

was right. The truth is that during the eighteen years that she enjoyed the blessings of self-government her progress in prosperity was without a parallel, and the English began to be alarmed because they feared a commercial rival. If Ireland had a Government of its own its inhabitants would not yearly cross the wide Atlantic in search of employment because it would be in a position to develop its own resources. It certainly would not pass an act against its woolen trade, it would encourage the fisheries industry. It would compel the attendance of its aristocracy which spends annually millions of money in London; and in a word, an Irish Legislature would naturally look to the interests of Ireland. The English people, who are frank and generous, if they knew that the Irish really desired Home Rule would, we have no doubt, let them have it; for the present seething mass of disaffection in Ireland is a living menace to the British Empire. Home Rule is the mean between centralization and separation. If centralization be insisted on the separatists will in the event of an opening presenting itself carry the heart of the country with them, and they will have logic and reason to keep them. They will say—"here is this country governed by an executive which is not Irish—here is an Irish Catholic nation in which three fourths of the magistrates are Protestants and the whole of the government in the hands of English and Scotch men, who naturally look more to their own places than to the land over which they rule. Why are not Isaac Butt and A. M. Sullivan and O'Connor Power, the elected choice of the people, called upon to govern the people. Why does not Ireland have a Roman Catholic lord lieutenant? So long as Irish Catholics are refused the rights and privileges allowed their Protestant fellow countrymen so long will they be disaffected and small blame to them. The English ruling classes can no longer ignore the fact that Ireland, not an Irish faction or party, but the Irish nation has spoken and demanded Home Rule by the majority of their representatives. They at the last general election sent sixty representatives to demand Home Rule, and if a more just election law were established, would send not sixty but one hundred and five members. So that there can no longer be any mistake as regards the wish of the Irish nation.

Another objection brought forward by portions of the English press is—"oh these people are insatiable, nothing can satisfy them, we have emancipated them, we have disestablished our darling church to please them and now they insolently turn to govern themselves." And why not? If a man owes his neighbour a hundred dollars will the neighbour be content with \$50. It was a disgrace that emancipation were ever required, and the infidelity of a Protestant Church on Catholic Ireland was a wrong.

Home Rule is not a luxury that the people demand, it is an absolute necessity. If almost half of the people of an ancient Kingdom leave its beautiful home in quest of a living in a new world there must have been something wrong. If the one seventh of a people die of famine in a fertile fruitful land, and in one year there must be something wrong. The Irish are a domestic and virtuous people and do not willingly leave their hearths and homes without a sufficient cause. If England grant the national wish she need not be afraid of Germany or Russia, or the States, or of any nation on earth, because her right arm will be free to strike and defend her. If on the contrary she do not recognize the signs of the times and comply, there is no nation so poor or so mean as to do her reverence. We do not, at the same time threaten, we simply advise.

CAPTAIN KIRWAN'S MISSION TO CANADA.

The psalmist said that "labour overcometh everything." It is in politics what faith is in religion—a power that can move mountains. The testimony of all history proves that earnest men can accomplish almost anything, and that Richelieu was not much astray when he said that the lexicography of youth should contain "no such word as fail." It is to the "must succeeds" that the world owes the most brilliant chapters in its history. "Must!" proves the power of the will and triumphs over difficulties before which the weak or tottering bow in humiliated defeat. In great undertakings men should never think of the present—but look steadfastly to the future, and guide heart and hand in the direction of what is to be, nay what must be accomplished. To the Irishmen of the Dominion of Canada, this exhortation has at present a peculiar significance. The time is come, when they must pronounce an opinion upon the great question of Home Rule for Ireland. There is now a crisis in the history of the old land. At this moment to be silent is to abandon the old cause, and to admit that the Irish residents in the Dominion—enjoying as they do the blessings of Constitutional and responsible government, have ceased to think of their kindred at home. But this is not so. The attendance at the lecture given in Montreal by Captain Kirwan, the Chief Secretary of the Home Rule Confederation in Great Britain, proves that this is not so. For the lecture itself we refer to our second page, but we are now more seriously concerned with the graver question of organizing branches of the Home Rule movement throughout the Dominion. This is we believe one of the objects of Captain Kirwan's visit amongst us. He is here to work in the interest of the Home Rule cause. His services are at the command of all who in sympathy pin Home Rule for Ireland to their political creed. In Canada there should be at least twenty branches of the Home Rule League, for every tabor of the Irish given abroad sends pleasurable emotion through the current of political life at home. The time for speculation is past; the day of action is come. Every man is required at his post, and with an earnest will to direct and encourage the friends of Ireland wherever found. We feel assured that Captain Kirwan's mission will be a success, and that when he returns to Ireland he will be warranted in saying that here—in this free land—the Irish people, one and all stood by the old flag, and are loyal to the principles of the Home Rule League.

