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$4750—Near Harbord, detached residence, 9 rooms, hot water heating, new exposed plumbing, brick stable.
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The Toronto World.

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Our success in this, the most important branch of dentistry, is known throughout Canada. Every case absolutely perfect.
DR. GALLOWAY DENTIST
1st Floor, Room 5. 2½ Queen E., Toronto

TWENTY-SIXTH YEAR — TWELVE PAGES—SATURDAY MORNING APRIL 1 1905—TWELVE PAGES — ONE CENT

KAISER VISITS TANGIER NOW WORLD WONDERS

Emperor William's Holiday Tour Gathers "Immense Political Significance"—Reception at Moroccan Capital an Ovation Unparalleled and His Reported Sentiments Breathe Defiance.

London, April 1.—According to seme special despatches from Tangier, Emperor William, in the course of his speech at the German legation, said: "There is no preponderating influence in Morocco. Germany must enjoy the same rights as other powers. We guarantee that the sovereignty of Morocca shall and will be maintained."

This rather defiant version is probably a too free translation of the emperor's words, but it serves as a peg on which London newspapers hang further querulous editorial observations and criticisms as to the meaning of his visit.

The Times' Tangier correspondent says: "It is impossible to deny that the emperor's visit, which the world wished to consider as that of an imperial tourist, has been an immense political demonstration. Nobody who saw Tangier to-day garlanded with flowers and beflagged until the very houses were scarcely distinguishable could doubt that such expenditure meant more than merely a courteous welcome to an emperor desirous of seeing the curiosities of Tangier.

"I was able to watch the emperor during all his interviews, and noticed the forcible manner in which he spoke, and especially to the sultan's uncle, and the brief two hours he spent there may prove to have marked an epoch in the history of Morocco. He is reported to have spoken most emphatically to German subjects at the legation, but no official account of his remarks is obtainable."

DELCASSE SAYS FRANCE WON'T MODIFY POLICY

Brings Up Moroccan Question in Senate and Justifies Course Taken and to Be Assumed.

Paris, March 31.—Foreign Minister Delcasse made a significant speech in the senate to-day which evidently was designed to meet questions arising in connection with the visit of Emperor William to-day to Tangier. The minister spoke with moderation, but his closing declaration that resistance in interested quarters would not cause France to modify her policy brought out vigorous applause.

"France's Moroccan policy," Minister Delcasse said, "continues on the same conditions as it was begun. The sultan's weakness and the anarchy resulting therefrom were prejudicial to everybody, and especially to France, in Algeria. We had to seek a remedy for the intolerable situation without allowing our action to awaken the suspicions of other nations. France does not pretend to base her interests on disregard for the interests of others.

Had a Pretext.

"Thence arose negotiations resulting in agreements proclaiming that France possesses a special standing in Morocco. The Anglo-French treaty recognizes that it is France's task to assist in opening Morocco to civilization, and also that from the economic point of view all nations have an equal footing there. The Franco-Spanish agreement confirms these views. The terms of the Anglo-French treaty were immediately communicated to the sultan of this fact the issue of Moroccan loan by France is proof. If France sought a pretext for intervention one existed in the disturbed state of the Algerian frontier. However, from friendship for Morocco and a clear conception of her own interests, France merely pointed out the necessity for establishing order.

Will Keep Right On.

"That position we still hold. The resistance of parties interested in maintaining the present anarchical condition of affairs leaves no room for illusion, but that will not modify our policy. Morocco is aware both of our good will and our strength, and also that we do not seek to expand a naturally thought-out program of Moroccan policy. It, therefore, appears that France will succeed in assuring its future in the western Mediterranean without offending any right or clashing with any interest."

GERMAN CAPTAIN LEFT COURT COLLISION INQUIRY STOPPED

Counsel Argued That Court Had No Authority Over the Crew of the "Albano."

Halifax, March 31.—(Special.) — The Parisian-Albano enquiry to-day became quite sensational when Captain Kudenhold of the Albano, who was called upon to testify, was spirited away right under the eyes of the examiners, and his counsel refused to produce him until 10 o'clock to-morrow morning.

Three officers from the Parisian, including two engineers, had been called, their evidence showing that the steamer had been at a dead stop for four or five minutes previous to the collision. Counsel for the Parisian then rested their case.

The court called for "the captain of the Albano," when his counsel instructed him to leave the room, which he did, accompanied by the steamer's agent, William Roche, M.P. Counsel explained his action by saying that he questioned the authority of the court over any one on board the German ship, and while he was arguing the captain was taken away from the building.

