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Silverware of enduring quality. ENTREE DISHES, BOATS, TOAST RACKS, COON TRAYS, BUTTER DISH.

Christmas Shopping Early. 11-17 King St.

# English K BELTING

Best Belting. R. W. Allen, Limited. St. John, N. B. Box 702.

# Machine Works, Ltd.

Phone West 598. G. H. Waring, Manager.

# Waterproofs

Old Roofs. St. John, N. B.

# Christmas

Electric Co. Contractors. St. John, N. B.

# COAL COAL

Good Value at the Price. Consumers Coal Co., Limited. 68 Prince Wm. Street. Telephone: Main 1913.

# SMITH'S FISH MARKET

Oysters, Clams, Halibut, Mackerel, Salmon, Haddock, Cod, Salt Shad.

# SMITH'S FISH MARKET

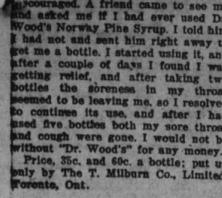
Select your Greeting Cards for Christmas now. Advertising Calendars a specialty. FLEWELLING PRESS, St. John, N. B.

## HAD BAD COUGH AND SORE THROAT

Never neglect a cough or cold however slight. If you do it can have but one result; it leaves the throat or lungs, or both, affected. A single dose of DR. WOOD'S NORWAY PINE SYRUP will help to stop the cough, soothe the throat, and if the cough or cold has become settled on the lungs the healing virtues of the Norway pine tree along with the soothing and expectorant properties of other excellent herbs, roots and barks promptly eradicate the bad effects, and the persistent use cannot but help to bring about relief.

Mr. Albert Marsh, Lower L'Anse-au-Loup, N. B., writes: "About a year ago I contracted a cold accompanied by a very bad cough and sore throat. I sent for Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup. I had not sent him my right away to get me a bottle. I started using it, and after a couple of days I found I was getting relief, and after taking two bottles the soreness in my throat seemed to be leaving me, so I resolved to continue its use, and after I had used five bottles both my sore throat and cough were gone. I would not be without Dr. Wood's for any money."

Price, 35c. and 60c. a bottle; put up by the T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

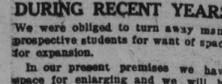


## Painless Extraction Only 25c

Boston Dental Offices. Head Office Branch Office, 57 Main St. 85 Charlotte St. Phone 683 Phone 38. DR. J. D. MAHER, Proprietor. Open 9 a. m. until 9 p. m.

## DURING RECENT YEARS

We were obliged to turn away many prospective students for want of space for expansion. In our present premises we have space for enlarging and we will be able to accommodate all applicants. No better time for entering than now. Send for New Catalogue.



## COAL COAL

BROAD COVE (The Genuine) High Quality. Also CUMBERLAND. A Cumberland County, N. S. Coal Mined to our Standard of Quality.

## CONSUMERS COAL CO., LIMITED

68 Prince Wm. Street. Telephone: Main 1913.

## Salts Is Fine For Kidneys, Quit Meat

Flush the Kidneys at Once When Back Hurts or Bladder Bothers. No man or woman who eats meat regularly can make a mistake by flushing the kidneys occasionally, says a well-known authority. Meat forms uric acid which clogs the kidney pores so they sluggishly filter or strain only part of the waste and poisons from the blood, then you get sick. Nearly all rheumatism, headaches, liver trouble, nervousness, constipation, dizziness, sleeplessness, bladder disorders come from sluggish kidneys.

The moment you feel a dull ache in the kidneys or your back hurts, or if the urine is cloudy, offensive, full of sediment, irregular of passage or attended by a sensation of scalding, get about four ounces of Jad Salts from any reliable pharmacy and take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine. This famous salt is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia and has been used for generations to flush clogged kidneys and stimulate to activity, also to neutralize the acids in urine so it no longer causes irritation, thus ending bladder disorders.