Mr. Joly is mentioned as successor in the Cabinet to Mr. Furnier.

FATHER MURPHY ON PAPAL INFALLIBILITY.

On the evening of Monday 18th inst., Father Murphy delivered in the Mechanics' Hall and to a vast audience his second lecture on Papal Infallibility. Our readers are aware that his first lecture delivered last January evoked a considerable quantity of criticism, principally from the patrons of our friend the *Daily Witness*; to a review of this criticism Father Murphy's second lecture is devoted. This second lecture is, we think, the most powerful exposition of the answers to objections against the Papal Infallibility that has yet appeared. It is like everything of Father Murphy's beautifully eloquent, and scholastically refined; but it evidences powers of incisive criticism and trenchant sarcasm on which the Rev. gentleman never called, in his lectures, before, and the possession of which our friend the *Daily Witness* is likely to remember. In our next week's issue we shall present our readers with extracts from this magnificent lecture. But in the meantime we announce that the lecture itself is now for sale in pamphlet form at the store of Messrs D. & J. Sadlier & Co., 275 Notre Dame street. We earnestly advise all our readers to procure a copy.

A PROCLAMATION!

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

All those indebted to the *True Witness* for subscription, advertising, &c., are hereby **GAUIONED** against paying money on account of the *True Witness* to any one whose name is not on the Proprietor, Mr. JOHN GILLIES, or his duly authorized Agents. Payments made to any other person will be regarded as unauthorized. Mr. GILLIES having been Proprietor of the *True Witness* since the year 1862.

RE-OPENING.

On Sunday last the Catholic Church at Seaford, Ont., was reopened for divine service. The Church was closed for the past few months, for the purpose of plastering and otherwise finishing it. The Catholics of Seaford and vicinity have every reason to be proud of their Church—it is, indeed, a beautiful building; the style is gothic, the material is brick with stone trimmings; it is finished in the most substantial manner; the interior presents a beautiful appearance; the wall is plastered to imitate stone, and the ceiling is formed of polished oak tastefully arranged; the windows are of stained glass; the organ is a fine one; the Church is heated by furnaces from the basement. Much credit is due to our beloved Pastor, the Very Rev. Dean Murphy, under whose fostering care the Church was completed. The ceremonies commenced at eleven A.M., by the blessing of the Church by His Lordship the Right Rev. Bishop of London, after which solemn High Mass was sung by the Pastor, Rev. Father O'Shea, of Goderich, acting as Deacon; the Rev. Father McGrath, of Irishtown, Sub-Deacon; and the Rev. Father Darragh, Master of Ceremonies. After the first gospel, His Lordship preached an eloquent sermon on the sacrifice of the mass, and the real presence. Rev. Father Ouellette led the choir, which was augmented by those of Irishtown and Stratford. Miss McDonald presided at the organ. In consequence of the inclement state of the weather, the attendance was not so large as it would otherwise have been; a collection was taken up to defray the expenses recently incurred, and a large sum was obtained. After mass His Lordship administered Confirmation to a number of children. In the evening at four o'clock, there was solemn Vespers, Benediction, and a sermon by Rev. Father O'Neil, of Kinkora.

Irishtown, Oct. 18th, 1875.

OBITUARY.

Died, in Prescott, on Thursday, October 14th in his 82nd year, William James Scott, Esq., M. D., Registrar of the County of Grenville and father of the Hon. R. W. Scott, Senator and Secretary of State for Canada.

Descended from an influential family in the County of Clare, he received his education under the care of his grand father, Dr. McLachlin, of Dublin. He served on the medical staff in the Peninsula war, being attached to Lord Hill's division of the army, and was present at Salamanca, Vittoria, Badajoz and the other great battles of the campaign. In the year 1814 he came to Canada and was stationed for some time at Quebec, Kingston and Fort Wellington, Prescott. In the year 1817 he retired from the army and soon after married Sarah Macdonnell, daughter of the late Captain Allan Macdonnell, of the King's Royal Yorkers, then living at Matilda.

