

Some people hold their September and Early October eggs, and then ship them later in the year to a dealer as fresh eggs. They, of course, expect the top price for new lays. Please do not believe you can deceive the dealer. By candling the eggs, which he always does, he can tell fairly close what your eggs are like as to age, etc.

Do not sell infertile eggs that are removed from the incubators as being good eggs or good food.

Do not allow the male bird to run with the hens after June 1st.

Do not keep the eggs in damp or musty cellars, boxes, or baskets.

Do not leave the eggs sitting in the sun, and if your grocer keeps eggs in his store window in which the sun shines, please ask him to remove them, unless he wishes to hatch chickens.

Do not sell eggs from found nests.

Practically all dealers have now agreed to pay for eggs according to quality. If your dealer pays as much for all kinds of eggs as he does for your good, clean, large sized, non-fertile eggs we will try to put you in touch with dealers who buy on a quality basis.

Kill the rooster after June 1st.

#### CANDLING EGGS.

Eggs are candled very easily. See Fig. 61. A new-laid egg, when held between the eye and the light, has a clear appearance, the yolk is practically invisible, and the air cell is about the size of a five-cent piece.

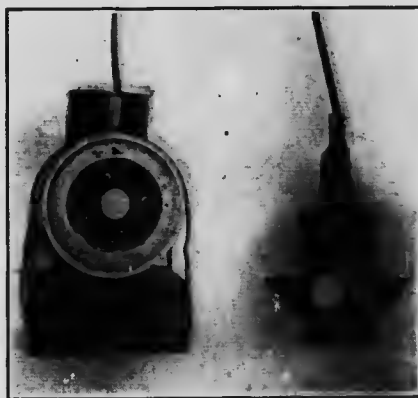


Fig. 68. Two types of commercial egg candles.

Unless the eggs are put in pickle or held in cold storage, the air cell gradually increases in size, and the yolk becomes visible.

Cold storage and pickled eggs may have small air cells, but the yolks are conspicuous.

Fig. 62 is a photograph of a new-laid egg. It will be noticed that all portions of the egg are similar in appearance. There is a very small air cell at the large end of the egg which does not show in the photo; this air space is not larger than a five-cent piece.