Finally, when the court over-ruled the objection, the captain could not be found. No other witness from the Albano being forthcoming, an adjournment was at once made.

OYAMA IS ON THE MOVE BUT THERE'S NO FIGHTING.

St. Petersburg, March 31.—The news from the front to-day indicates that Field Marshal Oyama has begun a genuine advance of his main army with wings far extended. Heavy reconnaissances are being made against the Russian centre with the object of developing the Russian position.

A despatch from Gen. Linevitch dated March 30 says: "There is no change in the situation. The enemy is displaying activity east of the railroad. Heavy snow fell during the night."

V.C. Cigarettes for sale everywhere. 246

MAINTAIN THE SOVEREIGNTY OF MORROCO, SAYS KAISER

Spends Two Hours at Tangiers, Where Street Scenes and Decorations Were of a Kind Unparalleled.

Tangier, Morocco, March 31.—The Hamburg, with the German Emperor on board, arrived here this morning from Lisbon. His Majesty was welcomed on landing by the representative of the sultan, the diplomatic corps and a large crowd of people. The usual salutes were exchanged. The town presented a most picturesque spectacle. Flowers, rich Moorish embroideries, fine rugs and brilliant eastern costumes everywhere made up a scene heretofore unknown in Tangier.

Emperor William landed almost without warning. His majesty was received by Abd-el-Malek, the sultan's uncle, with whom he conversed for some time. Deputations from the German residents and leading Moors were then presented to the emperor. The Germans delivered to his majesty an address of welcome, to which he replied:

"I am happy to recognize in you devoted pioneers of German industry and commerce, who are helping me in the task of always upholding in a free country the interests of the motherland. The sovereignty and integrity of Morocco will be maintained."

Captain Fournier, the French instructor of the native troops at Tangier, was introduced to his majesty, who chatted with him for some time.

Emperor William left the legation, saying that owing to the delay in landing he could not remain any longer, but must proceed to Gibraltar. On his majesty's return to the landing stage Abd-el-Malek presented the imperial visitor with the gifts sent by the sultan, and Emperor William re-embarked, after having been scarcely two hours ashore.

Feared Anarchist Plot.

It was explained that the reason for the hurried visit ashore was that Emperor William having heard that there was a possibility of an anti-French demonstration on the occasion of his visit, desired to avoid such an incident. Another report, which, however, has not received official confirmation, but is generally accepted, states that the German legation was informed that an anarchist plot had been discovered, and advised that the emperor be dissuaded from landing.

Notwithstanding the shortness of his majesty's stay in Tangier, the occasion will certainly be marked as one of the most brilliant and picturesque in the history of this seaport.

AT GIBRALTAR.

Gibraltar, March 31.—Emperor William arrived here at 6 p.m. As the vessel entered the harbor the British Mediterranean fleet hoisted the German ensign, the bluejackets manned the ship and the war vessels fired a royal salute, followed by a salute from the land batteries. The governor, Field Marshal Sir George Stuart White, and his staff immediately went on board the Hamburg and welcomed his majesty.

At 8 p.m., attired in a British field marshal's uniform, the emperor landed and was received by Major Agnew and the German consul, and inspected the guards of honor, the Yorkshire Infantry and Munster Fusiliers, which were drawn up at the convent, the official residence of the commander-in-chief, where Governor White gave a dinner party to 60 guests, in honor of the emperor, with a garden party and reception afterwards.

The cruiser Prinz Friederich Karl, escorting the Hamburg, collided with the British battleship Prince George, in going alongside the new mole. The latter will be docked.

Smoke Blue Union Label Cigars. 246

Recruiting Off in Finland.

Helsingfors, Finland, March 31.—An imperial manifesto was read in the senate to-day suspending recruiting and announcing Finland's war contribution.

Suits or overcoats pressed, 50c. Wagon will call. McEachern's, Bay St.

WILL SUE TO RECOVER USE OF THIS SCHOOLHOUSE.

Vankleek Hill, March 31.—(Special.)—Samuel Presley will sue the Curran Village separate school board for restoration of a public school building, taken possession by them. The case comes up next Thursday before Judge Teetzel.

Superior workmanship on Union Label Cigars. 246

Union Blue Label Cigars are best.

TO-DAY IN TORONTO.

April 1. "All Fool's Day."
Dr. Corson lectures, the Conservatory of Music Hall.
Trinity College, Rev. Canon Welch on "Florence in Fiction," 3.30.
German Conversation Club, Dr. G. B. Smith, 92 College-street, 8.
Canadian Institute, Rev. Ross Morrison on "Folk Lore of the Hebrews," 8.
Theatres—See public amusements.

