

## Christmas Novelties

Handkerchiefs  
Fancy Collars  
Gloves  
Hosiery  
Fancy Linens  
Stamped Goods  
Silk Blouses  
Crepe de Chene Blouses  
Novelty Blouses  
Exclusive Styles  
Silk Sweaters  
Pull Over Sweaters  
Wool Sweaters  
Silk Hosiery  
Children's Wool Suits  
Wool Sets

### MEN'S WEAR

Neckties  
Gloves  
Braces  
Hats  
Socks  
Underwear  
Arnelots  
Garters  
Mufflers - Sweaters  
Silk Shirts  
Irish Linen Handkerchiefs  
Silk Handkerchiefs  
Fine Shirts

**SWEEPING SALE**  
of  
**BOYS' & GIRLS' SWEATERS**  
Values up to \$2.75  
Sizes 24, 26, 28, 30, 32  
On Sale At  
\$2.10

**Wims & Co.**

## Gifts to the Children's Shelter

Editor Ontario:  
Will you kindly permit me, through the columns of your paper, to thank the following donors for their good gifts to the Shelter and to express the appreciation of the Board for this manifestation of the interest taken in the children:  
Mr. R. J. Graham, case of eggs; Mr. Thomas, butchers; roast of beef; Mrs. Green, bacon; Miss Sawyer, 10 petticoats; Mr. Olliphant, shank of beef; Mr. Malachuk, fruit; Mrs. Laletto, 3 doz. bananas; Mr. G. Etchell, rubbers, clothing and beef; Mr. Metakob, clothing; clothing; City Emergency Committee, soup; Mrs. Frank, Gerald, sealer; fruit; Mrs. J. W. Johnson, clothing, candies, Mrs. Chadwick, pudding, jelly and books; Mrs. H. Ackerman, beans and cake; Mrs. Holmes, cookies; Miss Ida Jack, 4 new toques; Mrs. H. Vanbrun and Mrs. E. Smith, 1 doz. tins; Mrs. G. Graham, clothing; Mrs. McKensie Robertson, cookies; Mrs. Fred Wallbridge, ice cream; Mrs. McPee, clothing and biscuits; Mrs. Chadwick, 4 doz. beans; Symons & Co., toques and sweaters; Miss Brady, clothing; Mr. Ackerman, apples and vegetables; Bridge St. Methodist Church, sandwiches, cake and pies; Mr. Gorman, 2 pairs of boots and sandals; A Friend, basket of apples; Mrs. Grant, bag of potatoes; Mrs. Derenson, clothing; Friend, loaf of bread; Mrs. Geo. Ross, 4 lbs. butter.  
Yours respectfully,  
Thos. D. Ruston, Inspector

## Thousand and Costs Levied on Whisky Runner

Toronto, Dec. 10.—Crown Attorney Corley dazzled the police court with his statement in the case of Nathan Slavin, charged with breach of the Ontario Temperance Act. "He imported 60 gallons of alcohol. This means that the business totals \$5,400," calculated the Crown Attorney. Magistrate Dawson fined Slavin \$1,000 and costs or six months.

Nothing as Good for Asthma. Asthma remedies come and go but every year the sales of the original Dr. J. D. Kellogg Asthma Remedy grow greater and greater. No further evidence could be asked of its remarkable merit. It relieves. It is always the same unvarying quality which the sufferer from asthma learns to know. Do not suffer another attack, but get this splendid remedy to-day.

## Calls It Stupid and Grotesque

The French Press Receives the German Proposal With Bitterness.

### BERLIN NOT CONSCIOUS

Of the Moral Depth to Which Germany Has Fallen

Paris, Dec. 5.—The French press receives with bitter criticism the German proposal that a neutral commission be established to examine the question of responsibility for the war.

"They have not yet acquired in Berlin a consciousness of the moral depth to which Germany has fallen under the unanimous reproach of humanity," says The Matin. "One does not know if one must admire more the impudence or the stupidity of such people. Nothing is more grotesque than a government accused of crimes asking its judges at the moment of punishment to choose arbitrators to settle the case. The absolute mere unconsciousness of the perpetrators of the greatest crime in history is an indication of the inferior German moral evolution."

"Only pitiless actions against the principal culprits will open the eyes of the Germans to their turpitude. Only the obligation to work hard to pay her debts will make Germany realize that she is beaten and disorganize and that she can redeem herself by long expiation."

