Child's Column.

The Young Martyr.

A STORY OF QUEEN MARY'S REIGN.

On a bright summer evening, about three hundred years ago, two young men—scarcely to be called men; the one sixteen, the other a year or two older—walked down Cheapside, London, together.

Business was over—people kept early hours then—the clumsy shutters were for the most part closed. Tradesmen lounged at their doors, pretty faces looked out of lattice windows, and apprentices played at clubs, quarter-staff, or single-stick in the road, and woke up quiet people with their clatter. While things were thus, the two young men I named before—Mark Lorimer the younger, and Edward Dawmer the elder—walked down Cheapside together.—They were talking very earnestly, and did not seem to heed the boys at play, or the loud laughter that rung through the Cheap, and made the rooks upon St. Mary Arcubus come out of their homes to see what was the matter.

"I am sorry that it should be so," the elder lad observed: "and sorry that our lot should be cast in such troublous times."

"Would God," returned Mark, "we knew when they would end!"

"I understand," went on the other, "that there is to be another burning in Smithfield to-morrow, and that Queen Mary and her husband will be present."

"God pity them!" said Mark; "may they find more mercy in the last judgment than they have meted out upon the earth."

"Amen."

"Why," said Mark, and his face flushed crimson, "I heard, and knew it for a truth, that they burned a child not many days old in the flames with its mother; they drove another frantic, and then slew it for its mad words. They are crowding the streets with orphans, and offering up, in the fires that are dayly kindled, the best and bravest of the land."—

"Hush, hush!" said Dawmer; "there are ears everywhere—be careful."

"I am not afraid," Mark answered, with all a boy's heroism. "I say again that these things ought not to be."

"Yes, yes, that is all very well," Dawmer returned; "but it is not a pleasant thing to be tied to a whipping post, as more than a score of lads were, not many days ago, and lashed almost to death."

"I would not deny the truth," said Mark, "if the whips were scorpions, and the whipping-post the stake."

"But supposing now," Dawmer asked—"O, so slily and softly!—"they were to come to you and say, 'What do you think about the bread and wine in the Lord's supper?'"

"What do I think of it?"

"Yes, what is it?"

"Bread and wine."

"But after the prayers of the priest?"

"Bread and wine."

"Why, don't you know," said Dawmer, "that it would be flat heresy to say so?"

"Why?"

"After the priest has consecrated it it is bread and wine no longer."

The young man laughed. "What is it then?" he asked.

"The body, blood, soul, and divinity of the Lord Jesus Christ."

"That I deny," said the young man, "and always will deny."

"Well, you know it's better to be cautious," said Dawmer. "Nobody can tell what may happen in these troublous times; better, I should think, try some cunning way of getting out of it."

"What," said Mark, smiling again, "frame some pet verse, like poor Princess Elizabeth—God save her!—

"Christ was the Word that spake it;
He took the bread and brake it;
And what the Word did make it,
That I believe and take it."

Thus talking, the young men passed on, crossed the Stocks market, and shaped their course for London bridge, where they parted.

* * * * * *

Mark Lorimer lived with his father on this famous old bridge, for in those days it was covered with houses, and had the appearance of a regular street. It was evening, and the sun was setting when Mark reached home. In a small room, which overhung the river, sat his old father; he was watching the stream as it flowed rapidly onward, gurgling and struggling against the piles of the bridge, as it dashed wildly under the narrow arches. The old man turned his head as Mark entered, and clasped his hands. They sat and talked together about the troubles of the period, about the cruelty of Queen Mary, and the dread that was on all those who held the reformed faith. They talked of those whom they had known, with whom they had often worshipped, but who had suffered death by fire or sword for the faith they had held so dear. They sat and talked together till the last rays of the sun had glided away, and the pale moon had risen in the heavens, and cast its flood of mellow light on the picturesque old city.—Then the old man summoned his servant,—a godly woman, stricken in years; the cloth was spread, a frugal meal spread out, and they sat down to supper. The old man asked God's blessing on their food, and as he ended there was a loud knock at the outer door. Margery withdrew to open it. A few moments more, and a tall, well-made man strode into the room. He lifted his cap as he did so with a courtly air, then, pointing to a paper which he held in his hand, said, "*In Queen Mary's name.*"

They saw it all. The old man arose, but his tongue clave to the roof of his mouth; Margery wept aloud; but the young man was gone. The few moments which had elapsed between the knock and the entrance had been sufficient to apprise the old man of his son's danger. The other knew and felt it, and at his sire's command had concealed himself in one of those secret closets with which old houses then abounded.

"Sir," said the officer, "I have come here, commanded to arrest your son. Let him come forth."

"Sir," returned the old man, "my son is but a child; yet do your errand if you list."

"Your son was seen to enter here—he is here now—surrender him at once!"

