

der to resist our friends and countrymen in Lower Canada, in defending these cherished objects from the assaults of their foes, that it is expedient under the sanction of the Lieutenant Governor, to enrol and raise a Volunteer Corps in this town, to be in readiness to act in the hour of need; and we take this occasion heartily to congratulate the loyal population of Lower Canada, on their good fortune in beholding at the head of Her Majesty's troops in this province an officer of such tried gallantry, vigilance and decision as Sir John Colborne; and we feel assured that to act under such a commander would be an additional inducement to volunteers from Upper Canada.

Moved by William Wilson, Esq., seconded by G. H. McLean, Esq.

That copies of these resolutions be transmitted to his Excellency the Earl of Gosford; his Excellency Sir Francis Bond Head; Lieut. Gen. Sir John Colborne, and the Presidents of that Constitutional Association of Montreal and Quebec.

(Signed)

RICHARD BULLOCK, Chairman.

Frs. M. Hill, Secretary.

From the Toronto Patriot.

Government House, 29th October, 1837.

Sir,—I am commanded by the Lieut. Governor to inform you, that in consequence of the disturbed state of the Lower Province, His Excellency has cheerfully consented to the immediate withdrawal of her Majesty's troops from Toronto, and that his Excellency has moreover offered to Sir John Colborne the assistance of the Military station at Kingston.

As the 21st regiment quits the barracks at this port to-morrow, about six thousand stand of arms and accoutrements complete will require to be protected, and the Lieut. Governor desires me to express to you, that he has very great pleasure in offering to commit this highly important trust to the loyalty and fidelity of the Mayor, Aldermen, and Commonalty of the City of Toronto.

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Your obedient humble servant,

J. JOSEPH.

The Worshipful the Mayor of Toronto.

To His Excellency Francis Bond Head, Baronet, K. T. H., Lieutenant-Governor of the Province of Upper Canada, &c. &c. &c.

May it please your Excellency,

We, the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of Toronto, in Council assembled, wait upon your Excellency for the purpose of acknowledging the receipt of the communication which your Excellency has been pleased to transmit to us, informing us that in consequence of the disturbed state of the Lower Province, your Excellency has cheerfully consented to the withdrawal of her Majesty's Troops from Toronto; that in consequence about six thousand stand of arms and accoutrements complete will require to be protected, and that your Excellency has been pleased to commit this highly important trust to the loyalty and fidelity of the Mayor, Aldermen, and Commonalty of the City of Toronto.

Whilst we deeply deplore the existence of a state of things in the Lower Province which renders it expedient to call for additional military aid to protect the rights of the Crown and of the people, and to support the laws of the land in that Colony, we cannot but warmly applaud the patriotic determination of your Excellency in permitting the withdrawal of the military force of this Province upon the present emergency.

We respectfully assure your Excellency that we are deeply sensible of the very high confidence which your Excellency has been pleased to repose in us, in committing this very important trust to the loyalty and fidelity of the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of Toronto—and we venture to assure your Excellency that this confidence will not prove to have been misplaced.

(Signed)

GEORGE GURNETT, Mayor.

Council Chamber, 30th Oct., 1837.

Toronto, 31st Oct. 1837.

Sir,—Seeing that Her Majesty's Royal troops have all left the seat of Government, and having had a Volunteer Company of young militia-men of this city placed under my command, in the month of May, 1836, by the Lieut. Governor, for the purpose of being drilled, I beg leave in their behalf to offer their services to His Excellency the Lieut. Governor to be employed in furnishing the usual guard for the Government House,

or any other duty which his Excellency the Governor may be pleased to offer.

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Your most obt. humble servant,  
JAMES FITZGIBBON,  
Esq. Civil Secretary.

To John Joseph, Esq.

Government House, 31st Oct. 1837.  
Sir,—I have had the honour to lay before His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor your letter of this day's date, and in reply I am commanded by his Excellency to request that you will convey to the Volunteer Company of young Militia-men of this city, placed under your command in the month of May, 1836, by the late Lieut. Governor, for the purpose of being drilled, his Excellency's thanks for their prompt offer to furnish a guard for the Government House, or to perform any other duty which his Excellency may be pleased to order.

