

Lodge Cards under this head will be inserted at the rate of One Dollar per Year.

Sons of England Society.

LODGE DIRECTORY.

Almonte.

Nelson No. 43, Almonte—Meets 1st and 3rd Fridays at their hall, Mill st. Visiting welcome. Jas. Hy. Bennett, Pres. Wm. J. Shaw, Sec. Box 96.

Aylmer, Ont.

Prince Albert No. 61 meets in Foresters' Hall, over the Post Office, the 1st and 3rd Fridays of every month. We are always glad to see visiting brethren. A. J. ELLIOTT, Secretary. H. Harris, President.

Barrie.

Southampton No. 28, Barrie—Meets on the 2nd and 4th Wednesdays of each month in the Foresters' Hall, Dunlop st. J. W. Kemping, Pres. Geo. Whitehead, Sec. A. Alandale, Barrie.

Belleville.

Oxford No. 17, Belleville—Meets on the 1st and 3rd Tuesdays of each month at their Hall, Front st. H. Tammadge, Sec. A. Wensley, Pres. Belleville.

Bowmanville.

Wellington No. 19, Bowmanville—Meets on the 1st and 3rd Tuesdays of each month in the Sons of England Hall, Bounsal's Block. Visiting brethren always welcome. E. C. McDowell, Pres. W. E. Pethick, Sec.

Brockton.

Birmingham No. 69, Brockton—Meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month at Parson's Hall, Brockton. Chas. Cashmore, Sec. Bro. Fox, Pres. 237 Gladstone Ave.

Brockville.

Suffolk No. 87, Brockville—Meets every 2nd and last Mondays of each month in Sons of England Hall, 308 King street. W. R. D. (1st) first Monday in each month. Visiting brethren made welcome. Arthur C. Bacon, Sec. W. H. Grace, Pres. Box 75.

Chatham.

Thames No. 101—Meets every Monday evening at Foresters' Hall, Chas. F. Chanter, Sec. Warren Lambert, Pres.

Collingwood.

Canterbury No. 34, Collingwood—Meets every 2nd and 4th Friday in Union Hall. V. M. Durnford, Sec. Collingwood. Robt. Nash, Pres.

Cornwall.

Victoria No. 12, Cornwall—Meets alternate Wednesdays in Colquhoun Block. Visiting members welcome. E. Hunt, Sec. Cornwall John Sugden, Pres.

Exeter.

Month No. 63, Exeter, Ont.—Meets 1st and 3rd Mondays every month in the I. O. O. F. Hall, Main st. Wm. Sanders, Sec. J. E. Davis, Pres. "Advocate" office.

Galt.

Val Oak No. 26, Galt—Meets on alternate Wednesdays in Foresters' Hall, cor. Main and South Water streets. Chas. Squire, Sec. Chas. Brett, jr. Pres. Richmond Ave.

Guelph.

Royal City No. 73, Guelph—Meets on the 2nd and 4th Thursdays every month, in the hall in Tovell's Block. W. M. Stanley, Sec. Harry Bolton, Pres. Box 210.

Hamilton.

Brianonia No. 8, Hamilton—Meets the 1st and 3rd Tuesdays of every month in St. George's Hall, cor. King William and James sts. Visitors welcome. F. H. Revel, Sec. Wm. Hunt, Pres. 135 James St., W.

Acorn No. 29, Hamilton—Meets 2nd and 4th Tuesdays in St. George's Hall, corner James and King William sts. Visitors welcome. Thos. G. Viner Pres. Hedley Mason, Sec. 233 King st. W.

Hearts of Oak No. 94, Hamilton, meets on the 1st and 3rd Mondays of each month, in the Wentworth Hall, corner of Wellington and King William streets. Visitors welcome. Harry Marshall, Hecator H. Macdon, Sec. 22 Wellington St. Pres.

Devon No. 102, Hamilton, Mountain Top Barton, meetings are held every first and third Wednesdays of the month. All members of the order invited. Walter Harris, Sec. 41 Murray street.

Huntsville.

Croyden No. 85, Huntsville, Ont.—Meets the 2nd and 4th Tuesdays in each month, in Temperance Hall, Main street. Visitors welcome. J. R. Roese, C. Peacock, Sec. Huntsville. President.

Kingston.

