Labor Items of Interest From the Capital City

LOCAL 102, I.T.U.

Local No. 102, International Typographical Union, at a regular meeting on Saturday night last, voted the sum of $50 each to the labor candidates contesting the Ottawa ridings in the forthcoming provincial election. President P. M. Draper occupied the chair.

Bro. Murphy, the local union's representative on the apprentice wage agreement, presented a proposed agreement between the local and that the master printers had named Mr. Simmons, of the Simmons Printing Co., as their representative, but so far no agreement had been reached. The last agreement signed by the master printers and the local union called for a certain period of special training for apprentices in the newspaper offices, but up to date none of the apprentices had attended the special classes. This matter was also left in the hands of Bro. Murphy.

A letter was received from the secretary of the I.T.U. advising that the 1920 convention would be held at Albany, N.Y.

The sick committee reported that Bros. A. E. Sheppard, Jas. Currie, F. J. Dowd, Wm. Mason and Jos. Latimer were on the sick list.

The sick committee also reported against increasing the dues and sick benefits for the present. The committee also recommended a revision of the bylaws to come into effect at the end of the official year. These recommendations were adopted.

Four new members were initiated.

Secretary-Treasurer J. K. Peffers presented a financial statement showing the local union to be in a healthy financial condition.

* * *

OTTAWA STONECUTTERS' UNION.

The Stonecutters' Journal for September, says:

A little stunt was pulled off since my last letter that may be of interest to some of the readers of the Journal. We have in the person of Mr. J. A. Pearson, the architect of the new Parliament Buildings, quite a remarkable character. He is very much interested in "banker marks." Following his instructions I collected the names of the cutters who had "banker marks." These were copied and placed in the foundation stone of the "Centre Block" which was laid on Labor Day. This list was headed in the following terms:

"In this, the year of our Lord, One Thousand Nine Hundred and Nineteen, there are gathered together in the City of Ottawa from various parts of the Empire a body of stonecutters, wherefrom the notable labor peculiar to their craft, in the construction of the magnificent new stone building, known as the "Centre Block" Parliament Buildings, of the Dominion, Canada. Of this assembly many have served the ancient and venerable apprenticeship required in their trade, and are therefore entitled to the use of "banker marks." The custom, recognizing the use of such "banker marks" having been in existence for generations. In numerous instances these are hereditary, and thus indicate that their ancestors had also devoted themselves to this worthy and honorable calling. As an incident in the history of the building, the architect, Mr. J. A. Pearson, has deemed it desirable that a record of the names and legitimate "banker marks" of such men, be compiled and placed in the cornerstone of the Peace Tower of the new Parliament Building, laid by H.R.H. the Prince of Wales, on the first day of September, this year. On Thursday, of last week, Mr. Pearson sent for our president, Bro. A. O. Jackson, and myself. When we arrived at his office he handed us a framed duplicate of this document with the names and "banker marks" of several of the cutters and told us to present it to the union with his compliments, instructing us to tell the boys also how pleased he was with our work.

All are employed and there is nothing of importance to report.

E. H. CULSHAW,
Corresponding Secretary.

* * *

NOT ACCORDING TO PLAN.

A Halifax correspondent of the International Typographical Journal in its current issue says:

The Ottawa Journal, arrived in Halifax about August 1, to assume the superintendency of the Herald and Mail mechanical department. He was promised full control, but found a few strings attached, which he refused to tie up to. Consequently, on August 14, he took the train back to Ottawa. Mr. Allen made a big hit with the boys of the Herald and Mail chapel, and was going strong in unionizing the whole outfit, when it was found his scheme was a little too expensive, and he was asked to curtail. Mr. Allen was just getting into a progressive stride, and if he had been given a fighting chance, there would have been two up-to-the-minute chapels added to the list of union newspapers. Mr. Allen came in the midst of higher wage demands and necessarily had to mark time until the wage question was settled. He said there is a large call for reorganization, efficiency and co-operation in putting the newspapers on a business basis. Closed shop agreements and efficient supervision are the foundation stones of present-day newspaper success, and Mr. Allen's aim was to achieve this ideal. Bob Kerr has come and gone, Mr. Wilkinson will soon be on the road, and now Mr. Allen has packed his grip. Who will be the next?

* * *

TYPOS' TREASURER SPEAKS ON "LAY OFF."

"That the putting into practice of the radical plan of reorganization at the Printing Bureau, involving the "letting out" of hundreds of employes, will meet with a great deal of disapproval, is the opinion of Mr. J. K. Peffers, secretary of the International Typographical Union.