I am further commanded by his Excellency to state, that in case the lives or property of her Majesty's subjects in this province should require defence, his Excellency will instantly avail himself of the services which have so zealously been offered to him; but placing implicit reliance on the loyalty of the inhabitants of Upper Canada, the Lieut. Governor must decline to accept any other personal protection than that which the laws afford to every inhabitant of this noble province.

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Your most obt. humble servant,  
J. JOSEPH,  
Colonel Fitzgibbon, commanding  
1st Toronto Militia.

HALIFAX, Dec. 9.

THE PICTOU BEG.—At a meeting of the Committee of the Halifax Exchange Reading Room, held yesterday, it was

Resolved unanimously,—That the secretary do take immediate steps for the dismissal from the Room of the "BEG" newspaper published at Pictou, in consequence of the editorial remarks contained in its last number, with reference to the removal of the troops from New Brunswick to Lower Canada, considering them, as the Committee do (without any reference to political differences) degrading and inhumane in the extreme when applied to the British soldier, who is bound to obey the orders of his superiors, however arduous and unpleasant the duty, and that such sentiments are disgraceful to the Editor, who was born under and now enjoys the protection of the British flag.

PALMERSTON—His Lordship is not without a certain light and elegant talent, which, in its proper place, is attractive enough. But as a statesman he is, we believe, justly considered extremely shallow; and assuredly, whatever be the measure of his depth and capacity, his vacillation has been such as to deprive him, as a public man, of the confidence and respect of every class of politicians. Of what ministry, Tory, Whig, or Radical (with the exception of the few months Sir Robert Peel was in office), has he not been a member; accommodating his opinions to his circumstances with wonderful celerity and precision, till now at last we find him the apologist of O'Connell. He may have changed his sentiments very honestly, but an ability and aptitude for change, so ripe and fruitful as this, must lower him immeasurably in the estimation of all who consider even solid parts of little worth, if not united to decision of character and solidity of principle.

The French Minister of the Marine & Colonies has appointed M. Pory Papy, a man of color, to the office of Advocate of the Court Royal, and the tribunals of Martinique. This appointment was made on the certificate of the Court Royal that M. Pory Papy united all qualifications of capacity and morality to entitle him to the confidence of the government.

MONTREAL, Nov. 23.

Papineau and O'Callaghan, the leaders of the movement party or patriots as they call themselves, were at St. Charles on the 21st, where they have taken possession of the old Fort which they are repairing and provisioning. It appears that they have succeeded in getting six thousand men under arms in that vicinity, which they intend to make their head quarters. A letter from Belle River of the 20th, states that the tri colored flag was raised at the church at that place the day previous, (Sunday) where the French people

met early in the morning in force, all armed. Parties were sent to the stores in the neighbourhood, demanding all the powder they had on hand of which they received over one hundred pounds. One Barcelo had been employed for a fortnight previous in enrolling names and collecting money for the purchase of arms and ammunition.—Barcelo has proposed to his followers the massacre of all the British inhabitants in the parish in case of any row taking place and the loyalists taking sides with the Government. They threaten to compel the British to take arms with them; and they were at the last accounts making a fortification camp and block houses in the vicinity of Grand Brule and another not far from St. Eustache.

About thirty individuals came to town yesterday from Longueuil and the neighbourhood, to give evidence against the leaders of the ambulance, and nothing can possibly display the utter unfitness of the Canadians for self-government more fully than their ideas of right and wrong, their deplorable ignorance and simplicity in this affair.

A man named Vincent, and another named Bonaventure Viger both Captains of Militia, informed the inhabitants that some of their countrymen were taken prisoners by a band of people from Montreal, and ordered them in the name of the Queen to release them, and they obeyed accordingly. In such a case the leaders and not the blind instruments ought to and we hope will, be severely punished.

FRANCE.

FALL OF CONSTANTINE—GENERAL DAMREMONT KILLED.

Lieut. General Vallee to His Excellency the Minister of War. "CONSTANTINE, the 13th.—The tricoloured flag floats on Constantine. The army arrived before the walls on the 6th.—The breach was opened on the 11th, was practicable on the 12th, and this morning the assault was made with great bravery and complete success. The enemy made vigorous resistance; our troops have triumphed gloriously.

His Majesty the King of the French and the army have suffered a great loss; General Damremont was killed yesterday by a ball as he was proceeding to the breaching battery. I have succeeded him in the command of the army.