For 57 years they have lived together in all the enjoyment of domestic life, and to-day the disconsolate widow and her family have the earnest and heartfelt sympathy of all, far and near. In May, 1818 Dr. Scott entered the employment of the North-West Company and remained for nearly four years in the "Great Lone Land," spending a winter at Cumberland House. His memory of the interesting events of his early life remained fresh to the end. Having taken up his permanent residence in Prescott in the year 1824, he devoted himself, with all the energy of his noble and self-denying heart, to the practice of his profession. The heart rending scenes of 1832 and 1847, when thousands of poor Irish immigrants lay dying, alone and forsaken, were well calculated to try men's souls. Then was it that the sterling christian charity of Dr. Scott shone forth in all its beauty; then it was, that he laid aside all self, and devoted all his time, and even life itself, to the caring for the poor lonely afflicted exiles, far away from home and friends day and night, and often with no one to lend a helping hand, he tenderly nursed and cared for those poor strangers, in a strange land, and many and fervent were the blessings poured upon his head. Surely if charity, pure and simple, is of any avail, Dr. Scott has received his reward in a better world.

Quietly and unostentatiously he has passed through life, beloved by all, envied by none. His life was one of beautiful, exquisite and tender charity. He had a conscience void of offense towards God, and he lived without censure before his fellow-men, blamelessness of life, inoffensiveness of spirit and heart, great respect for all, and a tender love of home and family, were the special characteristics of the lamented deceased.

Without pain, and as if gently touched by the hand of a spirit, saying "Come up hither," surrounded by his loving wife and children, and fortified by the Sacraments of Holy Church, he gently yielded up his spirit into the hands of his Creator.

May his soul rest in peace. Amen.

CRIME IN ONTARIO.—The prevalence of crime in the Province is best illustrated by the heavy criminal dockets in the Assizes. In Toronto the docket contains six cases of homicide, three of rape, five of forgery, three of bigamy, one of shooting with intent to kill, and eight cases of burglary, stealing from the person, and larceny, besides other cases of less magnitude. It is to be hoped in the interests of the public that in cases where convictions are obtained the heaviest possible penalties will be inflicted. —*Kingston News.*

On Saturday last, the Hon. Mr. Huntington was sworn in as Postmaster General.

LITERATURE.

THE BIBLE AND THE RULE OF FAITH.—By the Abbe Louis Nazaire Beggs. Translated from the French by G. M. Ward. (Mrs. Pennes). Quebec: John Barrow, London: Burns and Oates.

"The Bible and the Rule of Faith" is the title of a very valuable work by the Abbe Beggs, Doctor of Theology in the Laval University. This work was first published in French, but has recently been translated into English by Mrs. Pennes, a sister of Dr. Ward, the editor and proprietor of the *Dublin Review*. We welcome with pleasure, the appearance of this valuable and learned work in our own language, as it is calculated to solve many important questions for those who are outside of the Church and are earnestly seeking the truth.

The style is clear and agreeable, and the translator has succeeded in giving us a faithful translation in good English of the original. The work is divided into three parts. The first part treats of the rule of faith, in general, in which it is shown that reason, left to itself, is not sufficient to enable man to attain his destiny, hence a guide or rule of faith is necessary. The characteristics of a rule of faith are explained and finally the true rule of faith established by our Blessed Saviour himself.

The second part treats of the Protestant rule of faith. Here the learned author shows clearly its insufficiency as also the different contradictions which it contains. The third part is devoted to the Catholic rule of faith. The truth is presented in a clear and forcible manner, yet throughout the book there is a spirit of kindness and courtesy and evidently an ardent desire in the mind of the amiable and gifted author to make the truth known and to obtain the salvation of those who are in error.

"The Bible and the Rule of Faith" is a valuable work and one which we would wish to see widely circulated, as it will prove, no doubt, an instrument in the hands of God of producing good practical results among those outside the fold who are sincere in their inquiries after religious truth. It is equally useful to Catholics at large, as it will enable them to defend our holy religion against the attacks of its enemies. This book is, beyond doubt, a very valuable acquisition to our English Catholic religious literature, and will well repay a careful study of its contents. We hope ere long to see other works from the pen of the same Reverend author and we congratulate both him and the translator on their success and pray that God may bless their zealous labours for the spread of truth and the honour of our holy religion.

