocks, and is cutting at the present time 50 tons of hay, but within a few years has cut 75 and can do it easy. Spring watered pasture for 25 head of stock, good wood lot of fully 500 cords, with timber for home use. The orchard on this farm is valuable, producing some 200 barrels yearly and mostly Baldwins. Two story house of eleven rooms, painted and blinded. Barn 40x90 with tie-up for 25 head. Stable 25x35 with cellar, hen house 20x40, grain barn 16x22. Surrounded with good shade trees, and commanding a fine view of the surrounding country. While the owner has named a low price he is anxious to sell, and will include hay fork, express wagon, cart, mowing machine, dump cart, horse rake, harrow and cream separator. One-half cash, balance on easy terms. Shown by E. A. Strout, 335 Water Street, Augusta, Maine.

The News.

VOL. 31. ST. JOHN, N. B, FRIDAY, JUNE 7, 1907. NO 23.

CONFERENCE REPORT FAILS TO SHOW THAT ANY HARD FEELINGS EXISTED

Blue Book Containing Report of Imperial Conference is a Bulky Volume — Extracts from Speeches Made by Laurier and Bond — Lloyd George's Remarks—Reference to Nfld. Fisheries Case.

LONDON, June 5.—The Blue Book containing the report of the Imperial Conference is a bulky volume, 622 pages. It was issued late last night. It is noticeable that, according to the report, there was no ground for the sensational description of the scene in which Premier Bond, after making his speech on the Newfoundland fisheries question was reported to have declared that the treatment of Newfoundland had been a gross humiliation, and then left the conference in high dudgeon.

Bond's speech was of a most temperate and logical character, ending thus: "It has been suggested that matters in the dispute might properly be subject to arbitration. I cannot see what there is to arbitrate in. If it is intended to submit the treaty to arbitration then, I contend that its terms are clear, that privileges granted to inhabitants of the United States thereunder are not set forth in language that is ambiguous. If, on the other hand, it is intended to submit the colonial statutes to arbitration, then I respectfully contend it would be derogatory to the crown and in direct contravention to the constitutional right of self governing colonies to submit their statutes to the arbitration of any foreign power or any person or any body of men."

Occasionally one or other of the delegates made a neat home thrust at another. Thus, Laurier had been speaking eloquently against restrictions on the importation of Canadian cattle when Lloyd George remarked: "Fought it very hard when we were in opposition." Sir Wilfred retorted: "Fight it hard then, and now that you are in the government."

It appears that Laurier was the mouthpiece of the opposition to Premier Deakin's proposal for full publicity. Sir Wilfred stated that if everything recorded here and at the end of the conference were published with resolutions, he thought the object desired would be satisfactorily served. Premier Deakin thereupon announced that he was in a hopeless minority and withdrew his resolution. Laurier then approved of Premier Jameson's suggestion that a daily precis was a satisfactory compromise.

It was Sir Wilfrid also who emphasized the right of ministers other than premiers to participate in the proceedings.

Premier Deakin's speech takes up a huge proportion of the debate on the preference question. Interesting extracts from the first brief speech of Laurier who, was described by Mr. Lloyd George as "father of preference" are: "This is a matter altogether in the hands of the British people. I would have no hesitation at all in resenting any attempts made to force upon the Canadian people anything which the Canadian people would not believe in, even for the broad idea of doing good to the whole Empire. I think the best way to serve the whole is by allowing every part to serve and recognize its own immediate interests." It was never intended or thought at any time that the intermediate tariff could apply to the United Sates. We have said good-bye to that trade. We have put all our hopes upon the British trade now, but there are other nations—France is one, Italy is another—with which we could have better trade than at the present time. France has a minimum tariff and we are prepared to exchange our intermediate tariff if they will exchange their minimum tariff with us, but while giving this intermediate preference we maintain a system of lower tariff to the mother country and to all our fellow British subjects all over the world.

we were to enter into such an agreement with foreign nations we would debar the possibility of giving a preference to the mother country. Nothing of the kind. Our tariff is not so constructed and cannot be so held."

On the twelfth day of the conference, Laurier remarked: "We have spent nearly a week over this subject, perhaps the time has now come when we may reach a conclusion upon it. I have listened with great interest and very great attention also to everything that has been said, and I see no reason to change the opinion, which I formed at the opening of the debate."

