Lawrencetown.

Services for Sunday, April 21st: Baptist, 11 a.m., Rev. Archibald; Episcopal, 3 p.m., Rev. Amor; Methodist, 11 a.m., Rev. Astbury.

Attend the lecture to-night.

Mrs. Young and daughter, May, are slowly recovering from their illness.

Phinney & Stoddart have opened up their meat and fish market near the depot. They will carry a full line of fresh and salted meats and fish.

Rev. Mr. Priggins, of Mahone Bay, will deliver his lecture on the "Slums of London" in the Methodist vestry to-night (Wednesday), at 7.30. Silver collection.

Rev. Smallman, Nictaux, exchanged pulpits with Rev. Archibald last Sunday.

Rev. Higgins, Middleton, will occupy the Methodist pulpit next Sunday, 21st.

Miss Rumsey, Clarence, is the guest of Miss Marshall.

Our sidewalks are being repaired and put in good condition.

S. C. Hall is having a new building added to his store.

Baseball clubs are being formed, and the boys are getting in readiness for the season's games.

Mr. E. S. Simpson will occupy one of Dr. Hall's cottages the 1st of May.

The Stevens house is to be repaired and made into a modern style house this spring.

The "Arlington" has been taxed to its utmost the past few weeks to accommodate its guests.

Our enumerators are busy, and are getting over the ground rapidly.

Miss May Vance, of Halifax, has charge of Reid's millinery department.

The Minstrel Co. gave their first show of the season last Thursday evening to a full house. In the circle were S. C. Hall, interlocutor, Dr. Morse, H. Phinney, E. Simpson, F. Wheelock, Wm. Hall, N. Rosengreen, while E. C. Schaffner, F. A. Muihall, L. H. Stoddart and B. Jefferson acted as end-men. The programme was a good one, and lasted two hours and a half. The singing by the Jewel Quartette was well received, as well as that of Miss Mabel Bishop. Miss Blanche Dodge gave two violin solos that caught the audience, and this young lady was given grand applause. The jokes and witty sayings were all new and original. Several local hits were made, but nothing that could injure one's feelings. The company will repeat this entertainment in the near future, and in the meantime they are rehearsing a drama of some magnitude. The company wish to extend a vote of thanks to Miss Estella Saunders for her services as pianist, also to Messrs. Phinney & Whitman for their assistance in getting the hall in readiness, and also to N. H. Phinney, Esq., for use of piano, etc. The proceeds amounted to $35 00, which will be used to beautify our town, etc.

Rev. and Mrs. Wallace have returned, and are moving into one of John Hall's cottages at the east end.

Annapolis Royal.

Our esteemed fellow townsman, Walter McCormick, who has been ill for several months passed away at an early hour yesterday (Tuesday) morning. His death leaves a blank in the community. He was a successful merchant, one of the firm of Wm. McCormick and Son; in religion an earnest member of the Church of England, and in politics a conservative. He was for more than one term a town councillor, and has occupied the chair at the absence of the mayor as presiding councillor. A man of good sound judgment, and of a peaceable disposition, he was esteemed by all. He leaves a widow and one child, who with his family and friends have our sincerest sympathy for the loss of a kind husband and father and a genial friend.

We regret to chronicle the sudden demise of T. C. Sheve, Esq., barrister of Digby, of pneumonia. His funeral took place from his late residence, and was very largely attended by citizens and the Masonic and Oddfellows fraternities of both of which he was a member.

Rev. H. How, who has been spending a few weeks in Bermuda for his health has returned quite recuperated. He preached on Sunday at St. Luke's.

Rev. Atkinson Smith, of Halifax exchanged pulpits with Rev. J. Lockward, at Clementsport on Sunday. His address was much [illegible]ciated by the congregation.

[illegible] fine salmon are being taken in the [illegible] river.

[illegible]rk of repairing the streets is being [illegible]g under the supervision of John [illegible] we hope soon to have them in [illegible] again.

