

### TO IMPROVE THE SEWERS OF CITY

#### BY-LAW INTRODUCED FOR RAISING OF FUNDS

#### Public Morals By-Law Passes the City Council—Aldermen on Cleaving Up of Streets.

Probably the biggest stroke of business done at last night's regular meeting of the city was the introduction of Ald. Brydon's by-law for the raising of \$100,000 for the improvement of the sewer system of the city.

The Public Morals By-Law as amended was finally passed, and considerable routine disposed of.

F. M. Rattbury acknowledged the receipt of W. W. Northcott's committal report in regard to the building of a racquet court and appealed to the council that he be allowed to build with brick veneer, and that in the construction of the window frames for the skylight work be used instead of galvanized iron. The request coming within the scope of the By-Law there was considerable discussion as to the propriety of complying with the appeal. The letter was finally referred to a special committee and the city building inspector for a report on the matter. Those on the committee appointed were Aldermen Brydon, Stewart and Cooley.

A. E. Haines, secretary of the Native Sons, notified the council of that organization's desire to erect an arch on Belleville street in connection with the coronation of the city for the visit of Their Royal Highnesses, and asked for the necessary permission for the construction of the same. Referred to the decoration committee, the permission sought to be granted subject to the approval of that body.

S. A. Butler, assistant superintendent of Wells, Fargo & Co., wrote asking for a reduction in the \$100 license which they now pay. Referred to the finance committee for report.

A. E. Harris & Co. offered Col. Foster's house and property on the Esplanade road for sale to the city.

The communication was received, and the writer will be informed that the city has not the available funds for the purchase.

Garrett Smith complained of a bad drain on Fort street. Referred to the city engineer for report.

H. Brecher asked for water connection on Hillside avenue. Referred to the water commissioner for report.

D. M. Meade complained of the city poundkeeper being under the influence of liquor.

The mayor explained that he thought he was familiar with the case, out of which the complaint had arisen. A certain poor woman had two cows impounded, and had come to him to have them liberated. He had given her a note, but the woman stated that the poundkeeper ignored it. He then sent a police officer to investigate the matter, but the former could not be found till next day. The poundkeeper then told him that the woman had been very disagreeable. The letter was received and referred to the city poundkeeper for explanation.

The city solicitor reported as follows: To His Worship the Mayor and Board of Aldermen, Victoria, B. C.:

Gentlemen—I have the honor to report upon the committee's consideration of the petition for the repeal of the amendment of the revenue by-law, that I am of opinion the committee of the council came to a right decision in recommending that there is no power to amend the by-law by exempting from the tax any class of persons using vehicles within the city, and the alternative appears to be the repeal of section 6 of the revenue by-law.

I think it desirable to point out that in the next setting of parliament power should be sought to enable the council to make a remission of taxation in all cases where there is an accumulation of taxes falling upon any particular industry, which of necessity involves in the conduct of business the user of anything which is of itself taxable to separate taxation. For instance, any trader paying a license during a year, as a necessary concomitant of his business, must use a vehicle, should, provided he takes the license as a trader, be exempt from the tax on his vehicle. This argument would not appear to apply to a livery stable keeper or transfer stable keeper.

In other countries where, for instance, a gamekeeper pays a license for shooting game, he does not also pay a gun license, nor does a shepherd have to pay a dog license. A peddler, if peddling with a vehicle and paying for a peddler's license, should not have to pay also a vehicle tax. As the law, however, stands, there is no power to remit this year's taxation.

I have the honor to be, gentlemen, your obedient servant,

J. M. BRADBURN.

Received and filed.

Thirteen residents of Tomlin avenue petitioned the council for connection with the water main. Referred to the water commissioner for report.

The city engineer reported as follows: To His Worship the Mayor and Board of Aldermen:

Gentlemen—I have the honor to submit the following report for your consideration. Petition from Wm. Denny and others, asking to have Jesse street, Victoria, West, improved. I may say this matter has been lately reported upon with the exception of sidewalk, which is now included. Total estimated cost \$108.