Leicester No. 33, Kingston—Meets in their hall, cor. Princess and Montreal sts., on the 2nd and last Tuesdays in every month, at 8 p.m. A hearty welcome extended to all visiting brethren. Wm. H. Cruse, Sec. Ed. Scrutton, Pres. Albert St., Williams-ville.

Tyne No. 79, Kingston—Meets 1st and 3rd Tuesdays in each month in the Prentice Boys' Hall, Market Square. John Porter, Pres. John Davis, Sec. Kingston.

Lakefield.

Exeter No. 89, Lakefield, Ont.—Meets on the 1st and 3rd Tuesdays in the S. O. E. Hall. Visiting brethren made welcome. Edmund Sellens, Sec. John C. Balsdon, Pres.

Lambton Mills.

Bradford No. 91, Lambton Mills, Ont.—Meets 2nd and 4th Thursdays of each month, in the I. O. O. F. Hall. Visiting brethren made welcome. J. T. Jarvis, Sec. James Ashman, Pres.

London.

Kennington No. 66—Meets 1st and 3rd Thursdays, at Albert Hall, F. G. Truill, Sec. 131 Dundas st.

British Oak No. 82—Alternate Thursdays, Foresters' Hall, Visiting brethren welcome. W. J. Anderson, W. B. Geach, Sec. President. 77 Clarence St.

Piccadilly No. 88—Meets 1st and 3rd Tuesdays at Labor Hall, Dufferin Ave. J. Hook, Sec. 280 Maitland st.

Midland.

Greenwell No. 84, Midland, Ont., meets in Foresters' Hall, second and fourth Thursday in each month. Visitors welcome. Frank Cook, Pres. R. G. Stokes, Sec.

Montreal.

Excelsior No. 36, Montreal (R.R.D.)—Meets on the 2nd and 4th Wednesdays of the month at 5 Place d'Armes Square. Visitors welcome. J. Field, Pres. Chas. Chappell, Sec. 102 St. Felix st.

Victoria Jubilee No. 41, Montreal—Meets every alternate Friday at the St. Charles Club House, cor. Wellington and Richmond sts. F. Brownhill, Pres., J. A. Edwards, Sec., 291 Magdalen st. 4 College st.

Yorkshire No. 39, Montreal, will meet every alternate Monday at the West End Hall, Chatham street at 8 p.m. J. Booth, Sec. 1037 St. James St. Ly. Robertson, Pres.

Denbigh No. 96—Meets 1st and 3rd Mondays, in Sons of England Hall, No. 6 Craig Street. Chas. H. Beckett, F. W. Cardwell, President. 5 Parthenais Sq.

Oshawa.

Essex No. 4, Oshawa—Meets alternate Fridays from January 3rd, 1891, in the S.O.E. Hall, No. 1 King st. east. W. S. Bowden, Sec. John Holmes, W. S. Bowden, Sec. Box 249, Oshawa. President.

Orillia.

Hampton No. 58, Orillia—Meets alternate Mondays at Sons of England Hall Mississauga st. W. H. Stevens, Pres. G. H. Swain, Sec. Orillia.

Ottawa.

Derby No. 39, Ottawa—Meets on the 2nd and 4th Tuesdays in each month, in Workman's Hall, cor. Bank and Sparks sts. E. Aust, Sec. A. J. Jackson, Pres. Sherwood st., Mt. Sherwood.

Bewood No. 44, Ottawa—Meets every 1st and 3rd Thursday of each month at Wellington Hall, Wellington st. R. J. Tanner, Sec. H. Bott, Pres. P. O. Box 296.

Stanley No. 55, Ottawa—Meets every 2nd and 4th Thursday of each month at Wellington Hall, Wellington st. James Ardley, Sec. E. Bull, Pres. 439 Ann street.

Russell No. 56, Ottawa—Meets the 2nd and 4th Tuesday of each month at the Orange Hall, New Edinburgh. E. W. Gilbert, Sec. C. C. Rogers, Pres. 345 Stewart st.

Clarendon—The United Degree Lodge of Derby, Bowwood, Russell and Stanley lodges meets in Wellington Hall Wellington street, Ottawa, on the 2nd Wednesday of each month. F. A. Jackson, Pres. W. J. Eastcott, Sec.

Owen Sound.