STRANRAER, Oct. 18.—From our own Correspondent;—The grain harvest in the west of Scotland may now be considered as completely finished and it is gratifying to know that not only are the crops most abundant, but they have been got in in the finest condition. The digging out of the potatoes has already commenced at an unusually early period, and of this important article of food there is literally a profusion; this may be inferred from the circumstance that it is thought 6s. the Scotch boll, equal to 13s. the ton will be the top price; whereas they ranged last season from 19s. to 25s. the boll, that is from 47s. 6d. to 92s. 6d. the ton, and in the spring of the present year that last quotation was in many instances refused for potatoes which have since been consigned to the dung heap. It is much to be regretted that there is not some way to punish or prevent the destruction of human

food in season of dire necessity, such as the last season was to the poor of Scotland.

The new parliament was opened by Commission on Wednesday, the 15 Nov., upon which day Mr. ABERCROMBIE was reelected Speaker without opposition.—Other proform matters, such as the administering the oaths to members, &c. intervened between that day and the 20th, when Her Majesty proceeded to the House of Lords and more formally opened the Sessions by delivering the Speech from the Throne. This document will be found in an adjoining column, and offers little at which to cavil if one were so disposed; dealing too much in generalities to be rendered the subject of much critique. The Duke of Sussex moved the address in the Lords, and was seconded by Lord Portman. In the Commons' the address was moved by Lord Leveson, and seconded by Mr. Gibson Craig.

THE STAR

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 10, 1838.

We understand that the Rev. John Snowball will deliver a Sermon, or an address in your behalf on Sunday evening next, at half past six o'clock, at the Wesleyan Chapel in this Town, at which we would respectfully invite the attendance of the youth of this community and its neighbourhood, as we have no doubt from the talents of the Rev. Gentleman, the anticipated service will yield a benefit, and we hope a blessing, to those who may attend his preaching.

Arrived yesterday, the Brig *Hit or Miss, Roberts*, 60 days from Bristol.

We regret to learn from a late British date that a German baker, named Stuber, of about sixty years of age, had recently meditated an attack on the life of our lovely and beautiful Queen Victoria and her mother! Stuber, who had for some time been labouring under mental aberration, arising from pecuniary and domestic difficulties, was apprehended before he had time to accomplish his demonic plans, and conveyed to private rooms attached to the office in Bow-street where he underwent an examination before Sir F. A. Roe and Mr. Minshull, whence, having been examined by medical men, who certified to his insanity, he was sent to the parochial authorities of Chelsea, with directions that he should be placed in proper security.—*Times*, Jan. 3.

(From Lloyd's List.)

SAILED FOR NEWFOUNDLAND.

Cork, Nov. 5.—Blenheim, Hayden.—14.—Eliza, Hartley.  
Falmouth, Nov. 14.—Dewdr p, Fuller.  
Stromness, Nov. 14.—Tampico, from Copenhagen.  
Liverpool, Nov. 14.—Edgecomb.  
Milford, Nov. 15.—Julia.  
Torbay, Nov. 16.—Huzza, from Hamburg.

ARRIVED FROM NEWFOUNDLAND.

Lisbon, Nov. 6.—Caledonia, Tarbet.  
Genoa, Nov. 4.—Apollo, Ford.  
Tainmouth, Nov. 19.—Rover.  
Dartmouth, Nov. 19.—George Sutton, from Labrador.  
Poole, Nov. 19.—Cornhill.  
Cork, Nov. 22.—Garryone.—23.—Hiram.  
Watertord, Nov. 7.—Amelia.  
Greenock, Nov. 29.—Douglastown, 12 days.  
Poole, Nov. 30.—Arrived the *Triumvirate*, Green, from Hamburg for Newfoundland,—bore up from long 30.  
At Liverpool—The *Falcon*, Huie, 13 days.—*Neptune*, Parker, 14 days.—*Samuel*, Waiters.

Lord John Russel has given great offence to the Radicals, by stating in Parliament, his determination not to form any portion of an administration which would give its sanction to vote by ballot, to the shortening of parliaments, or to an extension of suffrage.

We are happy to observe, by the Greenock Advertiser of the 14th Dec. that Lord John Russel has