Battery Zincs, all kinds. The Canada Metal Co. 46

GREENWAY BLAMES ONTARIO FOR MANITOBA'S PLIGHT BUT WEST WILL NOT EXCUSE LAURIER

Cabinet Meets and Will Give Out Boundary Statement in Few Days, Which With Revelations, Will Be Made Dominion Issue.

Winnipeg, March 31.—(Special.)—Nothing positive transpired to-day regarding the sensational rumors of an early dissolution, beyond the announcement by the premier after the cabinet meeting that the statement on the boundary question would be handed out in a few days. But Dame Gossip is busy ,and if she may be believed, an announcement of dissolution is to be made in the early part of next week ,and will be accompanied by revelations that will make a straight sectarian issue in the elections, and will lift the whole question of boundary extension into the arena of Dominion politics, constituting a direct challenge which Sir Wilfrid Laurier can neither deny nor evade.

The Free Press this afternoon publishes a telegraphed interview from Hon. Mr. Greenway at Ottawa, in which he declares Ontario responsible for the delay in the granting of Manitoba's claims, saying that Premier Whitney's action in putting forward the claims of that province have tied up the whole matter. But the west is not to be deceived into transferring its righteous anger from Ottawa to Queen's Park, for people are well aware that Mr. Whitney was practically forced into that course by the explicit invitation given Ontario by Laurier when introducing the autonomy bill. Manitoba wants what the Dominion has repeatedly promised her, and what the Dominion can give, and has no intention of tilting against her neighbor, enticed by the flapping sails of the Greenway argument.

There is grave reason for sensational disclosures of machinations of the hierarchy that would make the province a pandemonium during the course of an election. But Manitoba is determined to risk that when its principal liberties are thus assailed, both openly and covertly. Hon. Mr. Rogers doubtless referred to this in his interview yesterday, and if such should prove the case, there will be a howl of indignation thruout the west, and old party cleavages will go into the smelting pot of racial and sectarian strife.

"The atmosphere is heavy with mystery," significantly says The Telegram, which is supposed to reflect the views of the Manitoba government. "Let it out into daylight."

DRIVER HAS TURNED UP.

Macknell Did Not Know a Child Was Killed.

Coroner Young last night commenced an inquest on the child, Marie Geraceo, who was alleged to have died by being run over by a coal wagon on Edward-street Thursday afternoon.

Robert Mackrell, 276 Givens-street, who was the driver of the McGill coal wagon, testified that he saw some children playing in the street, but saw no one near his wagon. He heard someone cry out, "Oh, Mister! Oh, Mister!" He looked back and saw one child, as he thought, trying to stand another on its feet. He drove on, not thinking nor knowing anyone had been hurt, until told of it yesterday morning.

The medical evidence was that the child died from internal injuries. Mackrell was represented by Barrister Smith.

The enquiry will be continued on March 7.

THIS IS DATED YESTERDAY.

Thousands of Minnows in Rain Storm in Nova Scotia.

Halifax, March 31.—A remarkable rain happened at Springhill, NS., last night, when thousands of small fish, like minnows, were found on the snow by the early miners.

The fish must have been drawn up from some southern seas or the Gulf Stream and carried in the clouds till they came over this town.

Special sale on Daffodils and Tulips, 25c. per dozen. Very fine—all colors. College Flower Shop, 445 Yonge-street. Phone North 1192.

Suits or Overcoats pressed, 50c., McEachren's, 83 Bay-st. Phone M. 2376.

LORD KELVIN, FAMOUS SCIENTIST, UNDER KNIFE.

London, March 31.—Lord Kelvin, the well-known scientist, who is 81 years old, has undergone a serious operation and is reported to be in a serious condition.

Lord Kelvin is president of many prominent scientific societies and the author of valuable works on scientific subjects.

He acted as electrician for the Atlantic cables from 1857 to 1858, and from 1865 to 1866. He gained much credit by inventing the mirror galvanometer and siphon recorder in connection with submarine telegraphy. He acted as engineer for the French Atlantic cable in 1869, and in this capacity was interested in the laying of all the great cables in the Atlantic Ocean and waters of the West Indies.

He invented the navigational sounding machine and many electrical measuring instruments between the years 1876 and 1897.

The English Chop House—renovated throughout. Rooms 75c and up per day. 30 King Street West. 36

Use "Maple Leaf" Canned Salmon. The best packed.