Jad Salts is inexpensive and cannot injure; makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink which all regular meat eaters should take now and then to keep the kidneys clean and the blood pure, thereby avoiding serious kidney complications.

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## 25 MILLION BUSHEL'S CORN TO GO AS FUEL

Western Utilities Companies Join Farmers in Burning Their Surplus Stocks.

Chicago, Dec. 7.—Large quantities of corn will be burned in the West for fuel this winter unless there is a material advance in the price of the grain. While no accurate statistics have been compiled as to the amount of corn burned Chicago grain men say that even under normal conditions there is more or less of this done and estimate that already 1,000,000 bushels have been used as a substitute for coal.

Should the winter prove severe in the territory west of the Mississippi River, especially in Iowa, Nebraska and South and North Dakota, it is estimated conservatively that possibly 25,000,000 bushels or more will be burned.

So far the burning of corn has been done almost entirely in sections where the grain is selling at a low price, around 20 to 25 cents a bushel net to the producer, while coal is anywhere from \$9 to \$12 a ton for bituminous.

Andracie is almost beyond the reach of many of the Western farmers, and in addition the ash has considerable value as fertilizer. The Buenos Aires, Argentina, Electric Light plant used corn almost exclusively for fuel for some time during the war, using around 100 tons a day, and it is still used to a great extent by farmers in that country.

U. S. Looks Into Matter. The United States Department of Agriculture has taken up the subject of corn for fuel and has issued a circular covering the relative value of the two. A ton of ear corn is 29 bushels, and at 20 cents a bushel would be equal in fuel value to soft coal at \$10.

However, farmers have to haul the corn to market and in a majority of cases must pay several cents a bushel to have it shelled. It is customary to run the sheller on corn cob fuel. In addition to the economic necessity which has forced many farmers to depend entirely on themselves for food and fuel, credit being exhausted, there is the general disgust over the low price, present values for the grain being figured authoritatively at anywhere from 15 to 25 cents a bushel below the cost of production and in many sections of the West the burning of corn is advocated to dispose of what appears to be a burdensome surplus.

In Iowa telephone poles were placarded with requests that corn be burned.

In this connection J. R. Howard, president of the American Farm Bureau Federation, says: "We are doing everything we can to discourage the farmer from burning corn. He is driven to it as an economic necessity. It is bad public policy for the country to lose this amount of food, but unless the price of coal comes down or corn goes up the use of the latter will continue."

Editors Oppose Burning. Leading agricultural journals are strongly against the proposed use of corn in place of coal or wood for fuel and some of the editorials have been bitter. Herbert Bedford, a farmer residing in Carroll county, Iowa, a visitor to Chicago's stock show, said: "I have upward of 15,000 bushels of 1919 corn. If I sell it for 15 cents in the open market it is 25 cents a bushel at the most. Then I must haul it to the local station. My return on my corn is about \$7 a ton, not figuring what it cost me to haul it from the farm to the depot. Good grades of soft coal out in Carroll county cost \$11 a ton on the track. The farmers haul it from the siding.

Miller jumped for the rising platform, but as he did so his foot slipped. His body landed in the elevator, but his legs were wedged in one side. The elevator moved upward and he was stopped, halted by the legs it was crushing. The children, panic stricken, rushed off and fled to their homes, telling no one of what happened.

An hour later Harry Saitman of 34 Varet street, while passing the open door, heard faint moans. He looked in and saw Miller, his unconscious. Saitman tried hard to extricate him, but could not. He ran out and summoned Policeman Boyle of the Stagg street station, and the two related the boy's predicament to the Greenpoint Hospital, where it was found one knee was fractured and his legs badly cut.

Winnipeg, Dec. 6.—Hon. T. A. O'Connell, Progressive leader who received the early election returns tonight at the home of his mother at Russell, Man., and then left for Winnipeg, declined to make any comment on the results as shown at 8:30 p. m. He told the Canadian Press over long distance telephone that he would think over the situation on his way to Winnipeg and he might make a statement in the morning.

to the farm. It is a pocketbook proposition with me. Personally I think it is a sin to burn corn, but the substitution of corn for coal is the only alternative for a lot of us farmers."

