BY EPSE SARGENT.

We will not deplore them, the days that are past;
The gloom of misfortune is over them east;
They are longthened by serrow and sullind by care;
Their griefs were too many, their joys were too rare;
Yet, now that their shadows are on as no more,
Let us welcome the prospect that brightens before!

We have cherished fair hopes, we have plotted brave schem We have lived till we find them illusive as dreams; Wealth has melted like snow that is grasped in the hand, And the steps we have climbed have departed like sand; Yet shall we despond while of health ancreft, And honor, bright honor, and freedom are left?

Ot shall we despond while the ages of time Yet open before as their records sublime? While ennobled by trensures more precious than gold We can walk with the martyrs and heroes of old; While humanity whispers such trath in the ear, As it softens the heart like sweat music to hear?

O! shall we despond while, with vision still free, We can gaze on the sky, and the earth, and the sea; While the sunshine can waken a burst of delight. And the stars are a joy and glory by night: While each harmony, running through nature, can rais in our spirits the impulse of gladness and praise? ure, can raise

Ot let us no longer the vainly lament
Over scenes that are faded and days that are spent;
But, by faith unforsaken, unawed by mischance,
On hope's waving banner still fixed be our glance;
And should fortune prove cruel and false to the last,
Let us look to the future and not to the past!

Varieties.

PLEASURE, FAME, AND POWER.

The experience of most worldlings has been Solomon's sorrow, repeated with the variations incident to nitered 'circumstances, and the diminished intensity to be expected in feeble men—vanity and vexation of spirit all over again. And us we are sometimes more impressed by modern instances than by Bible examples, we could call into court nearly as many witnesses as there have been hunters of happiness—mighty Nimrods in the chase of pleasure, fame and nower.

call into court nearly as many witnesses as there have been hunters of happiness—mighty Nimrods in the chase of pleasure, fame and power.

We ask the statesman, and as we wished him a "happy new year," Lord Dandas would answer, "I had need to be happier than the last, for I never knew one happy day in it." We might ask the successful lawyer, and the wariest, luckiest, most self-complacent of them all would answer, as Lord Edon was privately recording when the whole bar envied the Chancellor, "A few weeks will send me to dear Emcombe, as a short resting-place between vexation and the grave." We might ask the golden milliomare, "You must be a happy man, Mr. Rothechild?" "I lappy! me happy? What happy! when just as you are going to dine you have a letter placed in your hands, saying, "If you do not send me £500, I will blow your brains out?" Happy! when you have to sleep with pistols at your pillow?" We might ask the ord-Larour dwarrior, and get for another answer the "Miserere" of the emperur-monk Charles V., or the sigh of a broken heart from St. Helena. We might ask the bril'Lant courtier, and Lord Chesterfield would tell us, "I have enjoyed all the pleasures of the world, and I do not regret their loss. I have been behind the scenes. I have seen all the coarse pulleys and dirty ropes which move and guide the machines; and I have seen and smelled the tallow-candles which illuminate the whole decorations, to the astonishment of an ignorant audience." We might ask the dazzling wit, and faint with a glut of glory, yet distinguished with the creatures who adored him, Voltaire would condense the essence of his ex istence into one word, "Eanni" And we might ask the world's poet, and we would be answered with an imprecation by that splendid genius Byron, who

"Drink every cup of joy—heard every tramp Of fame; drank early, deeply drank; drank draughts That common millions might have quenched—then died Of thirst, because there was no more to drink."

"Humilton's Royal Preacher.

PHYSIOLOGICAL FACTS.

PHYSIOLOGICAL FACTS.

The following physiological facts are from the scientific journal:

—The average height of man and woman, at birth, is generally 19 inches. In each of the twelve years after birth, one twelfth is added to the stature each year.—Between the ages of twelve and twenty, the growth of the body is slover; and it is still further diminished after this up to twenty-five, the period of a maximum growth. In old age the height of the body diminishes on an average of about 3 inches. The height of woman varies less than that of man in the different countries. The average weight of a male infant is about 7 pounds; of a female about 6 pounds. The weight of an infant decreases for a few days after its birth, and it does not sensibly commence gaining until it is a week old. At the end of the first year, the child is three times as heavy as when it was born. At the age of seven years, it is twice as heavy as when one year old. The average weight of both sexes a twelve is nearly the same; after that period, females will be found to weigh less than males. The everage weight of men is about 130 pounds, and of women 112 pounds. In the case of individuals of both sexes under 4 feet 4 inches, females are somewhat heavier than men, and vice errae. Men attain their maximum weight at about forty, and women at or mear fifty. At sixty, both sexes usually commence losing weight, so that the average weight of old persons, men or women is nearly the same as at nimeteen.