In one portion of the debate Premier Deakin wished to submit the considerations which led the Australian attorney general to contend that Australia was not bound by certain treaties.

Lloyd George said that it was a very serious proposition. Laurier remarked that it was difficult to establish, but at the same time there was no question that it was more important to hear that, than to hear conditions of treaties. Lloyd George replied: "I do not think it interferes at all with Canada, but it does interfere with the Australian proposals very seriously." Laurier said: "But it is germane to the whole question and I do not know where such proposals would land us."

With reference to the all-red route, Laurier spoke of the necessity of a liberal subsidy, adding: "I am prepared to say the government of Canada would have to contribute liberally, perhaps more liberally than others, because it would have to contribute to both the Atlantic and Pacific route."

Premier Ward offered, "Without a moment's hesitation," a subsidy of £100,000 per annum for twenty-one days' service. He estimated the total subsidy required as £300,000 to £400,000 per annum.

There was a marked absence of any asperity in the whole of the debates.

WHY BEAUTY FADES.

Real beauty is rare. It belongs to perfect health Just as soon as the blood gets thin and watery and the nerves become exhausted beauty fades, wrinkles show themselves, the glow of health disappears and beauty curves give place to leanness and angles. Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, the great blood builder and nerve restorative, is woman's greatest blessing from youth to old age. A few weeks' use of this treatment will do wonders for any woman who is pale, thin, weak and nervous.

CONCESSIONS TO END STRIKE.

PARIS, June 5.—A delegation of the maritime strikers, after interviewing M. Thomson, minister of marine, and the president of the naval committee of the Chamber of Deputies, today telegraphed to all the ports that they had received assurances that no diffications would be made in the government's pension proposal on condition that the strikers immediately resume their duties.

M. Thomson declared that there would be no prosecutions, and that he would endeavor to secure the reinstatement of the strikers. The delegates advised an immediate cessation of the strike.

CYPHERS INCUBATORS

Have Many Imitators. We are the Only Agents for the Genuine

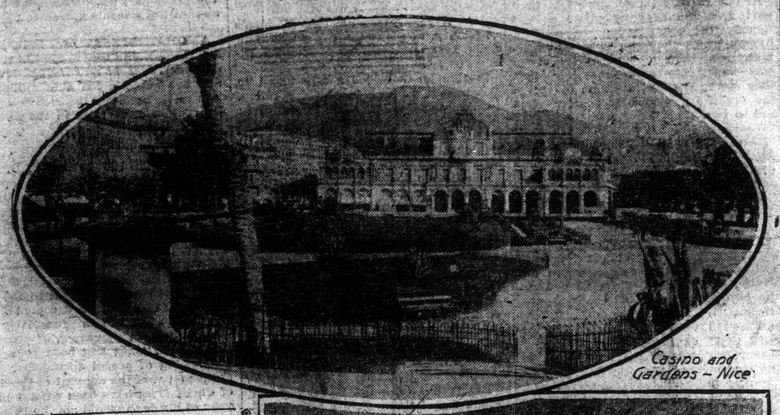
Hatch More Eggs Than Any Other Machines

Do Not Fail to See Them Before Purchasing, 66, 140, 240, 390 Egg Capacity. Large Stock of Oyster Shells Just Received

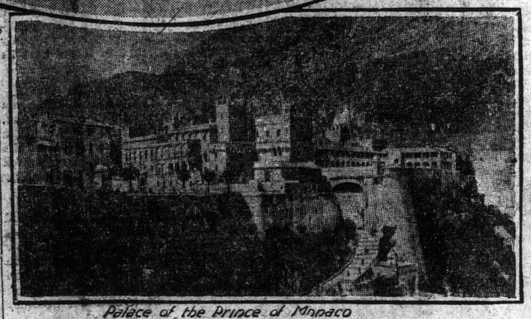
W H. Thorne & Co., Limited.

Market Square, St. John, N. B.

RESORTS AND SCENES ALONG THE RIVIERA



Casino and Gardens - Nice



Palace of the Prince of Monaco

There are probably few more beautiful spots in the world than those resorts which are to be found in Southern France. The scenes along the Riveria are especially attractive to English and American tourists and thousands visit there every year. It was included in the schedule of Sir Wilfrid Laurier's trip to the continent.

