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ON THE NEW CARPET BUG.

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Perhaps a few additions to Mr. J. A. Lintner's very interesting article will not be out of place. In 1872 the late Mrs. W. P. L. Garrison came to visit the Museum, and told me about an insect destroying the carpets in Buffalo, N. Y., and named there "the Buffalo pest." I had not then heard anything about the insect, and Mrs. Garrison, after her departure, was kind enough to send me some living specimens from Buffalo. I bred them here in the Museum, and determined them as Anthrenus scrophulariæ L. The following years I had numerous inquiries from Cambridge and Boston in relation to this carpet pest, and I traced about three-fourths of all cases to a large carpet store in Washington St. in Boston, where the carpets were bought, and what ought not to have been done, they were directly laid in the rooms, without beating them before strongly and disinfecting them in some way.

Mr. Lintner was unable to find any record of its preying upon carpets or other woolens in the Old World. But there exists enough in the literature. Dr. H. Noerdlinger, in his well-known book, "Die kleinen Feinde der Landwirthschaft," etc., 1855, Sto., p. 90, states as follows:

"The common flower-beetle, Anthrenus scrophularia, is from April common on many flowers, especially on fruit trees and roses. It is common also in houses, etc., where it can become very obnoxious by the destruction of furs, clothes, animal collections, and even leather and dried plants. The obnoxious larva, which naturalists should take care to avoid, is common in closets and rooms in the attic, where it finds dead flies and from whence it likes to enter the other rooms."

I have taken Noerdlinger's book at random, but it would not be diffi-