Mistletoe No. 86, Owen Sound—Meets in Foresters' Hall, Red Rose on 2nd and 4th Fridays; White Rose, 1st Wednesday in each month at 8 p.m. Brethren visiting Owen Sound cordially welcomed. J. M. Spencer, Sec. Geo. Price, Pres. Box 192.

Peterborough.

Lansdowne No. 25, Peterborough—Meets in Sons of England Hall, Hunter st., on the 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month. Visiting brethren made welcome. V. Eastwood, Sec., Rich. Waram, Pres. Box 277.

Peterboro' No. 64—Meets 2nd and 4th Mondays, at S. O. E. Hall A. E. Dixon, R. Sec., F. L. Sommerville, Pres., Peterborough.

Qu'Appelle Station, Assa. Royal Standard, No. 112—Meets on alternate Thursdays at 7 p.m. A. H. B. Sperling, Sec. G. Purches, Pres.

Sault Ste. Marie.

Leamington No. 95—Meets 1st and 3rd Tuesdays in Dawson's Hall. W. E. Sharpe, Sec. Sault Ste. Marie.

St. Thomas.

Chester No. 18, St. Thomas, Ont.—Meets on 2nd and 4th Fridays (W. R. D. 3rd Friday) of every month in Emulating Block, cor. Talbot and Elgin sts. W. T. Hollins, Sec. J. C. Gilby, Pres. Box 1063.

Truro No. 62, St. Thomas—Meets in their hall, cor. Southwick and Talbot sts., on 1st and 3rd Tuesdays of every month. A hearty welcome extended to all visiting brethren. Robt. A. Mackay, Pres. J. W. Yearsley, Sec. 9 Hughes st.

Sherbrooke, Que.

Gloucester No. 105, Sherbrooke, Que., meets on the 1st and 3rd Tuesday of each month in the Court-room of Prince Albert 149 L.O.F., Odells Block. Thos. Rawson, Pres. Edwin Avery, Sec. Box 16, P.O., Sherbrooke.

Smith's Falls.

Guelph No. 124—Meets 1st and 3rd Mondays of every month in S.O.E. Hall. A hearty welcome extended to all visiting brethren. Geo. W. Baker, Sec. G. T. Martin, Pres. Box 135.

Stratford.

Queen Victoria No. 78—Meets 2nd and 4th Mondays in Shakspeare Hall. Alf. Hirst, Stratford.

Toronto.

Albion No. 1, Toronto—Meets 1st and 3rd Thursdays at Shaftesbury Hall, Queen street West. S. Howard, Pres. C. E. Smith, Sec. 31 Sword st.

Middlesex No. 2, Toronto—Meets first and third Tuesdays in each month at Occident Hall, cor. Bathurst & Queen sts. W. H. Syme, Sec. R. J. Hodge, Pres. 24 Eden Place.

Kent No. 3, Toronto—Meets 2nd and 4th Monday at Shaftesbury Hall, Queen st. West. Jno. Webster Pres. J. M. Williams, Sec. 16 Carlton Ave.

York No. 6, Toronto—Meets 2nd and 4th Thursdays at Oddfellows Hall, cor. Spadina Ave, Queen street, west. J. Baylis, Sec. T. Steele, Pres. 216 Lippincott st.

Brighton No. 7, Toronto—Meets 1st and 3rd Fridays at Shaftesbury Hall, Queen st. West. J. R. Grant, Pres. W. Pugh, Sec. 74 Sussex Ave.

Somerset No. 10, Toronto—Meets 2nd and 4th Thursdays at Weeks' Hall, Parkdale. H. Worman, Pres. W. P. Parsons, Sec. 29 Lawrence Ave.

Surrey No. 11, Toronto—Meets 2nd and 4th Mondays in each month in Douglas Hall cor. of Bloor and Bathurst sts. G. Knight, Sec. T. Cannon, jr., Pres. 105 Oxford street.

Warwick No. 13, Toronto—Meets 2nd and 4th Thursdays at Jackson's Hall, Yonge st., cor. Bloor st. A. Riddiford, Sec., John Gunter, Pres. 38 Yorkville Avenue. 346 Huron street.

Manchester No. 14, Toronto—Meets alternate Mondays from January 5th, 1891, at Winchester Hall, cor. Parliament and Winchester streets. Visiting brethren welcome. Thos. P. Williams, Sec. C. Meach, Pres. 542 Ontario st.

