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CLOUDY AND COOL

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PREMIER BRIAND MAKES AN EMOTIONAL PLEA FOR THE SECURITY OF HIS COUNTRY

Declares France Dare Not Destroy the Effectiveness of Her Army so Long as Europe Remains in Its Unsettled State—Old Imperialistic Party of Germany Is Still Covetously Teaching the Religion of War, Hoping to Turn Its Advantage at the Door of France 7,000,000 Trained Men—Britain and U. S. Pledge Support.

Washington, Nov. 21—In an emotional plea for national security pronounced by Aristide Briand, her premier, France informed the Arms Conference that however deeply she might be moved by the call to lighten the burdens of armaments, she dared not destroy the effectiveness of her army so long as the situation in Europe remains what it is. Summoning to the effort all the dynamic force of his eloquence, the "strong man of France" had the rapt attention of the conference for an hour as he recounted one by one the perils that beset his people.

Briefly, he declared the old imperialistic party of Germany still was covetously teaching the religion of war and hoping to turn to its advantage at the very door of France seven millions of men trained in the use of arms, while beyond lay Bolshevik Russia with her millions stirring in an unrest whose final course no one could predict.

British Pledge Support

When the French Premier had concluded, Arthur J. Balfour responded for Great Britain with a virtual pledge of British support, should the civilization of Europe be again threatened as it was in 1914. For the United States, Secretary Hughes declares the plea of France never would fall on deaf ears in the United States, and Italy and Belgium added their word of appreciation for the peculiar situation of the French well understood. Baron Kato, speaking in his turn, expressed the profound sympathy of Japan for the declarations of Premier Briand, and asserted that for themselves the Japanese desired to maintain order and only such military forces as seemed "necessary for national security and the maintenance of order within."

Premier Briand

"How can anyone ask France to disarm under such conditions?" he asked. Reverting to the possibility that the war parties of the Central Empires might some day be revived, M. Briand recalled that recently was an attempted restoration in Europe which might have set the whole continent on fire. "Fortunately for the contents," he added, "it was averted."

Physical Aspects

Coming to physical aspects, M. Briand said it was well understood that some persons took the viewpoint that as Germany was just emerging from the war, she was in no position to be dangerous. "Our soldiers had a place in the fight," said M. Briand, "and they know to what point the German soldier can carry his heroism. Germany still has 7,000,000 men who have made war. You ask is it possible to mobilize an army there tomorrow? The answer is yes."

"What is the German Army?" he asked. "Is it in conformity with the peace treaty? No, certainly not. According to secret instructions issued by some of the German military authorities these men are not only prepared for police service, but for war. The German Government itself has done its duty and is ready to recognize it. The German Chancellor is loyal and has applied every real evidence that he realizes the state of peace, and honors the signature of Germany, but the German Government is weak. The present German Government might fall at any moment."

Military Organizations

There was still another German organization, he said, comprising 150,000 former enlisted men with non-commissioned officers ready to undergo military service. "We demand dissolution of this force," he said. "Instead of this being a local police force it has become a general police force for use anywhere in Germany. It now comprises about 150,000 men."

Through the various organizations of former army men, Premier Briand said, Germany had grouped together its men available for military service "in a marvelous and ingenious way." Former combatants' associations were formed in Germany, he continued, and marshaled on occasional military anniversaries. "In Upper Silesia in a few weeks," he continued, "almost in a few days, there were about 40,000 men ready with machine guns and rifles. These are facts, gentlemen; I am not inventing them and bringing them here to make my case better. In a few weeks or, perhaps, in a few days, Germany would begin to raise 6,000,000 or 7,000,000 men."

Puts Case Up to U. S.

The Premier then put the case up to the United States. "Suppose that by your side," he said, "there was a nation that for years had been in bloody conflict with you. Suppose this nation should feel that she was ready to resume the struggle, when she had the material. Would you close your eyes and turn away? Would you not desire to do everything in your power to safeguard your life, your honor? Would you do anything to weaken yourself? No. "France does not exaggerate," the speaker continued. "She is only watching and waiting."

The question of war materials then

Demand Question of Prisoners Be At Once Settled

Cork, Nov. 21—The Cork Corporation, at a special meeting today, adopted a resolution urging the British Government to suspend peace negotiations until the question of prisoners is satisfactorily adjusted.

The resolution called on the Daily European members in South Ireland to make similar representations. The Daily members present supported the resolution.