The old man refused. The officer called aloud to his men, who waited outside, and five or six stout fellows, in leathern jerkins and half armor, came at his command.—They searched, but searched in vain; and when every effort proved fruitless, they turned fiercely on the old man, who watched their every movement.

"Old blood shall pay for young blood, if you conceal him longer," said the officer.—"As I live, you shall taste the rack for this!"

"Spare the green and take the ripe," the old man answered: "and God be judge between us!"

What needs it to repeat all that was said—how oaths were mingled with the holy name of Jesus, and how they roughly used the venerable man, and where about to test him, as they said, by holding his hand over a burning lamp. Just at that moment the secret door was opened, and the young man came forth.

He was thrown into prison that night, and the old man, with a heavy heart, was left in his home. The next day and the next he sought to see his son, but sought him in vain; on the third day he was told that he was condemned—that he who had betrayed him had borne witness against him—conclusive evidence, they said, of guilt. This fellow was but a lad himself; no other than Edward Dawmer—Judas that he was!—he had sold his friend for the blood money, and had left him now to die.

So there was another high holiday,—Crowds thronged the way again from Newgate to Smithfield; thousands gathered in that open space; and city officers and soldiers kept guard about the stakes, which were ready for the victims. Six or seven were to die that day, and huge bundles of fagots were being brought together for the burning. At the hour fixed, the prisoners where brought through the street—four men two women; and the lad Mark Lorimer.—They were exhorted by the priests to repent but remained true to the gospel; were fastened by strong chains and iron rings to the stakes, the fagots piled about them, and at a given signal fired. So the black smoke curled up, and the fire leaped and danced, and some of the people wept. It was more than an hour before it was all over, and then the people went their way. So perished young Mark Lorimer—a victim to the persecution of Queen Mary's reign.

If you had entered the old house on the bridge, and gone with Margery to the little room that overlooked the Thames, you would have seen the old man kneeling down. If you had touched him, you would have found him dead!—*National Magazine.*

Farm and Fireside.

Feeding off Pasture Land.

"It is certainly advantageous to pastures," says Thaer, "to remove the cattle from them now and then, in order that the grass may have time to recover itself. For this reason, on the best conducted farms, the pasture land is divided into two separate parts. The animals which require the most succulent and nourishing food are first turned to each separate division; and after they are removed, the other kinds, which need smaller quantity of nutriment, are fed there. By this means the whole of the grass is eaten, those kinds to which cattle are least partial with the rest.—The herbage is then left to recover itself for a sufficient time, and afterwards the first herd is again allowed to feed upon it."

The system possesses decided advantages over the practice of suffering the cattle to wander over the whole extent of pasture ground. If the space is large, a great deal of herbage is spoiled or destroyed by the trampling of the cattle; the pasturage is never uniformly eaten off, but some portions are left to grow until it becomes dry and hard. The luxuriant but distasteful herbage is constantly increasing, and in time crowds out the finer kinds, already lessened by being cropped so closely and continually. Another advantage is, that the stock are more quiet, and consequently feel better and keep in better health.

The succession of the various kinds of stock must be regulated by the circumstances of the owner. Thaer says, that in the spring the best pasturage is often given to ewes, because it is needed to increase their supply of milk, and give them strength to nurse their limbs. The grazing of lands with sheep in the spring, if not allowed too long, has tendency to thicken the growth of grass. But they cannot be followed by cattle immediately, with advantage; at least three weeks should intervene to allow the smell of their dung to dissipate, and the grass to get a fresh start.—*Country Gentleman.*

USEFULNESS OF SOOT.—This article is often wasted, being thrown into the ash-heap or dumped on the ground at the back door, and no use made of it. Both science and experience show that it is a valuable manure. If used as a top-dressing to grass, it produces a marked effect. When sown broadcast, some of its ammonia becomes volatilized, and is wasted in the atmosphere. Therefore, it should be mixed with water, and applied as liquid manure. Twelve quarts of soot to a hogshead of water make a powerful fertilizer. It may be applied to peas, asparagus, strawberries, raspberries, and to nearly all growing crops.