St. George No. 27, Toronto—Meets 1st and 3rd Mondays at St. George's Hall, Queen st. West, cor. Berkeley st. S. H. Manchee, Sec., Harry Leeson, Pres. 14 Baldwin st.

London No. 31, Toronto—Meets 2nd and 4th Tuesdays at Masonic Hall, Queen st. East. F. W. Ingram, Pres. J. W. Hayes, Sec. 136 Broadview Ave.

Stafford No. 32, Toronto—Meets alternate Mondays at Copeland Hall, King st. East, corner Sherbourne st. Thos. Yeomans, Sec. 252 Berkeley St.

Portsmouth No. 45, Dovercourt, Toronto—Meets alternate Tuesdays at Mechanics' Institute. J. Malton Sec. 294 Clarence st.

Worcester No. 47, West Toronto Junction—Meets 1st and 3rd Thursdays at James' Hall, West Toronto Junction. J. M. Bolton, Sec., Box 363 West Toronto Jcn.

Cambridge No. 54, Little York, Toronto—Meets alternate Fridays at Little York Fire Hall. W. H. Clay, Pres. H. Field, Sec. Coleman P.O.

Norfolk No. 57—Meets in their hall, Dominion Hall, cor. Queen and Dundas streets, 1st and 3rd Tuesdays in each month. Wm. Miles, Sec. F. W. Brown, Pres. 55 Argyle street. 494 Queen st. w.

Amalgamated W.R.D., of Norfolk & Birmingham Lodge, 3rd Friday in each month. F. Wooten, Pres. C. Cashmore, Sec. Shaw street. 600 Parliament st.

Preston No. 67—Meets 1st and 3rd Wednesdays, in Room C, Shaftesbury Hall. J. J. Pritchard, Sec., 326 Markham street.

Birmingham, No. 69—Meets 1st and 3rd Wednesdays, in Dominion Hall, cor. Queen West and Dundas streets. C. M. Cashmore, Sec. H. Fox, Pres. 44 Shuter st. 600 Parliament st.

St. Albans No. 76, Toronto—Meets 2nd and 4th Fridays at Association Hall, cor. McGill st. and Yonge st. R. S. Grundy, Sec., J. G. Mitchever, Pres. 74 Saiter st.

Mercantile No. 81, Toronto—Meets 2nd and 4th Saturdays at Shaftesbury Hall, Queen st. west. J. D. Young, Pres. H. E. Johnson, Sec., 42 Yonge st.

Chesterfield No. 97—Meets 2nd and 4th Mondays at Shaftesbury Hall, Queen St. Wednesday of each month, at King st. Hall. Geo. Clatworthy, Pres. E. H. Hardy, Sec. Room D, Arcade, Yonge, st.

Hull No. 104, Toronto—Meets every 2nd and 4th Tuesdays in the month, in Cameron Hall, cor. Cameron and Queen streets. F. H. Jewell, Pres. A. C. Chapman, Sec., 300 Lippincott st.

Vancouver, B. C. Wilberforce No. 77—Meets in Pythian Hall, Durr Block, Cordova street, 1st and 3rd Monday in each month for Red Rose. Visiting brethren cordially invited. Rev. H. P. Hobson, F. Jas. East, Secretary, Box 552.

Weston. Leeds No. 48, Weston—Meets 2nd and 4th Fridays of each month, at King st. Hall. Visitors welcome. H. Colcock, Sec. Theo. Holdsworth, Pres. Weston, Ont.

Windsor. Prince of Wales No. 52—Meets Alternate Tuesdays in Pythian Castle Hall, Sandwich, Windsor, 1st and 3rd Thursdays in each month; W.R.D. 4th Wednesday in each month. Fraternal visitors welcome. Wm. J. Turner, Sec. Thos. Q. Dench, President. Box 619, Windsor.

Winnipeg. Westward Ho! No. 98, Winnipeg, Manitoba, meetings bi-monthly at Knights Pythias Hall, Main st. Visiting brethren are invited. Rev. G. F. Coombes, Thos. C. Andrews, President. Secretary, Box 353.

Woodstock. Bedford No. 21, Woodstock—Meets in Imperial Hall, 1st and 3rd Thursdays in each month; W.R.D. 4th Wednesday in each month. Fraternal visitors welcome. W. E. Wilkison, Sec. W. Whitecombe, Pres. Box 168.