McGill Students Invaded Liberal Headquarters

There to Answer Complaints Lodged Against Their Right to Exercise Franchise.

Montreal, Nov. 21—Two hundred and ninety seven McGill students invaded the Liberal headquarters in St. Lawrence St. George division of this city today, as an aftermath of notices sent broadcast last week-end to registrars informing them that complaints had been lodged against their right to exercise the franchise in the coming general elections.

The meeting placed on record its "deep sense of humiliation and regret" that negotiations were taking place between the Government and persons steeped to the lips in an expressed policy of assassination. The resolution called upon the Cabinet to reiterate its pledges regarding the freedom of Ulster, and gave "its emphatic opinion that any suggestion to permit Ulster to enter into an agreement on the Irish question until the Sinn Fein not only swore allegiance to the Throne, but gave effect to the policy of assassination, and until the idea of a separate army for Ireland was abandoned."

The whole party of students, as noisy as they were strong, deserted their work at the university in order to attend the process of revising the voters' list. They all arrived at about the same time, and all apparently were inspired with a like determination to vindicate their rights and loudly expressed their indignation at being compelled to prove their qualifications.

The first case to be taken up was that of the inmates of a number of charitable institutions, who, it was claimed, were being maintained by charity, and therefore, were not entitled to the franchise. The most of these were women, and it was understood the majority were left on the lists. So much time was taken up with these cases, the students meant with standing on chairs and desks and crowding every available space, that the protests against the McGill men could not be heard and they will vote on December 6th.

Wolves Bold And Numerous In Province of Ontario

Stock Raisers Requesting Relief; Hundred Sheep Killed at McLean Last Week.

Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., Nov. 21—So numerous and bold are the wolves becoming at McLean, just east of here, that stock raisers there are requesting relief. During the past two weeks about 100 sheep have been killed by wolves in a very limited area which have appeared since the bear epidemic subsided. It is estimated that at least 400 bears were killed within the city and its immediate vicinity during the fall.

Reports are coming in from the Algoma Central Railway today that the wolves are doing damage there particularly at Mile 95, where they are destroying the beaver and deer. The settlers here are demanding that a larger bounty be placed on the wolves, \$25 not being sufficiently large to induce expert trappers to spend their time in an endeavor to exterminate them.

Privy Council Reserves Judgment In Manitoba Case

Petition Grows Out of Construction of Gov't Building of Province.

London, Nov. 21—(Canadian Press Cable)—The Privy Council today reserved judgment on the appeal of the Province of Manitoba in the case against Thomas Kelly and Sons, the contractors who constructed the parliament buildings at Winnipeg. The Manitoba court of appeal on the lower court's award down to \$615,213 on October 4, 1918, thus reducing the total to about \$1,000,000.

SUPPORTERS OF ULSTER MEET IN DEMONSTRATION

Call Upon Gov't to Insist Sinn Fein Swear Allegiance to the Throne.

SAY GOVT IS DEALING WITH ASSASSINS

Calls Upon Cabinet to Reiterate Its Pledges Regarding Ulster's Freedom.

London, Nov. 21—A "loyalist" meeting, held in London today as a demonstration by supporters of Ulster, passed a resolution calling upon the Government to enter into no agreement on the Irish question until the Sinn Fein not only swore allegiance to the Throne, but gave effect to the policy of assassination, and until the idea of a separate army for Ireland was abandoned.

The meeting placed on record its "deep sense of humiliation and regret" that negotiations were taking place between the Government and persons steeped to the lips in an expressed policy of assassination. The resolution called upon the Cabinet to reiterate its pledges regarding the freedom of Ulster, and gave "its emphatic opinion that any suggestion to permit Ulster to enter into an agreement on the Irish question until the Sinn Fein not only swore allegiance to the Throne, but gave effect to the policy of assassination, and until the idea of a separate army for Ireland was abandoned."

Among the speakers were Colonel John Grotton, Henry Page Croft, Brigadier-General Deane, Lord Antrim and other "die-hard" who bitterly attacked the government's policy in negotiating with the Sinn Fein delegates. The attendance at the meeting was not large, and the speaker, who wore the insignia of the Orange Lodge, had an easy task.

Brigadier-General Deane, who commanded the Crown forces in Limerick before the truce, but who since then has resigned, said the Irish had learned during the war that the British Government had not the courage to deal with revolutionaries.

Fight Sooner or Later.

