## Monibs mapartment.

## " COME THIS WAY FATHER."

During a short visit to the sea-shore of our State, some two years since, whth a party of friends, it was preposed one bright afternoon that we should make up a party and go down the harbor on a fishang excursion. We accordingly started, and after sailing about three miles, a young lady of the company declined going farther, und requested us to land her onone of the small islands in the harbor, where she proposed to stay until our return. My litule boy, then about four years old, preferred remaining with her. Accordingly we left them and proceeded some six miles further. We remained out much longer then we intended, and as night approached, a thick fog set in from the sea, entirely enshrouding us. Withous a compass, and not knowing the right direction to steer, we geoped our way along for some houra, until finally we distinguished the breaking of the surf on the rocks of one of the islands, but were at a loss to know which one of them. I stood up in the stern of the boat, where I had been steering, and shouted with all my strength. I limened a moment and heard through the thick fog, and above the breaking of the surf, the sweet voice of my boy calling, " Come this way, father l-stcer straighis for me-I'm here waiting for you !" We steered by that sound, snd soon my little boy leaped to my arms with joy saying, "I know you would hear me, father!" and nestted to sleep on my bosom. The child and the maiden are both sleeping now. They died in two short weeks after the period I refer to, with hardily an interval of time between their desthe. Now tossed on the rough sea of life without compass or guide, enveloped in fog and surrounded by rocks, I seem to hear the sound of that cherub voice calling from the bright shore-" Come this way, father ! stear straigit for mel". When oppressell with sadness I take my way to our quiet cemetery, still, as istand by one little mound, the same muaical voice echoes from thence, "Come this way father $1-\mathrm{I}$ 'm waiting for thee!"

## I rencember a roice

Which once guided may way,
When losi on the sea,
Fog enshrouded 1 lay :
Twas the voice of a child,
As he stuod on the shore-
It sounded out clear
O'er the dark billows roar-
" Come this way, my father!
Here safe on the shore
I am wraiting for thee."
I remember that voice,
'Midst rocks and through breakers
And high dashing spray:
How sweet to my heart
Did it sound from the shore,
As it choed out clear
O'er the dark billows' roar.
"Come this way, my father!
Stecr straight for me:
Here safe on the shore
I am waiting for thee."
I remember my juy.
When I held w iny breast
The form of that dear one,
And soothed it to rest:
For the tones of my child-
"I called you dear father.
And knew yon would hear
The voice of your darling
Far a'er the dark sea,
While sate on the shore
I was wailing for thee."
That voice notr is hushed
Which then guided my way :
The form I then preased
Is now mingling with clay
But the rones of my chile
Sill sound in my car.
"I an calling sou, father!
O, can you not hear
The roice of yodr darling
As you roms on life's sca?
For on a bright shore
I am waiting for theo."
I remember that voice :
In iqingy a lone hour
It peeske to my heart
With freah boiuty and power
And still cchoes fur out
Orar lifóa trinubled wavo,

And sounds from loved lips
That lie in the grave-
"Come this way, my father :
$O$, steer straight for me!
Here safely in heaven
I am waiting for thee!"

## AN INTE?ESTING INCIDENT.

Frankin, the Philosopher, when quite a young man, after ilie absence of some time from home, thought he wuald try the extent to which instinet in a parent would discuver the child. The result was that his mother was loath to give him a shelter over night, though a seven show storm was ragung, and would only allow him the use of an arm chair to sleep in-having the colored boy stay in the same roum after the precaution of locking np all her silves Her instinct was more than overcome by her prudence, and she, with bitter tears to the last of her life, regrotted that her son had thus been treated in his mother's house an a telon.
One of our townsmen on a recent visit to New England, after 13 years absence, thought he would try Franklin's experment. He rapped at his father's door mentioning that he was weary, and asked if he could have a lunch, as it was some distance to an inn. It was his father who met him at the door, and asked him in, ufter telling him he could be supphed with foorl. The mother was not in the room, but as the father asked her to bring the refreshments, she came in.

With the feelings and omotions of a child, unknown under a parents roof, our hero had turued his back, that en opening the door his face might not at first be seenhe proceeded to partake of what they hospitably set before him. Mentioning that he came from Rochester; in $\mathbf{Y}$, our friend was at once questioned if he knew one there whose name was R-. "Oh, yes I know him well," was the reply. "He ss a hatter in the city, and made my hat."-showing it with the maker's name inside.
"Well," says tho nother, "you must give me the laning, at any rate, for it is a long time since we have scen our son" At this our friend could not further hesitate to make himself known-and what followed all can well imagine.-Rural New-Yorker.