Secretaries are requested to notify us of any changes required in Lodge Cards.

Annexation vs. Empire.

The Montreal Witness of 23rd ult. contains a valuable letter, signed "J. K."—entitled, "Annexation vs. Empire"—in regard to the recent Dominion election, from which we cull the following passages:—

"Just as often as the Opposition tried to explain and defend the proposal to enter into an alliance with a foreign and unfriendly country to declare commercial war against a country which admits our products free, just so often did the gorge of many stout and loyal free traders within the party, and many more independent without, silently rise at the sinister design aimed at the birthplace and home of free commercial intercourse. When it is remembered that this land was the Mother Land, our guardian and defender, whose fleets and armies, and consular service all over the world, were at our disposal, who had engaged to protect us with the whole resources of the empire and who was to be repaid for her solicitude and fostering care for many years by our joining hands with the most protectionist, selfish and supercilious nation on earth, to declare by hostile tariffs that we regarded her with the rest of the world as commercial outcasts, whose interests and commerce were to be injured and harassed by the almost prohibitive and avowedly hostile imposts of the American-Canadian Federation, when all this is borne in mind that commercial war against Great Britain and Ireland and "all creation" were to be the watchwords of the new alliance, we need go no further in our quest as to why monopoly and combine hold the field to-day.

Yet the fact remains that the hateful word "discrimination" was the deciding element in the minds of a large number making no outward sign inside and outside the Liberal party who, had it been omitted, would have been the "saving remnant" to them; but who, as it was, were the "saving remnant" to their opponents. In addition to this, and setting aside the discrimination against British trade, there was a strong misgiving and disquietude as to the political outcome, when once strongly linked with our southern neighbors, we launched together on the unexplored and boundless sea of unrestricted reciprocity. Trade follows the flag is an axiom of British commerce. In this case what flag would it be? Mr. Blake has shadowed forth his fears in this matter. He spoke for a large number.

Uniting our commercial future with the United States in the sanguine hope that in a few years, at any rate, they

will adopt free trade for themselves is risky in the extreme. Nothing need be looked for in that direction. Free trade, when first established in the British Isles, was declared by the Cobden Club to be the coming policy, and would soon be adopted by every civilized nation on earth. Well, has it? Forty years have passed away and not one other country has accepted it. Selfishness, narrowness, ignorance and national vanity still reign paramount.

Finally, our best policy would seem to be to strike boldly for free commercial intercourse with the Mother Country. We have that, at least, in our own hands. We might, by passing the necessary act to-morrow, have an enormous increase in our volume of trade and by largely importing would of necessity export largely to pay for British goods. Why defer or refuse to take this valuable certainty, positive prosperity, and rather look for what is very uncertain that it can be obtained, and, even if obtainable, can be only got at the price of shutting the gates of trade in the face of free-trade Britain. Nor would it prejudice or injure in the least our chances of extended trade with our powerful neighbor. On the contrary, it would improve it. We would have a distinct advantage. The strong desire of the average American to get hold of a good thing, and seeing so many valuable advantages passing under his very nose that he might, at least, be a sharer in, every nerve would be strained that he might participate therein, so that probably two years of this prosperity or even one would see Washington knocking at the doors of Ottawa asking for reciprocal arrangements which could be granted and accepted without either surrendering their commercial independence. Thus we would have unrestricted reciprocity with the two greatest nations of the earth, more valuable to us, than all the others combined.

Commercial war is just as real and cruel in its own way as physical warfare. It may not ask for seas of blood, or take life, or maim or wound, but it destroys property, bars intercourse, harasses lawful industry, promotes ill-will, suspicion and bitterness between people that should be friendly, causes distress and suffering, demands treasure for its tribute, and has often been the cause and precursor of physical war. Of all wars it is the pettiest and most sneaking. Setting aside the waste, self-injury and industrial stagnation which it promotes, passing over all the fallacious theories by which it is sought to be upheld, it is difficult to understand how any man or nation or honorable mind can propose and defend it. The glorious and solemn dictum of the Divine Teacher of mankind, "Whatsoever ye would that men should do to you do ye even so to them," is spoken to the individual and to the community. It is the golden principle for all, and is reared as a perpetual sign to men and to nations. If Canada, in the recent elections, declined to endorse unrestricted reciprocity with the United States it was not because she was in such love with protection. We are now beginning to learn its true character. It was because she feared that behind lay political, social and moral consequences that no amount of material prosperity could balance.