The German Government today, The Temps declares, is composed of men who share by their votes responsibility for the war. The paper adds: "It is a really phenomenal unconsciousness or an unfathomable bad faith to ask a tribunal to hear on the same grounds the testimony of the victims and the defence of the accused."

The Allied governments, The Temps continues, have nothing to fear from the full light of publicity.

## Canada's Honor 590,572 Men

KINGSTON RECRUITED 64,289 MEN DURING WAR.

Official figures, which have been issued by the Militia Department show that from commencement of war up to November 15th, a total of 590,572 men were recruited for the Canadian Expeditionary Force, a magnificent total, and an evidence of the patriotism of Canada and Canadians.

Of this total the third Military District contributed 64,289 men, standing fourth in this respect among the military districts of the country, be topped only by Toronto, Winnipeg and Montreal, all of which had larger districts than Kingston to draw men from.

From August, 1914, up to November 15th, of this year, the districts in Canada enlisted the following numbers of men: M.D. No. 2 (Toronto), 128,279; M.D. No. 10 (Winnipeg), 73,434; M.D. No. 4 (Montreal), 65,228; M.D. No. 3 (Kingston), 64,289; M.D. No. 11 (Victoria), 53,765; M.D. No. 13 (Calgary), 45,148; M.D. No. 12 (Regina), 37,965; M.D. No. 6 (Halifax), 33,342; M.D. No. 7 (St. John), 25,844; M.D. No. 5 (Quebec), 14,371.

On July 31st of this year, the Kingston district had recruited 62,047 men and since then the monthly enlistments here have been: August, 1,093; September, 320; October, 694; November, 15, a total of 2,081 men secured since the first of August of this year.

In Canada the monthly enlistments were as follows: July 13,327; August, 4,678; September, 2,117; October, 4,637.

### NOT THE SAME.

Through a similarity in names a wrong impression has been created which may cause a great deal of harm. A few days ago it was reported in many papers that the Montreal Herald had gone into liquidation. The news was true but the public should know that the paper in financial difficulties had no connection whatever with the great Weekly paper called The Family Herald and Weekly Star. The latter paper is published by The Montreal Star Publishing Co., and is known in almost every home in Canada. In justice to our conferees we make this announcement. The Family Herald and Weekly Star is one of the strongest papers on the Continent. The word "Family" should not be omitted when addressing that paper. Mrs. E. Ryan was the guest of Belleville friends last week.—Madoc Review.

## Crown Prince Says He Advised Peace Move in 1914

Loss of Battle of Marne Turning Point in War

### OPPOSED TO SLAUGHTER

Claims He Advised Peace But General Staff Opposed—Now Seeks Job as Laborer

Oosterland, Holland, Dec. 5.—"I have not renounced anything and I have not signed any document whatever," Frederick William Hohenzollern, who still claims the title of crown prince, thus answered the question of the Associated Press in the course of a lengthy conversation on Tuesday, taking place in the small cottage of the village pastor on the island of Weiningen, where he is interned.

"However," he continued, "should the German Government decide to form a republic similar to the United States or France I shall be perfectly content to return to Germany as a simple citizen ready to do anything for my country. I should, even, be happy to work as a laborer in a factory."

"At present everything appears chaos in Germany, but I hope things will right themselves."

### Saw Defeat in 1914.

Asked what, in his opinion, was the turning point of the war, he said: "I was convinced early in October, 1914, that we had lost the war. I considered our position hopeless after the battle of the Marne which we would not have lost if some of our general staff had not suffered a case of nerves. I tried to persuade the general staff to seek peace then, even going so far as to give up Alsace-Lorraine, but I was told to mind my own business and confine my activities to commanding my armies. I have proof of this."

"What finally brought about the downfall of the German military powers," he declared, "was revolution induced by four years of hunger among the civilians and the troops in the rear, together with the overwhelming numbers being gathered together by the Allies. America's entry into the war undermined the confidence of the German fighting force."

"My soldiers, whom I loved and with whom I lived, continuously, and who, if I may say so, loved me, fought with the utmost courage to the end, even when the odds were impossible to withstand."

"They had no rest, and sometimes an entire division numbered only 600 rifles. They were opposed by Allied troops among whom were American divisions containing 27,000 men each."

### Opposed Ruthlessness

"The armistice terms," said Frederick William, "are very severe and almost impossible of execution as the Entente Powers are taking away a great portion of the means of transport."

Asked whether Germany, if victorious, would not have imposed even more severe terms, he expressed the belief that such would not have been the case.