WOULD EMULATE CANADA'S LAWS

Sunday Rest Association Impressed by Them.

Rev. J. G. Shearer and Rev. T. Albert Moore Return From Convention at Philadelphia.

(Mail and Empire.)

Rev. J. G. Shearer and Rev. T. Albert Moore have returned from Philadelphia, where they attended the meeting of the International Federation of Sunday Rest Associations of America. There were present delegates from New York City, New York State, the New England States, the State of New Jersey, Philadelphia, the State of Pennsylvania, the State of Ohio, Cleveland, the State of Wisconsin, and Canada.

The meetings were characterized by perfect harmony and much enthusiasm.

Among the resolutions adopted, in which Canadians will be deeply interested are the following:

1. This federation congratulates the Parliament and people of Canada on the enactment of its Lord's Day Act, which is recognized as at once the most effective and the most reasonable Sunday law in the world, securing the liberty of the weekly rest day to the largest number possible of Canadian workingmen; and the federation pledges itself to do all in its power to secure a similar blessing for the people of the other nations of the Continent of America, and directs that a copy of this resolution, be forwarded to the Right Honorable the Premier of Canada, Sir Wilfrid Laurier, and to the press.

The second resolution notes with gratitude the movement among druggists in the United States and Canada in the direction of voluntarily refusing to sell on Sunday anything but medicines or sick-room appliances, and toward the shortening of hours of opening.

After noting the fact that in Belgium and in Switzerland, according to Government reports, there has been a reduction of more than 50 per cent. in railway accidents caused by the mistakes of employes since these countries stopped Sunday freight traffic, and the fact that the Parliament of Canada has recently largely restricted Sunday freight traffic on Canadian roads, therefore the federation resolves "That this federation respectfully and earnestly appeals to the United States Congress to enact a Sunday law similar to that recently passed in Canada, and thus liberate large numbers of American railway men from seven-day slavery, and cement the bonds of comity between the sister nations, as well as affording the railway men the opportunity of cultivating the moral and religious side of their being, and enjoying the fellowship of their families."

LEMIEUX ACT SCORES AGAIN.

OTTAWA, June 5.—The price of bread in Ottawa has been advanced from ten to eleven cents a loaf. The bakers give the increase in the price of flour as the reason.

The Lemieux labor act has scored another bloodless triumph. The minister of labor has received a telegram from President Sherman, head of the Western Miners' organization, stating "Satisfactory agreement signed today with the Alberta Railway and Irrigation Company. No need of board conciliation now, thanks to industrial disputes act. Congratulations."

In this case a strike would have occurred at Lethbridge if it had not been for the fact that the law made it necessary for the men and the owners of the mine to come to terms. The men had voted to strike and the mine owners had shown a disposition to meet them and discuss terms. President Nanton, of the company, protested against a board of conciliation being forced upon him. Mr. Lemieux firmly informed him that if there was a dispute it would have to be investigated and stated that he was going to constitute a board. Seeing that there was nothing else for it Mr. Nanton surrendered gracefully, and the telegram from Mr. Sherman announces that the parties have anticipated the organization of the board of investigation by settling the dispute and leaving nothing to be investigated.

REORGANIZATION OF THE PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENT

HAVE BEEN 55 YEARS MARRIED.

Aged Couple at Hopewell, A. O., Enjoying Good Health—Son Built Peary's Arctic Ship Roosevelt.

HOPEWELL HILL, June 5.—On Sunday, June 2nd, Mr. and Mrs. Robert J. Newcomb of this place completed 55 years of married life, the couple, who are among the village's most respected citizens, having been united in marriage on June 2nd, 1852. The elderly pair are enjoying good health, Mr. Newcomb, who has just attained his 80th year, being actively engaged in his vocation of boat builder, at which trade he is particularly expert. He has now five boats in his shop, all built by himself and ready for sale. Mr. Newcomb is a charter member of Golden Rule Division, S. of T., of this place, now 57 years old, and is a regular attendant at the Methodist church, of which he and his wife are both members. Mrs. Newcomb, who is 76 years of age, takes a particularly active interest in church work and retains her physical and mental vigor to a marked degree. Mr. and Mrs. Newcomb's married life, besides its unusual length, is also remarkable from the fact that they have reared a family of eleven sons and daughters, all of whom are now grown to manhood and womanhood and all married, there never having been a death in the family. The boys are Herbert of New York; Geo. W., merchant; Wesley and Joseph D. of this place; Filbert of Memel and Robert of Malden, Mass. The daughters are Mrs. Thos. Jamieson of Curryville, A. Co.; Mrs. Chipman Smith of Curryville; Mrs. W. C. Hoar of Moncton; Mrs. Alfred Woodworth and Mrs. (Capt.) Albert Stiles of this village.

