

LAST EDITION

Weather—Sleet or rain.

The London Advertiser

LONDON, CANADA—THE HOME OF UNBROKEN PROSPERITY.

THE LONDON ADVERTISER, LONDON, ONTARIO, MONDAY EVENING, MARCH 7, 1921. 96 COLUMNS

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PRICE THREE CENTS.

GERMANY REFUSES TO MEET TERMS ALLIES WILL NOW COLLECT REPARATIONS

RUSSIAN REVOLUTIONISTS SET FIRE TO PETROGRAD; LARGE SECTIONS OF CITY ARE REPORTED ABLAZE

Soviet Government at Moscow Sending Large Number of Troops in Effort to Restore Order—Insurgent Leaders Will Endeavor to Win Over Bolshevik Soldiers to Their Side—Peasants in Many Sections of Country Join in Movement to Drive Soviet Administration Out of Power.

London, March 7.—The Central News correspondent at Hel-singfors reports receipt of news of the most sensational character from Petrograd since midnight. The advice said many of the residential and business quarters were in flames.

The Soviet Government, the message continued, was dispatching a large number of troops from Moscow to Petrograd to assist in restoring order. The Petrograd rebels, it was added, were planning to accord these troops a friendly reception in the hope of winning them over.

A wireless message received here from Moscow today says the leaders in the Petrograd rising are Petrichenko, Yakovlenko and Savchenko, father of Serge Savchenko; Capt. Vladimir Burtseff; Engineer Oryeskin, and a former clergyman, Putilin. Although Gen. Kozlovski has been reckoned the official head, he is in no way the principal leader of the movement. The general's two brothers were arrested in the marine school in Petrograd.

The foregoing dispatch, showing the existence of a revolt in Petrograd, comes from official Soviet sources, the Moscow wireless service being conducted by the Russian Soviet authorities. This official statement that a revolt actually has occurred, follows closely recent news from the highest Russian authorities that no uprising existed in Petrograd.

UPRISING EXTENDS.

Paris, March 7.—Russian Bolshevik forces have been driven out of Oranienbaum, a town on the southern shore of the Gulf of Finland, nineteen miles east of Petrograd, by naval units from Kronstadt, says a dispatch from Viborg. Warships have gone up the Neva River and landed contingents of sailors in Petrograd, where part of a garrison has joined the revolutionary forces. The rest of the garrison is declared to have retreated toward Gatchina, 30 miles southwest, where Leon Trotsky, minister of war, and the Bolshevik high command have headquarters. The Bolsheviks are terrified, and Nikolai Lenin, the Bolshevik premier, and M. Trotsky are preparing to flee, says a dispatch to the Matin.

Anti-Bolshevik leader Antonoff, at the head of 10,000 armed peasants, is declared to be in control of the governments of Voronezh and Tver, in Southern Russia, and it is expected that this fact makes it impossible to re-visit the northern sections of the country.

REVOLUTION SPREADING.

Hel-singfors, March 7.—All classes of citizens at Kronstadt, the Russian naval base near Petrograd, have united in the uprising against the soviet government, says a dispatch to the Russian union agency here. Organization of the revolutionary committee, which later became the provisional government, was carried out without the participation of political parties, and its members were chosen almost exclusively from seamen and workmen having no political affiliations. The provisional government has published a program, the essence of which is a demand for immediate convening of a constituent assembly and the restoration of freedom of trade between individuals.

CALLS REVOLT UNIMPORTANT.

London, March 7.—The Herald, the Continued on Page Four.

THE WEATHER

LOCAL TEMPERATURES.

Following are the highest and lowest temperatures recorded in London during the 24 hours previous to 8 o'clock last night: Highest, 50; lowest, 33. The official temperatures for the 12 hours previous to 8 a.m. today were: Highest, 34; lowest, 31.

TOMORROW—SLEET OR RAIN.

Toronto, March 7—8 a.m.

Today—Northeast winds; fair. Tuesday—Southeast winds and unsettled, with sleet or rain.

The highest and lowest temperatures during the 24 hours previous to 8 a.m. today were:

Stations.	High.	Low.	Weather.
Victoria	44	40	Cloudy
Calgary	38	30	Cloudy
Winnipeg	32	20	Cloudy
Port Arthur	24	20	Cloudy
Sault Ste. Marie	30	18	Cloudy
Park Sound	24	18	Cloudy
Toronto	34	28	Cloudy
Kingston	30	21	Cloudy
Ottawa	42	22	Fair
Montreal	38	25	Clear
Quebec	36	20	Cloudy
St. John	42	34	Cloudy
Halifax	44	34	Rain

Weather Notes.

