

" from which ship he was immediately transferred to the *Nottingham*  
" forming part of Boscawen's fleet for Louisbourg.

" After a year in her he joined the *Devonshire*, but three months  
" later was appointed to the *Prince* and in her went out to the Mediter-  
" ranean. Rear Admiral Saunders, one of Anson's old Centurions, hoisted  
" his flag in her, and the interest he showed in Jervis seems to point to  
" more than an appreciation on his part of the connection between his  
" lieutenant and his old chief. For some years after this date, Jervis  
" followed the fortunes of Saunders. He moved into the Culloden with  
" him; he was lent by him to the *Experiment*, whose captain was inva-  
" lided, and commanded her in a sharp action with a French privateer  
" off Cape Gata in March 1757. He returned to the flag ship in June,  
" followed Saunders to the *St. George*, and in May 1758, when Saunders  
" was superseded, he returned to England in the *Foudroyant*, 80, a prize  
" and, both then and for many years after, one of the finest two-deckers  
" in the British navy. Jervis we have seen was not without interest, and  
" 1759 was no time for a man with a friend at headquarters to be un-  
" employed. On the 15th January, he joined the *Neptune*, flag-ship of  
" Vice-Admiral Charles Saunders in his memorable expedition to Canada.  
" He was appointed by the commander-in-chief acting commander of the  
" 14 gun sloop *Porcupine*, and in her on the 9th July led the transports  
" past the batteries of Quebec. Wolfe himself, who had been a school-  
" fellow of Jervis at Greenwich, went up with him in the *Porcupine*. He  
" was much struck with the ability and character of the young seaman,  
" to whom, as the story goes, he imparted his last trust. He had a  
" strong presentiment that he should fall in the coming battle, and to  
" Jervis he confided a message to the lady he was to have married: as  
" Jervis was shortly afterwards transferred to the *Scorpion* and sent  
" home with despatches, there is every probability that he delivered the  
" message in person. (1) "

#### MONTCALM'S TOMB.

A view of the interior of the Chapel of the Ursuline Convent is given  
in which the remains of the Marquis de Montcalm were deposited on the  
24 of Sept. 1759.

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(1) It would appear that the message was delivered by Captain Bell.  
See note to portrait of Miss Lowther.