bear fruit until 1870, when the school taxation commenced to supply them with means wherewith to educate the youth of the city. The school tax is a charge upon real property and while the city is bound to collect it, the Commissioners expend it making an annual report of their doings to the City Council which appoints half of the Board the Quebec Government the other. The Commissioners to-day have established in the city a High School for Boys and one for Girls, a Preparatory High School, Prince Arthur, Berthelot Street, Sherbrooke Street, Ann Street, Luke Street Schools, the British and Canadian School, Grace Church School, the Point St. Charles School, the Hochelags School, and other schools supplying the common school wants of the city in every particular. The High Schools are self-supporting, from fees. The others as is the case with the Catholic common schools, are supported by taxation.

Protestant Universities, being secular, are more public in their operation than their Catholic confreres. They comprise McGill University, the first endowment of which was by James McGill, now of historic memory, and which has been successively patronized by the late William Molson, Mr. Peter Redpath, Sir Donald A. Smith, and others all of whom gave substantial aid to the University. The Faculties of Medicine, Arts, Science and Law, are all excellent, and the stamp of Sir William Dawson, Principal of the University has made it famous. The Presbyterian, Wesleyan and Congregational Colleges are affiliated with the University, and each has its college buildings in close proximity to the University.

Bishop's College, Lennoxville, has its School of Medicine in Montreal, under Dr. F. W. Campbell, Dean.

The Anglican Diocesan College, which is affiliated with McGill University, is situated on Dorchester Street, near the Windsor Hotel, and has a Principal and five Professors.