How no Mex our Rich.—Of one hundred men, it would be safe we think to assert, that at least seventy-five have a strong desire to be possessed of verdly goods and property, in a word to be rich. Of these seventy-five in our active and ready-witted American population, it would rarely happen, that one was entirely wanting in faculty of diligence—and yet few, to the middle age, acquire a competency, or, in respect to fortune, accomplish their wishes. Can any man, give us the philosophy of this frequent result.

There appear to be in every community a number of persons determined not to labour, who lend their whole inert energies to the reversal of the order of scripture; 'By the sweat of thy brow shall then live.' They resolve, and maintain their resolution with call and stubborn uniformity to the end of their days, not to sweat, but 'keep cool,' and let others do the labor of the day. Character of this samp are to be found in every town, village, city and disting possession of their property without paying for it on a false credit, or by bringing others in, by way of loans and endorsements to pay their debts.

In a word, at least to lose a competency by the non-collecting the

sitt, or by bringing others in, by way of Joans and endorsements to pay their debts.

In a word, at least to lose a competency by the non-collecting the debts they have earned in their calling, or by having to pay the debts of other people. These are two fruitful sources of poverty.

Do we argue, therefore against toans and credits in one form and another they are the bend and hasis of all modern society—the point we seek to get at is this—that men who have small means should live on small means; that no man has a right to lauseh into appleador on the expected profits of his business, or to make his ereditors contribute to his extravagance and that of his household—in other words, no man has a right to spend a dollar before he has sarsed a dollar.

SLEEPING FLOWERS.—Almost all flowers sleep during the might. The marigoid goes to bed with the san, and with him rises weeping. Many plants are so sensitive that their leaves close during the passage of a cloud. The dandelion opens at five or six in the morning, and shuts at nine in the evening. The "goat's heard" wakes at three in the morning, and shuts at five or six in the afternoon. The common daisy shuts up its bloseoms in the evening and spens its "day's eye" to meet the early beams of the morning aun. The crocus, tulp, and many others, close their blossom at different nears toward evening. The ivyleaved lettuce opens at eight in the souring, and shower forever at four in the afternoon. The night lowering foreus turns night into day. It begins to expand its magnificent weed-accusted blossoms in the twilight, it is foll-blown at idenicit, and closes never to open again with the dawn.

In a clover field not a leaf opens until after santise!

A ND immediate possession given. The leasehold interest of 57 acres of Land, on Let 32, about five and a half, miles from Charlottetown, subject to the yearly rent of 1s. per acre, and lease for 999 years, there are between 35 and 40 acres under cultivation. A good Barn, Stable, Cart-House and Dwelling House, a frost proof Cellar and Duiry. Also, a never failing Well of good Water lear the door.

Also, Freehold properties, consisting fell.

A good Barn, Stable, Cart-House and Dwelling House, a frest proof Cellar and Duiry. Also, a never failing Well of good Water near the door.

Also, Freehold properties, consisting of three acres of Land being of Common Lot, No. 27, opposite Spring Fark, on the Malpeque Road, and near Mr. Daniel Hodgson's farm. And 3 of town Lot No. 66, with the Buildings and Breast. Works, fronting on Dorcheaser Street and Kinga Street. And 4 of town Lot, No. 39 in King's Street.

Also, 4 of Town Lot No. 9, in King Street, with the buildings thereon, commisting of a Dwelling House 35 × 30 and 20 feet post, a frost-proof Cellar with a good Stone Wall under the whole building, a Shop, Parlour, Kitchen and Office on the first floor, Five Rooms on the second story, and Four on the Garret, all swell. finished and in complete order, a Stable, Store, Conch-House and Wood-House.

JAMES GILLIGAN. Street.

Also, 1 of Town Lot No. 9, in King Street, with the buildings thereon, consisting of a Dwelling House 35 × 30 and 20 feet post, a frost-proof Cellar with a good Stone Wall under the whole building, a Shop, Parlour, Kitchen and Office on the first floor, Five Rooms on the second story, and Four on the Garret, all well finished and in complete order, a Stable, Store, Coach-House and Wood-House. The whole of the above property will be sold or let for a term of years. Terms liberal. For further particulars apply to L. W. Gall, Eng., or to the Subscriber on the premises.