Communication from Water Noble re extension of box drain on Oswego street. I may say this matter will receive attention at an early date.

Re Point Ellice bridge. I am informed that my plans for pier spandrel, etc., which are submitted to the proper department at Ottawa, have since been approved, and in accordance with instructions I would therefore recommend that tenders be invited for this structure as soon as possible, as follows:

1. That one or two styles of construction which are in general use be selected, and tenders be called for the same in the usual manner.
2. That, in addition to this, bidders be allowed to submit any design desired; providing the same fulfills all the requirements, such as head room, length of spans,

### INAUGURAL ADDRESS IN TORONTO PULPIT

#### Rev. Solomon Cleaver, Formerly of This City, Creates Very Favorable Impression—What He Said.

Rev. Solomon Cleaver, D. D., formerly of the Metropolitan Methodist church of this city, this afternoon appeared in Toronto in the pulpit of the Sherbourne Street Methodist church. Of the new pastor the Mail and Empire says: "Dr. Cleaver, who has just closed a most successful pastorate in Grace church, Winnipeg, following an equally successful one in Victoria, is well-known to many who heard him yesterday, and the general verdict was most favorable. It is likely services will have to be held in the Pavilion for two Sundays yet, and when the improvements to the church are complete it is understood there will be a reception to welcome the new pastor."

Many family friends appeared, and many thin Dr. Cleaver strikingly resembles Sir Wilfrid Laurier, as the latter appeared before his hair turned grey.

At the course of his inaugural address the pastor delivered precepts as follows: "Don't expect too much of the pastor. Overkind friends from Winnipeg, with Western generosity, had agreed reports about him to which he could not promise to live up to."

Don't expect to find in this pastor the excellencies of all former pastors. Amou former pastors were scholarly men, men of eloquence, and men of great social gifts, and he could not claim to be eloquent or scholarly.

Don't expect that the pastor will please everybody. If he does not please some, remember that he may be helping others. Besides, good preaching, like good medicine, is not always palatable.

Don't expect the pastor to be always up to the high water mark in preaching. When a man is racked with pain or bitten with the sorrows of others, he can not always preach at his best.

Don't expect your pastor to be always smiling. When a pastor came out of a hospital, he had been wrecked by the demon of the liquor traffic it is more proper for him to wear a frown than a smile.

Don't expect him to have an infallible memory and judgment.

Don't expect the pastor to know that you are sick by instinct.

Don't be disappointed if pastoral visits are not as numerous as you could wish. Dr. Cleaver, by leaving off "five Mondays" and Saturday and others days for unavoidable engagements reduced the opportunities for pastoral care, when he must not call before 3 o'clock, and must be "out of the road" before tea time.

The congregation had a right to expect a man of the cloth, a man of blameless life, a man to whom they could point their boys as an example. They might set the standard as high as they liked, a pastor should endeavor to live up to the highest ideal of Christian living.

Expect your pastor to be a man interested in his fellow men, and actuated by the highest Christian motives to work for their welfare.

Expect your pastor to try to practise what he preaches. He might make mistakes, but he should make the best effort, and he should be able to visit the sick and comfort the afflicted, to freely and fearlessly preach the Gospel, and to do his best to build up the cause of God.

Dr. Cleaver said that the pastor was a congregation, stating that he expected them not to count him guilty of anything told about him without just cause. He expected the congregation to labor with him in the saving of souls. If they wanted the services to increase in interest they must not only attend, but they must assist in the spirit of prayer. He expected them to help him by keeping the rules and assisting in the enforcement of the discipline of the Methodist church. Lastly, he expected them to give him their sympathy and confidence, and to help him with their prayers.