"We have been aware for some time that reductions in the staff were contemplated," said Mr. Peffers. "But we were confident that a system of pensions for the old employes who are to be let go would be inaugurated.

"Mention is made of a form of 'gratuity' being instituted. I am of the opinion that this will meet with the most drastic opposition. If the Government attempts to hand out gratuities to the employes it intends to dismiss, along similar lines as was done with demobilized soldiers, it is not going to work out satisfactorily.

"That would simply mean the same thing as saying to a man: 'Here is so much advance wages; get out; we're through with you.' If it is the intention of the Government to hand each one slated for dismissal say one year's salary, which it might look upon as very generous, that would amount to allowing a man to hold his position for another year, and then turning him out of his job with nothing.

"Of the 1,300 employes in the Bureau there are, approximately, 41 per cent. over the age of 65 years. If the age limit is set at 60 years, the percentage will be so so much greater. For many of these employes the day of usefulness as workers has undoubtedly passed. But there should be some system of pensions adopted which would keep the old employe who has given of his best for so long from want. And this is doubly true at this season of the year."

Mr. Peffers stated that a system of pensions along the line employed by the Typographical Union would be acceptable to the men at the Bureau. While a number of men at the Government Bureau will participate in the benefits of union pensions when they retire from active work, the percentage of the whole is very small. In order to derive benefits from this pension scheme, one has to have been an active member of the union for 20 years.

The announcement of the contemplated "firing" of hundreds of men from the Printing Bureau caused considerable surprise in Ottawa, as well as a great deal of speculation as to when the proposed reforms will take effect.

FATHER'S DAY.

It's all right to brag about mother,
Yes, but what about poor old dad,
Of course we all shout about mother,
But dear father ain't half so bad.

He shovels the snow in the morning,
And ashes he sifts by the ton,
He waters the lawn like a hero,
It's daddy that hustles for "mon."

When mother makes bread like her mother's,
And some of the children look sick,
There's never a peep from the pater,
He swallows his dose like a brick.

It's father who's stuck for the taxes,
I'd like to know who buys the coal?
When millinery items look shocking,
Why daddy just hands out his roll.

I'll bet if you ask these dear mothers,
They'd say with a tear in the eye,
When sickness or trouble is brewing,
They're glad to have father close by.

So please don't forget dearest father,
Aho, humble his place in the sun,
When handing the flowers out to mother,
I think you might give father one.

T. H. LITSTER.

HADN'T ENOUGH

Hubbie: "I don't believe in parading my virtues."

Wife: "You couldn't; it takes quite a number to make a parade."

OTTAWA UNIONS ENDORSE LABOR CANDIDATES.

The candidature of John Cameron, for Ottawa West, and F. Lafortune, for Ottawa East, has been unanimously endorsed by every local Labor Union in Ottawa that has met since their appointment. It is expected that every trade and labor organization will be solid behind the candidates, and their election is a foregone conclusion.

The following organizations have endorsed the candidates:

Ottawa Allied Trades and Labor Association.
Ottawa District Council of Carpenters.
Ottawa Building Trades Council.
Local Union No. 93, Carpenters.
Local Union No. 648, Inside Woodworkers.
Local Union No. 102, International Typographical Union.
Local Union No. 394, Boilermakers.
Local Union No. 412, Machinists.
Local Union No. 200, Painters and Decorators.
Division No. 297, Street and Electric Railway Employes.
Local Union of Culinary Workers.
Local Union of Stonecutters.
Independent Labor Party.

LABOR OPENS ITS CAMPAIGN

John Cameron in Rousing Rally Outlines His Democratic Policy.

"I am sincere and honest in the conviction that labor has to be represented in the Legislature. It's not 'Cameron' you are supporting alone, but the principles of the Labor party of Ottawa," said Mr. John Cameron, Labor candidate for the Ontario Legislature, at the opening meeting of his campaign in Ottawa East last night.

"We have to stand together if we are to achieve anything. Viewing the histofy of the past, living under conditions brought about through legislation supplied us by both of the political parties, we still find it mighty hard to exist. Vote for the Labor candidates, and obtain justice for the masses, not merely especial brands for the 'classes'," he said.

There was hardly a vacant seat in the Ottawa East Town Hall. Mr. George Patrick occupied the chair. In his opening remarks the chairman stated that this is the first occasion afforded the labor men of voting for their own candidate to represent Ottawa in the Provincial House.

