ing, from the Quirpon Islands to Cape Norman, shall extend to a distance of three marine miles due north from a straight line joining Cape Norman and Cape Bauld, and as regards the five harbors, shall extend to within a radius of three marine miles in all directions from the centre of each such harbour, but with power to the Commissioners or Umpire elsewhere provided for in this Convention to alter such limits for each harbour in accordance with the existing practice.

ARTICLE II.

British subjects shall have the right, concurrently with French subjects, to fish on the west coast of Newfoundland, from Cape Norman to Cape Ray, except at the five above mentioned points; but French subjects shall have the exclusive use of the strand for fishery purposes during the said season, from Cape Norman to Rock Point, in the Bay of Islands north of the River Humber, in latitude 49° 5" (about), in addition to the strand of the reserved harbours.

ARTICLE III.

French subjects shall have the right, concurrently with British subjects, to fish on the coasts of Labrador from Blanc Sablon to Cape Charles, and of North Belleisle, together with liberty to dry and cure fish on any of the portions of the coast of North Belleisle aforesaid, which shall not be settled when this Convention shall come into operation. The British Government, however, retains the right to erect thereon buildings for military or public purposes; and if any settlement for permanent habitation shall be thereafter established on any portion of the coast of the said island, the right of French subjects to dry and cure fish on such portion of the coast shall cease, one season's notice of such settlement having been given beforehand to the French Commander on the station.

The said French concurrent right of fishing shall terminate at the embouchures or outlets of rivers and creeks: the place of each embouchure or outlet shall be determined, in the manner elsewhere specified in this Convention, by the Commissioners or Umpire.

ARTICLE IV.

From Rock Point in the Bay of Islands to Cape Ray, Great Britain shall have the unrestricted and exclusive use of the shore, except at the points above named in Article I, and within the land limits assigned for those points (Article X.)

ARTICLE V.

French subjects shall have the right of purchasing bait, both herring and caplin, throughout the south coast of Newfoundland, including for this purpose the French Islands of St. Pierre and Miquelon, at sea or on shore, on equal terms with British subjects, without any restriction on the practice of such fishery by British subjects, and without any duty or restriction being imposed either on British or French subjects in respect of such traffic, or upon the export of such bait, on the part of Great Britain or of the Colony.

Should any circumstances whatever restrict, in a notorious manner previously established to the satisfaction of both the British and French NavalCommanders on the station, during two seasons, consecutive or not, the said supply by purchase, French subjects shall have the right to fish for bait on the portion of the south coast of Newfoundland comprised between Cape St. Mary and Cape La Hune, during the French