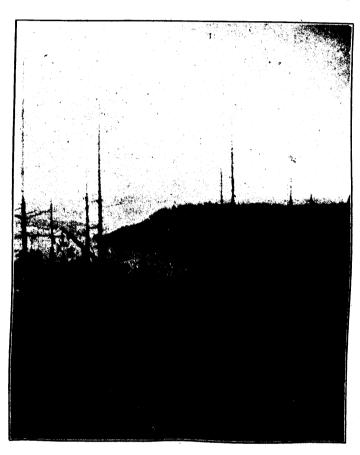
Putting in the machinery at the power house and reduction works. Supt. Hodges informed your corespondent that the smelter will give employment to at least 150 men. This, it is estimated, will represent at least 400 people who will be dependent for a living on this new enterprise. He added that the rate quoted by the C.P.R. for the carriage of ore, all things considered, was quite satisfactory. At the outset the smelter shipment of 200 tons a day from private parties the company will utilize several hundred

## KLONDIKE, Y. T.

Joseph McGillivray returned yesterday on his way to California, and thence en route to the Klondike. Mr. McGillivray, like everyone else who has come from London, reports mining business as practically at a standstill, owing entirety to the war in South Africa. He is sanguine, however, that as soon as peace is declared there will be a greater rush than ever of people and capital to British Columbia. Much, however, will depend upon the result of this winter's op-



SEYMOUR NARROWS, FROM THE MINES.

thousand dollars in payment of ores on the basis of their sampling value, as the smelter, after making these disbursments, will have to wait from six to eight weeks for the returns from the refineries.

The shaft in the Mountain View in Summit Camp sacks of ore has just been made to the Trail smelter.

A rich strike was recently made on the English

and French, north fork of Kettle River.

The C.P.R. officially took over the Columbia & Western railway from the contractors yesterday, when new freight and passenger tariff went into effect. ered excessive, averaging five cents per mile. Local freight schedule. A few days ago an agent of the Great Northern visited Grand Forks, and contracted rate included the hauling of the shipment here in wagnes from Bossburg, Wash., a distance of 42 miles. Points as far as Robson, from which point the separate tariff on the C. & W. is effective.

erations in mining properties in the Klondike in which London capitalists are interested. Mr. McGillivrav says that above everything else what the capitalists now demand is more productive properties. have become nauseated with propositions which are still in the clouds, or on paper, but when development work is prosecuted intelligently and profitably there can be no questioning the fact that the Klondike, as well as British Columbia generally, will command as much attention as they ever did. Mr. McGillivray, who possesses a thorough knowledge of gravel mining, asserted that there was sufficient gravel on the benches of Bonanza to give employment to 5,000 inches of water for a period of at least 100 years, and that there was enough gold in that country, outside of that, to make Canada the richest gold-producing country in the world. He will probably go south to-morrow, Friday, and expects to be back again about the 20th, en route to Dawson. Mr. McGillivray has been associated with a proposition known as the McGillivray Concession, which is a scheme to bring down water from the Klondike river for the supply of water for the working of the benches of the creeks by hydraulics.