If farmers and gardeners more generally considered that all fertilizers are more useful when first reduced to a liquid state, they would take the trouble to bring various manures into this condition before applying them. "They do these things better in Spain"—certainly they do in England.—*American Agriculturist*

COMFORTS FOR CATTLE.—Good stables, good food, and good water, are the prime comforts for cattle in winter. For summer, whatever else they may have, how can they get along without a scratching pole? Rev. Sydney Smith, of England, was something of a farmer, and used to visit his cattle daily and feed and pat them, until they knew his voice and welcomed his coming. He used to do all in his power to make them comfortable. He has been heard to say, "I am for all cheap luxuries, even for animals; now animals have a passion for scratching their back bones; they break down your gates and palings to effect this. Look! this is my universal scratcher, a sharp-edged pole, resting on a high and low post, adapted to every hight, from a horse to a lamb. Even the Edinburgh Reviewer can take his turn; you have no idea how popular it is. I have not had a gate broken since I put it up. "I have it in all my fields."—*Southern Homestead.*

CURING AND KEEPING HAM, so as to have it keep sweet and good the year round, is a matter which interests every housekeeper and lover of good ham.—Through the Summer and Autumn months nothing can be more desirable than a good supply of this delicious food. To 80 pounds of ham take 4 ounces brown sugar, 3 ounces of saltpeire and 1 pint of fine salt. Mix well together and rub the paste all over the hams. Let them lay 48 hours, then pack away in casks, adding 1 quart of salt to each 80 pounds of ham. In 15 or 20 days smoke, and return them to the brine, where they will keep a year or more, perpectly sweet and good.

USEFUL RECEIPTS.—A hot shovel held over varnished furniture will take out white spots.—A bit of glue dissolved in skim milk and water will restore old crape. Ribbons of any kind should be washed in cold coapsuds, and not rinsed.—If your flat-irons are rough, rub them well with fine salt, and it will make them smooth.—Oat straw is the best for filling beds; it should be changed once a year.—If you are buying carpet for durability, choose small figures.—A bit of soap rubbed on the hinges of doors will prevent their creaking.—Scotch snuff put on holes where crickets come out will destroy them.—Wood ashes and common salt, wet with water, will stop the cracks of a stove and prevent the smoke from escaping.—A gallon of strong lye put in a barrel of water will make it as soft as rain water.

WASHING SILVER WARE.—It seems that housekeepers who wash their silver ware with soap and water, as the common practice is, do not know what they are about. The proprietor of one of the largest and oldest silver establishments in the city of Philadelphia, says that housekeepers ruin their silver by washing it in soap-suds; it makes it look like pewter. Never put a particle of soap about your silver; then it will regain its original lustre. When it wants polish, take a piece of soft leather and whiting, and rub it hard."

SALT PORK CAKE.—One pound of salt pork, chopped very fine, tea cup of hot water turned on to the pork, one quart of flour, two cups sugar, one cup of molasses, one teaspoonful saleratus. Spice with cloves, cassia, pimento, or any other spice you choose. An Ohio cake—try it; you will declare in its favor.

Notes & News.

BOOKS.—In the latter part of the fifteenth century, and the beginning of the sixteenth, kings, princes, and wealthy nobles expended much money upon the binding of their libraries, which were, in many cases, very extensive. Carved ivory covers, protected by corners, and secured by golden clasps, were common, as were also those of velvet, silk brocade, vellum, and morocco, elaborately ornamented after designs made by great artists, and protected with bosses, corners, and clasps of gold. The precious stones and metals upon these book covers cost us the loss of many a more precious volume, for they frequently formed no inconsiderable part of the plunder of a wealthy mansion in a captured city. Mr Dibdin tells us of one library of thirty thousand volumes—that of Corvinus, King of Hungary—which was destroyed on this account by the Turkish soldiers, when Buda was taken in 1556.

DEATH OF GEORGE IV.—No man clung to life with greater eagerness than George IV, or was more unwilling to hear from those about him any hint or suspicion of his apparent decay. When confined to his room, and his case had become evidently hopeless, he still felt the vital stamina so strong in him that he could not believe his own danger; he talked of preparations for the approaching Ascot races, which he would attend in person, and showed a confidence in his recovery, which all around him knew to be impossible. May 27, 1830, prayers were ordered to be read in the churches for the restoration of the King's health; and though the work of death was gradually approaching, the most contradictory accounts were constantly circulated of his real state. At length the awful moment arrived. He went to bed without any particular symptom on the night of the 25th June, but at three o'clock in the morning he seemed to awake in great agitation, and and called for assistance. Sir Wathem Waller, who was in attendance, came to his bedside, and at his request helped to raise him from his bed. He then exclaimed, "Watty, what is this! It is death! They have deceived me!" and in that situation, without a struggle, expired.