Tobacco and Development. While the injurious effects of the nicotine of tobacco-smoke on the system into which it has been introduced have long been generally acknowledged, it is only rarely that its damaging effects on the physique can be shown by statistics, albeit they may have been frequently surmised. Dr. J. W. Seaver, the college physician and instructor in athletics at Yale, has made a comparative study of the users and non-users of tobacco in the present senior class for the past four years, and from careful measurements made and kept he forms this table:—

Table with 3 columns: Users of Tobacco, Non-users of Tobacco, and Average increase in Lung capacity, liters. (Or an increase 66 per cent greater for non-users.)

Table with 3 columns: Users of Tobacco, Non-users of Tobacco, and Inflated chest, meters. (Or an increase 18 per cent greater for non-users.)

Table with 3 columns: Users of Tobacco, Non-users of Tobacco, and Height, meters. (Or an increase 20 per cent greater for non-users.)

Table with 3 columns: Users of Tobacco, Non-users of Tobacco, and Weight, kilograms. (Or an increase 25 per cent greater for non-users.)

There is not much need, we think, for comment on the contents of this table. It shows by actual measurement that young men who do not use tobacco grow taller and stronger, on the average, and have more capacious lungs and better wind than their companions who indulge in the use of the weed.—Evening Journal.

Balance of Trade.

Senator Wark says in speaking of England as a country getting all the time richer with a heavy balance of trade constantly against her. "I can remember when British statesmen discussed the subject just as Americans do now, but the former no longer require to pay for these imports with what of their own products they export. They buy and sell largely from foreign countries and these colonies on which they build iron ships for foreign countries which are not included in their exports, they have a large amount of capital invested in loans to foreign countries, the interest on which is drawn for bills of exchange, but, perhaps, the largest item is the earnings of their merchant shipping, which, in tonnage, is nearly half of that of the whole world, and as they far exceed all other countries in steamers they; no doubt, do more than half the carrying trade of the whole world. There may be others to which I have not referred, but when we add to the value of these exports the profits on foreign goods, the price of iron ships, the interest on foreign loans and the earnings of their merchant shipping, we can see how their imports are paid for by means which no other country possesses. The theory of buying in the cheapest market and selling in the dearest is very correct where applied to free trade countries dealing on equal terms, but when a free trade country is met at one point by a revenue tariff, at another by a protective one, and at another by an export duty, the question becomes more complicated and its solution more difficult.

English Coinage.

Gold First Coined in Henry III's Reign and Copper in 1672.

When England was being made into mincemeat and blocks of real estate by the Saxons and Danes silver and brass were in use as currency, says the Age of Steel, but the Normans subsequently installed the aristocratic metal and left the democratic brass to take care of itself. Gold was first coined by Henry III., and copper was made into coins in 1672. Tin was used for coinage in 1880, and the national farthing was made of this Cambrian product with a stud of copper set in the centre. In 1690 and 1691 tin half-pence were issued in considerable quantities. The only pure gold coins issued in English history were those of Henry III.

In the reign of Edward I. the pound in tale of silver coins was equal to the pound in weight of standard silver. The pound in tale was divided in 20 shillings, the shillings into 12 pence, and each penny piece weighed a penny-weight or twenty-four grains. Before the mintage of gold coins in England the byzant, valued at 10 shillings, was imported from Constantinople, and florences of the same value from Florence. Edward III. subsequently minted the noble, Edward IV. the rial, Henry VII. the double rial, James I. the laurel, and Charles II. revived the old laurel coin under the name of the guinea.

The guinea in the reign of Queen Anne, originally issued as a 20-shilling piece, rose in value to 80 shillings, and was acrobatic in values till Sir Isaac Newton secured authority, ordering the guinea to pass for 21 shillings sterling. The present English sovereign was issued in 1817 and weighed 20.21 parts of argentine. The present standard of fineness for silver coins is eleven ounces or two penny-weight silver and thirteen penny-weight alloy.

Bronze coins were introduced in 1860, replacing the old copper coins first legalized by the fiat of Charles II. and afterward made by James II. from old guns, copper, vessels, pewter pots, and a general assemblage of comparatively worthless metal.

ENGLISHMEN

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