Smoke Alive Bollard's Mixture.

An Unequalled Blend.

No blend surpasses that of rye whiskey and Canada's great mineral water, radnor. Milk for convalescents can be taken pleasantly by mixing it with radnor water. The Scotchman will find his favorite Scotch whiskey is improved by mixing with radnor.

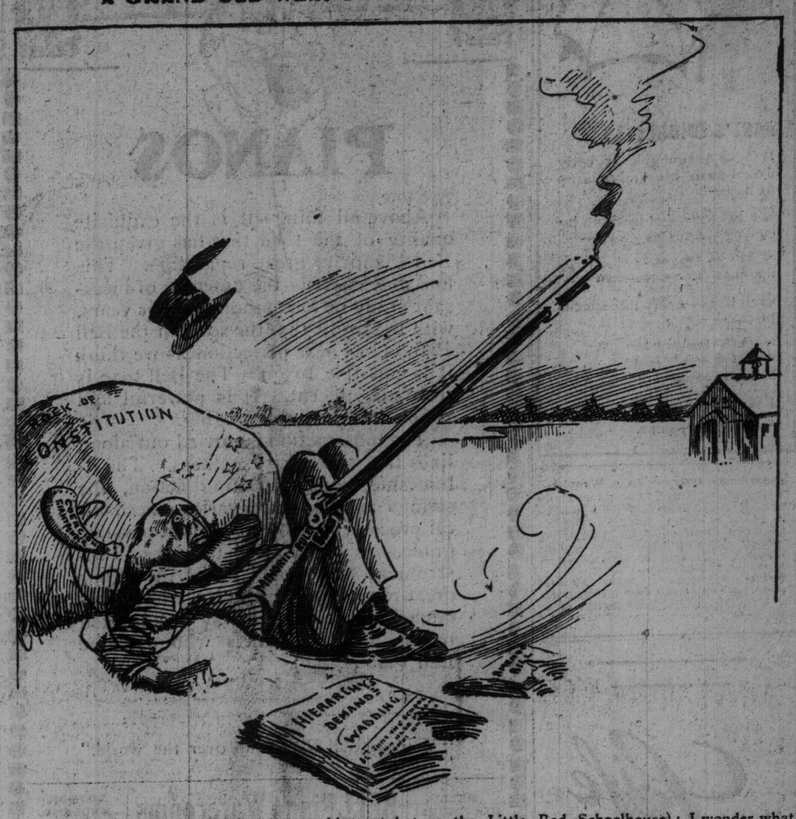
Tuckett's "T. & B." 10 cent plug. 246

Pember's Turkish Baths will cure all diseases, 129 Yonge Street. 246

You May Be the Next.

Some day you may regret not having been wise enough to invest in an accident policy. You may be crippled for life or laid up for some time. An accident policy is a good investment. London Guarantee and Accident Policies are best.

A GRAND OLD WEAPON—BUT GETTING OBSOLETE



COERCIONIST PARTY (who has been taking a shot at the Little Red Schoolhouse): I wonder what makes her kick like that.

They're Not Attractive Why Public is Avoiding G.T.P. and C.N.R. Issues

But There is no Reason at all to Use the Word "Failure," for Securities Are Sold and That Ends It.

The Canadian Associated Press in London understands that the G.T.P. issue, which closed last evening, has been somewhat of a similar failure, a considerable portion going to underwriters."

Byron E. Walker, general manager of the Canadian Bank of Commerce, said he had tried to find out whether the G.T.P. stock had been withdrawn from sale or not; but could not find out. He thought the newspapers were crying down Canadian securities when they referred to the slow manner in which the public bought up this stock as being "a failure." There could be no failure about it, said Mr. Walker. The public get the idea that the stock has not been sold, whereas it has all been taken up by the underwriters and bankers, and is only gradually sold to the public. As far as Canada is concerned it does not matter if the public does not take a dollar of the stock. It is guaranteed by the government, and no one questions the possibility of Canada being able to pay the interest.

"The reason the general public do not take readily to it is because it is not an attractive stock like the Japanese loan," he said. "Both the Canadian Northern and G.T.P. are safe investments; but there is no speculation about them and there is not that attractiveness that stocks which promise a bigger dividend present to the investor. The underwriters never expect to sell much stock, and they don't care whether they do or not. If 50 per cent. of what was offered has been taken up it cannot be characterized as a failure."

As Mr. Mackenzie Views It.

Neither does President Mackenzie of the Canadian Northern look upon the listing of stock by the underwirters as a failure because only 50 per cent. of it has been taken up by the general public.

