

The Klondike Nugget

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Dawson's Pioneer Paper.
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GEORGE M. ALLEN, Publisher.

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NOTICE.
When a newspaper offers its advertising space at a nominal figure, it is a practical admission of "no circulation." THE KLONDIKE NUGGET asks a good figure for its space and in justification thereof guarantees to its advertisers a paid circulation five times that of any other paper published between Juneau and the North Pole.

LETTERS.
And Small Packages can be sent to the Clerk by our carriers on the following days: Every Tuesday and Friday to Enderbary, Bonanza, Hunker, Dominion, Gold Run.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 25, 1902

\$50 Reward.

We will pay a reward of \$50 for information that will lead to the arrest and conviction of any one stealing copies of the Daily or Semi-Weekly Nugget from business houses or private residences, where same have been left by our carriers.

KLONDIKE NUGGET.



AMUSEMENTS.
Auditorium Theatre - "The Old Homestead."
Standard Theatre - Vaudeville.

LOOK TO THE FUTURE.

Clarke's few followers represent the pessimistic portion of the community who continually look backward to the dead past and for whom the bright side of life has no attractions. In the support of Mr. Ross is represented the great mass of sturdy, self-reliant men who are in the Yukon for the purpose of advancing their own and the community welfare and whose faith and confidence in this growing district is unbounded. They have their eyes to the front and the great question before them is not of the past but of the future. They have in view many important matters demanding attention and legislative action from the government and they are interested in determining which man of those asking their support will ensure them the best returns therefor. They find no satisfaction in Clarke's assurances that he will impeach this official or that he will drive that one from office, for they immediately ask themselves what benefits are to accrue. Not only are they aware that no good would accrue to themselves, even if Clarke should be able to carry his threats into execution, but they are also too thoroughly acquainted with Joseph's bluffing methods to reward his oft-repeated boasts with anything other than a smile of incredulity.

The electors will send a man to Ottawa who will secure results for them and not one who will become a mere object for ridicule and contempt. In contesting against the Honorable James Hamilton Ross, Clarke will go down to defeat so crushing that he never again will become a political possibility.

Late advices from Whitehorse and Skagway are to the effect that freight is arriving from coast points more rapidly than is possible to handle it. While there is as yet no serious danger of a blockade it appears quite evident that the shipping facilities of the upriver boats will be taxed to land all the freight offered safely in this city.

A NEGATIVE CAMPAIGN.

The campaign as conducted by the News on behalf of Clarke is wholly of a negative character. It has nothing to advance in favor of Clarke and in consequence confines itself almost entirely to an effort at belittling the qualifications of Mr. Ross.

The News has not brought forward nor will it be able to bring forward during the campaign one single argument in Clarke's favor which will appeal to the great mass of intelligent, self-respecting voters of this territory. It is just as hard to endow a man with qualities which he does not possess as it is to draw blood from an orange and as far as Clarke is concerned he has absolutely none of the requirements demanded of the man who is to represent the Yukon in the house of commons. There is not a business concern in Dawson who would give Clarke employment in any capacity for the simple reason that his record both public and private is that of a disloyal and unfaithful servant. The people cannot and will not be

hoaxed into entrusting a man of such character with high and important responsibilities. A man who has betrayed minor confidences is not safe to be entrusted with large affairs. It is small cause for wonder that the News avoids mention of Clarke's name. The very best that paper is able to do for its candidate is to damn him continually with the faintest possible praise.

Before embarking in any extensive system of local public improvements the city council should devise means of spreading the cost involved over a term of years. There is no reason why sewers and other permanent improvements should be financed from the current revenues. The people who are in Dawson five or ten years hence will derive a benefit therefrom and are entitled to participate in the expense of construction. If more improvements similar to those now in progress are contemplated a small bond flotation should be arranged, and a sinking fund provided to care for it.

The fact that the New York convention of Republicans has endorsed Roosevelt for the Presidency in 1904 may be accepted as conclusive evidence that unless death or some other inadvertent circumstance interferes, Roosevelt will carry the Republican national standard in the next campaign. It is a remarkable fact that Roosevelt was forced into the vice presidency by Senator Platt for the express purpose of giving him eternal political burial. The unforeseen death of McKinley gave Roosevelt an opportunity which he has improved to such splendid advantage that by superstitious people he has already come to be regarded as a man of destiny.

Dr. Thompson's defeat last winter was due largely to the fact that Clarke supported him. The people of Dawson placed the stamp of their disapproval upon Joseph at that election and will give emphasis thereto in the coming election. The only difference will rest in the fact that in the present instance the good work will have the assistance of voters all over the territory.