Hitherto either Liberals or Conservatives had been the representatives. "It didn't matter which," said Mr. Patrick. "Both parties milked the same cow, and we had to pay for the milk, though we never got any of it." While blood was being spilled upon European battlefields, there were those who were sucking the blood from the common people. In spite of the mass of evidence of this voiced in the press, so far there have been no convictions of profiteering. "This is strange, indeed. One man had even told the committee which was investigating inflated prices that his concern was conducted, not for the 'glory of God, but for the benefit of the shareholders.'"

Mr. John Cameron was given a rousing reception by the audience. He stated that he did not rely upon any great gift of oratory, but stood for election as a working man who believes he can best serve his own interests by serving the workingman to the best of his ability.

There were those who insinuated that a vote for labor meant the furtherance of class legislation. He emphatically refuted this allegation. While the representatives of the so-called 'capitalistic' class are negligible in numbers, they are indeed wonderful in influence. He criticized the Hearst administration for not having risen to the occasion in the matter of legislation for the eight-hour day.

The speaker paid a tribute to the late Allan Studholme, of Hamilton. "One of the best; dependable, fearless," he said, "and a man who could not be swerved from the path of duty."

Mr. Cameron said that the platform put forth by the labor party is most constructive. Compulsory and free education would prove to be a great boon to the country. An educated working class was desirable. The world would have been the gainer in the past, undoubtedly, if many of the children who could not afford to do so, had been properly educated.

Free text books was an admirable plank. An illiterate mass is a menace to itself and to society. Public ownership of utilities would mean that the profits therefrom would be devoted to public benefit, instead of being retained for the benefit of the privileged few, as obtains at present.

He said that the practice of allowing individuals to hold extensive properties for exploitation purposes should be done away with.

Equal pay for equal work was strongly advocated. Women doing the same work as men should be recompensed in kind. The abolition of election deposits was urged.

Proportional representation was favored as a means of truly representing all the people, and not a class only.

Adequate pensions and the Calgary $2,000 gratuity were supported by Mr. Cameron. Pensions for mothers, in order that the children of the future should be afforded every opportunity of becoming good citizens, was strongly supported.

"Performance is better than promise," said Mr. Cameron. "The labor platform has been adopted as the result of much thought on the part of labor men. It's adoption will revolutionize conditions. The vested interests will fight us hard. The Canadian Senate, which we favor abolishing, will see to it that the vested interests are given the best of it so long as it has the power.

Mr. George Patrick said that he was pleased to see ladies present. They know all about the H. C. of L., and could readily understand the seriousness of the fact that whilst in Ottawa bacon was retailing at sky-high prices, thousands of tons was allowed to rot and was sold to the soap people in England.

Tired of Political Promises.

Mr. J. A. P. Haydon, M.C., said that the general public is thoroughly tired of political "promises." Legislation in favor of the workingmen fails to get on the statute books. The only one who is thought of by the party politicians is the man who contributes liberally to their campaign funds.

Mr. Haydon said that the "buck had been passed" between the Provincial and the Federal Governments in the matter of shelving the provisions for the eight-hour day. Although astounding cases of under payment had been brought to the notice of the authorities, the Ontario Government had taken no action to alleviate the condition.

"The only people who may be depended upon to uphold the efforts of the returned soldier to obtain righteous treatment are the labor people," said Mr. Haydon. The Hearst Government had come out in favor of the returned men's gratuity on the eve of the election, but the Labor party was sincere in its desire to see justice accomplished. "Do not be swayed from your mountings of ideals or orbody on the part of the politicians. They never kept their promises, and they never will," he said.

Mr. William McDowell characterized the occasion as unique, inasmuch as labor had previously been content to allow representatives of the capitalistic class to legislate for them. "Labor wants a greater share in the management of the affairs of the nation, and better conditions than obtained in 1914," said Mr. McDowell.

Mr. McDowell asserted that the political field was the "sacred ground" of the politician, and encroachment upon the preserves of those who have the machinery of power was resented by them. The country had been too long enslaved by the "hand-shaking stuff. The Labor party came to the electors with 'heart stuff.'"

"Notwithstanding the innuendos and insults which may be levelled at us, we are bound to win," said Mr. McDowell, "and the gates of hell shall not prevail against the rising flood of peace on earth and good will to men in the united brotherhood of man."

The Candidates.

For Ottawa West—John Cameron.
For Ottawa East—F. Lafortune.

Who They Are.