"The Canadian Northern stock was issued three years ago. Mackenzie and Mann have no interest in it beyond the desire to see it do well," he said. "It bears three per cent. interest and is guaranteed by the Dominion government. This stock was not offered to the general public by the underwirters until quite recently, and being offered at the same time as the Grand Trunk Pacific stock, which is issued in the same way, there is no surprise that they should not be readily seized by the general public. Both are low dividend paying stocks."

Mr. Mackenzie had no difficulty in floating $3,000,000 Canadian Northern debentures at 4 per cent. when in England last month, and this stock has no government guarantee. The rapidity with which the Japanese loan at 4 1-2

Continued on Page 4.

Storm Windows taken down and cleaned. Toronto Window Cleaning Co., Limited, 59 Victoria-street. Phone M. 1413

Call on the Avenue Tailoring Co., 278 Spadina-avenue, for a Spring Suit.

Sacrifice Sale.

To wind up an estate, a block of old brick buildings on Spadina-avenue, valued at $25,000, will be sold for $15,000. Very easy terms. Apply to J. L. Troy, 52 East Adelaide. 6

Havana Cigars worth $12.00 per hundred, reduced for a few days to $8.00 per hundred. United Cigar Stores, No. 4 King st. east (only). Phone M. 5037.

THE SOVEREIGN BANK OF CANADA, 26 King Street West, Toronto. Savings Department.

If Not, Why Not?

Have you accident and sickness policy? See Walter H. Blight, Confederation Life Building. Phone M. 2770. 136

Special sale on Daffodils and Tulips, 25c. per dozen. Very fine—all colors. College Flower Shop, 445 Yonge-street. Phone North 1192.

"YOU ARE NEXT." Have you tried our Baths—25c? Temple Shaving Parlors, R. H. Cuthbert, Tel. M. 4689. 67

Fireproof Windows, Doors Skylights, Metal Ceilings, Corrugated Iron. A. B. Ormsby, Limited, Queen-George.

DOMINION COAL SECURITIES RE-ARRANGED AT A SAVING

To Issue $7,000,000 Bonds and $3,000,000 Preferred Stock and Redeem Outstanding Bond Issue.

Montreal, March 31.—(Special.)—The Dominion Coal Company will rearrange their securities as follows:

It is proposed to issue $7,000,000 bonds and $3,000,000 preferred stock. For the present only $5,000,000 bonds will be issued, but this will be sufficient to redeem the outstanding bond issue, which will be called in at 110, and also to liquidate the $2,380,000 loan at the Bank of Montreal. Two millions of bonds will remain in the treasury. The $3,000,000 preferred will be 7 per cent., and can be called at 120 at any time. This will be exchanged for the outstanding $5,000,000 preferred, which will be taken in at 115. The issue to be redeemed and the charges thereupon are shown roughly as follows:

	Redem Price.	Interest.
Preferred at 115,	$3,450,000	$240,030
Bonds at 110,	$2,670,000	150,000
Loan	$2,380,000	120,000
Total	$8,500,000.	Total..$510,000

The interest on the new preferred will be $210,000 and on the bonds $250,000, showing a saving in interest of about $40,000 to $50,000 a year.

A sinking fund will be provided for and it was said on the street that the plan would so work out that the company would be able to show about 8 per cent. on the common stock.

10c Gato cigars for 5c. Alive Bollard.

Get your office cleaned up. Small charge. Toronto Window Cleaning Company, Limited, 59 Victoria-street. Phone Main 1413.

C. P. R. LAND SALES.

Decrease Shown in 1904 Figures in Tract and Prices.

(Canadian Associated Press Cable.)

London, March 31.—A report from Calgary and Edmonton states that the land sales during the year amounted to 92,047 acres, realizing $414,455, against 129,975 in 1903, realizing $535,329. The total quantity sold to the end of 1904 was 493,048 acres, leaving an unsold balance of 366,431 acres. The remittances from the company's agents enabled the directors to redeem the whole outstanding balance of 4 1-2 per cent. debentures at a profit of £40,681, as compared with £30,174.

The English Chop House—renovated throughout. Rooms 75c and up per day. 30 King Street West. 36

Special sale on Daffodils and Tulips, 25 cts. per dozen. Very fine—all colors. College Flower Shop, 445 Yonge-street. Phone North 1192.

AN OLD TRICK.