"The Indian revolution worked from the same room in New York as the revolution in Ireland," he declared. "Three we had the Irish revolutionaries by the throat, and three we were pulled off at the moment when we were about to apply the screw tighter. The Government made a mistake in the conference, took men, some of whom are actually guilty of the murder of my police."

"Ulster will have to fight sooner or later, and if I were there I would fight now."

Recommends Two Years In Prison For Rum Runners

U. S. Federal Officer Says Punishment for Booze Smugglers Not Severe Enough.

Washington, Nov. 21—Prohibition director David H. Morris, in reporting today to Commissioner Hayes, took up the question of liquor reaching the United States from Canada via Mexico.

"Whiskey is shipped from Canada to Mexico as medicine," he said, "and is smuggled into this country for bootlegging purposes. Run-runners travel in high-powered cars, with women companions and perhaps several trips before being caught and then go free by paying maximum fines. This will be stopped by amending the federal smugglers' law."

Mr. Morris recommended federal legislation governing smuggling across the Mexican border which would put run-runners on the same basis with merchandise smugglers, which is subject to a two-years' prison sentence.

Montreal Had Series of Burglaries And Hold-ups Saturday

One Clothing Store Robbed of \$13,000 Worth of Goods—One Jewelry Haul.

Montreal, Nov. 21—A series of burglaries and hold-ups are reported by the police over the week-end. Burglaries broke into the plant of Deutch Bros. and after smashing through five doors and removing part of the rear wall, made off with 280 suits and twenty-six rolls of cloth valued at about \$13,000.

A man who slept Saturday night in the Mountain Street Methodist church, held up the caretaker when he opened the doors on Sunday morning, and after locking up with a small group, made good his escape.

Dominique Cerouchi was attacked and severely beaten by four men last night on Church street. His assailants got away with \$10 and Dominique's hat.

Thieves stole \$4,000 worth of jewelry from the home of Mrs. Frank Lohale this morning.

BRITAIN OPPOSED TO TREATIES THAT ARE AGAINST ANY NATIONS' INTERESTS

Washington, Nov. 21—The present British attitude on the question of the Anglo-Japanese alliance, British spokesmen declared today, is not different from that recently expressed by Lloyd George, who said it would not be proper to say to Japan: "You stood by us during the war, but we don't need you now, good-bye." The British emphasized in this connection, however, that the prime minister also declared this did not mean Great Britain would continue the treaty against the interests of any nation, and certainly not against the United States as there was no other country with which Great Britain so strongly desired to act.

SIR GEORGE FOSTER GREETED BY LARGE AND ENTHUSIASTIC CROWDS AT TWO MEETINGS IN MONCTON

Irish Prisoners On Hunger Strike

Dealt With the Tariff and Ry. Questions and Policies of Three Parties.

NO TIME TO TRY EXPERIMENTS

Advices People to Choose for Their Leader Pre. Meighen Whose Works Are Known.

Moncton, N. B., Nov. 21—Sir George E. Foster, addressed two meetings here this afternoon and evening, being greeted by large and enthusiastic audiences. The afternoon meeting was especially for women and, notwithstanding Sir George did not arrive in Moncton until early five o'clock, a large number of women remained at the meeting called for 3.30 to hear him. Mrs. R. P. Dickson, and Mrs. A. J. Legere, president and vice-president of the Women's National Liberal and Conservative Association, presided. Sir George's address to the women lasted little more than half an hour in which time he dealt with the tariff and railway questions.

Trouble Ahead For Canadian Farmers Says Manning Doherty

Can Only be Averted by Overcoming Inefficiency of Present Marketing Methods.

Toronto, Nov. 21—Hon. Manning Doherty, Minister of Agriculture, Ontario, sees trouble ahead for Canadian farmers if measures are not taken to overcome the inefficiency of present methods of marketing their products. "We are in the midst of a world-wide war for markets," he declared tonight, in addressing the Young Men's Canadian Club. Only through the development of strong co-operative marketing agencies, sufficiently powerful to force grading and reliable standardization of quality, could Canadian agriculture hope to meet the competition of other producing countries where co-operative organizations were already in operation, said Mr. Doherty.

The agricultural industry of the country was passing through the most critical period of its history. The situation was made worse by reason of the drift to the cities. Eastern Canada was feeling the strain "but in Western Canada is going to take government assistance in order to keep the farmers on the farms during another year."

Motorman Arrested Charged With Doing Bodily Harm To Wife

Became Angry Over Money Matter and Flogged Better Half With Cane.