A WORD UPON BEARDS.—William and Rufus shaved. Henry I. resumed the beard, so long laid upon the shelf. Stephen had a beard, and was bearded by his barons; Richard I. a long beard; Edward II. a weak beard; Henry V. fought at Agincourt with a clean chin; Henry VI. wore a beard; Edward VI. shaved, and so did Henry VII; Henry VIII had a wiry, close, bushy beard; Edward VI. died before his beard came; Charles I's grew dwindled and Spanish. In Elizabeth's reign we have Shakspeare describing the cane-colored beard, the black, white orange-tawny, purple, ingrain beard; the beard like a general, and the beard like a glover's pearing knife, the hungary beard, and the beard of formal cut; the soldier beard like a pard, and the coward with the beard of Hercules and frowning Mars. Among the curious anecdotes of beards, the oldest is that told of John Moyo, a painter, at the court of Charles V., whose beard was so long that he could stand upon it; this cataract of hair he kept tied up with ribbands to his button holes, sometimes unfastening it at the Emperor's wish, opening the doors and windows that it might blow into the faces of the angry courtiers.—Another famous beard was that of a Bavarian merchant, who kept it enclosed in a velvet bag to prevent it from dragging the ground. An old writer, of more gravity we fear than veracity, asserts that the inhabitants of Hardenburg had formerly the singular custom of electing the Burgomaster who had the longest beard and the biggest foot.—*Our Friend.*

AN INTOLERABLE PUNSTER.—Theodore Hook, once walking with a friend, passed a pastry cook's shop, in the window of which was the usual inscription—'Water Ices and Ice Cream.' 'Dear me,' said Theodore, 'what an admirable description of the effects of hydrophobia.'—'How can that be?' said his friend; 'what have water ices and ice creams to do with the hydrophobia?' 'Oh,' replied Hood, 'you do not read it right. I read it thus: Water I see, and I screame.'

POWER OF INSTINCT.—The sluggish sea turtle loves her home. A huge creature of this kind was caugh by English sailors near the Island of Ascension, and they burnt a name and date into its upper shell. On the way to England it fell sick, and from sheer pity was thrown overboard in the English channel. Two years later the same turtle was captured once more, now quite near its old home, Ascension. What strange and inexplicable home sickness carried the slow hearted creature 4,000 miles back through "the ocean where there is no track and no high road."

The London Court Circular says:—The Joke going round is that on the day of the Volunteer Review the Emperor of French was seen under a tree in Hyde Park, dressed in shooting jacket and wide awake, and with his cigar in his mouth. Stranger things has happened. Charles Edward had an interview in London with George III.; and the Great Napoleon, it is said, once ran over to have a quiet chat with Pitt."

CRAMP AND PAIN KILLER.

THE world is astonished at the wonderful cures performed by the CRAMP & PAIN KILLER prepared by CURTIS & PERKINS. Its equal has never been known for removing pain in all cases; for the cure of Spinal Complaints, Cramp in the Limbs and Stomach, Rheumatism in all its forms, Bilious Colic, Chills and Fever Burns, Sore Throat, and Gravel, it is decidedly the best remedy in the world. Evidence of the most wonderful cures ever performed by any medicine, are on circulars in the hands of Agents. Sold by merchants everywhere. August 18.

DR. TUPPER

MAY be consulted Professionally, at his residence near the Stone Chapel, in Granville Street.

February 15. 6m.

JUDSON'S

Mountain Herb Pills.

ABOVE, we present you with a perfect likeness of Tezuco, a chief of a tribe of the strange Aztec Nation, that once ruled Mexico. You will find a full account of him and his people in our Pamphlets and Almanacs—to be had gratis, from the Agents for these Pills.

The inventor and manufacturer of "Judson's Mountain Herb Pills," has spent the greater part of his life in traveling, having visited nearly every country in the world. He spent over six years among the Indians of the Rocky Mountains and of Mexico, and it was thus that the "MOUNTAIN HERB PILLS" were discovered. A very interesting account of his adventures there, you will find in our Almanac and Pamphlet.

It is an established fact, that all diseases arise from

IMPURE BLOOD!

The blood is the life! and when any foreign or unhealthy matter gets mixed with it, it is at once distributed to every organ of the body. Every nerve feels the poison, and all the vital organs quickly complain. The stomach will not digest the food perfectly. The liver ceases to secrete a sufficiency of bile. The action of the heart is weakened, and so the circulation is feeble. The lungs become clogged with the poisonous matter; hence, a cough—and all from a slight impurity at the fountain-head of life—the Blood! As if you had thrown some earth, for instance, in a pure spring, from which ran a tiny rivulet, in a few minutes the whole course of the stream becomes disturbed and discolored. As quickly does impure blood fix to every part, and leave its sting behind. All the passages become obstructed, and unless the obstruction is removed, the lamp of life soon dies out.

These pills not only purify the blood, but regenerate all the secretions of the body; they are, therefore, unrivalled as a

CURE FOR BILIOUS DISEASES,

Liver Complaint, Sick Headache, &c. This *Anti-Bilious* Medicine expels from the blood the hidden seeds of disease, and renders all the fluids and secretions pure and fluent, clearing and resuscitating the vital organs.

Pleasant indeed, is it to us, that we are able to place within your reach, a medicine like the "MOUNTAIN HERB PILLS," that will pass directly to the afflicted parts, through the blood and fluids of the body, and cause the sufferer to brighten with the flush of beauty and health.