The trail of the serpent is so plainly visible in the Sun-News situation that no further effort at concealment is made. The mock show of hostilities still maintained between the two is evidently intended for the amusement of the public, which purpose it certainly serves to a degree.

The morning edition of the News goes after the evening edition in regular Beddoe style and the evening edition reciprocates in the same fashion. Perfect shame to make a man work that way.

There is a species of blasphemy in mentioning the name of Joe Clarke in connection with that of the Hon. James Hamilton Ross.

LIBERAL MEETING.

A meeting of the supporters of the candidature of Mr. Ross will be held in Pioneer hall Thursday evening, September 25, at 8:30 o'clock, for organization.

D. DONAGHY, Secretary.

St. Louis Scandal.

St. Louis, Sept. 12.—The grand jury today resumed investigation of the city lighting scandal. Because of the statute regulating bribery in Missouri, the lighting bill will be outlawed in forty-five days. Indictments must be framed within that time to be effective.

WHAT A DAWSON MAN SAYS

For six years I could eat nothing but milk and toast, and at times my stomach would not retain and digest even that. Last winter I commenced buying groceries of Dunham and since then I have become strong and well. A Member of the Kid Committee.

WANTED—Second hand baby carriage. Apply Nugget office. 235

At Auditorium—Old Homestead.

Ladies' Underwear

I am just opening a fine line of

UNSHRINKABLE HEALTH UNDERWEAR for ladies and children. This is guaranteed unshrinkable and improves with washing.

J. P. McLENNAN
233 FRONT ST. Phone 101-B
Agent for Standard Patterns.

STRIKES
REMEDY

How the New Zealand Law Works

What Would Have Been the Mode of Procedure in Anthracite Coal Strike.

Compulsory arbitration for labor disputes exists in New Zealand, and has for eight years. If the New Zealand law had been passed in this state, what would have taken place in the anthracite coal strike? asks the Philadelphia Press.

Before striking and without striking—for it is a provision of the law that work shall go on at the old wages and hours until the new are passed upon—the men at work, through their representatives, would have asked for an advance. If the advance was denied the case would have gone before the Board of Conciliation for the anthracite district, made up of three men chosen by the association of operators and three by the miners' union. This body would have heard all that was to be said on both sides, would have called for books and papers and examined witnesses, but its decision would be only a recommendation. The Conciliation Board has no authority under the New Zealand law, to enforce its conclusions. It stands exactly where the arbitration boards under the Loch arbitration act stand in this state.

If the decision of the Board of Conciliation in the anthracite case were rejected by either party the case would go up to a central court of arbitration. This would consist, of one "assessor," a man selected by the operators, another assessor chosen by the miners and a judge of the Supreme Court. In New Zealand such a judge is appointed, and holds for life.

This judge, who is president of the court, would through the local officers of the District Conciliation Board, issue a summons to the representatives of the men and all the operators concerned and appoint a place in the coal regions to hear them. Both would appear, subject, if absent, to the usual penalties for disregard of a legal process. When the parties appeared no counsel would be permitted. Each side, representatives of the men and of the operators, each organized, would state its case.

The judge has power to call witnesses, to demand books, pay rolls, records of sales and any letter or paper casting light on the issue. He can call in—and the state pays for—accountants and other experts to report to him. The entire business is laid bare, and it has to be proved in a New Zealand case before this final court that the business can bear the increase and that the wages already paid are too low, taking the state of the labor market in New Zealand and in competing territory.

While these proceedings are carried on by a judge learned in the law and in the rules of evidence, the procedure is rather that of a friendly arbitrator getting his facts at both hands from both parties in each other's presence. The decision would be made by the judge and the assessors sitting without appeal. A majority of the court decides. When the decision was made it would be open to any operator to close his mine or to open it and to any miner to work or to go elsewhere, but if an operator opened his mine he must pay the wage and keep the hours decided, and if a miner worked he could take neither less nor more of wages or of hours without being subject, both operator and miner, to fine and imprisonment.

Had No Clue

Rome, Sept. 13.—Great excitement was caused by the statement of Prof. Murrie, father-in-law of Count Bonmartin, who was murdered at his palace, near Bologna, on the night of Tuesday, September 2, that his (Prof. Murrie's) own son, Tullio, committed the crime. Count Bonmartin was a rich land owner and proprietor, and Prof. Murrie is one of Italy's leading surgeons. The count had been staying at Venice with the countess, but returned to his palace, leaving the countess behind, and bringing with him a woman whose name is unknown.

