

POOR DOCUMENT

MARCH 20 1914

THE STAR, ST. JOHN N.B. THURSDAY, MARCH 3 1910

Investments

For substantial investments there is no form which meets with greater popular favor than the better class of railroad and industrial corporation bonds. The advantages combined in such issues include, Security of Principal and Interest; A fair rate of income; Easy conversion into Cash; and An opportunity to appreciate in Value. Send for our list 5 to 6 p. c.

J. M. Robinson & Sons.
Bankers, — St. John, N. B.



Steinway Grand Great Bargains

Several excellent Upright Cabinet Grands, slightly used. Cost \$450.00, sale price from \$200.00. Others from \$75.00. Organs from \$40.00.

Also White Sewing Machines and Phonographs and Gramophones. All goods at greatly reduced prices to clear, until end of February.

Opening evenings.

The W. H. JOHNSON CO., Ltd.,
7 Market Square, St. John, N. B.
Also Halifax, New Glasgow, Sydney.

Come in Today, look them over carefully and critically and we will have you for a customer.

INTERESTING DISCUSSION ON THE NEW ATTACHMENT BILL

FREDERICTON, N. B., March 3.—The law practice and Procedure committee met this morning and took up consideration of the bill to provide for attachment in certain cases. In addition to members of the committee there were present, Messrs. A. H. Hammington, W. B. Foster, T. H. Somerville, J. C. Harrison, W. H. Barnaby, C. H. Peters, of St. John and R. F. Randolph and S. B. Neil, of Fredericton.

The premier said the bill was introduced at the instance of the Board of Trade of St. John and the committee would be glad to hear from members of that board, their views on the matter.

Mr. W. H. Barnaby said the bill was the result of thoughtful consideration in the part of the Board of Trade. The members felt that something should be done to protect the interests of traders where debtors were in default. The bill was introduced in the House of Commons in 1908 and was passed by a large majority. It was now being introduced in the Senate.

Mr. J. A. Murray strongly endorsed the bill. He said it was a very important bill and it was one which should be passed. He said it was a bill which would be of great benefit to the trading community.

Mr. W. B. Foster said conditions had undergone considerable change in recent years. If the law was altered he felt that it would be the best law on the subject in the country. He said it was a bill which would be of great benefit to the trading community.

Mr. A. H. Hammington said the old attachment act allowed any creditor to issue an attachment against a debtor. This was a most useful supplement to the creditors relief act, providing as it did for all creditors to come in reasonably. At the present time a debtor might tell his creditors he could only pay so much on the dollar, and while creditors were considering the debtor went on disposing of his goods and putting money in his pocket. A man

might be deeply in debt with a large stock of goods, those goods morally belonged to his creditors, but as long as they remained in his possession he would go on selling and putting money in his pocket. The bill would give a few cents on the dollar in discharge of these claims. The bill provided that in cases of this sort a creditor might with leave of judge attach this stock and property and hold it for the benefit of creditors generally. It was much on the lines of the subordination of debtors act. On an attachment being granted the debtor would be done away with and he could get his property back. The whole object of the bill was to preserve a debtor's property for his creditors to whom it rightfully belonged, acting at the same time in the interest of the debtor himself.

Mr. H. Somerville referred to the difficulties creditors labored under in finding out the financial standing of parties with whom they did business and urged the necessity of having some procedure under which they might be protected against debtors who could pay and would not.

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NEW D. S. A. IS A NEW BRUNSWICKER

Capt. F. W. L. Moore Was Born at Chatham

Served in South Africa for Eight Years—Country No Longer Offers Opportunities for Englishmen

Capt. F. W. L. Moore, the recently appointed district staff adjutant for No. 8 military district, in succession to Col. O'Brien, is in the city preparing to take up his new duties. A New Brunswick by birth, he has had a varied and interesting career since taking up the military profession. He served in South Africa during the Boer war and remained there until last year. In conversation with the Star today he gave some of his impressions of the present situation in South Africa and the trend of affairs in the new republic.

Capt. Moore was born at Chatham, N. B., but his family afterward moved to Charlottetown. He is now 35 years of age. He received his education there, graduating from Prince of Wales College.

While practicing law there he was deeply interested in military matters, and for ten years served as captain in the 4th P. E. I. regiment of garrison artillery. At the outbreak of the South African war he applied for a commission in the first contingent, but as there was no vacancy he accepted a captaincy in the Royal Canadian Artillery and went to Quebec to fill a vacancy there.

When the South African Constabulary was organized, he was appointed to that body and sailed for South Africa with them in 1901. The force was divided into three sections of 400 men each and he took one of them to Heidelberg. Capt. Moore served with them until the end of the war in 1902, and then accepted the post of district commandant at Worcester in the East Transvaal. He was afterwards connected with the depot troops at Pretoria and did full course in cavalry and police work before going to Eastern Transvaal as assistant district commandant. He retired from the S. A. C. in 1904 and went to Natal, where he became chief constable at Pietermaritzburg. He remained there until May, 1909, returning to Canada in August he took a course at Kingston and has just completed the infantry course at Halifax.

Speaking of present conditions in South Africa, Capt. Moore said that order had been established much more rapidly than they had expected and that the country was finally disbanding. The force was organized with a strength of 25,000, but it was found too large to keep up. The cause of this had led the Imperial authorities to disband the force. He said he was glad to see the country finally disbanding, but he was sorry to see the force disbanded. He said he was glad to see the country finally disbanding, but he was sorry to see the force disbanded.