Judson's Pills are the Best Remedy in existence for the following Complaints:

Bowel Complaints,	*Debility,*	*Inward Weakness,*
Coughs,	*Fever and Ague,*	*Liver Complaints,*
Colds,	*Female Complaints*	*Loseness of Spirits,*
Chest Diseases	*Headaches,*	*Piles,*
Costiveness,	*Indigestion,*	*Stone and Gravel.*
Dyspepsia,	*Influenza,*	*Secondary Symptoms.*
Diarrhœa,	*Inflammation,*	
Dropsy,	* * *	* * *

GREAT FEMALE MEDICINE!

Females who value health, should never be without these Pills. They purify the blood, remove obstructions of all kinds, cleanse the skin of all pimples and blotches, and bring the rich color of health to the pale cheek.

☞ The Plants and Herbs of which these Pills are made, were discovered in a very surprising way among the Tezucans, a tribe of Aborigines in Mexico. Get the Almanac of our Agent, and you will read with delight, the very interesting account it contains of the "GREAT MEDICINE" of the Aztecs.

Observe.—The Mountain Herb Pills are put up in a Beautiful Wrapper. Each box contains 40 pills, and Retail at 25 cents per box. All genuine have the signature of B. L. JUDSON & Co. on each box.

B. L. JUDSON, & Co.,
SOLE PROPRIETORS,
No. 50 Leonard Street,
NEW YORK.
☞ FOR SALE by ALL RESPECTABLE DEALERS.
Sold by
MORTON & COGSWELL,
Agents for Nova Scotia.

THE
RUSSIA SALVE
VEGETABLE OINTMENT
Has been used and sold in Boston for the last Thirty Years, and its virtues have stood the test of time.

RUSSIA SALVE CURES BURNS.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES CANCERS.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES SORE EYES.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES ITCH.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES FELONS.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES SCALD HEAD.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES NETTLE RASH.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES CUTS.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES CORNS.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES SCALDS.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES SALT RHEUM.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES SORES.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES FLEA BITES.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES WHITLOWS.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES ULCERS.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES WARTS.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES SORE NIPPLES.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES STIES.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES FESTERS.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES RINGWORM.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES SCURVY.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES BUNIONS.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES SORE LIPS.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES INGROWING NAILS.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES SPIDER STINGS.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES SHINGLES.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES ERUPTIONS.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES MOSQUITO BITES.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES CHILBLAINS.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES FROZEN LIMBS.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES WENS.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES SORE EARS.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES BOILS.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES FLESH WOUNDS.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES PILES.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES BRUISES.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES CHAPPED HANDS.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES SPRAINS.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES SWELLED NOSE.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES ERYSIPELAS.
RUSSIA SALVE CURES LAME WRIST.

Bites of Venomous Reptiles are instantly cured by this

EXCELLENT OINTMENT.

EVERY MOTHER WITH CHILDREN, and all Heads of Families, Should keep a Box in the cupboard, or on the shelf, ready to use in

CASE OF ACCIDENT.

Price, 25 Cents per Box.

Put up in large size metal boxes, with an engraved wrapper, similar to the above engraving, without which none are genuine.

Sold by the United States and Canada by all vendors of Patent Medicines, Druggists, at most of the country stores, and by

Redding & Co., Proprietors,
No. 8 State Street, Boston.
BARNES & PARK,
Wholesale Agents, New York.

For sale in Halifax by
GEO. E. MORTON & CO.
MORTON & COGSWELL
AVERY, BROWN & CO.
THOMAS DURNEY.
H. A. TAYLOR,
And all respectable dealers throughout the Province.
September 5.

No more sickly or ill-conditioned Horses or other Cattle.

BARRY'S
Horse & Cattle
Improving Food.

RESTORES the Stamina of ill-conditioned Horses Cows, Bullocks, Calves, Sheep and Pigs.

It causes no extra expense, as it contains far more and better nourishment than its cost of 1 1-4 per feed sup plies in corn or hay; hence it ensures an actual saving in the keep. But its principal advantages are a great improvement in the digestive functions, the Stamina and general condition of Horses, enabling them to perform far more labour without getting distressed; it imparts new vigour to sick, debilitated, or old, apparently worn out Horses, and it puts rapidly the finest flesh on cattle generally, as it enables them to extract the entire nourishment out of everything they feed. In a short time it improves the appearance and value of horses and cattle by 20 to 30 per cent.

HONORABLE MENTION AMERICAN EXHIBITION, NEW YORK, 1854.