[illegible]he frogs and the whirr of the [illegible]ingers of spring, are again [illegible]

[illegible]proprietor of the Larri[illegible] commenced to build an ad[illegible]ar of the factory, to be used [illegible] and drying room and store [illegible]

Minutes of the Twenty-Second Annual Session of the Teachers' Institute.

The teachers of inspectoral district No. 4, embracing the counties of Annapolis and Digby, met in annual session at Digby on April 3rd and 4th, 1901.

On Tuesday evening, April 2nd, an entertainment was given in the Academy Hall. It opened with a duett by Misses Copp and Viets, of the town. This was followed by a drill, done by little girls in caps and pinafores, each bearing a goodly sized wax infant. Keeping excellent time to the music, the little tots followed the tortuous threads of the drill. Then in order followed lantern and flower drills, parallel and trapeze bar exercises, and wand, dumbbell and Indian club figures. All showed careful training of eye and muscle, faithful supervision on the part of the teachers and ready ambition on part of pupils. All were excellent, both from picturesque and athletic standpoints. Meeting closed with National Anthem.

WEDNESDAY MORNING.

At 10.20 a.m., after arrival of suburban express, Pres. Morse called the meeting together in Academy Hall. He extended a welcome to the teachers of Yarmouth and Lunenburg counties, quite a number of whom were present.

Minutes of previous meeting, held at Middleton, were read and approved. Enrolment then took place, and at the end of the session over 100 members had registered. The following officers were then elected:

Vice-Pres.—Prin. H. B. Hogg.
Sec.-Treas.—Prin. A. H. Armstrong.
Asst. Sec.—Prin. Beryl G. James.
Exec. Com.—Principals C. F. Boehner, J. I. North, D. F. McDonnell, and Misses E. M. Best and M. C. Spurr.

Principals Ruggles and S. Shaffner were appointed reporters for the Halifax papers.

The first paper on the program was read by Prin. Gormley, of Annapolis Academy. He advocated the issue of a weekly teachers' journal, which should contain assignments of work for each day of the school year. He claimed that by this means teachers would be freed from the labour of planning and arranging their work for the year so that each subject could be taught in season. This would also enable teachers to dispense with a large part of the text books now in use.

Prin. Ruggles thought some of our text book worse than useless, and that much valuable time was lost in following them.

Prin. Hogg agreed with the paper and the last speaker's remarks.

Prin. Goucher asked, "What would fill the place of the text books?" They are necessary for reference.

Prin. Longley thought text books had their use and abuse. Good when properly interpreted. The personality of teacher makes the school.

Mr. Crowe considered some of our text books valuable. Should not give the impression that we condemned text books in general when we were only speaking against certain ones. Our system should not be any more complicated. Different teachers referred to some books not in the curriculum as being excellent helps.

Prin. Horner thought teachers should not be limited by prescribed work for each day. Any competent teacher should have this ability.

Mr. G. U. Hay, M. A., of St. John, arrived during the reading of the paper, and entered into the discussion. He did not think that teachers made themselves slaves to text books. Teachers should study their pupils and come in closer contact with them.

Pres. Morse stated that he had received a letter from Supt. Dr. McKay, saying that on account of the meeting of the Legislature and press of business he would not be able to attend the Institute. Mr. A. D. Brown, ex-principal of Bridgetown school, and Prin. D. F. McDonnell, for various reasons, would not also be able to attend.

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON.

At the beginning of the session Prin. H. B. Hogg read a paper entitled "History in our Schools." He stated that events must be considered in their relations to each other, and are important in so far as they tend to make better citizens. To influence the mind, while in its formative state, by the great events of previous centuries is the essential work of history. Our present history of Canada is too abstruse for children, and events are mixed promiscuously.

Prin. North agreed with writer and suggested outside reading to create interest.

Mr. G. U. Hay, M. A., stated that histories were good for reference books. Teacher should make a syllabus of chief events and group the others around these. A book entitled "Deeds that won an Empire," which had been prescribed in England, afforded excellent reading.