EDWARD KICKHAM.

EDWARD KICKHAM.

Also the unexpired term of four years of a House in Dorelester Street, opposite Messrs. Dancan's store, and subject to a vearly rent of Ten Pounds, row in the possession of Edward Neil.

As the Subscriber intends removing into the country he requests all persons indebted to him either by Note of Hand or Book Account, to settle the same on or before the 29th instant, otherwise they will be sued indiscriminately.

FOR SALE. A THOROUGH BRED LEICESTER RAM, 3 years old from the stock of John Grubs, Esq. John FERGUSON,

Sept. 27, 1851.

Horses for Sale.

HOrses for Sale.

THE Subscriber has a Mare rising 4 years old, a Horse rising 3 years and another rising 2 years old, all of which he warrants to be sound and servicable animals.

ALSO:

3 superior Iron Plopphs, double metal, imported from Scotland, which he will dispose of for costs and charges.

JAMES ROBERTSON.

Brackley Point Road, Sept. 28, 1851.

To the Tenants on Lots 9 & 61. To the Tenants on Lots 9 & 61.

The Esubscriber having, by Power of Attorney, dated the 6th day of March, 1851, been appointed Agent to take charge of LOTS 9 & 61, in this Island, the Property of Lawrence Sultivan Esq., notifies the Tenants on those Townships, that all rents, and Arrears of Rent, due on the said Property, are required to be paid to him forthwith, he alone being authorized to receive the same.

JAMES YEO. Port Hill, April 9, 1851.

Charlottetown, 23d Aug. 1851.

Notice.

A LL Persons indebted to the Rev. William J. Hoyles, of St. John's, Newfoundland, Clerk, on account of irreagn of Rent, or moneys due to him and his late Wife Janet Emma Hoyles, (formerly Janet Emma Rennie) at the time of her death, which happened on the 17th day of May, 1848, in respect of 'ands or holdings on that portion of Township Number 23, formerly belonging to her, and all others indebted to the said Rev. William J. Hoyles in this Island, are hereby notified that I have been duly empowered to receive the said arrears of Rent or Debts, and that payment thereof is required to be made to me without delay.

JOHN LONGWORTH.

May 20, 1851.

PATENT ARTIFICIAL SLATE, And Unchangeable Metallic Paints; PROOF AGAINST FIRE & WATER! Manufactured by the Patentee, in Colchester, Nova Scotia.

Manufactured by the Patentee, in Colchester, Nova Scotia.

"IHE ARTIFICIAL SLATE is the product of a mixture of mixture o

fal, by rendering Wooden fabrics as darable as brick or Stone, and less pervisus to moistare, and consequently preventing deary and glestraction from corroding influences hitherto supposed untainable.

The principal ingredients are Alumins, Silica and the Oxides of Iron. The affective quality of the latter not only binds and attracts the particles together, but the substance covered also. The longer exposed to the weather the more powerful the attraction, and consequently the harder the State. As various shades of colour are obtained, Brick buildings may be made impervious to moisture, and the fashionable colours of either Free Stone or Granite. The oil must be evaporated by the action of the weather before it is Fire proof, which will take from nine to twelve months.

The METALLIC PAINTS, Purple and Red, are offered as Weather and Water Proof solely. Their base being Iron, secrets them from Galvania extine so-fast to lead and other Paints on Irod work—and their chemical combination makes it impossible, that any change should take place from atmospheric influence or the action of Salt Water and Sulphareted hydrogen so prevalent in Sea Potts and Tidal Harbours. They surpass all Paints yet discovered in Cheapness and Durability, which reader them pre-eminently adapted to the covering of all kinds of Iron work, such as Skipping, Milts, Bridges, Steam Machinery, Railscay Cars, and Iron Machine, Bridges, Steam Machinery, Railscay Cars, a

FREDERICTON, N. B., Nov. 13, 1850,
Mr. J. W. Inist.

DEAR Sir.—Please send as two more barrels of your Artificial
Slate. We have seen some of the good effects of u at the lastfire.

Some of the Roofs covered with it did not each at all, and sphen
the walls were burnt come of the roofs came down in one piece,
and others were the means of saving the building, especially one
roof along-side of the Bank B. N. A., which also was one means of
saving the Bank.

