

and of earthly worship, and I faith, and truth I will bear unto you, to live and the against all manner of folks. So help me God." The Duke of Cumberland then touched the Crown on His Majesty's head, and kissed His Majesty's left cheek; the rest of the Dukes of the Blood Royal doing the like after him and then retiring.

"The Dukes and other Peers then observed the same ceremony—the senior of each degree pronouncing the words of homage, and the rest of the same degree successively touching His Majesty's Crown, and kissing His Majesty's left cheek and then retiring."

"The auditing is a part of the ceremony more recommended by antiquity than delicacy, and will probably be omitted altogether."

Several workmen were on Saturday taken on by Mr. Bennett, one of the contractors for the erection of the platform on which His Majesty and the Princess, will walk from the Royal Palace to Westminster Abbey on the approaching solemnity. The platform is to pass through the Park. The exact line has not yet been proclaimed, but the works are to be commenced next week.—*London paper.*

MISCELLANEOUS.

FROM LATE ENGLISH PAPERS.

An English paper of April 4, records the marriage of Miss Stephens, the vocalist, to the Earl of Essex; and Madame Vestris to Mr. Charles Matthews, son of the eminent comedian of that name.

The united ages of the Earl of Essex and his Countess (late Miss Stephens) amount to 126 years, the Earl being in his 82nd and the Countess in her 44th year.

A letter from the poet Wordsworth to Mr. Stewart Tilford, advocating the proposed extension of copyright in England, is published in the London papers of the 23rd.

Strawberries (from France) were sold in London on the 22nd of April, at 18 snillings sterling per counce.

Green pass-overs for sale in London for one guinea per basket, about the eighth of a peck.

SAVINGS BANKS.—The deposits in these excellent institutions last year, according to official returns, amounted to £29,500,000, being an increase of £900,000 over the deposits of 1836.

SEAMEN'S WAGES.—Such has been the demand for seamen at Greenock and Port-Glasgow this week, in consequence of the sailing of the large North American woodmen and other ships, that their wages have advanced from £2 10s to £3 per month; and even with that advance, a full crew of the seaman can scarcely be obtained.—*Glasgow Constitutional.*

The Lord of the Manor of Rochdale made a claim against the Leeds and Manchester Railway Company for the sum of £41,000 for the losses he would sustain by the Railway passing across copyhold lands held from him, and the jury returned a verdict of £150.—*Stockport Herald.*

The Minister of War in France has ordered a sum of 150,000 francs to be appropriated for changing the flint locks of between 1000 to 10,000 army muskets into percussion locks; and for making experiments with them, to compare the durability and other advantages of the one system with those of the other.

Mr. George Combe, the phrenologist, is to embark for the United States in August.

The Emperor of Austria has followed the example of the King of Prussia, by sequestrating the estates of three Hanoverian Bishops, Catholics, who, like the Archbishop of Cologne, forbade their clergy to solemnize mixed marriages unless the children were to be brought up in the Catholic faith.

The *Austrian Observer* is full of eulogiums on the liberal conduct of the Jews of Pest; who, when the death was at the greatest, procured a quantity of flour of bread, and distributed 3,500 loaves among the distressed inhabitants without distinction of religion, besides giving large supplies of meat and money.

The Archbishop of Posen has addressed a pastoral circular to the clergy of his diocese, forbidding them, under pain of a breach of their oath of duty to the church, to give the nuptial benediction on mixed marriages.

Houses in New York and Brooklyn, that formerly rented for \$1000, can now be had for half the money.

It is estimated that the printing business in the United States gives employment to two hundred thousand operatives, and thirty millions of capital.

UPPER CANADA.

Address of the Prisoners who have been lately liberated from Jail at Toronto to His Excellency the Lieutenant-Governor.

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR EXCELLENCY:

We, to whom the Royal Clemency has been most graciously extended, together with our friends and relations, beg leave most sincerely and humbly to tender to Your Excellency our grateful acknowledgements for the humanity that your Excellency so promptly exercised in our behalf: transgressors as we were, we do not now attempt to offer any apology for our offence; but we are led sincerely to believe that your Excellency has with clearness observed how easily the ignorant, though honest inhabitants of the country were led astray by the artifice and chicanery of designing men who availed themselves of every opportunity of imposing upon the unsuspecting, by productions emanating from mendacious and unscrupulous persons.

While we deprecate sincerely the means that were resorted to for the purpose of seducing many of our honest, but ignorant fellow-transgressors and sufferers now in prison, from their allegiance, the nature and duties of which we can fairly assert many of them through ignorance did not know; we fervently pray that the deluded and morally honest among them may yet find favour in the sight of their Sovereign, through the favourable recommendation of your Excellency.