To be had in packages of various sizes, in casks containing about 450 feeds and about 1000 feeds, or by the pound. A liberal discount allowed to wholesale purchasers.

JAMES L WOODILL.
October 26 Sole Agent for Nova Scotia

PERUVIAN SYRUP,

Or Protected Solution of Protoxide of Iron an established Medicine for the cure of

DYSPEPSIA,

AFFECTIONS of the Liver, Dropsy, Neuralgia, Bronchitis, and consumptive tendencies, disordered state of the blood, Boils, Scurvy, Piles, Cutaneous complaints St. Vitus's Dance, the prostrating effects of Lead or Mercury, General Debility and all diseases which require a Tonic or Alterative medicine.

The above medicine has been highly recommended to us by persons now residing in Halifax.

BROWN, BROTHERS & CO.
Successors to John Naylor,
November 26. Druggists, &c., 3 Ordnance Square

English and American
SHOE STORE,
15 Duke Street.
GOREHAM & RICKARDS

HAVE received per steamer Europa a large assortment of Ladies and Children's BOOTS and SHOES

Ladies Cashmere Imitation Balmoral Boots, Elastic Sides, very handsome Walking BOOTS.

Cashmere and Satin Francais Boots, Elastic side Military Heels, Kid Elastic side, and side Lace Boots, French Merino Elastic side Boots, very neat and light for summer.

Ss Cashmere, Prunella, French Merino, Kid, and Albert Cord Boots—side lace.

Ladies' White Kid Patent Morocco, Spanish Leather and Worked Slippers Lace and Tie Shoes, Children's and Misses' Kid Balmoral, Cashmere, Prunella, Satin Francais and Brown Cashmere Balmoral Boots. Strap Shoes Patent and Bronze Slippers

Men's Calf Bucher Boots, Patent and Grain Lace Shoes, Elastic Side and Front Lace Boots, Calf, Wellington and Kip Boots

Men's Patent, Chamois, Leather and Tapestry Slippers. We have a large stock of American Boots and Shoes.

Men's and Boys Goatskin, Patent Kip and Split Brogans, Elastic Side, and Laced Boots, Women's Elastic Side Boots, 5s, Lace ditto, 3s. 9d., Buskins, 2s 9d., Pegged Boots and Rubber Shoes, very cheap The above goods are offered at extremely Low Prices, and for neatness and durability cannot be surpassed by any in the city. ☞ One door below Dechiezeau & Crow's.

July 4.

INSTITUTION
—FOR THE—
Board and Education of Young Ladies,
Hollis Street.
Conducted by Mr. and Mrs. Davidson.

THE next session of this Institution will commence (D. V.) on 3rd september

Mr. & Mrs. Davidson would be happy to receive a few young Ladies as boarders.

Terms and references may be had on application to Mr. Davidson

July 11 t 1st Sept

SANDS' SARSAPARILLA
FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.
THE ORIGINAL AND GENUINE ARTICLE,
PURELY VEGETABLE.
EVERYWHERE CELEBRATED

FOR THE REMOVAL AND PERMANENT CURE OF ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM AN IMPURE STATE OF THE BLOOD, OR HABIT OF THE SYSTEM.

AS AN ALTERATIVE, AND RENOVATING AGENT, IT IS UNEQUALLED!!!

Eminent physicians have proved its efficacy by many years experience. The happy results produced by its use inspire every one with the confidence of obtaining in this COMPOUND, the genuine virtues of the best Sarsaparilla.

Prepared by A. B. & D. SANDS, Druggists, 100 Fulton street, Corner of William, N. Y.

For sale by MORTON & CO.

ROMAN EYE BALSAM!!
FOR INFLAMED EYELIDS!!

And for the cure of Scrofulous Humours and soreness surrounding or near the eye In all diseases of this character it is almost a certain cure

This Balsam was used for many years in the practice of a celebrated Oculist, with remarkable success, for diseases of the Eye and Eyelids

There are many persons who would rather suffer from pain and disease through life, than credit or try the efficacy of any new medical discovery; all such had better not read this; but to all reasonable persons this preparation is recommended as a most safe and effectual cure for inflammation or soreness of the Eye and Eyelids, caused either by too close application to minute objects, scrofulous habit, exposure to cold, blows, scalds, or irritation from any extraneous body under the eyelids It is remarkably soothing in its effect, and has cured thousands who would otherwise have lost their sight

In cases where the Eyelids are inflamed, or the ball of the Eye thickly covered with blood, it acts almost like magic, and removes all appearance of inflammation after two or three applications. There is a numerous class of persons that are peculiarly exposed to accidents or diseases that weaken and inflame the Eyes, and perhaps destroy the sight, who, from the nature of their employments, are compelled to work in a cloud of dust and grit. Such should never be without this BALSAM

Remember, "Seeing is Believing"

Price 25 cents per Jar

Prepared and sold by A. B. & D. SANDS, Wholesale Druggists, 100 Fulton-street, corner of William, N. York. Sold also by MORTON & CO., Halifax.