The disturbance which was approaching the Lake Region from the westward on Saturday has since moved quickly eastward to the St. Lawrence valley, where it is now centered. The Maritime provinces are now in the path of the storm. Light snow has fallen in many parts of the West.

A shallow trough of low pressure extends from Manitoba to the Southwest States.

NIAGARA GROWERS FORM AN ASSOCIATION



DR. CREELMAN, Ontario Commissioner in England, who will likely be the choice of the newly formed Niagara Peninsula Growers, Limited, as manager.

GRAND RALLY OF YOUNG PEOPLE

In Wellington Street Methodist Church Tuesday Evening.

PROMINENT SPEAKERS

Will Address the First Annual Conference of Religious Education Council.

PARLIAMENT SUMMARY

Ottawa, March 7.—Today in Parliament.

IN THE COMMONS.

House reassembled at 3 p.m.

IN THE SENATE.

The Senate does not sit today.

HARDING MOVES TO STOP FIGHT

First Act of Administration to Check Panama-Costa Rica War.

Washington, March 5.—Cessation of hostilities between Costa Rica and Panama is demanded in identical notes which the state department dispatched yesterday to the governments of those two countries.

This was the first action of the Harding administration in the realm of foreign affairs, and was said to have been based on the grounds of broad expediency, as the dispute between the Central American republics involved United States interests in the Panama Canal zone.

ROUT PANAMAN TROOPS.

San Salvador, Republic of Salvador, March 6.—Costa Rican troops, attacked by Panaman forces in the region of Golfo Dulce, on the western end of the frontier, routed the Panamanians, who numbered more than 1,000, says a dispatch from Costa Rica, received by way of Nicaragua today. In the Costa Rican region, the dispatch states, 300 Panaman soldiers, commanded by Gen. Quintero, annihilated a garrison of 50 Costa Rican soldiers.

YOUTHFUL FOREIGNER PREVENTS STAMPEDE OF 5,000 IMMIGRANTS

New York, March 7.—A stampede by 2,500 immigrants arriving here from Boston yesterday at the Grand Central terminal was averted by a 16-year-old boy, who addressed the van of the surging body in a foreign language, telling them they must be examined by health authorities for typhus before greeting more than 5,000 friends awaiting their arrival.

Policemen stationed at the terminal to assemble the new arrivals and facilitate the work of the health officials, were swept aside in the rush to join relatives and friends. The exhortations of the boy restored order and the immigrants were corralled by the policemen in the concourse of the terminal. Twenty of the new arrivals were detained for the delousing process.

The immigrants, representing various nationalities, embarked at Hamburg and Danzig on the steamer Manchuria which docked at Boston Saturday.

GARFIELD BROTHERS PLACED ON TRIAL ON A CHARGE OF MURDER; WOODSTOCK COURT IS CROWDED

Great Interest Centres in Case Now in Progress at Oxford County Court—London Witnesses Arrive—People For Miles Around Flock to Woodstock to Hear Evidence—Hearing Is Expected to Consume About Day and Half.

[By Staff Reporter.] Woodstock, March 7.—The case of Denton and Norman Garfield, charged with the murder of Benjamin Johnston, a local storekeeper, on the night of January 20, commenced here this afternoon at 1 o'clock. Justice Kelly presiding. The court room was jammed long before court hour, and hundreds were turned away. At 1:55 the grand jury had not retired. At 1 o'clock the court room was crowded to capacity, and the coroner of the county house were filled with persons who had traveled miles to hear the trial. Norman and Denton Garfield, charged with murder of Ben Johnston. One hour was occupied with the swearing in of jurymen, and the judge's address to the grand jury. London witnesses, about fifteen in number, arrived in the court room at 1:30. Among them were Sergeant Holt, Detective Robert Egleton and Detective Harry Jones. The chief speakers will be: Hon. Mr. Justice Kelly, in address. The grand jury, stated that in this material case men not appreciative being called to jury service as much as they did.

"I regret that although the charges are small in number they are very serious ones. Two men are charged with murder. He stated that at the present time there is an extraordinary amount of crime committed, chiefly by young men born and bred in this province. If the number of crimes was tabulated, the judge declared, it would be found that the greatest proportion was committed by youths in their teens. In the early morning of this morning groups of residents from the surrounding country assembled at the court house to await the opening of the trial. Some even brought their lunches in preparation for the five-hour wait. At noon, although the courtroom was still closed, hundreds of persons crowded in front of the entrance.

