There were not wanting, either in England or in India, writers and speakers to attribute this calamity to the alarm excited in the breasts of the people by the movements of the very few missionaries who were then suffered to pursue their peaceful calling in the Company's terri-tories. The people of India, it was said, be-lieving that their ancestral faith was threatened by the European usurpers, had risen up against their conquerors, and murdered them in their beds. This was but a foretaste, it was prophe-sied, of greater horrors to come. If the Bible were not shelved, and the missionaries recalled, the cantonments of the White Men, from one end of India to the other, would be deluged with Christian blood. Reason and candour could not but pronounce all this a monstrous fable. But to many prejudiced minds it was too acceptable not to be readily taken on trust, and the fiction found favour in London, no less than in Calcutta and Madras.

The currency which the fiction acquired for itself disquieted the "Puritans of the India House." It could not stand the touch of reason, it is true; but fictions that cannot stand the touch of reason are often very long-lived and robust, for there are thousands and tens of thousands of people who never reason at all. It was easy for such a man as Charles Grant to explode the error in a few argumentative sentences; but he was too sagacious not clearly to

perceive the mischief of its dissemination :-"I most of all suffer," he wrote, "from the absurd, malevolent and wicked stories which the weak, the prejudiced, the enemies of Christianity, have poured forth on this occasion to discredit, to bring into suspicion, to blacken as dangerous and mischievous, the few poor and assuredly harmless efforts which have been made, under the British Governments, to introduce the light of the Gospel into India. Greater efforts were made by other nations, centuries anterior to our ascendency there. The natives have seen converts made to Christianity, though in small numbers, from age to age. No influence to disturb the public peace has ever fol-lowed. In our time what perfect indifference have the generality of the Europeans shown to the religion they call theirs—what complacence in the superstitions of the country-how utterly abhorrent of everything that looked like com-pulsion! What have the few missionaries labouring there done but proposed a message of peace in the language and temper of peace, reason and affection? Was there a missionary, or a chaplain, or any ostensible advocate for Christianity, anywhere near Vellore? But I am hurrying into a subject which requires to be treated with deliberation and seriousness. All the disaffected to the propagation of the Gospel, among our own people both in India and here, take this opportunity to speak of the dan-ger of allowing missionaries to exercise their functions in India. Doubtless prudence and discretion are always necessary in that work-they are particularly so now; but, if from unworthy fears we should disavow our religion, or even be led to silence all attempts to communicate it to our subjects in a mild, rational way, I should fear that the Great Author of that religion would be provoked to withdraw His protection there from us."-Kaye's Administration of the East India Company.

"Wherefore be still, quite still. Consider how fierce and keen the wind often blows upon thee between the heaven and the earth, but still the warm sun beams upon thee, constant and changeless through it all. And so also lady, are taken from a little work entitled does our merciful God shine with His light into " Missionary Lays." the quiet soul; and, when His light is there, all is good, but, when it is not there, all is evil, both within and without, when He from whom it comes is not present with His goodness in all things."-Religion in Earnest.

POETRY.

TO A DYING CHILD.

Depart, my child ! the Lord thy spirit calls To leave a world of wo ;

- Sad on my heart the Heavenly summons falls; Yet, since He wills it so,
- I calm the rising agitation,
- And say with humble resignation, "Depart, my child !"
- Depart, my child ! lent for a little while Our drooping hearts to cheer ;
- Dear is thy loving voice, thy gentle smile-Ah! who can tell how dear?
- The sands are run, too quickly felling; The Giver comes, His own recalling—
 - Depart, my child !
- Depart, my child ! enjoy in Heaven's pure day What Earth must still deny ;
- Here many a storm awaits thy longer way, And many a tear thine eye.
- Go where the flowers have never faded,
- Where love may smile unchilled, unshaded-Depart, my child !
- Depart, my child ! soon shall we meet again In the good land of rest;
- Thou goest, happy one l ere grief or pain Have reached thy gentle breast. Happy, our thorny path forsaking,
- From life's vain dream so early waking-Depart, my child!
- Depart, my child ! angels are bending down To set thy spirit free ;
- Saviour holds in Heaven the golden crown He won on earth for thee.
- Yes! now in Him thou art victorious;
- Go, share His rest, and triumph glorious-

Depart, my child!

SONG FOR THE WEARY.

Heart, be still ! In the darkness of thy wo Bow thou silently and low; Comes to thee whate'er God will-Be thou still !

Be thou still! Vainly all thy words are spoken Till the word of God hath broken Life's dark mysteries, good or ill-Be thou still!

Rest thou still ! 'Tis thy Father's work of grace, Wait thou yet before His face, He thy sure deliverance will-Keep thou still !

Lord, my God ! By Thy grace, O, may I be All submissive, silently, To the chastening of Thy rod-Lord, my God!

Shepherd, King! From Thy fulness grant to me Still yet fearless faith in Thee, Till from night the day shall spring-Shepherd, King !

STANZAS.

The following lines, written by an English

O, to be ready When death shall come! O, to be ready To hasten Home !

No lingering gaze; No strife at parting, No sore amaze. No chains to sever,

No earthward clinging,

- That earth had twined : No spell to loosen That love would bind.
- No flitting shadow To dim the light Of angel pinions, Winged for flight.
- No cloud-like phantom To fling a gloom 'Twixt Heaven's bright portals And Earth's dark tomb.
- But sweetly, gently, To pass away From the world's dim twilight Into day!
- To listen to the music Of angel lyres! To catch the rapture Of seraph fires!
- To lean in trust On the Risen One, Till borne away To a fadeless Throne !
 - O, to be ready When death shall come! O, to be ready To hasten Home!

CONGREGATIONAL COLLECTIONS FOR THE MINISTERS' WIDOWS' AND OR-PHANS' FUND.

January, 1858-Continued.

Pakenham-Rev. Alex. Mann,\$14 00

February.	
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Saltfleet and Binbrook - Rev. Hugh		
Niven,	12	00
Perth-Rev. W. Bain,	16	00
Hemmingford-Rev. Dr. Berity,	10	00
Hemmingford-Rev. Dr. Berity, Dundee-Rev. John Moffatt,	7	00
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Wallace,	26	00
St. Louis de Gonzague-Per Archd. Fer-		
guson, Esq.,	5	60
Goderich-Rev. Alex McKid	19	75
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Bayfield— """" Ormstown—Rev. J. Anderson,	8	38
Dewittville— """	2	
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al collection),	1	00
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March.		
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Snodgrass,1	76	70
Beckwith-Rev. W. McHutchison,		00
	24	
Vaughan-Vacant,	8	80
Mono-Rev. A. Lewis,	4	^^

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Nottawasaga-Rev. J. Campbell,..... 11 75

Brock, Reach and Mariposa-Do.,..... 13 60

Mulmur-Rev. A. Colquboun, 4 00

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