DOMINION ITEMS.

The Archbishop of Quebec, at present engaged in his pastoral visit throughout his diocese, goes to Rimouski, on the 4th November, to consecrate the new college there.

On Sunday last, Mgr. Persico administered the following orders at the Basilica—Deacons: Messrs J. E. Parent and J. B. N. Parent, of the Archdiocese of Quebec; Priest—Mr. J. E. Roy, of Quebec.

The anniversary service for the late Archbishop Baillargeon was held on Tuesday morning at the Basilica, Archbishop Tachereau officiating, assisted by the Rev. Abbes Hamel, V. G., and Laliberte of the Archdiocese.

Pembroke, Oct. 15.—The Roman Catholic jubilee began yesterday here. The procession took place at 10 a. m., before service, a large crowd being in attendance. Everything passed off quietly. Father St. Lawrence of Ottawa preached.

In the course of the excavation now being made for the enlargement of St. Matthew's chapel, Quebec, the contractor's men have discovered the remains of a brother of Sir Walter Scott, Paymaster in the 74th Highlanders, who died in that city on the 7th February, 1823. The bones are to be carefully re-interred.

Lighthouse Burned.—Some time ago, the lighthouse at Bic, one of the most important on the river, accidentally took fire through the bursting of one of the revolving lamps. All the woodwork of the structure was destroyed, and the keeper and his wife had a narrow escape with their lives.

THE SUPREME COURT.—Chief Justice Richards has already entered on his duties at Ottawa, making arrangements for opening offices of the Supreme Court.

The Bank of Montreal has imported 100,000 sovereigns.

TRADE OF MONTREAL.—The number of vessels which arrived at Montreal this year shows an increase of 7,000 tons compared with any previous year. The business of the port financially shows a deficiency of \$21,500 this year, owing to the general depression in trade.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS.—Value of goods entered the Dominion for consumption, exclusive of British Columbia, during August, \$10,442,863. Duty collected thereon, \$1,199,558.21. Exports for the same month \$82,848,009.

The Nichols—father and son—who were in confinement in Jacksonville jail, Fla., for absconding with funds belonging to the Bank of Commerce, have been released from custody.

Four men were severely injured by the fall of a scaffolding from the new Catholic Church in Lansdowne on the 6th.

Since the 21st of September 279,930 bushels of barley have been shipped from Toronto to the States valued at \$297,882.

True bills were found against the three men who beat Burke, the commercial traveller, to death in Toronto.

The Toronto Police Magistrate is blamed by the *Globe* for much of the crime of that city because of the light penalties which he inflicts, and an explanation is demanded.

PRESCOTT, Oct. 15.—Mr. W. J. Scott, father of the Secretary of State, died yesterday at the age of eighty-five years. Deceased had formerly held the position of a surgeon in the British Army, and served during Peninsular campaign under Wellington. Shortly after the close of the war, the late Mr. Scott came with his family to Canada, and for most of the time resided either in Prescott or Bytown, as Ottawa was formerly called.

TIMELY WARNING.—The Chief of Police at Chicago has circulated information through the Dominion to the effect that several parties have started for Canada on a "swindling expedition" in the way of selling patent rights, getting up stock companies, receiving notes for interest in the same, and then of course decamping, leaving their victims in the lurch. The public must be watchful against such impostors, and doubtless the recent experience of those who have been badly bitten by "patent churn" or "surgical needle" Yankees will teach them to be wary.

A very important meeting of Catholics has been held at La Salle Institute, Toronto, for the purpose of taking steps to reward the police force for the protection given the Catholic procession recently. Hon. Mr. Fraser occupied the chair, and there was a large representation of laymen and clergymen. Eulogistic speeches were delivered about the courage of the police in facing the mob, and it was admitted that if it had not been for police protection a dreadful riot would have occurred. The speakers said that, in consequence, the Catholics of Toronto were protected in the enjoyment of their religious duties. At the close of the proceedings a subscription list was opened, and sums ranging from \$20 to \$100 were handed in for the object in view. Upwards of \$7,000 were raised, and promises given of more.