The following is a list of the grand jury: William Atkinson, West Oxford, farmer; Philip Broad, South Norwich, farmer; George A. Bean, South Norwich, merchant; Hugh Easter, Blenheim, merchant; William Cragg, Ingersoll, clerk; William T. Cole, East Nissouri, farmer; James Dickson, Glenora, farmer; P. Hall, Woodstock, manager; E. D. Neff, Tillsonburg, laborer; and Charles Smith, West Zorra, farmer.

STATES CITY CLERK BAKER MADE MISLEADING STATEMENTS ABOUT L. AND P. S. BEFORE HYDRO C.O.M.

London Railway Commission Passes Resolution Asking the Council for Explanation—Sir Adam "Peeved" Because Queen Alexandra Sanatorium Is Omitted From the City Year Book.

Following charges by Sir Adam Beck that misleading statements about the London and Port Stanley Railway had been made by the city clerk, the Royal Commission investigating hydro radicals the London Railway Commission today passed a resolution asking the city council to ask for an explanation. The motion which was made by Commissioner John Bridge and seconded by the council, was carried by a vote of 10 to 5.

G. T. R. HOLDS UP NEVADA SENATOR IS SHOT IN WASHINGTON

Washington, March 5.—Senator Henderson of Nevada was shot yesterday, probably not seriously, by a man on the street, near the Senate office building. The assailant was captured. The senator was removed to his office and given medical attention.

RAILWAY STRIKE ON ALL GRECIAN LINES

Athens, March 7.—All railway communication in Greece was suspended today as the result of a strike affecting passenger trains and the accommodation of the army. The men are demanding increased wages and shorter hours.

DEACONESS AS FAR AS WOMEN SHOULD GO IN THE MINISTRY

Opinion of Local Anglican Clergy On Lambeth Conference Recommendation.

"The Ministry of Women" was the title of a paper read by Rev. Dean L. N. Tucker to the Anglican Clerical Association on the subject of the recommendation on this subject, given at the Lambeth Conference, but gave no personal opinion in the matter. In England and Canada women may be ordained deaconesses and have the privilege of a lay reader. A general discussion followed the paper, the generally expressed opinion of the clergy being that a woman has entered the ministry far enough as a deaconess.

SCHWAB SEES BRIGHT FUTURE FOR EUROPE

Paris, March 7.—United States financiers and manufacturers are disposed to open large credit accounts in Europe, Charles Schwab, chairman of the Bethlehem Steel Company, declared here last night to the Paris edition of the Herald. Mr. Schwab was optimistic in his estimate of the future prosperity of the countries he has visited since his arrival on this side of the Atlantic.

ALLIED TROOPS TO AT ONCE OCCUPY GERMAN AREAS AND INFLECT PENALTIES NEEDED TO COLLECT REPARATIONS

ARMED BANDS KILL MAJOR AND EX-MAYOR OF LIMERICK

Both Men Were Shot While Lying in Their Beds.

REGARDED AS REPRISALS

Irish City Is Scene of Double Murder Early Today.

Dublin, March 7.—George Clancy, mayor of Limerick, was shot and killed at his home in that city early this morning, and his wife was seriously wounded. At about the same time, Michael O'Callaghan, former mayor of the city, was shot and killed at his residence. The police arrived at the scene of the murders at about 1:30 o'clock, but, owing to curfew restrictions, members of the household, who were afraid to venture on the streets to secure aid, and they declare that friends with whom they communicated by telephone could not go to the house for the same reason. About two hours later a doctor arrived from a hospital and found Mayor Clancy dead, and his wife in a critical condition. Former Mayor O'Callaghan was dying when doctors summoned by the police arrived at the house.

SHOT LYING IN BEDS.

Belief 7.—Bands of men shot George Clancy, mayor of Limerick, and Michael O'Callaghan, a former mayor of the city, in cold blood, while they were lying in their beds. Mrs. Clancy, while endeavoring to protect her husband, was shot in one of her arms. Limerick is intensely excited over the shootings, which are interpreted by Sinn Féin adherents as reprisals for the assassination of Brig.-Gen. Cumming, who was killed at Clontarf on Saturday.

LODGES PROTEST.

Washington, March 7.—Frank P. Walsh, counsel for the "provisional Irish republic" in the United States, announced that he had submitted to President Harding a formal protest against the shooting on February 28 last of six men by the British military forces in Ireland.

Mr. Walsh said he based his protest on the ground that the men were prisoners of war and that shooting them was "a violation of the laws of land warfare as declared by The Hague convention of 1907."

The United States is asked by Walsh to address a remonstrance to Great Britain on the subject. Similar appeals have been filed with the embassies of all the governments represented in Washington.