When the Brest-Litovsk treaty was mentioned, he said its terms were hard because in Russia the Germans were confronted by the Bolsheviks.

With regard to air raids on unfortified cities, ruthless submarine warfare, the bombardment of Paris, and the deportation of women from the occupied district to work in Germany, he said he always entirely disagreed with these policies.

## Real German Leader Was Newspaper Man

Ernst Daumig Dictates Policy of New Government.

London, Dec. 9.—The man who more than any other person is responsible for Germany's present policy, is Ernst Daumig, according to the Berlin correspondent of the Daily Express. Until 1916 Daumig was a member of the staff of the Socialist Vorwarts of Berlin. Later he was secretary of the Independent Socialists.

He is now president of the National Council and dictates to the six commissaries who form the Government. Daumig told the correspondent of the Express that the peace delegates would be selected by the present Cabinet, which undoubtedly would remain in power until the meeting of the National Assembly. He declared the Government's intention to get rid of all persons belonging to the old regime. Dr. Solf, the Foreign Secretary, would be replaced by a man who had taken no part in politics during the war.

The strength of the new German army, Daumig told the correspondent, would be decided at the peace conference.

He did not think that Germany would need much of an army or navy. The Germans, he said, were totally opposed to militarism and wished to live in peaceful understanding with other nations.

Big Man (with extra big feet and a grinch)—Say, will you be so kind as to get off my feet?

Little Man—Uhh, str. Is it much of a walk?

## Masked Men Rob Restaurant Patrons in Broad Daylight

New York, Dec. 9.—Five men, three of them masked, entered an East Thirtieth street restaurant and held up the cashier and forty guests at the points of revolvers, successfully robbed the patrons and emptied the cash register and escaped in a taxi-cab.

Two hours later the same quarter walked into a saloon, held up the bartender and other men present emptied the cash register and fed the amount of money and jewelry the robbery obtained was not learned. At the restaurant the cashier said all except \$10 of his employer's money by tossing a roll of bills carelessly into a basket of onions. At the saloon a Russian army officer slipped out a side door and saved his \$1,500 in bills.

## French Names For Babies

French Christian names for Canadian children are likely to become much more common within the next few years.

This, of course, will be because of the fancy our soldiers in France will actually take to some of the prettier French names. A French name given to a newly-arrived son and heir of a Canadian who has been overseas will always serve to remind him of the part played in the greatest war of history.

Pierre and Jules are by far the most common names in France for boys, and after them Louis, Marcel, Raoul, Lucien, Edme, and Germaine. Among the girl babies of the future, Marie, Madeleine and Yvonne, are likely to become quite common.

Among other pretty French names for girls are Hortense, Ninon, Juliette, Celine, and Collette.

The late war, by the way, has had one peculiarity over others, and that is that the number of babies burdened with real war names are remarkably few. During the American civil war and in the years immediately following the "Grants," "Shermans" and "Lees" were very common. And even the Spanish-American war produced a fair-sized crop of "Dewey's," "Schleys" and "Sampsons."

### Slackers are Preferred

IN QUEBEC PROVINCE

War-Scarred Veterans Left Quebec Frenzied With Second-Class Tickets—Complain of Food

Montreal, Dec. 6.—Slackers who shirked their military responsibilities are apparently preferred to veterans who risked their lives in the Empire's cause by railway conductors in the province of Quebec, to judge by the experience of khaki-clad heroes who arrived in Montreal yesterday morning.

Over one hundred war-scarred veterans bound for different parts of Western Canada left Quebec, having been furnished with second-class tickets. Incidentally let it be mentioned, that they were not furnished with tickets for a berth in the sleeping car. Hardly had they started on their journey, prepared to make the best of a job in which they had to sit up all night, when the conductor came to them and ordered them to the colonist cars to make room for civilians in the second-class coach.

Complain Bitterly.

Troops returning from Halifax complain bitterly of the food given to them on the train. "There was very little of it and what we got was rotten," said one Toronto soldier to The Telegram. There was not even any butter on the bread.

Soldiers proceeding to British Columbia were furnished with meal tickets to the value of fifty cents each. "What sort of appetites do they think we have?" asked a veteran of St. Julien. "I would like to hear of the railway train on which we could get a meal for fifty cents."

The arrival of the Aquitania at Halifax on Thursday last, apparently caught the transportation authorities of the Department of Militia mapping. "I think we arrived before they expected us," said a soldier who is going to British Columbia. "They kept on parading us on board the ship according to districts, but never did anything for us. It took them three days to find a train for us."

