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"The Superintendent General may, from time to time, by public notice, declare that, on and after a day therein named, the laws respecting game in force in the Province of Manitoba or the Western Territories or respecting such game as is specified in such notice, shall apply to Indians within the said Province or Territory, as the case may be, or to Indians in such parts thereof as to him seems expedient."

By a decision of Hon. Charles A. Stuart, Judge of the Supreme Court, Calgary, in the case of a member of the Stony band, for having violated the provisions of the Game Act of Alberta, it was held that the Game Laws passed by the Provincial Government of Alberta did not apply to the Stony Indians, but that they are subject only to the laws as they stood at the time of the notice.

After the date of this judgment, strong representations were made to the Department as to the necessity of bringing the Stony Indians within the provisions of the Provincial Game Laws of Alberta by proclamation under Section 66 of the Indian Act, which section is identical in its terms with Section 133 already quoted.

The continued complaints received by the Department in regard to the destruction of game by the Stony Indians led to the conclusion that it was necessary to bring these Indians under the provisions of the Game Laws, and a proclamation of date the 11th March, 1914, was issued accordingly.

A copy of the proclamation is inclosed herewith.
A copy of the Indian Act is also being mailed to you.

Your obedient servant,

Don L. ...
Assistant Deputy and Secretary

Indian Affairs. Letterbook,
3 December 1917 - 19 December 1917, (R.G. 10, Volume 5697)

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