
reading to all Parliamentarians having both the time and interest.¹ For the convenience of the majority too pressed to read the full brief, the Introduction and Summary, and the Recommendations are attached as an appendix to this report. Preparation of the brief was time-consuming but worthwhile.

5. B. *Assistance Overseas*

During this period we went beyond our continued exchange of documents and provided direct professional assistance. Miss Olive Gouthreau of our Reference Branch was seconded to the Canadian International Development Agency to organize, and instruct a successor to maintain, the documents collection of the Library of the University of the West Indies in Jamaica. The period of this useful service was from October 1, 1968, to September 30, 1969.

5. C. *Assistance to Educational Institutions*

As usual, during 1968, two graduate Library School students from the University of Toronto, and two from the University of Ottawa did their two weeks practice work with us. In March, 1969, two more graduate students of the University of Toronto were accepted for the same purpose. The Parliamentary Librarian lectured at the University of Toronto School of Library Science in February, 1969, other staff members lectured at the Library School of the University of Ottawa. In March, 1969, the Parliamentary Librarian gave an informal lecture of Professors and students visiting from the University of Vermont.

5. D. *Non-Parliamentary Foreign Exchanges*

This library continues to receive bulk shipments of scientific material from foreign sources including the United States and Denmark, and those not required for Parliament are forwarded to other, primarily departmental, libraries.

5. E. *Inter-Library Loan*

All types of libraries called on us for help, and some 458 loans were made in 1968/69 to university, public, special, and government libraries both in Canada and the United States. This is an increase of 138 over 1967/68.

5. F. *Miscellaneous*

Assistance was given to three "task forces", on Educational Television, on Government Information, and on Labour Relations; three Royal Commissions, on Bilingualism and Biculturalism, on the Cost of Farm Machinery, and on the Status of Women; to the new Prices and Wages Commission; to Quebec's Commission d'étude sur l'intégrité du Territoire; to the Science Secretariat; to the Parliamentary Centre for Foreign Affairs & Foreign Trade. We also continued our traditional assistance to members of the Foreign Diplomatic Corps.

¹ The Senate of Canada, Proceedings of the Special Committee on Science Policy, No. 42, April 30, 1969, pp. 5550-5624.