Please see that it is on board of the first boat, as it might be neglected and stored.

Your obedient Servasts.

Your obedient Servants, STEWART & NEILL,

A Constant Supply of New Branswick made Soap, will be kept by the Subscriber, which will be Sold to wholesale dealers at a lower prize than any other imported Seap of equal quality. Daily expected, a lot of No. 1, a superior article, for Family use. Terms Cash.

E. L. LYDIARD.

Upper Side Queen Square, June 9, 1851.

A& I

shagzar.*

TRIMS 5s. prepayment.

South Hermitage Farm, }

August 6, 1851.

To oblige persons of small means, being at a distance, Pasture can be given for a time on reasonable terms, and good grain will be received in payment by a promissory Note, at a short date, by adding one-ninth for "Sweet Lad."

JAMES GILLIGAN.

Charlottetown, Sept. 30, 1851.

John M'Lean, Agent for the Sale of Comstock's valuable Medines at St. Peter's Bay.

Encourage Home Manufacture. ATTIES having Cloth which they wish DYED or DRESSED in a superior style, may send it to the Agent for Gurney's Mills, where it will be finished equal to any done either in Nova Scotia or New Brunswick, and at equally low rates. Information as to prices, may be obtained, and patterns seen, at the Agents, Upper Side Queen Square, Charlottetown. E. L. LYDIARD,

Sept. 22. Isl. & Adv

Dyeing and Cloth Dressing.

OHN MPHERSON FRASER, of Pictou, long favourably known in the vicinity of Georgetown and White Sands, as a Dyer and Cloth Dresser, has appointed Mr. John Bovyer his Agent for this Town and vicinity. Cloth entrusted to his care will the finished in a workmanlike manner, and with despatch, and returned to his Agents free of carriage.

AGENTS.

AGENTS.

AGENTS.
Finlay M'Neill, Eaq., Georgetown.
Mr. David Johnston, White Sands.
John Bovyer, Charlottetown.
Alex. M'Phail, Fictou.
wn, Sept. 2, 1851.

Eligible Business Sites to be Let, OR A TERM OF YEARS, IN LOTS OR OTHERWISE, AS MA

TWIOSE well known superior Business Stands in Charlottetown, fronting on Queen's and Sydney Streets, at present, and for some years past, occupied as MERCANTILE ESTABLISHMENTS by CHARLES DEMPSEY, Esquire, and Mr. JAMES M'CRAITH. Apply to

MRS. ELEANOR ROBINSON, or JAMES PEAKE.

Charlottetown, July 19, 1851.

Port Hill, April 9, 1851.

THE Tenantry on that part of Lot or Township No. 48, owned by Major Crooke of Bristol, England, are hereby notified, that all Rents and arrears of Rent are to be in future paid to the Subscriber, who is authorized to receive the same.

JAMES MOORE.

Charlottetown, 23d Aug. 1851.

Building Lots.

FO be sold together, or in Building Lots to suit Purchasers, the following Town Lots Nos. 16, 17, 18, 19 and 20, in the 2nd Hundred of Town Lots in Charlottetoun, fronting on Queen Square, Great George Street, Sidney Street, and Prince Street. For terms, and Plans of the Property, apply to Samuel Nelson, Esq., Charlottetown, 23d Aug. 1851.



RESH DRUGS AND MEDICINES, Patent Medicine.
Assorted Perfumes, Pickles, Sauces, Confectionary, Brushessons, Pomatums, requisites for the Toilet, articles for Domestinse, Canisters Du Barry's Arabica Revalenta, just received an for SALE low by.

T. DESBRISAY.
June 12, 1851.

Important Notice to persons purchasing

Important Notice to persons purchasing Sarsaparilla.

Whereas a quantity of Sarsaparilla.

Whereas a quantity of Sarsaparilla.

Whereas a quantity of Sarsaparilla not which not having been manufactured by J. R. Chilton, is of inferior quality to that sold under the agency of the latter gentleman. The Public are hereby warned, that the only kind of Sarsaparilla safely to be relied on has two labels, one in green, with the words following:

"This is to Certify, That the Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla, contained in this bottle, is prepared under my direction and supervision, from the Original Recipe of Dr. S. P. Townsend, and that it is composed of ingredients purely vegetable, and without Mercury.

