

tion of statistical data on the insane has been definitely decided upon. At the annual meeting of the American Medico-Psychological Association held in New York in 1917, a committee which had been appointed in 1913 submitted a report recommending the adoption of a classification of mental diseases to be used by all institutions.

The following classification of mental diseases was recommended and adopted by the Association:

1. Traumatic psychoses:

- (a) Traumatic delirium.
- (b) Traumatic constitution.
- (c) Post-traumatic mental enfeeblement (dementia).

2. Senile psychoses:

- (a) Simple deterioration.
- (b) Presbyopnrenic type.
- (c) Delirious and confused types.
- (d) Depressed and agitated states in addition to deterioration.
- (e) Paranoid types.
- (f) Pre-senile types.

3. Psychoses with cerebral arteriosclerosis.

4. General paralysis.

5. Psychoses with cerebral syphilis.

6. Psychoses with Huntington's chorea.

7. Psychoses with brain tumor.

8. Psychoses with other brain or nervous diseases. The following are the more frequent affections and should be specified in the diagnosis:

Cerebral embolism.

Paralysis agitans.

Meningitis, tuberculous or other forms (to be specified).

Multiple sclerosis.

Tabes.

Acute chorea.

Other conditions (to be specified).

9. Alcoholic psychoses:

- (a) Pathological intoxication.
- (b) Delirium tremens.
- (c) Korsakow's psychosis.
- (d) Acute hallucinations.
- (e) Chronic hallucinations.
- (f) Acute paranoid type.