On the night of the crime the count's throat was cut and the palace, it is said, was robbed of one hundred thousand lire (about \$20,000). The woman disappeared. Until Prof. Murrie denounced his own son, the police were without a clue. It is believed that jealousy or a desire to punish the count for his neglecting and abusing the countess, his sister, may have led to Tullio's crime.

Line Tied Up

Ottawa, Iowa, Sept. 13.—Every electric line, with one exception, was tied up today by a strike of the motormen and conductors, out of sympathy with the hunger of the Ottumwa Traction & Light Company.

The Far-Off Happy Land

They were married in the autumn when the leaves were turning gold, and the mornings bore a menace of the winter's coming cold. Side by side they stood and promised, hand in hand to walk through life.

And the parson said, "God bless you!" as he named them man and wife. They had little wealth to aid them, little of the world they knew. But he whispered, "Oh, my darling, I have riches—I have you." Then they vowed that, walking ever side by side and hand in hand, they would gain the distant summits of their far-off, happy land.

Heavy Decrease.

Washington, Sept. 13.—The treasury department announced today that for the eight months ending August 31 the exports of breadstuffs from the United States amounted to \$108,604,554. For the same period of 1901 the total was \$192,060,603.

The total exports of provisions were \$109,841,035, against \$124,977,173 for the same period of the year before.

Cattle and hogs were sent abroad to the value of \$15,458,034, while in 1901 the total was \$24,713,408.

The exports of cotton for the eight months consisted of 3,068,456 bales, valued at \$1,573,335,175, against 3,315,898 bales, valued at \$1,695,577,174 for the eight months ending August 31, 1901.

Ten of the World

Emperor Menelik has decided to grant no further concessions to Europeans.

The Chinese Emperor is having built for him a new palace at Pootung-fu to contain 600 rooms.

Dr. Terregiani, the Catholic bishop of Armidale, Australia, is the largest prelate in Christendom. He weighs nearly 300 pounds.

Prof. Olsen, of the University of Wisconsin, is at present in Copenhagen. He has been conducting researches in the languages spoken in Scandinavia.

Mr. Reitz, State Secretary of the late South African Republic, intends to go to Paris shortly to communicate with the French government with regard to the establishment of Boer families in Madagascar.

Prince Victor Napoleon has just been presented at Paris by the Corsican Committee with a silver gilt imperial crown on the occasion of the centenary of Napoleon Bonaparte's appointment as First Consul.

Johnson Coming

Buffalo, Sept. 7.—"Pewee" Johnson, the negro who shot and killed an attendant at the Kentucky race track last week during a quarrel over a game of craps, was captured at Suspension Bridge, N. Y., this evening.

Johnson fled immediately after the shooting, and crossed to the Canadian side of the Niagara river early next morning. The fugitive was seen and recognized by the Canadian police, and a chase began which lasted two days and two nights, the pursuers frequently coming into close quarters with the negro desperado, and on two occasions exchanging shots with him. Johnson fled west as far as Hamilton, where he turned and doubled on his tracks. He was traced back to Suspension Bridge this evening. The Canadian officers gave chase, and Johnson ran across the bridge to the United States side. Here a crowd joined in the pursuit and Johnson, seeing that he was outnumbered, threw his pistol away and surrendered.

Real Tragedy on Stage

London, Sept. 5.—A despatch to The Daily Chronicle from Vienna gives details of the tragic deaths on Wednesday last of an Austrian actor and actress at Samos-Ujvar, Transylvania, Hungary, as follows:—Julia Pekty and Julius Bardos, had been engaged, but the latter had broken off the engagement. The two were acting the part of lovers in a performance, during which Julia was supposed to die at Bardos. She charged her pistol with bullets and shot him dead. The actress then fired several shots at his body, and while the audience in the theatre was panic-stricken she fled to her home, opened her veins and died before help arrived.

All Round Championship

Milwaukee, Wis., Sept. 13.—E. S. Merrill, of the Milwaukee Athletic Club, won the Western all-round championship at the Milwaukee baseball park today, with a total of 37.33 points. Reynolds, of the Social Club, of this city, was second over G. H. Pellet and F. A. Martin, of the First Regiment Athletic Association, of Chicago, who finished third and fourth.

FOUND—Two dogs, one Shepherd and one part Shepherd and Maltese, followed undersigned from Hunker creek. Owner may secure dogs by paying charges. Apply corner Seventh avenue and Church street.—S. E. RITCHIE. 236

CORNERS
TABOOED

Hard Blow at the Board of Trade

Chicago Court Strikes at Time-Honored Institution—Stock Brokers Frightened

Chicago, Sept. 13.—A most important decision against the Chicago Board of Trade was rendered today by Judge Chytrous in the "July oats corner" injunction cases. Not only does the opinion of the court, if sustained by higher tribunals, put an end to all corners in commodities on this exchange, but it strikes at the very life of the institution as now organized. The directors for all time have had their powers curtailed so that they cannot longer adjudicate upon property rights of the members of the association. Judge Chytrous goes even farther and says that under the charter of the Board of Trade there is no provision for succession of membership and asks the pertinent question, "What should become of the corporation when persons now composing the original board would be dead?"