James R. Chillton, M. D. Chemist.

Sarsaparilla never came to this Island.

(Signed) MARY LOWE,
Bungay, New Glasgow Road.

Sworn to, before me, this 14th June, 1851,

CHARLES DEMPSEY, J. P.

The public will please bear in mind, that the above cure was made
by the Sarsaparilla manufactured by J. R. Chitton, M. D., whose
certificate, in green paper, is on the outside wrapper of every bottle,
and be cautious not to buy any wanting this.

M. W. SKINNER.

Charlottetown, June 13.

Agents—Daniel Gondon, Georgetown,
Thomas Cainns, Green's Shore, Bedeque.

Mones Ryan, Malpeque.

Ross' METALLIC PAINTS.—We have already called public attention to the high estimation in which the Metallic Paints, nanufactured by John Ross, Eq., Truro, are held by those who have had accasion to use them. Certificates of a highly satisfactory character in praise of those articles of Provincial manufacture appear elsewhere, in this issue, and from information afforded by parties who have similarly applied them, we can safely endorse the opinions therein contained.—Halifax Sun.

Agents for Prince Edward Island, Gzo. T. HASZARD, Queen Square, KERNETH M'KENZIE, Pownal Street.

Charlottetown, Qct. S, 1851.

SOAD I SOAD !

Constant Supply of New Branswick made Soap, will be kept

CURES FOR THE UNCURED!



AN EXTRAORDINARY CURE OF SCROPULA OR KING'S Extract of a Letter from Mr. J. H. Aliday, 200, High Street, Chellenham, dated the 22d of January, 1850.

Extract of a Letter from Mr. J. H. Aliday, 209, High Street, Cheltenham, dated the 22d of January, 1850.

To Professor Holloway.

Sin,—My chiest son, when about three years of age, was afflicted with a Glandhar Swelling to the neck, which after a short time broke out into an Ulcer. An eminent medical man pronounced it a very load case of Scrofula, and preacribed for a considerable time without affect.—The disease then for four years went on gradually increasing in virulence, when, besides the alcer in the neck, another formed below the left knee, and a third nider the eye, besides seven others on the left aris, with a tumor letween the eyes which was expected to break. During the whole of the time my suffering boy had received the constant advice of the most ociclerated medical gentlemen at Cheltenham, healder being for several months at the General Hospital, where one of the ringeous said that he would aimputate the left arm, but that the bload was so impore, that if that linh yever taken off it would be then even impossible to subdue the disease. In this desperate state I determined to give your Fills and Ointment a trial, and after two months' perseverance in their me, the tumor gradually began to disappear, and the discharge from all the ulcers perceptibly decreased, and at the expiration of eight months they were perfectly healed, and the boy theroughly restored to the thesings of health, to the astenishment of a large circle of acquaintances, who could testify to the truth of this miraculous case. Three years have now elapsed without any recurrence of the malady, and the loy is now as healthy as heart can wish. Under these circumstances I combine that I should be truly ungrastiful were I not to make you acquainted with this voniterful cure, effected by your medicines after every other means had-failed.

CURE OF ACUTE BIREHMATISM, OF PARCE

(Signed) J. H. ALIDAY.

CURE OF ACUTE RHEUMATISM OF FOUR YEARS'
STANDING.

Extract of a Letter from Mr. John Pitt, Dudley, 19th Jan. 1856, 7
To Professor Hollows Y.

Sin,—It is with the greatest pleasure that I write to thank you for the lenefit I have received from your Pills and Olatment, which have completely cured me of the Rheumatien, under which I suffered for this last four years, at times I was so had me hardly to be able to walk. I had tried every kind of medicine that was recommended without receiving any benefit. I at last thought I would give your medicines a tried and purchased from Mr. rhollin, Chemist of this Town two house of Pills and twice of Olatment, and in three weeks through them and the blessing of God, I was restored to health and strength, and am now as well able to walk are ever I was in my life. I am well known in this parsell, having here sixty-five years in it, with an exception of ten years I served in the 24th Regiment of Foot.

(Signed)

JOHN PITT.

CURE OF A BAD LEG OF MORE THAN SIXTY YEARS'

in the 24th teginnen of Foot.

(Signed)

Gigned)

JOHN PITT.

CURE OF A BAD LEG OF MORE THAN SIXTY YEARS'

STANDING.