Prin. A. Cameron thought that our examinations made it necessary o group tincoherent dates and events together.

Prin. Longley favoured a shorter history, and that we should endeavor to cultivate a love for the subject.

[illegible]r. Trask had found the last part of [illegible] history uninteresting, and had [illegible] of the last part for his pupils. [illegible] same.

[illegible] Mr. Beals, be[illegible] in the dis[illegible]

moral and patriotic lessons incidental. Mr. Nickerson indorsed the paper and the above remarks.

Prin. Ruggles then gave his paper or talk on "A Few Points on Elementary Science." He gave a practical illustration of combustion and the products derived from the same, and many useful hints as to how these products may be analyzed. Altogether the lesson was extremely interesting, and one by which all teachers might be advantaged.

Principals Goucher, Horner and Trask acknowledged the helpfulness of this lesson to all present. Prin. McKittrick suggested that the attention of all teachers be called to the books that Prin. Ruggles stated had given him impetus and help, viz., "Simple Experiments for the School Room" and "Home Made Apparatus," by John F. Woodhull; each book 45c.

Prin. Goucher opened a discussion on "Supplementary Reading." He had used "Taines' Literature" in Grade XI in addition to prescribed books, and had given fuller notes on authors.

Inspector MacIntosh approved of stimulating pupils in this way. Teacher should make himself or herself acquainted with local history and traditions, and teach them. This should be the first history taught to the child.

Mr. Bingay had given the history leaflets to the children to read, and had shown them a newspaper published in the same year as the siege of Louisburg, when studying about that event, to create interest.

Prin. Trask thought children deficient in reproducing stories, and that they must be interested in a piece in order to read it well.

Prin. Horner insisted that poor readers had their work up to the average, and the excellent readers were often deficient in mathematics.

Prin. Ruggles found that it was time and money well spent to use supplementary readers.

Prin. James suggested some methods of literature teaching which she had found satisfactory. She used Longfellow in grades VI and VII, Whittier for grades VIII and IX, and Tennyson for grade X, and other books as required.

It was suggested that teachers should have more liberty in this matter. Inspector MacIntosh thought they might use this liberty now, and no person would object to the proper use of literature if the parents were not asked to supply the books.

At the close of discussion, Prin. McKittrick assured the Institutethat the Lunenburg representation had thoroughly enjoyed the sessions.

Time and place of next meeting was left with executive committee. Bills were ordered to be paid, and in the financial statement a satisfactory balance was given in favour of Institute.

The following resolution was then passed:

"That the thanks of the Institute be tendered to Prin. Hogg and associate teachers; to the citizens of the town of Digby; to the railway authorities for reduced fares, and to all who helped in the reception tendered us, making this session one of the most helpful and enthusiastic in the history of the Institute."

The President closed the meeting after singing the National Anthem.

A. H. ARMSTRONG,
Sec.-Treas.

(Outlook, Spectator and Free Press please copy.)

Peace Negotiations.

London, April 12.—No further news has been received regarding the reported resumption of peace negotiations in South Africa, but the fact that the censor allowed the report to pass, and the fact that the government has not issued a denial are held to prove that negotiations of some sort are in progress.

A news agency publishes a despatch from Capetown which says that General De Wett is so distracted by the hopelessness of his cause that he can truthfully be described as insane. He goes in fear of his life amidst his own troops, and keeps himself surrounded night and day by a bodyguard of chosen adherents. But from his own ranks voices are now more frequently heard calling imperatively for peace.

The casualty list issued yesterday revealed the fact that Lord Methuen was discharged from the hospital last week, this being the first notification that he had been ill.

There is no information from South Africa beyond the fact that the British have evacuated Hoopstad, which, the *Daily Mail* observes, 'seems to show that Lord Kitchener's force is still none too strong.'