The Rev. Mr. Macdonald, editor of The Globe, was taken ill last week, and it is supposed was sent to a sanitarium. It was at this very moment that The Globe made its switch on the school question, under the special directions of Mr. Jaffray. The Presbyterians of the country will be delighted with this intelligence, and will at once see how the strong man that was to look after the old-time principles of the Liberal party was suddenly given leave for recuperative purposes.

ISN'T IT?

It is a sad commentary on the vicissitudes of politics that a man should be a cabinet minister in January and a hack driver in March.

STEAMSHIP MOVEMENTS.

Mar. 31	At	From
Weimar	New York	Genoa
Campania	New York	Liverpool
La Lorraine	New York	Havre
Lucania	Queenstown	New York

The English Chop House—renovated throughout. Rooms 75c and up per day. 30 King Street West. 36

ANTHONY DECKER IS DEAD PAREGORIC ENDS HIS LIFE

Famous Engraver and Counterfeiter Expires as He is Being Carried Into Hospital.

Anthony Decker, the one-time counterfeiter, is dead from an overdose of paregoric.

Decker, since his release from jail a couple of months ago, has been living as best he could. For some time he has been stopping at Mrs. McGuire's, 310 West Adelaide-street. He has been in the habit of "doping" himself with the drug. Yesterday afternoon, Mr. McGuire noticed that he seemed to be more under the influence than usual. A short time afterwards, McGuire heard him breathing with difficulty. Dr. Balmer was called in. He ordered the ambulance. Decker died as he was being carried into the Emergency.

His wife and daughter live at 571 City Hall-place, Montreal. It is supposed he received some help from them at times. He was 63 years of age.

Decker has had a checkered career. He was one of the most expert engravers in America, and has worked for all the leading firms, including the British American Bank Note Co. His services were in great demand where skilled work was required. But he thought he could make money easier and quicker by using his skill in making the "queer." He turned out some good work in that line, and it landed him in the "pen." While there, he met Charles Higgins, who was also doing his "bit" for dealing in the "phonies." They were liberated about the same time, and met subsequently in Toronto by prearrangement.

From the time they left Kingston they were shadowed by the Thiel Detective Agency, who were in the employ of the Molsons Bank. The bank people were under the impression that either Higgins or Decker knew where the original plates of the counterfeit Molsons Bank bills were hidden. It was supposed, owing to the excellence of the work, that they had been made by Decker.

It was about the end of May last when they arrived in Toronto. Early in June Detectives Cuddy and Black of the local staff and Detective Carrington of the Thiel Agency broke into a room in the Cornell Building and caught Higgins with the goods on him. He was busy printing $2 Dominion of Canada notes. Decker was not there, but he was arrested the same afternoon in his room on Simcoe-street. They were tried on a charge of conspiracy, and acquitted. The charge was changed to uttering counterfeit money. The jury disagreed. The next trial, Higgins was found guilty and went back to the penitentiary for seven years. Decker was not put on trial the third time ,and was given his liberty when Higgins was convicted.

There is a pathetic little story in connection with Decker's straying from the narrow path. While he was in penitentiary his daughter became engaged. When the father was arrested in Toronto, the young womans' flance learned of the relationship and broke the engagement.

Edwards, Morgan & Company, Chartered accountants, 26 Wellington Street East. Phone Main 1163. 136

Furniture polished, desks cleaned out, offices put in order for the season. Toronto Window Cleaning Company, Limited, 59 Victoria-street. Phone M. 1413.

Block Tin Pipe, any size. The Canada Metal Co. 46

OVER A MILLION IN DEBT PROVINCE A BIG SPENDER

CANADA GIVES 75 CENTS PER HEAD TO JAPAN.

Montreal, March 31.—(Special.)—At the Bank of Montreal to-day it was stated that the exact sum subscribed by Canadians to the Japanese loan was £900,000, or, as a gentleman put it, 75 cents for every man, woman and child in the Dominion.

MR. BORDEN WANTS TO KNOW JUST WHY SIFTON RESIGNED

Premier Says it Was Over School Question, Nothing Else—Those Vacancies in the Cabinet.

Ottawa, March 31.—(Special.)—In the house to-day when the orders of the day were reached R. L. Borden called attention to the unprecedented state of affairs at present in connection with the Dominion cabinet. The minister of public works had been absent from his duties for some time. Mr. Borden quoted English precedents to show that the position should be filled by a permanent head instead of being left, as it has been, to an acting minister. He also referred to the vacant portfolio of the interior, and the premier's conduct in withholding from parliament the knowledge that his colleagues had not been consulted with regard to the autonomy bill. The premier's conduct in this respect was "an insult to this parliament." Moreover, it had been stated in the press that the assigned cause for Mr. Sifton's resignation was not the true cause. This matter had been put in the form of a cartoon by a Quebec newspaper friendly to the government.