Mr. Bedford also declared the use of the burned corn was a valuable fertilizer. "Of course, we have to dry the corn cob thoroughly," continued Mr. Bedford, "before we can burn it. From my own observations cob corn is very dry as good as soft coal for fuel and a big advantage is that it is not smoky and dirty like soft coal."

Under normal conditions the bulk of the commercial corn crop of the United States that enters into interstate commerce is produced in seven States—Illinois, Iowa, Nebraska, Missouri, Kansas, Ohio and Indiana—of which only Illinois, Iowa and Nebraska produce any great amount. Normally only about 350,000,000 bushels of corn arrive at terminal markets and should 10 per cent. of this be used for fuel it would probably have a decided effect on values.

## Hawaiian Japanese Declare Fealty To Ideals of America

Prepared to Stick by and Stand Up for United States' Laws.

Honolulu, Dec. 7.—Members of the Society of American Citizens of Japanese Ancestry are unhesitatingly opposed to any attempt having as its purpose the undermining of their sincere efforts to preserve their Americanism.

The foregoing declaration is emphasized in a public statement that has been issued by the society and which, in effect, is a reply to the assertions of V. B. Macdonald, owner of the Sacramento (California) News, made before the local Rotary Club, that the Japanese in Hawaii are not assimilable and are incapable to assume the responsibilities of American citizenship.

This society, known as Honolulu Forum No. 1, was organized about two years ago at the instance of Honolulu Post No. 1 of the American League.

It is composed of Japanese young men and women born in Hawaii who have in every way possible renounced allegiance to Japan. A majority of the male members of the organization served in the American army during the war.

After explaining that local citizens had requested it to make clear its stand upon the matters referred to by Mr. Macdonald, the society says in its statement: "We desire the public to understand that the members of this organization have renounced all allegiance to the Japanese Government. It was necessary that this step be taken, due to the fact that we are past the age of 17, beyond which the Government of Japan absolutely refuses to consider applications for naturalization, our status as loyal American citizens, is therefore unquestionable."

The statement calls attention to the pledge each member of the society has signed, declaring their undivided allegiance to the United States of America and her government, and containing his oath publicly renouncing any allegiance to Japan. "I do now solemnly swear," the pledge reads, "that I will uphold the Constitution of the United States and respect her flag, and will in no way assist America to Japan, will countenance no dual citizenship, and will do all in my power to make the American citizens of Japanese ancestry 100 per cent American."

In conclusion, the members declare their desire to firmly state that they are "unflinchingly opposed to any attempt having in its purpose the undermining of our sincere efforts to preserve our Americanism."

## Boy Alone An Hour Wedged In Lift Car

Frightens Other Children Away from Danger, But Is Crushed in Leap.

New York, Dec. 7.—For an hour yesterday William Miller, 16, of 253 MacDougal street, was held by his crushed legs between an elevator and the shaft in a storehouse at 4 Varet street, Brooklyn after he probably had saved the lives of half a dozen children who were playing in it.

The boy was passing the storehouse when he saw that the girls and boys had forced the door and were jumping on and off the freight elevator, playing with the starting chain, and likely to be killed or injured should the lift start.

Miller jumped for the rising platform, but as he did so his foot slipped. His body landed in the elevator, but his legs were wedged in one side. The elevator moved upward and he was stopped, halted by the legs it was crushing. The children, panic stricken, rushed off and fled to their homes, telling no one of what happened.

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## FRANCE MAKES READY REPLY TO GREAT BRITAIN

Answer to British Note on the Franco-Turkish Dispute Is Being Prepared.

Paris, Dec. 7.—According to present information Aristide Briand has no intention of making a statement in the Chamber of Deputies on the Washington conference unless he is obliged to do so. His view is that as the conference continues it would be premature to make a declaration on the results of his mission. Nevertheless he may respond to demands for special explanations.