Restored again to our wives and little ones through the feeling humanity of a magnanimous Government, with the hope held out to us that the forfeiture we subjected ourselves to will not be exacted, we fondly cherish the belief that we will be permitted to remain in the country of our birth and adoption, to enjoy the earnings of many years, and teach our rising families that to be under the dominion of the British Government will entitle them to expect protection and mercy. That your Excellency may be directed to extend that mercy to many more of our unfortunate sufferers (through ignorance) we humbly pray, of which we feel how sincerely it would be appreciated as it has been undesired.

That your Excellency may in your highland goodness, ever remain in this Province to shield the helpless prisoners of our deluded fellow-sufferers, now in prison, in common with ours, from artifice such as seduced us, to tempt Justice with Mercy, and to receive at our hands in behalf of a Most Gracious Queen, such a proof of our gratitude and contrition as we ought to manifest, is our most anxious wish.

By giving such demonstrations of our sincerity, gratitude and contrition, we expect yet in the demonstration of the attachment and fidelity awakened in us by the mercy that we have received, to be enabled to exclaim without suspicion.

"GOD SAVE THE QUEEN!"

From the Montreal Herald of Saturday.

The Niagara Reporter mentions that it has been informed by a person who had actual observation of the fact, that a secret, but active and extensive organization of "sympathisers" has for some time been in progress on the American frontier, for the purpose of invading Upper Canada, and that a large force is enrolled, for which arms are collected on a large scale and ammunition is arriving at Lockport in kegs marked "S. S. SYSTEM." Steamboats are chartered, and an attack on Toronto for the purpose of rescuing Sutherland and Theller is intended. We have also received a letter from an individual who has his information from a friend just arrived from Buffalo, who states that there are about three thousand fugitives from Upper Canada congregated at or near the place, making preparations with the "sympathisers" for another campaign on an extensive scale, that they hold private meetings where they are sworn to secrecy, and use signs similar to freemasons, that funds are raising to purchase arms and ammunition, and everything necessary to equip a large army, that there is another organization in progress at French Creek, and that a perfect understanding exists along the frontier between Swanton and Detroit. The Fort Covington villains are about raising a force to be under the command, it is said, of Allen Lincoln, whose qualification for the important situation consists in his being a butcher, and not one of your Papineau or Brown men, afraid of the sight of blood. Although he has no more education than one of his own calves, he will undoubtedly make a very good rebel, and as good a legislator as some of the late members of the House of Assembly, for he can make his mark

as well as them. He, however, owns a good farm near Dundee, said to be worth about a thousand pounds, and as he has said that he would rather lose his farm than take the oath of allegiance, the authorities ought not take him at his word.

We mentioned, some time ago, that an officer of high rank, who had made the tour of Upper Canada, had given it as his opinion, that six regiments would be required to protect the province, not so much from any expectation of an attempt at rebellion as to prevent invasion. The great numbers who have recently emigrated to the United States, consist of disaffected democrats, who would gladly enter into any scheme which held out a hope of plunder, and they require to be closely watched by our Government, since that of the neighbouring republic pretends to be too weak, but is, in reality, too dishonest, to endeavor to suppress any organization.

THE TRANSCRIPT.

QUEBEC, TUESDAY, 29th MAY, 1838.

LATEST NEWS.

London, - - April 21. New-York, - - May 21.  
Liverpool, - - April 25. Halifax, - - May 9.  
Havre, - - - April 22. Toronto, - - May 17.

There is no later intelligence from Europe by this morning's mail.

Nova Scotia and New Brunswick papers were received by the Halifax mail, which arrived yesterday morning.

Kingston (U. C.) papers received yesterday contain some rumours of certain secret preparations making by the "sympathisers" on the frontiers, aided by the runaway rebels for another attempt at outrage and plunder in the Upper Provinces. We have inserted some account of these proceedings from the *Montreal Herald*; but the authority on which it is given is so vague, and the idea of any successful attack so absurd and improbable, that we cannot receive the report with any thing like implicit confidence.

H. M. Ship *Hastings*, (78) commanded by Capt. Loch, arrived in port on Sunday last from Portsmouth, having on board His Excellency the Earl of Durham, the Countess of Durham, family and suite. The *Hastings* anchored opposite to the Queen's Wharf, and great numbers of persons assembled on the wharves and batteries in expectation that His Excellency would disembark immediately. His landing, however, was announced as being deferred to the following day, yesterday; but the weather proving very unfavorable, and the house fixed upon for his Lordship's temporary residence not being quite ready for his reception, the landing was further postponed to this day, at two o'clock, when he will be received by Sir John Colborne and the heads of the different civil and military departments, under a salute from the citadel and the ships of war in port, and the streets leading to the Chateau will be lined by the Grenadier and Coldstream Guards.

The following is a list of the passengers in the *Hastings*:-

Earl and Countess of DURHAM, and family. Mr. and Mrs. Elice, Miss Balfour, Mr. Chas. Buller, Chief Secretary; Mr. Turton, Legal Adviser. The Hon. E. P. Bouvier, Mr. Arthur Buller, Mr. Bushe, Attaches. Hon. Frederick Villiers, Capt. Pensoy, C. A. Dillon, Esq., Frederick Cavendish, Esq., Sir John Doratt, Aides-de-Camp.