It is announced from Brussels that the Dutch Transvaal committee has handed to Mr. Kruger a cheque for a million florins, collected in Holland, for the assistance of the Boers.

It appears that Mr. Kruger's entourage assert that the route from Leydsdorp to Zoutspansberg is heavily fortified, and able to resist the British for a long time.

Reward of Merit.

Canadian enterprises are forging to the front these days, and staying there. No better evidence of this fact is to be had than the prosperity which our best publishing houses are reporting. The latest journalistic enterprise in Canada is *The Ladies' Magazine* which has now reached the end of its first year. The *Ladies' Magazine* made a hit [illegible] the first. It was bright, new, thorough[illegible] handsomely gotten up. It [illegible] anything ever

"The Lady of the Lake."

A pilgrimage to the "Lady of the Lake Country," heads the program for a visit to Scotland. In travelling north from Edinburgh, we reach Linlithgow, noted for its palace. The ruin is especially important now, as the nobility of Scotland are considering the desirability of renovating this noted historic ruin, at an enormous expense, as Scotland's memorial to Queen Victoria.

Leaving Linlithgow, we reach the site of the Roman wall, which runs from the Forth to Clyde, known as "Graham's Dyke" or the Wall of Antonius.

A few miles further on to Falkirk, noted for two battles, one in 1298, the other in 1746.

Farther still, we reach Bannockburn, noted as the battleground of Scotland.

At the junction of the lowlands and the highlands of Scotland, commanding a passage of the Forth, Stirling is located. Its site is partly on an isolated hill of greenstone rock, somewhat resembling the Acropolis at Athens, which ascends gradually 340 feet, and is crowned with a famous ancient castle.

The surrounding plain is exquisitely beautiful, exhibiting rich intermixtures of villa plots, gardens, groves and luxuriant fields, and combining in producing one of the most gorgeous views in Scotland. To the north is the richly hill-screened Stath-Allan; to the south-east is the great expanse of country traversed by the Forth and sky-lined by the hills of Fife and Lothians; to the west is the Forth Valley screened like a vast landscape garden, and in the distance is a magnificent mountain rampart of the Grampians, peaked and pinacled with the summits of Ben Lomond, Craigmore, Ben Venue, Benann, Ben Ledi, Uamvar, and Benvorlich. With its beautiful castles and historic battlefield, Stirling becomes one of the most interesting and beautiful towns imaginable to the visitor.

Doune is the next town of interest to the visitor. Here we first get a good view of the "Braes of Doune," the "Uamvar," of the "Lady of the Lake."

Callendar is our next halting place, ten miles from the Trossachs. The walk from Callendar to the Trossachs cannot be described. Lake Vennachar, about five miles long and from one-half mile to a mile wide, is close to the road on our left. It has a winding shore, fringed with wood, a small but beautiful cascade and a small island, Eilean-a-Vroin. Ben Ledi flanks all the north side of the Vennachar Valley. Before we reach Loch Achray we cross the "Brig of Turk," the point in the "stag hunt" of James Fitz James, when "few were the stragglers left behind." The "Brig of Turk" is built over a little stream called the Glen-Finlas. Loch Achray now comes into full view on the left. It is two miles long and flanked on the north by bold, rocky, wooded heights, and so charms the eye with its coppiced banks and high background, as to remind one at once of Sir Walter Scott's description:

A bend in the road from Loch Achray brings the Trossachs Hotel into full view, affording fine views of Loch Achray and Ben Venue, the background peak of Benann. The Trossachs extend a mile westward from the hotel to the foot of Lake Katrine.

The walk from the hotel through the Trossachs, along Lake Katrine to Ellen's Isle, was taken on a beautifully, bright afternoon after five o'clock. Only Sir Walter Scott can describe the scene.

"One burnished sheet of living gold,
Loch Katrine beneath him rolled,
In all her length far winding lay,
With promintory, creek and bay,
And islands that, empurpled bright,
Floated amid the livelier light;
And mountains, that like giants stand
To sentinel enchanted land.
High on the south, huge Benvenue
Down on the lake in masses throw
Crags, knolls and mounds, confusedly hurled,
The fragments of an earlier world;
A wildering forest feathered o'er
His ruined sides and summits hoar."