SALE OF SCHOOLBOOKS DURING THE YEAR

Loose Methods of Dealing With the Vendors

Information Given in the Legislature in Reply to Questions Asked by Members of the Opposition

FREDERICTON, March 3.—Hon. Mr. Fleming in reply to Mr. Copp's inquiry, No. 43, said:—

Q.—Has the Government any means of knowing whether the returns made by school book vendors on hand are correct returns or is the statement of the vendor the only information it has of the stock in the hands of the vendors?

A.—The Government receives a statement from vendors of the number of books of each kind on hand, they have no other means of determining the correctness of the statement.

Q.—What was the invoice value of books purchased during the fiscal year of 1909?

A.—Invoice value of books received from publishers 1909, was \$12,964.83.

Q.—What was the invoice value of books purchased during the fiscal year of 1907?

A.—Invoice value of scribbles 1907, was \$2,290.94.

Q.—Were any school supplies other than books and scribbles purchased by the Government and placed in the hands of vendors? If so, what were such supplies and what was their value?

A.—No.

Q.—What was the invoice value of books and scribbles sent out to vendors during the fiscal year 1909?

A.—Gross value of consignments of books to vendors in 1909, \$15,366.41.

Q.—What was the total expense in handling the books and scribbles during the fiscal year 1909, and for what service was each amount paid?

A.—The total expense in handling school books and scribbles during the fiscal year 1909 was \$1,098.28. Expended:

A. D. Thomas, salary & stock clerk, \$1,098.28.

R. Chappell, packing books, 3 days, \$1.50.

A. Gallager, packing books, 11 days, \$15.63.

H. Morrison and Co., empty cases, 176, \$1.76.

J. P. Whitley, empty cases, 810, \$8.10.

Jas. D. Blair, empty cases, 794, \$7.94.

K. Green, cartage, \$7.94.

McMurray and Co., stationery, 40.69.

R. Shestout and Sons, hardware, \$2.03.

N. B. Telephone Co., 1 L. L. Ledger, \$4.00.

C. P. R. Telegraph Co., \$1.89.

Postmaster General, \$1.89.

Various companies, freight, \$27.45.

C. P. R. freight on scribbles, \$34.91.

Chapman Express Co., expressage, \$9.40.

Press Printing Co., forms, \$9.00.

The Gleason, Ltd., \$2.00.

T. A. Wilson, invoice books, \$2.00.

Mr. Elliott, value of material overpaid, \$1.85.

Total, \$1,098.28.

Q.—What was the total amount received from vendors for books shipped to them during the fiscal year 1909?

A.—Total amount received from vendors during fiscal year 1909, \$9,837.74.

Q.—What was the invoice value of books and scribbles in the hands of vendors on Oct. 31st, 1909?

A.—The invoice value of books and scribbles in the hands of vendors on Oct. 31st, 1909, was \$10,306.70.

Q.—Have any vendors receiving books in 1909 failed to remit in cash or furnish a statement of books on hand at the end of the fiscal year? If so, what are the names and the value of the books in their respective hands?

A.—The following vendors have failed to remit cash or send statement of name:

Miss A. Peck, \$9.73.

C. D. Lawlor, \$29.65.

J. H. Hanson, \$6.50.

W. J. Dean, \$20.10.

MADE WELL AND STRONG

By Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Dovedale, Sask.—"I was a sufferer from female weakness—monthly periods irregular and painful and a bad discharge, backache and wretched headache, and had felt weak ever since the birth of my twins. I tried doctors but got no relief. I began to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and after three weeks I was feeling much better, and now I am well again."

—Mrs. BESSIE BILLY, Dovedale, Sask., Canada.

Another Woman Cured.

Christiana, Tenn.—"I suffered from the worst form of female trouble so that at times I thought I could not live, and my nerves were in a dreadful condition. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound cured me and made me feel like a different woman. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is worth its weight in gold to suffering women."

—Mrs. MARY WOOD, R. P. D. 14, If you belong to that countless army of women who suffer from some form of female trouble, don't hesitate to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs.

For thirty years this famous remedy has been the standard for all forms of female trouble, and has cured thousands of women who have been troubled with such ailments as displacements, fibroid tumors, ulceration, irregularities, backache, and nervous prostration.

J. S. Hayward, \$11.25.
C. W. Lewis, \$23.84.
T. Whit Caplan, \$20.25.
Desbrisay Bros., \$31.16.
G. H. Corbell, \$8.90.
J. P. Sherry, \$9.76.
L. S. Belyea, \$40.49.
T. Goodspeed, \$25.82.
F. S. Watson, \$6.82.
F. S. Williams, \$52.32.

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Clearance Sale of BLUE ROSE DINNERWARE

An Opportunity to Match Up a Blue Dinner Set Bargains in Odd Pieces and Complete Sets.

O. H. WARWICK, CO., LTD.
78 TO 82 KING ST.

Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, etc

FERGUSON & PAGE,
Diamond Importers and Jewelers,
41 King Street

A Comparison of Methods

leaves the balance always on the side of those equipped with the most modern methods. The stone age bookkeeper had a flat rock for a ledger, and a stone chisel for a pen. He made one entry a day, perhaps, if he was lucky. The modern bookkeeper has the Burroughs Adding and Listing Machine, and he can easily make entries at the rate of 80 a minute, and add them up in no time at all. It is one of the marvels of the day.

Do not waste time attending any commercial school which cannot give you instruction in the latest business methods. We have installed a Burroughs especially for the use of our bookkeeping pupils. Business men do not want to spend time training employees in the use of office devices with which they should be familiar before applying for a position.

May we talk it over with you—yes, should we send you our catalogue?

THE CURRIE BUSINESS UNIVERSITY, Limited,
ST. JOHN, N. B.

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