Mrs. A. F. Sherman, John St., is confined to the city hospital with a serious cold.

The young man who under the pressure of adversity takes to drink is a grown up baby, but he's nursing the wrong bottle.

## Trade With France Won't be Affected

Treaty Will be Continued on Three Months' Basis.

The decision of the French Government to denounce certain trade treaties will not affect trade between Canada and France. In taking this action, the Government of France was actuated by a desire to be absolutely free of commercial treaties during the period of negotiations after the close of the war. The treaty which existed between France and Canada contained a provision that twelve months' notice must be given by the party desiring to abrogate it. This notice was forwarded under date of September 10 last, and in the ordinary course the treaty would cease to exist one year from that date. With the official notice came the intimation that France would continue it on a three months' basis after the date of expiry. That is to say that after September 10, 1919, the trade arrangements between Canada and France may be cancelled on three months' notice by either party. Until such notice is given the treaty will continue indefinitely, so the only effect of the change will be to reduce the stipulated time of notification from one year to three months.

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## SINCLAIR'S

### Value Giving Displays Of Exceptional Timeliness



**These Plush Coats**

Extreme modishness and perfect taste are the keynotes of this charming display of superior Plush Coat Modes. A variety of designs, reasonably priced from \$28.50 to \$75, await your selection.—An ideal Christmas Gift.

**Dress-Velvets As-Gifts**

A Gift sure to please is of Dress Velvet in one of the many stylish Winter Colors. The Velvets and Velveteens are unexcelled in texture and color tones. A Gift of undeniable beauty and usefulness, these Dress Velvets are most moderately priced from 75c to \$4 and are 22 to 42 inches wide.

**Tea Cloths of Embroidered Linen**

Exquisite Linen beautifully embroidered and made up in Tea Cloths 36, 42, 45 and 54 inches square will meet with instant approval. Afternoon Tea will again be popular and these Tea Cloths will add in dainty preparation—\$2 to \$7.50

**Huck Towelling of Pure Linen**

Isn't it queer how towels seem to develop holes just overnight? Suppose you put them on your Christmas List, both for yourself and your friend. You'll both be delighted, we know, with our supply of Pure Linen Towelling.

**Cloves**

First of all, Gloves of this character are well worth giving and these assortments which cover a splendid variety of values and colors will settle many a Christmas problem.

**Silk Hosiery**

Appeals to the giver of Practical Gifts. Of all the pretty gifts women like to receive, Silk Stockings rank among the most welcome. This year they are prettier than ever and are of excellent quality, 50c to \$3

## A Cascade Of Stunning Waists

Crepe re Chines, Georgettes, Fancy Stripes and Kade Crepes in a host of pretty colorings including wide and narrow stripes, form a most attractive display. If you are in need of blouse material your search will end here most happily. The prices range from \$1.50 to \$2.50 a yard.

**Are You Planning to Give a Silk Frock**

Then don't miss this display of Silk Poplins—first, because the quality is exceptional; and secondly, because the colorings are so very attractive—twenty shades and tones to choose from, with the price just right. Regular \$1.65 Silk Poplin for \$1.19 during the Christmas Trade.



## SINCLAIR'S

## The Sa... W... I G... For

is due to loom up... tion that presents... Season!

We're in Holl... buys for himself... Boy's Stocking as

Overcoat  
Rain Coat  
Suit  
Smoking  
Shirts  
Bath Robe  
Neckwear  
Gloves

WE'LL LAY ASID... AND MAKE AN... Quick... CLA...

## A GREAT

Written for The Ontar...

The author of "Cyrano" died this week. He seen the glory of the co... was so grateful... ed so long. The sufferer... tive country, France, had... a delicate constitution and... will to live until France... a delicate constitution and... a delicate genius that he... universal loss. The war... ly from the Allied nation... best and bravest men.

It was in 1898, a sec... ago, that the English-spe... discovered that a new pe... had arisen, when "Cyrano... lished and produced sh... on the stage—and in the... the few works that can... as a stage production, or... sion of the library. Fran... claimed Edmond Rostand... or, some years earlier... duction of "Les Roman... drama of rare beauty, b... world waited until his... appeared before they pla... a niche all by himself... standing dramatist of t... "Cyrano de Bergerac" s... to the golden years of Fr... It gave relief from... lom play and the meret... ductions that were foist... typical of the French... covered an immense canv... us a romantic hero worth... The play was popular; th... treasured as a work of a... to live for all time. Agah... had to make its obeisanc...

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