John Cameron is one of the outstanding figures in the ranks of Organized Labor in the City of Ottawa. He is a stone mason by trade and is president of the Ottawa Building Trades Council. John Cameron is a past president of the Ottawa Allied Trades and Labor Association and at present represents his local on the floor of the central labor body. He is also a member of the Housing Commission for the City of Ottawa.

F. Lafortune, while as yet a young man, is one of the prominent figures in the labor movement in Ottawa. He is president of the local union of Steam and Operating Engineers and is first vice-president of the Allied Trades and Labor Association of Ottawa, and vice-president of the Building Trades Council. He is also a director of St. Anne's Parish Hall.

Their Democratic and Constructive Platform.

Free and compulsory education—Free education in all institutions supported by the Government. Free text-books. The Public Ownership of all public utilities and natural sources of wealth. Nationalization of banking and credit systems. Direct legislation through the initiative, referendum and recall. Gradual elimination of unearned increment through increasing taxation. Equal pay for equal work. Abolition of property qualifications for all municipal officers. Abolition of all election deposits. Proportional representation with grouped constituencies. Abolition of the Canadian Senate. That adequate equal pensions be granted to all disabled soldiers, either officers or men, or their widows and dependents. Pensions for mothers with dependent children. Old age pensions. Creation of national reserves of coal and timber.

We believe that performance is better than promise, and we rest our claim for the support of the workers on the general declaration that we stand for the industrial freedom of those who toil, and the political liberation of those who for so long have been denied justice.

Committee Rooms.

Various committee rooms have been opened in the city. Some of these are: Over the 2 Macs' store; 879 Somerset street; 96 Rideau street, and 263 Dalhousie street.

Unanimously Endorsed.

Their candidature has been endorsed by every labor organization in the city of Ottawa, including the Trades and Labor Association, the Building Trades Council, the District Council of Carpenters, the Independent Labor Party, and many others.

Labor News From the Busy City of Hamilton

TRADES COUNCIL BEHIND I. L. P. CANDIDATES.

Right behind the Independent Labor Party is the Hamilton Trades and Labor Council. Last Friday night, the delegates donated $200 towards the election expenses of Candidates Rollo and Halcrow. And if more is needed, well the I. L. P. has only to say the word. The delegates intend also to hustle and do everything in their power to secure the election of Rollo and Halcrow. Rollo is the Labor candidate to the Provincial Legislature.

During the meeting Delegate O'Dell, general organizer International Boot and Shoe Workers' Union, stated that recently agreements had been negotiated with the Ames, Holden and McCready, St. Hyacinthe, and J. A. Cody, another Quebec Province shoe firm, by the union. Thus it was now possible to secure union-made molders' and building laborers' boots. He urged patronage of the firms in question.

Acting President Ald. C. I. Aitchison reported that there would be a substantial balance from the Labor Day demonstration committee, also the convention committee would be able to make the council a nice cash gift. The delegates voted $25 to the Save-a-Child campaign. Next council night Ald. Aitchison will auction off the left-over Labor Day prizes. It's quite true also, that he doesn't carry an auctioneers' card.

* * *

HAMILTON'S NEWSY BRIEFS.

The Hamilton Street Railwaymen's Union have applied to Senator Gideon Robertson, Minister of Labor, for a Conciliation Board to adjudicate the men's wages. It is said that the Hamilton Street Railway Company's directorate will raise no objection to the request. Some days ago International Organizer Magnus Sinclair visited the city and conferred with the men's grievance committee and James McIlwraith, president of the local union. Mr. Sinclair after going over the situation, counseled the men to apply for a board. Further, he urged that they name a local man as their arbitrator. This was done and Harry G. Fester, past-president of the Cigarmakers' Union, Local No. 55, and recording secretary Trades and Labor Council, was the unanimous choice. His name has been wired to Ottawa. Mr. Fester is a most able man, and, without fear of equivocation, will "fill the bill." The men rejected the company's offer of a four cents per hour increase.