August 8.

CITY DRUG STORE,
63 Hollis Street.—Halifax.

WOODILL'S IMPROVED GLYCERINE LOTION—A most effectual remedy for Chapped hands, Chafes, Chilblains, &c. Price 1s 3d, and 1s. 10½d.

Woodill's Tonic Solution (containing no oil) A cure for Baldness. This remedy has proved successful where numbers of other preparations have failed. Price 2s 6d.

Woodill's Eau Lustrale—For Preserving and Beautifying the Hair. Price 1s. 3d.

Woodill's Acadia Dentrifice and Rhatany Tooth Powder; Purely vegetable preparations for Whitening the Teeth without impairing the enamel. Price 1s. 3d.

Woodill's Borax and Myrrh Tooth Wash; For Spongy and Sore Gums, much approved of. Price 1s. 3d. and 1s. 10½d.

Woodill's Essence Chamomile and Ginger and Essence Jamaica Ginger (concentrated) Elegant preparations for Indigestion, &c. Price 1s. 3d.

Woodill's German Baking Powder; The most wholesome, best, and cheapest Powder yet introduced. Thousands use it. Price 1s. 3d 7½d. and 4d each package.

Spices, ground and unground; Cinnamon Jamaica Ginger, Cloves, Allspice, Mace, Pepper Nutmegs, &c; Candied Citron

Flavoring Essences; Of Vanilla, Lemon, Cinnamon, Rattafia, Almond, &c.

Corn Starch, Tapioca, Sago, Bermuda Arrowroot, &c.

Dabbary's Revalenta Food for Infants and Invalids.

Call at the City Drug Store, where all the above articles, with everything usually kept in similar establishments may be had at the lowest cash prices Everything warranted of the best quality. JAMES L. WOODILL

Dec. 7. CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST.

Shoe Blacking.

Halifax 5th May, 1859.

Archibald Mulvena:

I have tried your Paste Blacking, and find it superior to any I have ever used.

ROBERT ROMANS

Halifax, May 2nd, 1859.

For the last fourteen months I have used and sold Mulvena's Blacking, and would judge from the quantities sold to purchasers, who prefer it to other Blackings, and its beautiful and durable lustre, that it is an article that is fast working its way into public favor, and would cheerfully recommend it to parties who desire to sport a nicely polished boot

RODERICK FRASER

Grocer corner of Granville & Sackville streets

The above Blacking is put up in tins, in cakes, and 3 different sized bottles, and will be sold CHEAPER THAN ANY IMPORTED ARTICLE.

Wholesale Agents,
BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,
May 25 25 Granville Street.

Roseneath from Glasgow.

2 TONS Paris Whiting, 2 do Washing Soda, Blue Stone, Copperas, Alum, Refined Saltpetre, Cream Tartar, Coleman's Mustard, Carbonate Soda, Oil Vitriol, Sulphur, Brimstone, Linseed Meal, Dry White Lead, Nitric and Muriatic Acid, Yellow and Red Ochres, Phial and Bottle Corks, &c.

FOR SALE WHOLESALE AND RETAIL at the lowest market rates,

JAMES L. WOODILL,
Successors to DeWolf & Co.,
May 9 City Drug Store Halifax.

Chloride of Lime.

THE cheapest and best Disinfectant and Fumigant now in use. For removing all noxious vapours from Drains, &c, Cockroaches, Rats and Mice.

In bottles at 7½d. each. Sold by
ROBERT G. FRASER,
Chemist,
Next door to Messrs. T. & E. Kenny's
August 25. Granville Street, Halifax.

Robert G. Fraser,
CHEMIST & DRUGGIST

AND dealer in Pure Medicinal COD LIVER OIL, Burning and Machine OILS, Manufacturer of Oil for axle and slow motions

Opposite Province Building, Upper Side Halifax

ALBERTINE OIL!!

30 BBLS Albertine OIL manufactured by the New Brunswick Oil Work Company.

For sale by
ROBERT G. FRASER,
February 29. AGENT.

'LONDON HOUSE."
Long and Deservedly Noted
—FOR—
CHEAP GOODS.

WE have the pleasure of announcing that we are still prepared to supply our customers at those

LOW PRICES

which appear to excite the envy and ill-feelings of some of our "would be" competitors and secure to our house

An Unparalleled Patronage.

We value the approval of our patrons, and do not regard the spleen of envious dealers sufficiently to induce us to raise our prices to their level.