Hallfax, N. S., Nov. 21—Charles Hardy, of Number 1 North Albert street, motorman, was arrested tonight, charged with doing grievous bodily harm to his wife. According to the wife's story, told to the police matron, Hardy being angry over a money matter made his better half divest herself of her garments and proceeded to beat her with a cane. When Hardy began to hit too hard she fled in a raincoat to the neighbors.

Sixty-Four Moplah Prisoners Died From Suffocation

Occurred While Being Transferred in Closed Ry. Carriage from Tieurur to Bellory

London, Nov. 21—Sixty-four of one hundred Moplah prisoners died with suffocation while being transferred in a closed railroad wagon from Tieurur to Bellory, in the Madras presidency of India, according to a dispatch to the Daily Mail from Madras.

The government has ordered an inquiry and Mohammedans have telegraphed representations to the British and Earl Cromer, who is head of the personal staff of the Prince of Wales now in India.

PREMIER OPENS HIS CAMPAIGN IN TWIN CITIES

Prepared to Meet His Accusers on Any and All Grounds, He Declares.

OPPOSITION NOT UNITED ON POLICY

For Canada to Abandon the Protective Principle Would be Folly and Madness.

Fort William, Ont., Nov. 21—Canadian Press Staff Correspondent—The opening of what will probably be the most strenuous period of Mr. Meighen's election campaign was featured by two large meetings in the Twin Cities of Fort William and Port Arthur tonight. The Premier spoke first in the city hall at Fort William, going from there to the Armouries at Port Arthur, where several thousand people were waiting to hear him. "I am here to meet our accusers on any and all grounds, and perhaps carry the war into Africa a little as well," the Premier said.

The Autocrat Jibe

"What are these accusations, what are the articles of indictment?" he asked. "Mr. King says I am an intolerable autocrat, who won't supply him with information, and also that I am an usurper."

"Can you think of any humbug, more transparent?" the Premier asked, in arguing that he held office of a good right as Premier Drury of Ontario and Premier Taschereau of Quebec.

Premier Meighen said that parties must unite on a policy and follow that policy in every section of the country or responsible Government was gone. In the Opposition camps men were running on widely varying programmes to suit the section of the community in which they happened to be located.

For Canada to abandon the protective principle would be folly and madness, the Premier declared. His platform implied no change in the tariff policy at present being followed by the Government. The demand for a change in Canada's tariff policy came not from the Government, but those who were opposing the Government.

Laurier Tariff

The tariff of Sir Wilfrid Laurier was in force today, save for some reductions on certain items, and an increase in the duty on apples. "Over half of Mr. King's candidates are running on platforms which are precisely opposite to their leader's pledged platform," declared the Premier.

Consequently, he argued, if Mr. King was returned to power there must inevitably result a "black betrayal," of one half of the people who had voted to make him Prime Minister.

"Hon. T. A. Crerar is just about a second Mr. King," Mr. Meighen said, in contending that the Progressive leader was not standing for a free trade policy, though declaring that protection was morally wrong and economically unwise. "His trimming his sails like all the rest. He's circling round generalities and avoiding the definite undertakings of his platform," said the Premier.

Mr. Crerar and his followers are just "pettersoning" this campaign on Mr. King's," he said.

Positive Policy

"I want to say a little here on matters of positive policy," the Premier said.

"That is something Mackenzie King didn't give us," shouted a man in the audience.

"I'm quite sure he didn't," replied the Premier.

He went on to discuss what the government had done in regard to deep waterways development. The question on development of power and navigation on the St. Lawrence has, on the initiative of the government, been referred to the Deep Waterways Commission, and engineers were now engaged in preliminary work along these lines. It was the intention of the government to continue this so that when the time came for definite steps to be taken the preliminary work would be done.

Grain Profits

Turning to a discussion of the grain question, Mr. Meighen reiterated his charge that profits gained from handling grain of the Western farmers had been used for political propaganda in newspapers. It was a great advantage for a political leader to be the head of a number of grain companies, he said. He was not attacking Mr. Crerar personally, but the Farmer leader seemed to think that he and his party must be treated with "honeyed words," while they (the Progressives) on their side were using what they could gather against the government.

reaches a definite agreement. Her choice is not our concern. It is entirely a matter for the American government. Our shipbuilding programmes have never been directed against America, and to that also we are glad to be able to testify by deeds, as well as by words."

The Daily News says the Government's decision is "a very wise and seemingly one."