* * *

Reeve W. R. Crockett (Labor), Barton Township, is the Farmer-Labor candidate for South Wentworth. He was the unanimous choice of the U. F. O. and I. L. P. convention, held in the Molders' hall last Saturday. There were six nominees, three farmers and three labor men. Three retired before balloting, leaving Mr. Crockett and two farmers, A. E. Smuck, Glanford and Norman Holden, Ancaster. Mr. Crockett polled 54 votes, Mr. Smuck 21, and Mr. Holden, 10. The successful nominee was acclaimed amidst great enthusiasm. After responding to calls for a speech, Reeve Crockett thanked the delegates for the honor and confidence conferred in him. He promised as their standard-bearer to make every effort to head the polls. If returned to Parliament, he would not violate the trust imposed in him. Mr. C. F. T. Woodley, Lynden (farmer), presided over the convention, which was most harmonious and enthusiastic. Charles Jamieson (Labor), Mount Hamilton, was secretary-treasurer. Not only is Mr. Crockett's candidature popular, but there is every chance for his election. There are plenty of workers; they are confident, and last, but not least, are full of pep.

* * *

The Sheet Metal Workers are alive and kicking these days. Every meeting night new members are being initiated, but there's more to be organized and the rank and file won't be satisfied until a 100 per cent. organization accrues. Last Friday night a summons meeting attracted a big turnout of members. It was decided to elect a part time business agent, and Frank Farrell got the job. He is a capable man and should make good. Secretary Robert Towler was commissioned to write international headquarters urging that an organizer be sent here forthwith.

* * *

Headway is being made locally to organize the building laborers and iron and steel workers. Several mass meetings have been held, with encouraging results. Vincent De Falco, Italian organizer, addressed a meeting of laborers last Friday night and soon a local branch will be formed.

* * *

The Union Musicians are still on strike from the Grand Opera House. The strike is having a telling effect on the theatre. No music has caused more or less empty houses. It's up to the grand management to get busy. The other Hamilton theatres "came across" with the goods. So why can't proprietor Small? Surely he doesn't intend to be "small" all the time.

LABOR CANDIDATE.

W. R. ROLLO,
Labor candidate nominated for West Hamilton.

LABOR CANDIDATE.

CONTROLLER HALCROW,
I. L. P. Standard-bearer for Hamilton East.

THE SCAB.

I know a scab
He has no brain,
I sometimes think
He's hardly sane.

And then again
I really feel,
That any fink
Is born to squeal.

A guy like that
Makes me so sore,
I thank my stars
That there's no more.

The master class
Should treat him well,
But just the same
He lives in hell.

The working class
Should organize
And put a kibosh
On such guys.

—Sigismund.

MUCH UPSET.

Mrs. Gaye: "I hear that Mr. and Mrs. Jimson were very angry with their chauffeur when their motor-car overturned. Is that so?"

Mr. Gaye. "Well, naturally he was quite put out, and she was very much upset."

Victory Bonds

Bought and Sold.
Highest Market Prices.
All Classes Stocks and Bonds Handled.
Correspondence Invited.

Baird & Botterell
Grain Exchange, Winnipeg.

Good for all - all the time

MINTEES

The Mellow Peppermint Confection

5¢ per package

MINTEES

DELIGHTFUL REFRESHING

After Eating - After Smoking

Independent Labor Party

Candidates For Hamilton

Walter R. Rollo
West Hamilton

Controller Geo. G. Halcrow
East Hamilton

Committee Headquarters have been opened at 31 York street and 143½ East King street.

All friends of Labor representation in the Provincial Legislature are urged to get behind the candidates.

Get in the fight and work hard for Rollo's and Halcrow's election.

STOP, NO NEED TO OPERATE

"It's It" THE ANTISEPTIC PILE OINTMENT is guaranteed to give instant relief to any form of piles or money refunded. 50 cents per package at leading druggists or sent direct, charges paid on receipt of price.

"Antiseptic Chemical Co."
Sales Agency—Drawer A. Room 110.
123 BAY STREET - - - - - TORONTO, CANADA.

Remember the Date

October 20-22 National Educational Conference

at Winnipeg

PROMINENT SPEAKERS—LIVE SUBJECTS

In advance of the definitive programme in the form in which it will be issued at the time of the Conference, the Convening Committee announces that the following items are definitely assured:

1—Salutatory Addresses—By His Excellency the Governor-General of Canada, **Sir James Aikins,** Lieutenant-Governor of Manitoba, and **His Worship C. F. Gray,** Winnipeg.
2—"The Lessons of the War for Canadian Education," **Hon. Dr. Cody,** Minister of Education, Ontario.
3—"The School and the Development of Moral Purpose," **Dr. Theodore Soares,** Professor of Religious Education, University of Chicago.
4—"The Development of a National Character Through Education," **Sir Robert Falconer,** President University of Toronto.
5—"The Essential Factors of Education," **Dr. Helen MacMurchy,** Ontario Department of Education.
6—"The Boy Scout Movement as an Auxiliary to the School in Moral Training," **Dr. James W. Robertson,** Dominion Commissioner of the Boy Scouts.
7—"Methods and Ideals of the Canadian Standard Efficiency Training Groups," **Taylor Statten,** National Secretary Boys' Work Department of the Y. M. C. A.
8—"The Function of the Public School in Character Formation," **Dr. J. P. White,** Principal Ottawa Normal School.
9—"Education and Reconstruction," **Peter Wright,** British Seaman's Union.
10—"The Basis of Moral Teaching," **Michael O'Brien,** Toronto, Ont.
11—"The School and Industrial Relationships," **Dr. Suzzallo,** President University of Washington.
12—"The School and Democracy," **President John H. Finley,** Commissioner of Education for the State of New York, Albany, N.Y.
13—"The School and the Newer Citizens of Canada," **Dr. J. T. M. Anderson,** Director of Education among New Canadians, Regina, Sask.
14—"The Interest of the State in Common Education," **Dr. Alexander Ruthven,** Washington, D.C.

The task of initiating discussions has been assigned to persons representative of all parts of Canada. Among those definitely secured at this date in this connection are:

Dr. Clarence McKinnon, Principal Pine Hill College, Halifax, N.S.; Prof. H. T. J. Coleman, Dean of Faculty of Education, Queen's University, Kingston, Ont.; J. J. Tompkins, Esq., Vice-President University of St. Francis Xavier's College, Antigonish, N.S.; Very Rev. Dean Llywdd, All Saints' Cathedral, Halifax, N.S.; Dr. H. P. Whidden, M.P., Brandon, Man.; Prof. Iva E. Martin, Royal Military College, Kingston, Ont.; Prof. W. H. Alexander, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta.; Dr. G. W. Parmalee, Deputy Minister of Education, Quebec; R. W. Craig, K.C., President Winnipeg Canadian Club and Chairman Winnipeg School Board; Dr. John MacKay, Westminster Hall, Vancouver, B.C.; R. L. Torrance, Manager Royal Bank, Guelph, Ont.; W. A. Buchanan, M.P., Lethbridge, Alta.; W. McL. Davidson, M.P.P., Editor, Calgary Albertan, Calgary, Alta.; W. G. Raymond, Esq., Post Master, Brantford, Ont.; Prof. C. B. Sissons, Victoria University, Toronto, Ont.; W. J. Sisler, Principal Strathcona School, Winnipeg.

Delegates to the Conference should make their hotel reservations immediately.

The following committees are at your services: Reception, Entertainment, Transportation, Hotel Accommodation.

Address all Communications to

THE GENERAL SECRETARY, NATIONAL EDUCATIONAL CONFERENCE,
505 Electric Chambers, Winnipeg.

Has Done Good Work

Ontario Temperance Act A Great Benefit to Province

THE Ontario Temperance Act has reduced crime by over one-third and drunkenness in public has practically disappeared.

Alcoholic insanity has disappeared.

Gold cures and alcoholic institutes for treating alcoholism have been closed for lack of patients.

Ontario has been saved an annual drink bill of $36,000,000, enough to pay our share of interest on the War Debt.

Many victims of alcohol three years ago, thank God to-day for the Ontario Temperance Act.

Abraham Lincoln

"The Liquor traffic is a cancer in society, eating out the vitals and threatening destruction, and all attempts to regulate it will not only prove abortive but will aggravate the evil. It must be eradicated—not a root must be left behind."

To repeal the Ontario Temperance Act would be a calamity. The amendments would make it practically worthless. To every question on the Referendum vote NO.

Drink is a Cancer

Doctors, Alienists, Criminologists, Insurance Actuaries, Statesmen, Generals, Big Business Men, and Social Workers agree that alcohol as a beverage is a racial poison and a national curse.

British Columbia, Alberta, Saskatchewan, Manitoba, Quebec (excepting beer and wine), New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Prince Edward Island and Newfoundland have enacted prohibition.

The United States is permanently "dry."

France has abolished absinthe, Scotland has now a local option law, England is initiating a great campaign for temperance reform. The movement is world wide.

Ontario must go forward, or be left behind, but be careful

Mark Four X's
(One X under each NO)

Ontario Referendum Committee

JOHN MACDONALD, Chairman. D. A. DUNLAP, Treasurer. ANDREW S. GRANT, Vice-Chairman and Secretary, (1001 Excelsior Life Bldg., Toronto.)