The case in question was one brought by the commission firm of Waite, Thorburn & Co., against the Chicago Board of Trade, the Bank of Montreal and several prominent members of the Board of Trade in which a temporary injunction was granted to prevent margins that were put up by the complainants from being handed down to the contracting defendants. The claim was made that the defendants had run a corner in July "standard" oats. The complainants, who had sold "short" to the defendants, while not denying their contracts and while declaring their purpose to make good these same contracts, made protest against having the case adjudicated by the Board of Trade, as provided by the laws of the association.

WANTED-A FAIR PRICE.

"The standard oats" in question were of a grade and fineness almost impossible to obtain in sufficient quantities to fill contracts during July because of delay to crops by rainy weather. In the pit on 'change highly fictitious prices had been put on this commodity, and the complainants asked the court to set a fair price between which price and the one at which they had contracted the difference might be paid. This was filed July 30, one day before settlements were required.

Shortly after this twenty-three other cases were filed by the same complainants against various defendants, ten cases by Pratt, Buckley & Company, six cases by H. C. Avery & Company, and one case by J. Henry Norton. By common consent all cases were affected by the same ruling.

The court said in ruling that as far as the merits of the case were concerned it did not matter whether there was a corner, for it was taken for granted that an honest price was intended. This part of the matter can be decided at a further hearing which will be had. The decision makes the injunction in force until this hearing of facts is had. The losing parties have appealed, but this does not prevent further hearing.

The gist of the decision is that a special committee, which according to the board rules, should be appointed by the president to adjudicate such differences, has no authority to act in matters where property rights are involved. The rights of the directors of the board to preserve the integrity of its rules so far as disciplining members is concerned by fine, suspension and expulsion, is upheld by the court as their proper rights, but rules against the question that when against the will of the complainants, the power of disposal over that money which in a sense has been placed in trust or escrow exists in a select committee of three disinterested persons, members of the association to be appointed by the president, that is, whether the money can be appropriated by such a committee to the contract from the defendants.

Regardless of the fact that the complainants agreed to be bound by the rules which provide for settlements of disagreements, the court ruled that they were not bound, that the arrogating of such power to such a body was against public policy and that it would be introducing sovereignty within a sovereignty for the function of constraining the law.

COURT-GROWS SARCASTIC.

The court goes into great detail to learn the merits of the case, speaks at some length of the operations upon the Board of Trade, of the benefits to the community from the institution and the influence it exerts on the commerce of the world. It holds that as a corporation not for profit, it possesses governmental and disciplinary powers over the members that are not possessed by stock corporations where money or property rights are directly involved. The general power to pass upon the rights of the property in the margins in

question, however, is held a judicial power, which power can be considered to have been delegated or confirmed by dubious implication. "The ordinary courts of justice," said the court, "constituting one of the branches of our government, ought not to be, and should not submit to being, excluded or ousted of jurisdiction by intermeddling."

With some sarcasm, the court adds: "The masterly ingenuity of the plan contrived to prevent appeal to the common law courts of the state commands our admiration. Think of the long time of operation that has proved the scheme a successful one. The loser who may feel himself aggrieved, and who may know himself to have been wronged by the operation of a corner, or otherwise, at law, can only sue to get his money back."

"Even that remedy is by the resourcefulness of the scheme abridged. For it is possible for him to do even that only after he has an award or adjudication against him by this Board of Trade committee or tribunal."

Has Twelve Masts

San Francisco, Sept. 13.—A huge, strange looking craft steamed in through the Golden Gate early this morning and anchored off Meigs' wharf. For a time the boatmen along the front were puzzled to classify the freakish piece of marine architecture. Finally the vessel was made out to be the turret steamship Lime Branch, from Newcastle, Australia.

The Lime Branch and vessels of her type have in the past been strangers in these waters. The main feature of attraction in the Lime Branch appears in her double set of masts. She is equipped with twelve masts. The masts are arranged five on a side, with one stick fore and one aft. The masts on both sides are fitted with derrick booms, used in handling cargo. The masts are so situated that all the hatches can be worked at one time. The hull is on the whaleback plan.

