

- 1660 - French founded Placentia
- 1696 - French capture St. John's
- 1713 - French agree to abandon all territorial claims in Newfoundland and St. Pierre and Miquelon by terms of the Treaty of Utrecht. Right to cure fish on the south shore was continued.
- 1763 - By the Treaty of Paris St. Pierre and Miquelon were returned to France.
- 1813 - First land grants made for farming purposes
- 1832 - Representative Assembly established
- 1854 - Responsible Government granted
- 1857 -- Abortive endeavour on the part of the United Kingdom government to grant certain new fishing rights to the French. Serious opposition offered by Newfoundland, and treaty was not concluded.
- 1881 - First railway built
- 1883 - First Bait Act passed forbidding capture of bait fish by foreigners and forbidding its sale to foreigners.
- 1889 - Manhood Suffrage Established
- 1904 - Establishment of Entente Cordiale results in withdrawal of French from south coast.
- 1905 - Foreign Fishing Vessels Act passed
- 1910 - Hague Tribunal Award upholds right of Newfoundland to control shore fisheries in face of United States protests.
- 1914 - First contingent of Newfoundland soldiers (500) go overseas (Oct. 4, 1914)