In closing, Dr. Cleaver gave a very characteristic sermon, pointing out the struggle between Analek and Israel, where Israel prevailed because Joshua and Hur held up the hands of Moses, to the struggle of to-day, where the hands of grand old Moses, but of a poor Methodist preacher must be upheld by the members of his congregation; and that upholding he confidently expected from the members of Sherbourne street church.

### THE SPEAKER HAS ISSUED AUTHORITY

#### PROVISION HAS BEEN MADE FOR ELECTION

#### Hon. Mr. Booth Confirms Statement in The Times—Mr. Gifford Will Oppose Mr. Brown in Westminster.

In this morning's issue of the government organ, the Colonist, the following statement is made editorially: "The Times said last night that Speaker Booth had issued his warrant for the election to fill the vacancy of the Victoria representation caused by the resignation of Mr. J. H. Turner. Up to a late hour last night neither the Premier nor the provincial secretary had received of any such action on the part of the Speaker, and unless we have fallen upon very strange times indeed, we think it may be assumed that the Times was misinformed."

Notwithstanding the above denial, the announcement made in the Times last evening was absolutely correct. The Times has the authority of Mr. Speaker Booth himself for the statement.

Application was made yesterday by two members of the House to the Speaker under paragraph 64 of the Constitution Act, as already printed in the Times. That official immediately complied with their request and issued the necessary instructions to the deputy provincial secretary.

The Speaker mentioned the fact to a number who called on him yesterday, among them ex-Speakers Higgins, who approved of his course as the proper one to take. Mr. Booth was asked by a Times man this morning if the statement that he had issued the necessary authority yesterday was correct. He replied that it was, and that he had sent it to the department of the provincial secretary.

A telephone message to Mr. Booth would have saved the Colonist from its error. Its blunder is, however, in line with its utter failure to inform its readers of the impending changes in the cabinet until they had actually taken place.

Meanwhile the political eidolon is seething on the mainland. D. J. Munro, after protracted conferences with the opposition nominating convention, announced last evening that he would not accept the nomination for New Westminster owing to private reasons. The Speaker then professed the nomination to Thomas Gifford, a staunch Liberal, and former chairman of Mr. Brown's committee. He asked for time to consider the matter.

This morning he gave his consent, and the work of organization commenced forthwith. A mass meeting also will be held this evening, the committee recognizing that no time is to be lost as polling takes place on the 18th. Mr. Gifford is very popular with the working-men of the city, and business men, and is recognized as a strong candidate.

On the question being asked yesterday if he had written letters to Capt. Tattow, of Vancouver, regarding the resignation of the cabinet, Mr. Gifford replied for the Nelson riding, said: "I have not written to Capt. Tattow or to any one else. I have, however, always favored a reconstruction of the cabinet, and when Mr. Turner retired, the Premier had a good opportunity to invite others to form a government can stand with such work timber as Prentice and Wells in it."

Hon. J. C. Brown leaves for New Westminster to-night.

### KOOTENAY CENTRAL RAILWAY.

#### Organization of the Company—First Annual Meeting Held at Fort Steele.

In compliance with the requirements of their charter, the first annual meeting of the shareholders of the Kootenay Central Railway Company was held at Fort Steele, B. C., on an August 9th, 1901. Almost every share held was represented, and the meeting was a most hopeful one.

The day resulted in the election of the following gentlemen as a permanent board of directors: R. L. T. Galbraith, J. A. Harvey, James T. Landlaid, A. C. Nelson, Dr. J. H. King and Dr. Hugh Watt.

At a subsequent meeting the following officers were elected: President, Dr. Hugh Watt; vice-president, R. L. T. Galbraith; secretary, James T. Landlaid; treasurer, A. C. Nelson; solicitor, J. H. Harvey.