CANADIAN HAY FOR LONDON AND GLASGOW.—The S.S. "Thames" of the Temperley Line, takes over to London 240 bales of hay, on account of C. Sweeney, of this city, and the sailing ship, "Lake Michigan," of the Beaver Line, has on board 30 tons for Glasgow, shipped by W. Gunn. About 40s. sterling per ton is paid for carriage. The "Lake Michigan" left port Saturday afternoon on her third voyage.—*Witness.*

CROPS IN MANITOBA.—Advices from all parts of Manitoba, where crops were raised, are of the most flattering character, the returns being much greater than was in every case anticipated. In some localities, where only a few were found courageous enough to plant, for fear the grasshoppers would eat everything, the crops have been most satisfactory, and have done much to confirm the idea that people were too much frightened. The *Winnipeg Standard* finds the belief prevalent that we have seen the last of the pest for some years if not for ever.

FREDERICTON, N.B., Oct. 13.—The temporary Railway bridge over the Tobique river broke down about 5 o'clock last evening while four cars loaded with rails were being pushed over by a locomotive. The cars and locomotive fell to the river bed, 25 feet. The hands on the locomotive seeing the bridge going saved themselves by jumping off. The men on the cars went down with the wreck. John McDonald was killed at once. Conductor Weston, son of Capt. David Weston, Daniel Babbitt, John Yerra, Wm. Lawrence, and a man named Rushbrook received injuries. Babbitt has a thigh broken, received injuries to the knee-pan, and his face is much cut. Weston received severe injuries to the back but the doctor says no bones are broken. Yerra lost two fingers and is much bruised. Rushbrook was severely bruised, and Lawrence had his collar-bone broken. McDonald's body was found last night. It is believed here that this is the first train that has been driven across the weak structure by a locomotive—the construction cars having heretofore being pushed over singly by men; and it is believed that great recklessness has been the cause of the accident.

INSPECTORS OF WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.—An order in Council passed 15th inst., appoints the following Inspectors of Weights and Measures in Quebec Province:—Hull Division—Adelbert Quesnel, Hull; Hull Division—Patrick Lynch, Chapenau. Montreal—Ovide Fautaux, St. Jean Baptiste, Montreal; Step. J. Quinn, Montreal; Dan. Lyons, Montreal; Louis W. F. Roy, Sault au Recollet; Laval—Hector Lalonde, Montreal; Chambly—Elzear Lamoureux, Contrecoeur; Joliette—Jean L. B. Desrochers, Joliette; Terrebonne—Thos. Lamb, St. Andrews; Richelieu—Adolphe Senecal, Princeville Village; Berthier—Alfred Coutie, Berthier *en haut*; St. Hyacinthe—F. L. Desrivieres, St. Damase; Missisquoi—Benj. A. Haskel, Waterloo, Q.; Iberville—Jean M. Lanier, St. George de Henryville; Beauharnois—Chas. De Witt, Chateaugay, Sherbrooke; Henry T. Pennoyer, Compton; Three Rivers—Louis Adolphe Lord, Yamachiche, Champlain—Honore A. Cinqmars, St. Edouard de Lotbiniere; Lotbiniere—Henry Quebec de St. George, Cap Sante, Quebec; Jaa. Gergoire, Quebec, and Edmund Dubord, Quebec; Montmorency—Telephore Laire, Point-aux-Trembles, Belchasse—Francois Lamontagne, St. Gervais Drummond, Philippe N. Paudet, St. Norbert; Saguenay, Henry Simard, Malbaie Montmagny, Noel Nadeau, Cape St. Ignace; Kamouraska, J. O. Chamberland, St. Philippe de Nere; Rimouski, Didier Ouellet, Bic; Gaspé, Gilbert Michaud, Moner; Labradar, N. Grenier, Baie St. Paul; Beauce, J. B. Mercier, St. Joseph Beauce.

ET'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—*Civil Service Gazette.* Made simply with Boiling Water or Milk.—Sold only in Packets labelled—"JAMES EPPS & Co., Homoeopathic Chemist, 48, Threadneedle Street, and 170, Piccadilly, Works, Euston Road and Camden Town, London."

REMITTANCES RECEIVED.