Mr. Barker, of No. 5, Graham's Place, Drypool, near Hall, had alreas on his leg from the age of eighteen until upwards of eighty, and alhough for smany years be had sought the first advice in the construy, nothing was found to cure them. He very often suffered most extructionating pain for long periods together, which incapacitated him from attending to his business. He had given up all hopes of getting a cure when at last he was personaled to try Holloway's Pills and Ointment, which he did, and however wonderful it may appear, the leg was thoroughly headed by their means, and by continuing to use the Pills along after his leg was well, be has become in health so hale and hearty as now to be more active than meat men of fifty.

N. B.—The truth of this extraordinary statement can be vouched for by Mr. J. C. Reinhardt, 22, Market Place, Huil. February 20th, 1850.

CURE OF A DESPERATE CASE OF RINGWORM, OF SIX

N. B.—The truth of this extraordinary statement can be sourced including. A. C. Reinhardt, 22, Manket Place, Hull. February 20th, 1850.

CURE OF A DESPERATE CASE OF RINGWORM, OF SIX YEARS' STANIBIOG.

One of the most eminent Surgeons in Lina (the Capital of Pero), listed a child covered with Ringworm for more than six years; in vain he exhausted all his art in his andeavours to effect a cure. Not succeeding, he consulted among his breaktron, the most relebranted medical practitioners of the City, but nothing was found to do the child service. When he was persuaded by Mr. Juseph P. Hague, the English Chemist and Bruggist, residing at 74, Calle de Fallacio, to try Holloway's Pills and Ointment, which was done, and after using six large Poss of the Ointment, with a proportion of the Pills, the child was radically cured, to the surprise of the whole medical procession. The name of the parent, from motives of delicacy is withheld.

The Pills should be used conjointly with the Ointment is most of

THE LINE SUG	and ne asea could	untily with the	Ointment in mo
following c	ases :-		
d Legs	Chiego-foot	Fistulas	Sore throats
d Breasts	Chilblains	Gout	Skin disease
rns	Chapped-hands	Glandular	Scurvy
mions	Corns (Soft)	Swellings	Sore heads
tes of Mos-	Cancers	Lumbago	Tumours
chetoes and	Contracted &	Piles	Ulcere
Sand-Flies	Stiff joints	Rheumatism	Wounds
coa-Bay	Elephantiasis	Scalds	Yaws

Sore Nipples

Sord by the Proprietor at 244 Strand (near Temple Bar) London, and
by GEU. T. HASZARD, Agent for F. E. Island, in Boxes and Pots,
at 2a, 5s, 8s, and 20s each. There is a very considerable saving in taking the larger sizes.

N. B. Directions for the guidance of l'atients are affixed to each Pot

DR. EVANS'S PAIN KILLER.

DR. EVANS'S PAIN KILLER.

No Medicine has been discovered that is so happily adapted to use internally as drops to be taken, and yet perform such wonders when applied externally as a wash, bath, or by friction.

USE IT IN THIS MANNER,

For Common headache, simple bathing will answer, For sudden colds and hard coughs, [to cure immediately,] gld ton teaspoonful in four of molasses, and take three spoonfuls of the mixture as often as you cough. Bathe the neck, breast and sides with it to cure coreness of a cough.

Asthma, Phthisic and sore breasts—for speedy relief, 30 drops inmolasses, and bathe freely with it clear, and keep on flannel wet in it. For bowel complaint, cholers morbus, cholic and diarrhea;—a teaspoonful in a gill of milk and molasses, well mixed; if the pain is severe, baths the bowels with it, and in cholora repeat the dose every

severe, bathe the bowels with it, and in cholora repeat the dose every hour.

For Dyspepsia and sick stomach, 20 to 30 drops in sweetened water, morning, noon and night till all symptoms yield, and you are restored to perfect health.

For all rheumatic complaints, lame neck, swelled face, sore throat and toothache, 60 drops as above, three times a day; bathe the parta well, rub with a warm cloth, and take a tempoonful of mustard seed, nightly, in milk or molasses, at bed time.

For burns, scalds, and all sores, pricks, atings or old sores, bathe well and often the parts efflicted.

For sudden colds or croup, 30 drops in Molasses, every hour, and bathe freely with it.

For canker, sore mouth and stomach, chicken pox, or measles, 30-drops, twice a day in sweet milk.

For canker, sore mouth and stomach, chicken pox, or measles, 30-drops, twice a day in sweet milk.