The territory it is proposed to serve by the Kootenay Central railway, is the rich and fertile valley of the Kootenay river, which has been proved beyond a doubt admirably adapted for agriculture and fruit raising, and which is bounded both on the east and west by ranges of mountains rich in their promise of mineral wealth. The route to be followed by the K. C. R., north of the Crow's Nest line, lies in a northwesterly direction, following the foot of the Rockies and passing close to the wonderful deposits of iron ore at Bull River, which seem destined to make Southern Kootenay as famous for its production of coal and coke. In its course northward the line will cut through extensive deposits of limestone, and will serve all the mines and deposits of the river valley north and north of Fort Steele, and it will have this great and unmatched advantage: following the natural topography of the country, it will be able to carry the entire output of ore by easy down grades to the smelter to be erected somewhere on or near the Kootenay river.

Taking Fort Steele as a rallying point, the first section of the road will be carried through that town to the Crow's Nest railway line to the south, the second will make the famous mines at the foot of the Rockies, and the third will connect the capital of the district with the upper Wild Horse and Bull River regions, with the St. Mary's valley, Kinbecker, Skookum Chuk and Tracy creek. This is an extensive field, but its potential wealth fully warrants the inauguration and completion of the enterprise designed to enable the great benefits derived by the province from the building of the Crow's Nest road.

### MINISTERIAL ASSOCIATION.

Resolution of Thanks to Rev. John McNeill.

A special meeting of the Ministerial Association was held yesterday afternoon, when the following resolution of thanks was passed by the association. It was conducted in the spirit of prayer, and the members of the association were highly appreciated by the people, and we hope may result in much good. In his homeward journey we commend him to the prayers of all of Him who rules in Heaven and on earth."

A copy of the resolution has been handed to Mr. McNeill, together with \$125, which is the balance on hand from the collection, after paying all expenses.

Mr. Knott, of the Sabbath School Association, appeared before the Ministerial Association, and presented the plan which has been adopted for a canvass of the city by house to house visitation in the near future.

### SYMPATHY APPRECIATED.

Telegram from the Acting Secretary of State at Washington.

The following telegram was received this morning by the United States consul in reply to that sent yesterday, conveying the tribute of respect to Lieutenant Joly with the President:

Washington, D. C., September 10th, 1901.—Abraham E. Smith, U. S. Consul, Victoria, B. C., has been notified by the Hon. Secretary of State that the Hon. Secretary of State has received and is highly appreciated. President's condition continues hopeful. A. A. Ade, Acting Secretary of State.

### FUNERAL OF A PIONEER.

Remains of the Late James Pearson, J.P., Were Laid at Rest Yesterday.

As announced in the Times yesterday, the remains of the late James Pearson, merchant of Lytton, one of British Columbia's best known and most respected citizens, were laid to rest yesterday afternoon from the home of his brother, at 63 South Turner street, and later from St. John's church.

The church was filled chiefly with "old timers," representing all ranks of society, who met there to pay their tribute of respect to the remains of one who had endeavored himself to all who knew him, by his gentle, unassuming manner, his upright dealing, and his kindly heart.

The service was conducted by Rev. Percival Adams, and was fully choral, the pallbearers being old friends of the deceased, Messrs. H. Southbrook, Geo. W. Clarke, Capt. E. G. Sillister, L. Prenter, and A. Graham.

The coffin, a handsome oak casket, containing the remains, was covered with numerous beautiful floral tributes, sent by sympathizers in Victoria, and in the Home of the Hall.

He leaves to mourn his loss his widow, his brother Edward Pearson, J.P., and sister Mrs. Cross, who live in the old country his brother Charles Pearson.

Mr. Pearson came to this country, according to the Home of the Hall, in the ship Cyclone, in the year 1862. He

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When you want anything in the Grocery Line, and want to profit by the sacrifice sales we are offering. We have made some astounding reductions in Flour for this week.

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### APIOL & STEEL PILLS

REMEDY FOR IRREGULARITIES.

Notice is hereby given that 60 days after date hereof I intend applying to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described tract of land: Commencing at the northeast corner of lot 31, Sayward District, thence south sixty chains more or less to lot 112, thence east thirty chains more or less to the shore line of Discovery Passage, thence following the shore line westerly to the point of commencement, and containing 160 acres more or less.