Herbert S. Newcomb, the eldest son, it will be remembered, was the master builder of the Roosevelt, Peary's Arctic ship. The elderly couple's friends here will wish them many more years of health and prosperity.

MAYOR KISSES 1,000 BABIES.

ALTON, Ill., June 5.—Mayor Beall, of Alton, known as the "Stork Mayor" because he continually preaches anti-race suicide and offers prizes for babies, kissed about one thousand babies this afternoon at a Sunday school picnic.

"I don't know who this doctor is that spoke at Atlantic City about it being dangerous to kiss babies, or what manner of man he may be, but certainly he never has experienced the caresses of children."

No Changes in the Provincial Ministry—St. John Not Likely to Get a Portfolio for Some Time—Mr. Allan for Attorney General—Mr. Barnes as a Forecastle Member and Possibly Mr. Purdy

(From Thursday's Star.)

A government caucus will be held this evening at Fredericton at which it is anticipated the reorganization of the provincial cabinet will be arranged. So far as can be learned there will be few, if any, changes among the present members. Mr. Robinson will fill the offices of premier and provincial secretary. Mr. Farris will remain in charge of the department of agriculture and Mr. Labillois will continue to look after public works. There is a feeling in some of the counties that Westmorland is scarcely entitled to two portfolios and because of this uncertainty prevails as to Mr. Sweeney's position, though the chances are strong that he will for the present at any rate continue to act as surveyor general. St. John county is after some office and both Mr. Purdy and Mr. Robertson are willing to accept positions in the government, though the former is not at all anxious to take a portfolio. It is the opinion of the St. John county members that this question should be left open for the present, and that the county should not receive only what is termed a forecastle member but should claim one of the working offices. With this idea in view, the prospects are that an effort will be made to bring in a new man who may be made solicitor general as a preliminary towards being elevated to the higher office of attorney general. Mr. A. P. Barnhill is the man spoken of for this, but he is said to be disinclined to accept. For the present it is probable that Mr. George Allen, of York, will be made attorney general if he finds that his health will permit him to accept the office. Ora P. King was also spoken of for this portfolio. Whatever arrangement is made tonight will be regarded in some sections of the province as only temporary, or to continue only after the next general election a year from now when Westmorland will lose one of its cabinet members and Kent, Kings or Charlotte will be given representation. For the present, Mr. Barnes, of Buctouche, will be appointed a member of the cabinet without portfolio.

Our experience indicates that no business can attain a full measure of success unless its goods be thoroughly made known.—Keystone Watch Case Co., Phila.

He who seeks a brother without a fault will have to remain without a brother.—Talmud.

Open till 8 p. m. Saturdays 11. St. John, June 8th, 1907.

MORE NEW CLOTHING ARRIVES AT HARVEY'S

We have just received a fine lot of Men's and and Boys' Clothing bought last week direct from a very large manufacturer at a very low spot cash price. This will be put on sale today and will mean rare bargains for those who take advantage of it.