There is a chaos of beauty and sublimity that mocks description. Again one is reminded at sunset of the following:

"The western waves of ebbing day,
Rolled o'er the glen their level way;
Each purple peak, each flinty spire,
Was bathed in floods of living fire."

Lake Katrine is a long, sinuous lake, embedded in the wildest and most picturesque scenery that can be imagined. The lake is about eight miles long and contains several craggy, wooded, romantic little islands. One's interest is centred on "Ellen's Isle," and the "Lodge of ample size, but strange of structure and device," and on the "Lady of the Lake," for,

"Ne'er did Grecian chisel trace,
A nymph, a naiad or a grace
Of finer form or lovelier face!
What though upon her speech there hung
The accents of the mountain tongue,—
Those silver sounds, so soft, so dear,
The listener held his breath to hear."

"Ellen's Isle" is there as of yore, but, alas! the lodge and the beautiful Ellen are gone.

H.

Trossachs Hotel, Scotland,
March 1901.

It's all right!
What's all right?

Empire Liniment is All Right

EVERYBODY WANTS IT because it is the best liniment manufactured. They have even tried to steal our formula; but they can't duplicate this liniment for they don't know how.

Try one bottle and you will want another.

"Wilful Waste Makes Woeful Want."

It is as wasteful not to secure what you need and might have as it is to squander what you already possess. Health is a priceless possession. You can secure it and keep it by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla which purifies the blood, cures disease, and invigorates the whole system.

Boils—"I was greatly troubled with boils and bad blood and was advised to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. I followed this advice and the benefit I received was so great that I took a second bottle and was cured." *M. L. Petit, Lyons, Ont.*

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Never Disappoints

FOR SALE!

1 Mare, good worker, fair driver, perfectly kind
1 covered Carriage, 1 Express Waggon,
1 Road Gig, 1 Harness.

CHEAP FOR CASH.

Apply to J. M. DUNN,
Port Lorne.

April 3rd, 1901.—2 3t

LANDS FOR SALE!

Belonging to the estate of Robert E. F'Randolph

AT DALHOUSIE.

The Neeves Lot or Schofield Farm, 188 acres, more or less.
The properties recently occupied by Charles Taylor, say 500 acres, more or less.
One hundred acres south of the Schofield Farm.
Fifty acre lot near property of Hartlett Gillis.

GEORGE S. DAVIES,
Executor.

April 3rd, 1901.—2 tf

Splendid assortment of

WALL PAPERS

Now opened at

Central Book Store

B. M. WILLIAMS'

Is the place to buy

Easter Beef

Buy Your

CHOICE EASTER BEEF

FROM

TROOP & FORSYTH,

and have something very nice.

They are killing a pair of the finest beeves to be had within the vicinity of Bridgetown.

Watch this Space

STRONG & WHITMAN'S

Adv. next week!

The Cash Sale

—AT—

Building on Corner of Queen and Granville Streets

RANDOLPH'S BLOCK

is still going on.

The Whole Stock of

Robert E. Randolph's Estate

THE CORNER GROCERY

HEADQUARTERS

for Fancy and Staple Groceries, Provisions and Fruits.

For Breakfast Foods
of the best selected varieties, including the "Malt" Cereal.

For Messrs. Crosse & Blackwell's Goods
consisting of Orange, Lemon, Quince Marmalade, Guava Jelly, Apricots, Peaches and Pineapple in Syrup. Jams, Jelly Tablets of various fruit flavors.

For Canned Fruits and Vegetables.

For the "Ava" Tea, Coffee, Mustard and Pepper
with a coupon in each package.

For Flour, Feed and Cornmeal.

J. H. LLOYD.

We buy for cash in the best sections and can offer best market valu[illegible]