R. D. MERRILL, Per F. G. Richards, his Agent. July 12th, 1901.

MILKING COW FOR SALE. T. Morley, Lake Hill.

### \$1.50 Per Bottle

### THE PREPARATION

VOL. 22.

### THE DOCTORS SAY HE CANNOT RECOVER

There was a Slight Improvement Early Hours, but It Did Not Continue.

Trouble With the Heart Resisted Relapse—Official Bulletins During the Day.

Buffalo, Sept. 13.—The President's physicians have so far been unable to perform their function, and the President's condition is grave at this time. He is suffering from extreme prostration and is unable to take any food. His pulse is 40, and his temperature is 100.2. The President was summoned to the hospital on the 12th, and the following day he was summoned to the hospital. Colonel Brown says: "I hope, he is dying."

Last Night's Relapse.

Milburn House, Buffalo, N. Y. President McKinley began shortly after 2 o'clock this morning a critical relapse, and during the night he had a severe attack of prostration and was unable to take any food.

The trouble began on the afternoon through failure of the diaphragm to perform their function, and the necessity for nourishment had been pressing for several days, and the partial use of artificial means had led to the adoption of natural means. The relapse through which nourishment had been rejected previous to Wednesday, began on Thursday, and the President was forced to the physicians to try to feed him through the mouth, probably before the stomach was prepared to receive it.

The first administration of beef juice through the mouth, however, seemed to agree with the patient, and the physicians were highly gratified that the stomach seemed to receive the food. The breakfast of chicken broth, toast and coffee, given yesterday morning, was spoken of by all the physicians as a strong evidence of the President's recovery, and improvement. It was only when it became apparent late in the morning that this food had not agreed with the President that the first general anxiety appeared. The pulse was also abnormal, high, 126 beats to the minute. With a temperature of 100.2 it should have been 30 beats lower. The weakness of the President began to appear on the 12th, instead of growing better the President's condition after that grew steadily worse.

The staff of physicians, augmented by Dr. Stockton, who had temporarily taken the place of Dr. McBurney, was summoned early in the evening, and there was a conference.

At 8:30 o'clock last night the physicians officially announced that the President's condition was not so good. The problem of disposing of the food in the stomach was becoming a serious one and the danger of heart failure increased. As midnight approached the situation was growing critical. Calomel and oil were given to relieve the President's bowels and digitalis to quiet the heart. However, just before midnight the President had a severe attack of prostration, which relieved him very much, and the midnight bulletin was more favorable.

It was believed then that the opening of the bowels would have the effect of allaying the wild pulsations of the heart. His pulse did drop to 120, and the prospect was slightly brighter, but owing to the President's extreme weakness and his fatigue, no attempt was made to conceal the serious apprehensions which were felt. The feeling of depression increased in volume and intensity.

Secretary Cortelyou insisted that the truth should be made public by the doctors, and the bulletins themselves were telling their unfortunate story all too plainly. There was still hope for a worn and weary patient would be better in the morning, and at midnight Secretary Cortelyou said it was not probable that another bulletin would be issued until morning.

Shortly after 2 o'clock the physicians and nurses detected a weakening of the heart's action. The pulse fluttered and weakened, and the man sank toward collapse. The end appeared to be near. Restoratives were speedily applied, and the physicians fought the battle with all the reserve force of science. The action was immediate and decisive. Digitalis and strychnine were administered, and as a last resort saline solution was injected in the veins.

A general alarm went speedily to the consulting physicians and trained nurses as fast as messengers, the telegraph and telephone could carry it. The restoratives did not at once prove effective, and it was realized that the President was in an extremely critical condition. That realization, with the shadow of death behind it, led to another call, and then summons to the cabinet, relatives and close personal friends of the President. The messengers who returned with doctors and nurses were hurried off with those within reach, and to those who were absent from the city telegrams con-