See Our Men's Suits,

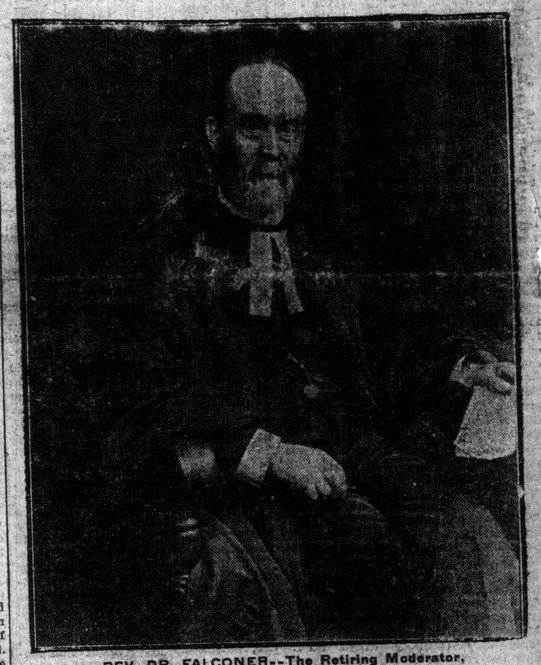
At $3.95, 5, 6, 7, 8.75, 10 and $12.00.

Boys' Suits at 90c., $1.49 and up

J.N. Harvey, Clothing and Furnishings 199 to 207 Union St., St. John, N.B.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH OPENS IN MONTREAL.

Rev. Dr. Campbell, for Forty Years Pastor of St Gabriel Church in that City, Elected Moderator, to Succeed Rev. Dr. Falconer of Pictou—Latter Preached Eloquent Sermon.



REV. DR. FALCONER--The Retiring Moderator.

MONTREAL, June 5.—The General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church of Canada held its opening session in Erskine Presbyterian Church this morning. There was a large attendance of delegates from all over Canada. Rev. Dr. Falconer of Pictou, N. S., was in the chair. The business meeting was preseded by services at which Dr. Falconer preached the opening sermon. This ended, nominations for the new moderator were in order. Those nominated were: Rev. D. Campbell, of St. Gabriel Church, Montreal; Rev. H. Mowat, Montreal; Rev. Dr. Lyle, Hamilton, who declined to accept nomination; Rev. Dr. Duval, Winnipeg; Rev. Dr. Carmichael, Toronto, and Rev. Dr. Finlay, superintendent of missions.

The vote resulted in favor of Rev. Dr. Campbell. Dr. Campbell, with natural modesty, wished to decline, but the assembly would not hear of it. Dr. Campbell has been pastor of St. Gabriel's for forty years, and the last ten years has been one of the assembly's clerks. The assembly after disposing of some routine business, adjourned until ten tomorrow morning.

Rev. Dr. Alexander Falconer of Pictou, N. S., retiring moderator, in his sermon spoke from the text 2 Cor. 5:20 (revised version).

(Continued on Page 11.)

WESTERN PULP COMPANY SELLS TO A SYNDICATE

TORONTO, June 5—It is announced that the sale has been about completed of the Spanish River Pulp and Paper Company's interests to a syndicate with headquarters at Rhinelander, Wisconsin, for two million and a half. The Spanish River pulp concession was the subject of a hot controversy when granted by the late government in 1899. The company was entitled to select 60 square miles of land along the Spanish, Vermillion, and Onoping rivers. In return they were to pay the province 20 cents a cord for spruce and 10 cents for other woods. They were also to spend $500,000 in mills and plant and employ 250 hands. The pulp mill has been erected at Webbwood and a dam and works have been constructed to generate power from Spanish River waterfall.

WINNIPEG, June 5—A new distillery plant which is to cover 35 acres is shortly to be erected here by Gooderham and Worts, of Toronto, Hiram Walker Co., of Walkerville, Seagram of Waterloo, Wiser Co., of Prescott, Corby of Belleville and the Hamilton Distilling Company, all of whom are interested in the general distillery company of Toronto. The distillery will be one of the largest on the continent, and with twenty-five acres of cattle sheds capable of housing from 3,000 to 4,000 head of cattle for fattening purposes for the British market.

NEW COPPER SUPPLY FOR GERMANY

American Imports Will be Supplemented by the Production in the Imperial Colonies Soon

HAMBURG, June 5—At a meeting in Hanover of the union of the German copper industry, to which about seven hundred of the largest firms belong, Herr Ruehmkorff, of Hanover, head of one of the leading German engineering and industrial firms, announced that according to information from the Imperial Colonial Office, the German colonies expect soon to supply Germany with the total demand for raw copper. This announcement was greeted with great applause. Should these expectations be confirmed, it is believed that Germany will no longer be dependent upon the American copper market.