e who n Dr. and in

 $rac{ ext{com-}}{ ext{com-}}$ 

after

lenceistin-

15th

ander

il in

eareer

quire

claim

ıada's ırable

ed his

phusvriter

oyish

nerry

nad a

n the

to be

rding de to

town,

Upon

con-

uding

anAl-

to the

of the

eauty.

e hill

uring

ırsing

he in-

the

## Rogers-Ranger and Loyalist.

BY WALTER ROGERS, B.A., BARRISTER, INNER TEMPLE, LONDON, ENG

Read before the United Empire Loyalists' Association of Ontario, at Toronto, 14th December, 1899, by Lt.-Col. H. C. Rogers of Peterborough, Ontario.

The somewhat tardy justice which has been done to the memory of the Loyalists of the American Revolution, although not, perhaps, directly attributable to the spirit of imperialism now afoot, has, in point of time, coincided not inappropriately with that movement.

In his monumental work on the history of England in the eighteenth century, Mr. Lecky's estimate of the character and position of the so-called Tories in the revolted colonies, has found a sufficiently ungrudging echo in the pages of not a few recent historical writers on this continent. In truth, Mr. Lecky's contention, "that the Loyalists to a great extent sprang from and represented the old gentry of the country," could, in the light of modern research, hardly be denied. American scholars of the type of Professor Hosmer of Washington, and Professor Tyler of Cornell, have amply, indeed generously, recognized this fact. It is to be regretted that the results of a century of misrepresentation concerning the Loyalists are still reflected in the tone of the more popular works on history disseminated in the United States. It was, perhaps, to be expected that the representatives of a beaten cause could hardly look for panegyric at the hands of the owners of the confiscated property and their immediate descendants. The great migration which ensued upon the rebellion, has been more than once compared, both in the magnitude of its scale and the pathos of its circumstances, with the Huguenot exodus from France a century earlier.

The efforts of this and of other kindred societies in the Dominion, should do much towards supplying material for future students of the inner history of the Loyalist migration. A few facts drawn, in so far as they are new, from documentary sources in the British Museum,\* and from the War Office Correspondence † now preserved at the Record Office in London, may possibly prove not uninteresting, as a humble contribution towards the better understanding of the circumstances which attended the early settlement of part of this Province.

The founder of my own family in Upper Canada was my great-great-grandfather, Col. James Rogers. During the revolu-

† War Office, Original Correspondence, No. 5: Rogers' King's Rangers – Field Officers' Papers – 1779-1784.

<sup>\*</sup>Brit. Mus: Add. MSS.—21,820. Haldimand Papers: Correspondence with Col. Rogers and Major Rogers.