Mr. Lemieux: "What paper?"

Mr. Borden: "Le Nationaliste."

Mr. Lemieux: "That paper is not friendly to the government, but, on the contrary, is opposed to it."

Mr. Borden understood that one of the men closely connected with the paper was Mr. Bourassa.

Mr. Lemieux, in the absence of Mr. Bourassa, replied that when the paper was started Mr. Bourassa had contributed two or three signed articles, but since that time Mr. Bourassa had repeatedly declared that he had nothing to do with the paper.

Suggests Oliver, If—

Mr. Borden, proceeding, complained that there was no minister familiar with the affairs of the west, and the work of the department of the interior was practically at a standstill. Rumor had it that a gentleman who was in a position to know and who had recently received a rather severe stab from Mr. Sifton had asserted that Mr. Sifton was not so absolutely ignorant of the terms of the autonomy bills as he had pretended. Certainly, momentous questions affecting the west ought not to be settled without having a minister from that country.

Mr. Borden suggested that Mr. Oliver might be made minister of the interior, unless it was the government's intention to make that gentleman chief justice of the territories in view of the constitutional argument which he gave the other night. It was due to the house and the country to know the intentions of the government in regard to the filling of this portfolio.

Mr. Borden moved the adjournment of the house.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier described Mr. Borden's speech as "Another little joke." The reason why Mr. Sutherland was not in his seat was from a cause which should arouse sympathy. Some years ago the minister of militia was absent a whole session, having received a severe shock in a railway accident, and not a word was said. The minister of public works had not placed his resignation in his hands. He had informed Mr. Sutherland that his work would be done during his absence, and every man in the house would be glad when his health was restored.

School Issue and Nothing Else.

The only thing which had passed between himself and Mr. Sifton was that Mr. Sifton had resigned on account of the school question and nothing else. As to not filling the position, perhaps it was that the government was suffering from too great abundance of material, instead of not having enough.

"Make two ministers," suggested Mr. Borden.

Sir Wilfrid replied that if the government were to suggest an appropriation for an extra minister Mr. Borden would be the first to object. The premier added that he would be content with one and time must be given for consideration before the appointment was made. He quoted several cases in which portfolios had remained vacant for a much longer time than in the present instance. He promised that the portfolio would not be vacant for even as much as three months, and he declared that in due time and before long a new minister would be named.

Mr. Foster said that the premier would have ample time before the autonomy bills passed to appoint a minister in the west and hold an election, thus for once giving the people a chance to pronounce upon his policy.

Mr. Stockton (Conservative), St. John, N.B., held that now was the time above all others when the great west should have a responsible representative at the

Continued on Page 4.

Babbit Metal, best made. The Canada Metal Co.

Try "Lowe Inlet" Canned Salmon. Always Reliable.

Pember's Turkish Baths remove all poison from the system. 129 Yonge-st. 246

Expenditures of the Province Far in Excess of the Ordinary Receipts During the Year 1904.

Receipts in 1904	$6,128,358.57
Expenditures in 1904	5,267,453.02
Surplus	$860,905.55
Assets	$4,609,037.31
Liabilities	5,869,646.87
Deficit	$1,260,609.56

OVER A MILLION.

The great work of fiction, the public accounts and financial statement of the Province of Ontario, has again been issued, but in justice the Hon. Col. Matheson, it ought to be said that it is not his work. It shows a surplus, thru the extraordinary sales of timber wealth and increased succession dues. Altho Col. Matheson gave it to the legislature yesterday without comment, he hopes to be able to show, when he makes his budget speech, that the figures are out a few hundreds of thousands, if the real financial condition of the province is considered.

The receipts for the year, according to the volume, total $6,128,358.57. The expenditures total $5,267,453.02, showing a balance of $860,905.55. Where Col. Matheson will get in his fine work will be in demonstrating to a certainty that there is an actual deficit on the year's operations of something like $326,757.45. A large portion of the receipts is derived from the disposal of the assets of the province in the shape of timber limits. The ordinary receipts are shown to be far under the expenditures.

In order, however, to understand the colonel's financing, and also that of the former treasurer, it will be necessary to give the items as they appear in the balance sheet.

RECEIPTS.

