## THE DYING DREAM.

O mother drar, hrul down your car-my voice growe fart and low,
And fast the rhally dranp of dealh is matheting on my hrow;
But, mothre, as I haidaslecp, theme catne a dream tu me,
And I cannot, man: not eay, Farewell, thll I have ruld it ther.
It was a pleasant alcon-idrcamed of worlds so bright and fair,
So wond'rous beautiful, I long to fly and enter there;
And yet not all- ove mournful sceno was yisioned to my eyc,
Ind but that one lhought alone, $O$ 't would be eneet to die.

Dethougit I left this mertal frame-mhat dust to dust was given,
And then I epread my angel wingr, and boared away to Heaven ;
But, mother, as I mounted high, my thoughts still clung to thec,
And once I stayed my flight, and turned, once more thy face to oce.
Mother, thll then no shade of care had dimmed my apirit glad-
But I beheld thee weeping--lone, and then I first felt and;
I thought how oft you'd told me that the seul would never die,
But that 't would dver dwell with God in bliss beyond the sky.
Methought 'twas strange, that when you knew that death's last quice sleep
Was but the dawn of happiness and Heayen, that you should weep;
And when $I$ turncd and gazed ugain upon the radient throng
That beckoned at the goldengate, and heard the seraph eong-
Sothero fear mother, cven then I could act ity fikm then-
I longed to como again to esrh, and stay thine agony;
And so I woks-and even now I cannot make it seem
That all that miogled joy and pain was but an cmpty dream.
But, mother deas 'is growing dark-a, film comes o'er my cye-
Fisk ! bark! what heavealy music ! Oh, what bliss it is to dic!
And see! Bright seraphs wave me on, and I must haste to flee-
I como: Farewell, my mether deasmo never weep for me:

## EXCHANGING PEARLS.

A little orphan boy, about twelve years of agg, while fishing on the banks of the Tennessee river, picked up a large pearl among tho muscle-shells Returning home, he accidently exhibited it while rummaging in his pockets, filled with fish-lines, corks, shells, coppers, bait, \&c. A gentlemau who was standingby, obsorving the costly treasure, asked the littls fellow how, much he should give him for it " 0 ," said the boy, "a bit or two, just as you please." "No," rephied the other, "you must not sell it for a trifte, it is worth a great sum. I will send it to Nashville, to be sold, and the proceeds of it shall be applied to your
education." The pearl was sent to a lapidary in Nowhille who estimated it to be worth 8500 ! Let it gliter in tise diadem of a crowned heal, and that boy's anind be arriched with jewels whose lustre shall outshine and outlive the lustre of dirmonds, and he will have parted with it for a pearl of greater price.


THE HORSE-SHOE NAIL.
A farmer once went to market, and, meeting with good luek, he soid all his corn and lined his purse with silver and gold. Then he thought it time to return. in order to reach home before night-fall; so ho packed his monoy-bags upon his horse's back, and set out on his journey. At noon he stopped in a village to rest; and when he was starting again, the hostler, as he led out the horse, said, "Pleaso you, sir, the left shoe behind has lost a nail." "Let it go," answered the farmer; "the shoe will bold fast enough for the twenty miles that I have still to travel. I'm in haste." So saying, ho journeyed on.
In the afternoon, the farmer stopped again to bait his horse; and no he was sitting in the inn, the stable-boy came, and said, "Sir, your horse has lost a nail in his left shoe behind; shall I take him to the smithy ?" "Let him alone," answered tho farmor; "I've only six miles iurther to go, and the horse will travel well enough that distance. i've no time to lose."

Away rode the farmer ; but he had not gone far, before the horse began to limp; it had not limped far, ere it began to stumble; and it had not stumbled long, before it fell down and broke a leg.Then the farmer was obliged to leave the horse lying in the road, to unstrap his bugs, throw them over his shoulder, and make his way home on foot as well as he could, where he did not arrive till late at night. "All my ill-luck," suid the farmer to himself, "comes from neglect of a horse-shoe nail!"-Playmate.
"I DON'T WANT TO."
Charley Wheaton was a very good little boy. But Charley had one taultmost hitle boys have more. Perhaps some of the littlo boys who read the Cabinet have the same fault; and if they knew it to be « fault, would try to mend. Chariey's fault was this: When very busy at play, or not in a mood to do a favour, he was in the habit of saying, "I don't want to." Now Charley tad a very tender mother, who loved him very much, and spared no pains to make him good and happy: She saw this fault in her
little son, and resolved to nip it in the bud; for she knew that to be happy, he numst te obliging and belpiul to all around him. One day, when she had taken the last stitch in a pair of new pantaloons that Charley was very desirous of having finished in time for New Year, she asked him to bring her a handful of wood from the outhouse. "I don't want to," said Charley, not lifing his oyes from his brautiful new "Book of Gems." His mother reflected a moment, then called him to her side and tenderly inquired if he felt unwell. "O no, mother ; but why do you nsk $\%$ " "Becnuse, my son, I was tbinking you should have somevery good reason for declining to give your mother any aid in your power. It is very little that you can do in return for all the care and tenderness I ha;o bestowed on you, since-a little helpless infint-God gave you to my arms. I do not want to labour when I am ill and tired, but my dear little son must be fẹd and clothed, and I love so much to gratify him that, ill and tired as I am, 1 have finished this garment that he might be 'smarl' to greet the Neww Year. I do not want to wake and watch when I am in need of sleep to refresh my weary. frame and fit me for daily labour, but 1 love my little boy; 1 rise and soothe his pain in all the long night, and never think of saying, ' 1 don't want to.' 0 Charley, what would become of such helpless little boys as you, if those whe have the care of them were so selfish they, did not want to leave their books: and rest to provide for their wants?"Charley had stolen his arm around his moiker's neek, and, dropping his head on her bosom, begged her to forgive him. He never forgot this lesson of his mother ; and now that he has grown to bea man, he always reproves the little boys; if they say, "I don't want to," and tella them the story that I have been telling you. He tells them, too, that hismother's words have taught him to "do unto others as he would have others to do unto him."-Youth's Cabinet.

## PRESSURE OF THE SEA.

If a piece of wood which floats on the water, be forced down to a great depth in the sea, the pressure of the surrounding liquid will force it into the pores of that wood, and so increase its weight that it will no longer be capable of floating or rising to thie surface. Hence the timber of ships which have foundered in the deep part of the ocean, never rises again to: the surface, like those which have sunk near the shore. A diver may, with im-t, punity, plunge to a cartain depth of the sea ; but there is a limit beyond which he: cannu, live under the pressure to which he is subject. For the same reason, it is probable that there is a depth beyond which fishes cannot live. Theyr according to Joslin, have been caught in a depth. at which they must have sustained a pressure of eighty tons to each square foot of the surface of their bodies.