Mile End, Rev J A B, \$2; St. Stanislas de Kostka, J. P. K, 1.50; St. Hermengild, Rev J A D, 2; Lacolle, Rev A T, 2; South Dorou, J R, 2; Vanosta, M K, 2; Chelsea, A C, 2; Perth, J M, 4; Norton Creek, J B, 1.50; Drummondville, Miss A F, 2; Catherine de Foscaumont, J G, 2; Cornwall, Rev F M, 2; St. John N B, J F, 2; Markham, P C, 2; St. Gervais, Rev J N G, 2; Shediac, P J S, 5.82; Baddeck, N S, Miss A D, 1; Sweetburg, M C, 1; St. Eugene, T H, 1.50; St. Andrews, N S, Rev J V McD, 2; Missouche, P E I, J G, 2; Indian River, P E I, D S McL, 1.50; Maritana, D G, 2; Powerscourt, W P, 1.50; J P, 1.50; Lennoxville, C G, 2; North Ham, P J, 2; Pelissier, P P N E P, 2; Grand River, Rev J S, 2; Three Rivers, Very Rev C O C, V G, 1; Fontenoy, T D, 2; Offa, M Q, 6; Pakenham, J H, 2; Renfrew, W K, 2; P D, 2; St. Jean Chrysostome, Miss J McK, 2.
Per D O'S, Picton—J K, 1.
Per P H, Osceola—B O, 2.
Per Rev D F McD, Souris P E I—St Peter's Bay, J P S, 4.
Per A McI, Antigonish—J C, 2; J O B, jr., 2; J O B, 2; M D, 1; J F, 1; Lochaber, Mrs S, 4; J W, 2.
Per D McR, Cornwall—Avenmore, C McR, 2.
Per J O'R, Hastings—J A, 2.

Birth.

In this city, on the 4th inst., Mrs. T. McNally 1247 Colborne street, of a daughter.

Married.

At Eganville, on Wednesday, the 6th of October instant, by the Rev. M. Byrne, P.P., J. F. Dowling, Esq., M.D., of Eganville, graduate of McGill College, Montreal, to Elizabeth, eldest daughter of James Bonfield, Esq., M.P.P. The appearance of the bride excited the admiration of a large number of people comprising all classes, who had congregated to witness the solemn and interesting ceremony in the Parish Church. The altar was expressly ornamented with vases of beautiful flowers. The bride was dressed in rich mauve silk, trimmed with white lace. She wore a long white veil and also a wreath of orange blossoms. The bridesmaids, who were Misses Julia Bonfield and Dowling, were tastefully dressed in white. Messrs. John Bonfield and Patrick Quilly were the bridegroom's best men on the occasion. After the ceremony a number of friends were entertained at breakfast at the bride's father's residence, after which the happy couple proceeded on their wedding tour.

Died.

In this city, on the 14th inst., at his residence, 668 St. Joseph street, Timothy Fogarty, in the 54th year of his age. R.I.P.

In this city, on the 15th inst., at her husband's residence, No. 434 Richmond street, Catherine Farmer, wife of Francis Cox, aged 65 years. R.I.P.

T. J. DOHERTY, B.C.L.,
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Williamstown, Glangarry—Mr. A. McGillis, P. M. Sillery, Quebec—Mr. M. H. O'Ryan.
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Alliston, Ont.—Mr. P. D. Kelly, Notary Public.
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Parish of Mount St. Patrick—Mr. Patrick Fitzgerald.
Ste. Brigid—Mr. W. Donnelly.
Souris, P.E.I.—Mr. James Moynagh, Jr.
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Roblin—Mr. Andrew Donovan.
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Madoc—Mr. Richard Connell.
Marmora—Mr. Michael Connors.
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TO HOUSEKEEPERS.—The attention of heads of families is respectfully invited to the superior quality of *Burnett's Flavoring Extracts*. They are entirely free from the poisonous oils and acids which enter into the composition of many of the factitious fruit flavors now in the market. They are highly concentrated, have all the freshness and delicacy of the fruits from which they are prepared, and are less expensive. Meats, Soups, etc., may be greatly improved by Burnett's Extract of Celery.

MONTREAL WHOLESALE MARKETS.—(Gazette).