A SE FOR EVANS'S PAIN KILLER, A ND

TAKE NO DTHER.

A VOICE FROM NOVA SCOTIA.

DOCTOR EVANS'S PAIN KILLER, being fully tested in localities where it has been in general use, I deem R my duty to the public to annex a few of the many Certificates now in my possession, that all may know and be possessed of this VALUALLE MEDICINE.

C. V. POOR, Druggist, 19, Tremont Row Boston, Sole Propeletor.

This will certify I was affected with severe rehumatic Pain in my legs, proceeding from a severe cold, so much so, I could not walk without the aid of crutches, and by the use of one bottle of Evena's Pain Killer, I, to the surprise of my neighbours wa scompletely cured, Luneburg, N. S.

This is to certify that I have used Evans's Pain Killer in my family and found it to be an excellent medicine, superior to any of the kind I ever used.

Finton Tomeinson, Hants County.

Wilmot, 3rd January, 1850.—This is to certify, I have for some time past sold several of the different kinds of Pain Killer, and have found none give so good satisfaction as Evans's, as manufactured by C. V. Poor, 19, Tremont Row, Boston.

James A. Girmons, Merchant.

10. V. Poor, 19, Tremont Row, Boston.

James A. Gizmons, MerchantBridgeton, March 21, 1850.—The jate certify I have for some timpast sold several of the different kinds of Pain Killer, and have founEvans's, as manufactured by C. V. Poor, Boston, to give more generasatisfaction than any in use.

This 'PAIN KILLER' may be used with a success that will a the beholder, in such cases as the following: Distressing Ditery, Pain in the Side and Stomach, Corne, Cute, and Fraises, Chi Infantum, Bronchitis, Healing Sores on man or beast, Children Toing, Raising Blood, Hearseness, Quiny in a few bours, Chilbitime Frosted Feet, Spannis, prevent a bilster from Burns, Broken Beas Monslen, Cramps, Hurts, Scratches, or torn Flesh, Bites or Stings T Foold at Charlottelown by T. DESSRISAY, Apothecarine' is and M. W., SKINNER, Medical Warehouse—Arons.

Printed by JAMES D. HASSARD, at his Office, Q



VOL. 21.

EALED TENDERS will DAY, the 10th Novemb tioned Supplies, viz:—

ntities of Ox or He

Such quantities of Ox or He fity, as may be required for H Island, for the term of one ye The Meat to consist of fore, at the inspection and approval of The Tenders (printed Form to state the price per 100bis, accompanied with a guarante bility, in the penal sum of £3 of the Contract. Payment w ty, in the penal sum of the Contract, Payment BAK

For one year, from the 1st 1 partments, in such quantities state the number of pounds of 100 peands of Flour provided he taken from the Commissa delivered at the respective Q the Garrison, at the Contract compty barrels. Two approvement sum of £100 sterling Contracts.

For one year, from the Is may be required, (say 400 stood that the Firewood is to Birch, Ash, and Rock Mapl will be received, and a suffi Fuel Yard, towards the ne will be required to give see Contract. Contract.

The Firewood to be piled
Payment will be made af

Per one year, from the I issued in detail from the Cotherate per ration, consisting 10 lbs. Outs 14 " Hay 6 " Straw

For one year, for such que of from the Fuel Yard of Troops, Baggage, Ordnar from the Queen's Wharf to

Payment will be made i

Printed Forms of be had at the Commissari

Commissariat Charlotte P. E. Island, Octobe

Furnishing the (Under the Pat THE New Temperance it has become necessitably furnishing the same this purpose, in the said B Wednes

The 16th and The 10th and:
The projectors of this B the cause in which they a table and attractive as pos for the Sons and their frie accomplish this object, hor Divisions, was found to serious embarrassment the public has, therefore, been those friends who feel dis not yet commenced their and yet commenced their lease of the serious entire this chiral transfer of the serious embarrassment the public has the serious embarrassment the serious control to the serious con

Mrs. Fitzgers - Yates, Miss P. DosB Mrs. Owen, — Orlebar, — II. Hasz — I. Suith — J. J. Pir — A. H. Y Articles may also be a B. Dawson, W. Heard,

The following is a List

N. B.—Every parcel s

On the Wil Several tale who have kindly volunts ets to be had at the Bazz By order of t

St. Peter's Road, Oc