Balance from 1903	$ 151,179.00
Consolidated revenue fund	1,314,660.53
Interest paid by Dominion	95,474.72
Interest on investments	93,902.99
Crown lands	79,627.24
Grammar school lands	849.26
University lands	1,647.72
Rent, mines and lands	30,607.66
Woods and forests	2,650,782.55
Mining licenses	1,597.15
Rondeau Park	61.00
Forest reserve	62.00
Refunds	867.69
Miscellaneous fees	1,633.53
Licenses	362,256.61
Law stamps	68,315.13
Algoma stamps	7,259.98
Education department	80,404.59
Secretary's department	101,943.16
Fisheries	47,883.14
Agriculture	56,968.93
Supplementary revenue	420,627.53
Succession duty	458,699.60
Casual revenue	107,851.14
Public institutions	110,002.95
Clergy lands	3,764.22
Common school lands	9,772.73
Drainage works rent	3,535.28
Drainage debentures	9,254.71
Drainage tile	3,118.52
Public buildings, capital acct.	34,851.37
Total	$6,128,358.57

EXPENDITURES.

Consolidated Revenue Fund.

Civil government	$ 344,006.23
Legislation	200,011.14
Administration of justice	482,460.67
Education	949,806.67
Public institutions maintenance	950,434.04
Colonization and immigration	19,889.94
Agriculture	446,481.22
Hospitals and charities	236,892.75
Repairs and maintenance	71,886.83
Locks, dams, etc.	15,547.88
Colonization roads	175,620.74
Charges, crown lands	286,844.69
Surveys, inspections, etc.	1,804.40
Refunds re crown lands	14,601.89
Refunds re education	1,206.48
Refunds, miscellaneous	3,209.54
Miscellaneous	139,007.17
	$4,336,562.51
Open accounts	930,890.51
Total expenditures	$5,267,453.02

There is to be added to the receipts

Continued on Page 2.

Dineen's Special Derbys.

The new line of Dineen's special Derbys is now in and on sale. They are in rarely good designs and of the following styles of blocks: Knox, Youmans' Miller, Dunlap, Lamson and Hubbard, in several heights and different size rims, of brown and black felts, $2, $2.50 and $3. No better value on the continent.

COOLER.

Probabilities.

Lower Lakes and Georgian Bay—Moderate variable winds; fair; a little cooler.

BIRTHS.

FYFE—At 203 Lippincott-street, on March 30, 1905, the wife of John Fyfe of a son.

DEATHS.

ANDERSON—On Thursday, March 30, 1905, at 887 Queen East, Louisa Anderson, beloved wife of Peter Anderson, in her 46th year.

Funeral from above address Monday, April 3rd, at 10.30 a.m. to Mount Pleasant Cemetery.

BLAIN—On March 30, 1905, at his late residence, Hamburg-avenue, Wm. Blain.

Funeral April 1st, at 3.30, to Prospect Cemetery.

BISHOP—At the residence of her daughter, Mrs. P. Bruce Shaver, 221 Brock-avenue, March 30th, Mrs. E. T. Bishop, aged 91.

Funeral private. No flowers.

MUIR—At the home of her daughter, Mrs. Wm. Orr, 8 First-avenue, Toronto, on Friday, March 31st, 1905, Mrs. Esther Muir, formerly of Highland Creek, Ont., aged 79 years.

Funeral Monday, April 3rd, at 2.30 p.m. to Mount Pleasant Cemetery.

IN MEMORIAM.

BENNETT—In affectionate remembrance of Edward C. Bennett, who departed this life April 1st, 1904, aged 72 years.

Sleep on, dear husband, thy labors o'er,
Thy willing hands will toil no more;
On earth there's strife, in Heaven peace;
They loved you most who knew you best.
Thy face is always near to us,
Tho thou art far away;
It is a beacon bright and fair
To cheer us on our way;
It is a star to guide us thru
This busy world of pain;
A beacon bright to rest with us
Until we meet again.

Wife and Children.

The F. W. Matthews Co. Phone M. 2871. Private ambulance service.

OTTAWA TAKES REVENGE AND WILL EXPROPRIATE

City Council Decides to Serve Notice on Consumers' Electric Co. and Steals a March on Monopoly Promoters.

Ottawa, March 31.—The city council to-night, at a special meeting, unanimously decided to serve notice of expropriation on the Consumers' Electric Company, a privilege enjoyed under the charter.

This move is the city's answer to the action of the house of commons in passing the Ottawa Electric Company's bill, empowering it to buy out competing companies.

The council takes the position that this will result in a monopoly and largely increased prices to the consumers. To offset this, the city will go into the lighting business