Flour 47 bbl. of 196 lb.—Follards.....	\$3.40 @ \$3.60
Superior Extra.....	5.50
Fancy.....	5.10
Spring Extra.....	0.00
Superfine.....	4.70
Extra Superfine.....	5.20
Fine.....	4.30
Strong Bakers'.....	5.25
Middlings.....	4.00
U. C. bag flour, per 100 lbs.....	2.45
City bags, [delivered].....	2.60
Wheat—[Spring].....	0.00
do White Winter.....	1.16
Oatmeal, per bushel of 200 lbs.....	4.75
Corn, per bushel of 32 lbs.....	0.61
Oats.....	0.47
Pease, per 65 lbs.....	0.88
do adroit.....	0.00
Barley, per bushel of 48 lbs L. Canada.....	0.70
do do do U. Canada.....	0.85
Lard, per lbs.....	0.15
do do do palis.....	0.15
Cheese, per lbs.....	0.00
do August & Sept. makes.....	0.10
Pork—New Mess.....	24.00
Thin Mess.....	0.00
Beef—Prime Mess, per barrel.....	15.50
Ashes—Fats.....	4.92
Firsts.....	0.00
Pearls.....	0.00
Butter—Steady. Western at 17c to 20c; Townships, 21c to 22c.....	

TORONTO FARMERS' MARKET.—(Globe).

Wheat, fall, per bush.....	\$1.08	1 10
do spring.....	1.05	1 06
Barley.....	0.70	0 90
Oats.....	0.38	0 00
Rye.....	0.74	0 76
Do.....	0.00	0 00
Dressed hogs per 100 lbs.....	8.00	8 50
Beef, hind-qrs. per lb.....	0.00	0 00
"fore-quarters.....	0.00	0 00
Mutton, by carcass, per lb.....	0.00	0 00
Butter, lb. rolls.....	0.27	0 29
"large rolls.....	0.20	0 24
Eggs, fresh, per doz.....	0.20	0 22
"packed.....	0.18	0 18
Apples, per bbl.....	0.00	2 00
Geece, each.....	0.55	0 75
Turkeys.....	0.70	1 00
Cabbage, per doz.....	0.40	0 00
Onions, per bush.....	0.98	1 60
Turnips, per bush.....	0.20	0 25
Potatoes, per bus.....	0.45	0 55
Hay new.....	17.00	21 00
Straw.....	11.00	12 00

J. H. SEMPLE,
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MONTREAL

May 1st, 1874. 37-52

WANTED. AGENTS in every City, Town and Village in the Dominion to CANVASS for the "TRUE WITNESS." To energetic persons liberal terms will be given. Apply to J. GILLIES, *True Witness* Office, Montreal.

TEACHERS WANTED.—By the School Commissioners of the Township of Allumet Island, THREE SCHOOL TEACHERS. One male holding a first class Elementary Certificate, and two Females Second Class. For particulars apply to DANIEL CAUGHLIN, Chairman, or TERENCE SMITH, Sec-Treas. School Corporation. 10-3

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FOR SALE, an EXCELLENT FARM, known as MOUNT ST. COLUMBA FARM, West Williams, North Middlesex, Ontario, containing 130 acres, all enclosed, of which 110 are well cleared, and in a high state of cultivation, and 20 acres of woodland well timbered, plenty of good water, first class frame buildings, stone wall cellars, under dwelling house, large bearing orchard, and well fenced all around, within a quarter of a mile of the Catholic Parish Church and Separate School; four and a half miles from Park Hill Station on G. T. R. Road; thirteen miles from Strathroy, and twenty-eight miles from London; good gravel roads to and from it. Apply (if by letter, post paid) to the Proprietor on the premises, L. C. MCINTYRE, Barnish P.O., North Middlesex, Ont. 1

NOTICE.
An application will be made at the approaching session of the Legislature of Quebec, on the part of THE CATHOLIC EPISCOPAL CORPORATION of MONTREAL, to obtain a Private Bill for the purpose of authorising the said Corporation to sell an immovable property situate in the Parish of St. Genevieve, District of Montreal, to her given by the Testament of the late M. sire, Louis-Marie LeFevre, late Curate of that Parish, for the purpose of constructing a Hospital.
The said sale is for the effect, of Permitting the Religious Ladies under whose care, according to the said Testament, the said Hospital is to be placed to unite that institution to the Establishment that they already possess in said Parish of St. Genevieve. 2m-10