The Globe Hotel, opposite the Court House, has been taken for Lord Durham's residence, until the House of Assembly is prepared for his reception.

The *Hastings* goes on board the fine band of 71st Regiment, which, we understand, will also disembark to-day.

"As the Banks have resumed specie payments, we hope the shin plaster nuisances will soon disappear. They were a convenience at the time they were issued, but the irresponsibility of a great number of the individuals who issued them, have been the cause of much loss among the poor, who are ill able to afford being taken in by such means."

In corroboration of the foregoing remark of the Montreal Herald respecting the losses sustained by the community, it may be observed that the notes of Henry's Bank are publicly advertised for sale in Montreal at 1s. 8d. per dollar.

COMMERCIAL.

Montreal, 29th May.

Trade still continues extremely dull. But few Upper Canada merchants have yet visited us, and those who have, do not buy, generally speaking, to any think like their usual amount.

ASHES.—Pots to a limited amount have been sold at 29c 6d for shipping lots. 30s is asked by holders, but no sales at that rate have been made. Pearls have been sold at 32c 6d, cash.

Flour.—Sales have been made of superfine at 42c 6d, fine 38s 9d, and middlings 36c 3d. The receipts from Upper Canada, have been large, but the demand continues limited.

PROVISIONS.—Mess pork has been sold at \$24 and prime mutton at \$18.

EXCHANGE.—The Banks now draw on London at 7 1/2 per cent premium—private bills may be quoted at 7 per cent.

THE ARMY.

Montreal, 26th May, 1838.

Yesterday afternoon the mortal remains of Major Henry John Warde were consigned to the house appointed for all living. The whole of the Royal regiment formed the firing party at the grave. The band of the Royal, the 34th and 85th regiments, preceded the hearse, the two last playing appropriate airs from Dalhousie Square to the old burying ground. An immense concourse of civilians joined the procession, and the windows along the line of streets through which it passed were filled with females, many of whom seemed deeply affected at witnessing the melancholy scene. Six mutes preceded the hearse containing the body in a mahogany coffin, on which were placed the cap and sword of the deceased, followed by his servants, one of whom led his horse, across the saddle of which his boots were swung inverted. Major General Clitheroe, Col. Wetherall, and all the officers in the garrison attended as mourners. Major Warde had completed his thirtieth year last January, and was in possession of most brilliant prospects, which this unfortunate death has destroyed for ever. His father was General Warde, and died of yellow fever while Governor of Barbadoes.

From the United Service Gazette, of April 21.

DRAFTS FOR CANADA AND NOVA SCOTIA.—The following drafts are at Cork, Kinsale, Spike Island, and Ballincollig, for Canada and Nova Scotia:—15th Regiment, 3 officers, 92 men; 34th, 4 officers, 44 men; 66th, 4 officers, 71 men; 83rd, 5 officers, 162 men; 85th, 2 officers, 61 men, for Canada. 73d Regiment, 1 officer, 41 men; 14th, 1 officer, 20 men; 65th, 1 officer, 11 men, for Nova Scotia. Total, 21 officers, 502 men.

1st DRAGON GUARD.—The service troops are under the command of Captain Manning. The Hon. Captain Irem commands the depot. Captain Schonswarke embarks with the service troops for Canada.

1st FURY.—The first division of the 1st battalion Royal Regiment, under the command of Lieutenant Colonel Carter, embarked at Belfast, on Monday, on board of the *Tartar* steamer, for Glasgow. The second division and head-quarters, were to embark on board the *Rapid* steamer on Wednesday, and the third division and head-quarters, were to embark on board the *Tartar* yesterday for Glasgow.

10TH.—This Regiment, which was under orders of readiness, and expected the route from Fermanoy to Cork on Monday last, will not leave the former garrison until the transports arrive for conveying the troops to Canada. The crowded state of Cork garrison, with troops awaiting embarkation on to Canada, makes it more convenient to leave the 10th at Fermanoy, until the arrival of the transports.

24TH.—Two companies are to proceed to Canada in the *Madagascar*.

73D.—The destination of this Regiment is Halifax and not Quebec. Lieut. Col. Love, and six companies were to embark, on the 4th instant, on board the *Talavera*, for Halifax; two companies were to remain for the present at Gibraltar, as the *Talavera* could not receive more than 500.

ROYAL ARTILLERY.—The report that Lord Blesfield has declined the commandship of the Royal Artillery, at Woodwich, is totally without foundation. His Lordship will probably assume the command of the garrison in the course of next week. A splendid ball was given in the mess room, on Thursday, on the occasion of the departure of the companies for Canada and Halifax. The Artillery force embarking for Canada, comprises the companies of Lieut. Colonel Wyde, Brevet Lieut.