Our Entire Stock for this Season
HAS ARRIVED,
PER "BALBAC" & OTHER STEAMERS—PER "ROSENEATH" & "SCOTIA."

and comprises many lots calculated to "hurt the feelings" of the class alluded to above.

Printed Cambrics, fast colors, from 4d per yd
White Shirtings, " 3d "
Superior Long Cloth Shirting " 5d
Brocaded Lustres, double widths, 7½d
Printed Delaines, at 6½d, worth 1s
Muslin Drapes new patterns, 2s 3d the Dress
5-4 Printed Organdie Muslins, 5d per yard
BONNETS from 1s 3d each
do gaulily trimmed, 5s
Bonnet Ribbons from 4d per yard

And all the following goods at actually less than cost to some other houses.

PARASOLS,	FLOWERS,
SHAWLS,	FEATHERS,
MANTLES,	SKIRTS.

And Gentlemen's Ready-made Clothing,

Black Cobourgs and Lustres, 6½d per yard
Finer qualities 25 per cent under value

COTTON WARP, as ever, six pence per bundle low than any other establishment.

Every department displays a nice variety of new and fresh goods, and a very manifest saving to purchasers.

May 16. E BILLING, Jr. & CO.

ETA, EAT, TEA.
The Cheapest Tea in the Market
E. W. SUTCLIFFE & CO.

Have lately received the following parcels of TEA, which they offer VERY LOW for CASH

93 half chests	Souchong,	at 1s 10½d lb.
65 do	Sam Russell,	at 2s 2d
48 do	Invincible,	at 2s. 1d
20 do	English Breakfast,	2s 3d
24 do	Superior do,	2s. 4d

20 chests and 124 boxes different brands and marks.

At Equally Low Prices!

A large shipment of COFFEE expected in a few days at the

TEA AND COFFEE MART,
37 Barrington Street,
July 18. Opposite the Parade.

Practical Experience
BETTER THAN
EXPERIMENTAL SCIENCE.

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.
CONSOLATION FOR THE SUFFERING.

Nearly fifty years continual use in every part of the habitable globe amongst the savage and civilized alike has proved that simple eruptions, open sores and hard tumours, scrofulous developments of all kinds, abscesses, cancers, old wounds, and, in one word, every species of inflammation and suppuration whether in the skin, the flesh, the glands, or among the muscles, can be arrested and permanently cured, without danger, by rubbing in and using as a dressing, this inestimable Ointment.

Scrofula, Erysipelas & Salt Rheum

No remedy has ever done so much for the cures of diseases of the Skin, whatever form they may assume, as this Ointment. No case of Salt Rheum, Scurvy, Sore Heads, Scrotula or Erysipelas can long withstand its influence.

Bad Legs, Old Sores and Ulcers.

Cases of many years standing that have pertinaciously refused to yield to any other remedy or treatment have invariably succumbed to a few application of this powerful unguent.

Eruptions on the Skin,

Arising from a bad state of the blood or chronic disease, are eradicated, and a clear and transparent surface regained by the restorative action of this ointment. It surpasses many of the cosmetics and other toilet appliances in its power to dispel rashes and other disfigurements of the face.

Piles and Fistula.

Every form and feature of these prevalent and stubborn disorders is eradicated locally and entirely by the use of this emollient; warm fomentations should precede its application. Its healthy qualities will be found to be thorough and invariable.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following cases:

Bunions,	Rheumatism,	Sores of all kinds
Burns,	Salt Rheum,	Sprains,
Chapped Hands,	Scalds,	Stiff Joints,
Chilblains,	Skin Diseases,	Tetter,
Fistula,	Swelled Glands,	Ulcers,
Gout,	Sore Legs,	Venereal Sores
Lumbago,	Sore Breasts,	Wounds of all kinds,
Mercurial Eruptions,	Sore Heads,	
	Ring Worm,	
Sore Throats,	Piles,	

☞ CAUTION!—None are genuine unless the word "*Holloway, New York and London,*" are discernable as a *Water-mark* in every leaf of the book of directions around each pot or box; the same may be plainly seen by *holding the leaf to the light.* A handsome reward will be given to any one rendering such information as may lead to the detection of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicines or vending the same, knowing them to be spurious

*** Sold at the Manufactory of Professor Holloway, 80 Maiden Lane, New York, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicine throughout the United States and civilized world, in boxes at 25 cents, 63 cents and $1 each.

☞ There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N B—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box. September 21.

Six reasons why the Public should use Langley's Antibilious Aperient Pills.

1st. Because they contain no Calomel nor any mineral preparation

2nd. Because they do not increase the liability to take cold after their use, as most Pills do.

3rd. Because they are effectual in their operation, performing, in this respect, what they promise

4th. Because the nature of their component parts is such that they do not necessitate the constant use of Purgatives, thereby overcoming the popular objection to this class of remed