Since his return the Premier has had a long interview with President Millerand. He has also seen Count Bonin-Langre, the Italian Ambassador, and the Italian ministers may be considered closed, although a section of the press is still engaged in bitterly denouncing the indiscretions of "Pettinazzo."

It is understood that the reply to the British note on the Franco-Turkish dispute is being prepared and there is a clear disposition on the part of the French cabinet to accept the British conference on this subject. In the British note, still unpublished, there is a resume of the French declarations, and the suggestion that Briand is ready to bring forward proposals for the re-establishment of peace in the Far East.

The idea of mediation is indeed growing, but it is urged that before official negotiations between Greece and Turkey are begun, the bases of an acceptable peace should be ascertained. This apparently means that both parties should be consulted. Demetrios Gounaris, for Greece, is stated in official circles to be favorable to the conditions proposed in June. What is doubtful is whether the Turks would now agree to the same terms for their demands have grown.

The document that Mr. Gounaris has drawn up for the British Foreign Office has not been sent to the Quai d'Orsay, but it is believed to be identical in its demands for a Greek governor and to extend to the Christian minorities outside the autonomous zone of Smyrna the same status as that possessed by the Christians in the Smyrna zone.

These claims were later somewhat modified, but for France the final preliminary duty is to ascertain what the Turks will be prepared to accept. The Premier says it is clear that no real satisfaction will be given Mohammedans unless Turkish sovereignty is re-established in Asia Minor. This means that where Christian populations are in the majority, the abolition of their sovereignty at Mecca and the prospect of immediate peace is not brought appreciably nearer.

## Masons Extend Greeting To Duke of Devonshire

Six Hundred Brethren Welcome Home Their Provincial Grand Master.

London, Dec. 7.—The Duke of Devonshire, provincial grand master of Derbyshire, has been welcomed home by some 600 brethren of his province at a meeting held in the Town Hall of Buxton, after an absence of five years in the service of his country. Deputy Provincial Grand Master N. J. Hughes-Hallett, in giving an account of his stewardship, said that in 1916, the province numbered 170 members, and the growth in the four succeeding years had been to 1782, 1937, 2147, and to 2464 in 1920. That meant that the membership had increased by 40 per cent during the Duke's absence, while the number of lodges had increased by seven. Along with this there had been an increase in the contributions to the chief charities amounting to 115 per cent. In 1916 the sum subscribed was 1536 pounds; in 1917, 1696 pounds; 1813, 2211 pounds; 1918, 2254 pounds; 1920, 2376 pounds. These sums were in addition to several large contributions to local efforts.

The Duke said that Masonry had made great strides throughout the Dominion of Canada, where his life had been lived for the past five years, but his value depended not alone upon the statistics of membership but upon the traditions which the order maintained. He spoke of his religious influence in the scattered settlements separated by great distances and of the pride with which Britishers should look upon the work of their ancestors who laid the foundations of that Empire which had stood the test of time and of the greatest upheaval the world had ever known. He believed that faith in the tenets which had guided us in the past would guide us over the difficulties with which we are faced today.

The decision to hold the gathering in Buxton gave immense satisfaction to the inhabitants and particularly to the members of the local lodge. Not before has it happened that a provincial grand master of Derbyshire has been welcomed home from the performance of a great mission like that which attaches to the Governor-Generalship of a great dominion such as Canada, and the town hall, in which the meeting took place, was built by the present Duke's uncle and predecessor, the eighth duke, who was provincial grand master from 1868 to 1902.

## Chamber Votes Curb On Greedy Landlords

Would Put An End to Further Furniture Sale Scandals in France.

Paris, Dec. 7.—After a week of discussion the Chamber at 4 o'clock this morning adopted a bill designed to put an end to the housing scandal by which speculators in cheap furniture have made many millions of francs. If the Senate approves the bill it will become a criminal offence for owners to rent apartments on the condition that the tenants buy the furniture.