The Lime Branch is a new steamer, having been launched at Sunderland last year. She measures 3,468 tons net and is 396 feet in length, 25 feet in depth and has a beam of 54 feet. Before coming to this port the vessel went to Chile, hence to South Africa and to Australia. She brought a cargo of coal from Australia and will carry in her holds a heavy cargo of wheat. Included in the cargo of the Lime Branch is a cougar and a kangaroo. Captain Mailing is in charge.

New Flag Pole

The handsome flag pole in the territory was raised yesterday afternoon in front of the executive mansion. It is a single stick which was brought from twenty miles up the Klondike by the orders of Governor Ross, whose title has now to be written with the prefix "ex." It is 104 feet high with a perfect taper from the ground to its golden peak, at which proudly flies the flag of the Dominion. The base is to be boxed for ten feet up, and surrounding it will be a wide hexagonal platform. The ground has been filled in surrounding the mansion, and next spring will see it a fine wide-spreading lawn as beautiful as that which surrounds the Presbyterian church. A law is also being prepared around the new Episcopal church, and this particular locality bids fair to be the beauty spot of the city.

Pacific Coast Steamship Co.

Affords a Complete Coastwise service, Covering

Alaska, Washington California, Oregon and Mexico.

Our boats are manned by the most skillful navigators.

Exceptional Service the Rule

All Steamers Carry Both Freight and Passengers

—THE—

White Pass & Yukon ROUTE

B. Y. N. CO.

Regular Service Between

EAGLE CITY AND FORTY MILE

—THE FAST—

Sir. Zealandian

Leaves Dawson for Forty Mile Mondays, 2 p. m. returning leaves Forty Mile Thursdays 9 a. m. Leaves Dawson for Seattle, White Pass & Skagway, leaves Dawson, Fridays 2 p. m. returning leaves Skagway, Saturdays 9 a. m.

J. F. Lee, Traffic Mgr., J. H. Rogers, Gen'l Agt., J. W. Young, City Ticket Agent.

Signs and Wall Paper

ANDERSON BROS.,
SECOND AVE.

Ladies' Storm and Trimmed Dress Skirts JUST IN. SPECIAL VALUES. SUMMERS & ORRELL, 2nd Ave.

WE SOLD...

The Stewart River Trading Co. their entire stock of HARDWARE for their DUNCAN CREEK store, amounting to \$4500.

See Us Before Placing Your Orders

J. & T. ADAIR,
Cor. 1st Ave. & Queen St.

STR. CLIFFORD SIFTON

WILL SAIL FOR WHITENOR Monday, September 29 FOR TICKETS, RATES, ETC., APPLY FRANK MORTIMER, Agent, Aurora Dock

Regular Service on Stewart River

STR. PROSPECTOR

FOR DUNCAN

And Way Points Monday, Sept. 29, 1:00 p. m.

Apply W. MEED, Mgr., S.-Y. T. Dock

NOTICE TO MINERS!

THE STEWART RIVER TRADING CO.

Desires to Announce That a Stock of

60--TONS--60 OF MINERS' SUPPLIES

Of the Finest Quality Has Been Shipped, per Steamer Prospector

Duncan Landing

FOR SALE AT REASONABLE PRICES.

H. C. DAVIS, Manager

STR. CASCA

Office, Aurora Dock. Frank Mortimer, Agent

The White Pass & Yukon Route (THE BRITISH YUKON NAVIGATION CO.)

Operate the Fastest and Best Appointed Steamers Between Whitehorse and Dawson.

Str. Victorian Will Sail for Whitehorse Thursday, Sept. 25

2 P. M.

Only Line Landing Through Tickets and Checking Baggage Through to Skagway. J. F. Lee, Traffic Mgr., Seattle and Skagway. J. H. Rogers, Gen. Agent, Dawson. J. W. Young, City Ticket Agent, Dawson.

New Stock AT THE NUGGET JOB PRINTERY **New Type**

THE ORR & TUKEY CO., Ltd. STAGE AND LIVERY

Alaska Flyers

OPERATED BY THE Alaska Steamship Co.

DOLPHIN AND HUMBOLDT Leave Skagway Every Five Days

SCHEDULE

DOLPHIN leaves Skagway for Seattle and Vancouver, transferring to Victoria, Sept. 11; Oct. 1, 11, 21, 31.

HUMBOLDT for Seattle direct, transferring to VANDERBILT and Victoria, Sept. 6, 16, 26; Oct. 6, 16, 26.

Also A 1 Steamers Dirigo and Farallon

Leaving Skagway Every 15 Days.

FRANK E. BURNS, Sept. 6th First Avenue, Seattle. ELMER A. FRIEND, Skagway Agent.