A noble saying is recorted by a member of the British House of Communs' who by his own industry and persoverence had won his way to that high position. A proud scion of the aristocracy one day taunted him with his humble origin, saying-
"I remember when you blacked your father's boots."
"Well, sir," was the nuble response, "did I not do them well?"

So highly is the monkey esteemed in Indin, that temples are orected to his honor. One of these, a large magnificent structure, in the Island of Ceylon, was plundered by the Portuguese, who took from it an ape's woth heavily encased in gold, and for the ransom of which the natives ofiered 700,000 ducass. At Ahmeubed, tha capital of Guzerst, there are three hospitals for monkers' where the sick and lame are nursed by salaried attondants.

Gife Your Child a Niewspaper-A child beginning to read becomes delighted with a newspaper, because ho reads of names nnd things which are familiar, and he will mahe progress accordingly. A newspaper one year is Worth a quarter's schooling to a child, and evers father must consider that substantial information is concerned with advancement. The mother of a family being one of its heads, and having a more immediate charge of children, should berself be instrucred. A mind occupied becomes fortified against the ills of life, and is braced fer emergency. Children amused by reading or study, aro of course considerate and more easily governed. How many thoughtess young men have spent thoir carninga in a tavern or grog ahop. who ought to have boen reading ? How many parents who never epent twenty dollarra forbooks for their families, would have given thousands to reclaim a son or daughter, who had ignoranily and thoughtessly failen into temptation.

Maxims to Guide Iuckc lize.-Kicep good company or none.

Nover be idic. If your hands bo usefully omployed, aftend to the cultivation of your mind.

Alrrags spenk the truth.
Make fow promises.
Live up to Your engigemente.
Have no intimate friends.
Keop your own sccrek, if you have any.
When you apeak to a peraon, look him in the fice,

Good Character is above all thing else.
Never listen to loose and infidel conversation.
You had better be poisoned in your blood than in your principles.

Yotr charactor cannot be essentialiy injured except by your own acte.
If any one apeaks evil of you, let gour lifo be so virtuous that no one will believe him.

Always speak and act as in the presence of God.
Drink no kind of intoxicating liquor.
Ever live, misfortunes excepted, within your income. Never speak lightly of re!'gion.
Make no haste to be rich if ycu would prosper.
Small and steadyrgains give competence and tranquility of mind.
Do not marry until you are able to support a wife.
$[13$ Young man, attend to the voice of one who has possessed a certain degree of fame in the world, and who will shortly apfear before his Maker.-Read the Bible every day of your life.-Dr. Samuel Johnston.


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## THE FALLING LEAF.

I mused in an autumn day, in a forest still,
Soated on a grassy bank, by a bubbling rill;
The Sun was shining brighty, and all was calm around,
I saw a little yellow leaf, come whirling to the ground.
'Twas from a noble maple iree, I lately there had seen,
All full of stately beauty, so shadowy and green;
The birds had gaily sung there, and there had built their nest,
And amidst its glossy foliage, had sung themselves to rest.

That glorious tree so verdant, was dressed in paleness now,
It's pride was gone to swift decay, and death sat on its brow;
I listened for the little birds that carolled there of late,
But I saw that they, like sunghine friends, had left it to its fate.

Autumnal suns and colors gay, too soon will pass away,
And leave the forest now 50 still, to winter's boisterous sway;
When howling winds and roshing storms, will sweep the plain,
And the forest shabe, till summer suns shall come again.
Departing man in this beholds his fate, death's coming mall;
He blooms, rejoices and departeth like the leaves that fall;
Ho brightiy glows in youth, He's proud in manhood's prime.
Ambition fires his soul, and be heeds not passing time.
We sav. him lately bat a child, at play upon the green,
Regardlers he of passing ime, no care he jet had seen;
A man we saw him prondly stand, but care was on his brow,
His youth did flee, his manhood cayne, and now ke's benied low.

Lo! winter sits opon his head, and trembling are his limbs;
The frost of time has stricken him, his once bright eye it dims;
That iovely tree when spring reiqns, again will freshly bloom,
And the apirit in that aged math, will rise above the tomb.