Since the war it has been a common practice to ask 100,000 francs for a few articles of furniture not worth a fifth of that sum, the owners knowing that apartments were so scarce that foreigners would be willing to meet all conditions.

The Government also has pledged itself to devise a law which will prohibit the renting as furnished of any apartment not so listed before the war, and which will give tenants who have been imposed upon by grasping landlords an opportunity to ask for judicial arbitration and the eventual return of anything paid in excess of the apartment's real value.

## Sympathizers of Strikers Shot And Severely Injured

Fort Worth, Tex., Dec. 6.—Tom and Tracy Macklin, strike sympathizers, were shot and seriously wounded late today in a disorder growing out of the local packing house strike. Fred Rouse, a negro, who is said to have been responsible for the shooting of the Macklin brothers, was taken to a hospital following a severe head injury received at the hands of a large crowd of men. The shooting took place in front of the Armour & Company plant.

## UNFIT TO LIVE—MUST DIE.

This verdict is rendered a thousand times every week—no corn can live, it must pass out, drop off, if Putnam's Extract is applied to corns and warts. Use the old reliable "Putnam's" it never fails, 25c. at all dealers.

## What to Take for Disordered Stomach

Takes good doses of Carter's Little Liver Pills. Cleanse the system. You will wish your meals without fear of trouble to follow. Millions all appreciate them for Biliousness, Headache, Sick Headache, upset Stomach and for Indigestion, Flatulency, Blotchy Skin. They cost the owner of Carter's Little Liver Pills. Sold Everywhere.



## Belgian Socialists Plan To Aid Soldiers Will Subordinate Participation in Cabinet.

Brussels, Dec. 7.—The Socialist Congress has decided to subordinate participation by the Socialists in the new cabinet to the adoption of the programme of the claims of the workers, including a reduction in military service to six months, nationalization of the principal means of production and control by the workers of factories. There were only fourteen votes against the decision of the Congress.

H. Carton de Wiart, the Premier, having declined to recognize the Belgian cabinet, King Albert has requested M. Jaspers, the Foreign Minister, to assume the task.

## Caldwell Given Great Ovation At Woodstock

Special to The Standard. Woodstock, Dec. 6.—This constituency, as was generally expected, elected Caldwell today by a majority of 1,100. His majority over Col. Melville in October, 1919, was 5,540. He arrived in Woodstock late tonight and his supporters gave him a warm reception and a bonfire lit in his honor. The town of Woodstock gave Smith a majority of 231, the vote being Smith 743; Caldwell, 512. Government supporters are satisfied with the result, as they had to fight besides the Progressives the whole Liberal machine.

## CASTORIA

For Infants and Children In Use For Over 30 Years Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Greatest Value in the World

10 for 18¢ 20 for 35¢

PLAYER'S NAVY CUT CIGARETTES

This is a CHRISTMAS SHOP from October first until the very night before Christmas

A BEAUTIFUL FUR COAT	A PERFECT FROCK	A PAIR OF FRENCH GLOVES	AN UMBRELLA
will surely bring that happy Christmas morning smile. \$75.00, \$95.00, \$125.00, \$135.00, \$175.00, \$250.00, \$450.00	is one of the best gifts for the Mother or Daughter. The styles are so smart—just what you would desire. \$26.00, \$30.00, \$35.00, \$41.00, \$45.00, \$61.00.	Kid Doeking \$3.25 \$4.75 Then, of course, there are Chamoin, Suede, Cape, Mocha to choose from. \$1.50, \$2.00, \$3.00, \$4.50.	A delightful choice in several beautiful shades so favored just now by womenfolk. \$3.00, \$5.50, \$9.50, \$10.00, \$11.75, \$15.00, \$20.00, \$25.00, \$30.00, \$35.00, \$50.00, \$55.00, \$12.50.

D. Magee's Sons, Ltd. Master Furriers Since 1859 St. John, N. B.