SCHOOL TEACHERS MAY RECEIVE \$200 SALARY INCREASE EACH YEAR TILL MAXIMUM REACHED

Just What Amount Will Constitute Maximum Will Be Left in Hands of Special Salary Committee—Temporary Teachers Will Come In For Salary Attention in Sept.

Most of the time of No. 3 committee of the board of education, which met at 11 o'clock this morning to prepare its estimates for submission to the board of education, was occupied with the question of teachers' salaries, the matter of the proposed increase having been sent back in order that the suggested advances might be brought more in line with the salaries of the Technical School teachers.

With regard to the request of the Collegiate Institute teachers that the maximum salary for head masters be raised to \$3,100 and that of assistant head masters to \$2,000 a year, the committee decided that this matter be left to the special salary committee. This committee, which is to be appointed by the board to deal with all questions of salaries, it is understood, make a report on which the 1922 salaries will be based.

For this year, the committee decided to rescind its previous suggestion to the board that all the teachers recommended by Principal Mooney be granted an increase of \$300 in addition to the automatic annual increase of \$100, and in its place passed the following resolution: "That the teachers recommended by the principal be given a \$200 advance in salary in place of the \$100 already granted, and that the annual increase be \$200 a year until the maximum is reached, the special salaries committee to set the maximum."

Principal Mooney in reply to a question as to whether this was satisfactory, expressed regret that the matter of the maximum salary could not be settled at once.

Dr. Claude Brown raised the question of temporary teachers, who do not benefit under the increase of salary program. Continued on Page Four.

New Proposals Submitted at Today's Conference by German Minister Found to Be Entirely Unacceptable to Allied Governments—Lloyd George Declares There Can Be No Peace With Germany As Long As She Continues to Employ the Evasive Methods That Have Been Used in the Past—Troops Ready to Occupy Prescribed Territories.

London, March 7.—Allied troops will march into Germany tomorrow, in accordance with the decision of the Allies to inflict on Germany the penalties provided for because of non-fulfillment of her reparations obligations, it was announced officially this evening.

BRITISH TROOPS READY.

London, March 7.—A British battalion is reported to be standing ready to advance upon Duesseldorf, while French and Belgian troops are said to be awaiting marching orders that will send them into German territory.

WILL IMPOSE PENALTIES.

London, March 7.—Application of the penalties on Germany for non-fulfillment of her reparations requirements was decided upon by the Allies here this afternoon.

Mr. Lloyd George informed the Germans today that not only were the proposals made by Foreign Minister Simons this morning unacceptable to the Allies, but that despite the interval since last week's conference, the Germans had not made such an advance in their propositions as would justify postponement of the imposition of the penalties.

The penalties in question were announced to the Germans last Thursday by Mr. Lloyd George. They are: Occupation of the cities of Duisburg, Duesseldorf and Ruhrort in the German industrial area beyond the Rhine, by troops of the Allies.

Imposition by each Allied country of such a tax upon German imports as it may deem fitting.

The establishment of a customs boundary under Allied control along the Rhine.

The British premier said he must announce on behalf of the Allies a failure to come to even an approximate understanding with the Germans.

"Until we get proposals from Germany which mean a permanent settlement, there can be no peace," he declared.

During the recess pronounced activity was observed in all quarters connected with the conference. Mr. Simons and his fellow delegates returned to their hotel directly after the early meeting. They declined to comment on the reception their statement had received.

Mr. Lloyd George's reply to the Germans had become known in a general way outside before he left the conference hall and he was loudly cheered as he paused on the portico to pass a few words with Count Storck, the Italian foreign minister, then driving off to Downing Street.

The conference was attended by all the members of the various delegations.

PROPOSALS UNACCEPTABLE.

Paris, March 7.—New German proposals, which, it was stated in French quarters, were unacceptable, were submitted to the supreme allied council here this morning, before the reparations conference opened today's meeting. The general conference, however, was not held until tomorrow.

Dr. Walter Simons, head of the German delegation, told the press that the Germans rejected the proposals at Paris, and had decided to make a new proposal.

It was unofficially learned that the German proposals would be applied. These would be applied. These would be applied. These would be applied.

STUDY PSYCHOLOGICAL EFFECTS OF COLORS ON INMATES OF PRISON

New York, March 7.—The psychological effect of colors on criminals is to be studied by officials at the Eastview Reformatory, County, penitentiary, where today inmates were permitted to select hues to be used in the painting of cell walls.

All shades of paint, from bouduir pink to ashen grey, have been purchased by Warden McCollan, so that none of his prisoners may be disappointed.