

**Guide-Advocate**

HAR IS & CO. PROPRIETORS.

WATFORD, NOVEMBER 17, 1916

**The Necessity For Greater Economy**

If the people as a whole understood clearly why it was necessary to economize, there would be a much greater response to the appeals of the leaders of the nations. The enormous purchases made by the Allies from our manufacturers have entailed the payment of high wages to industrial workers and thus, from the very necessities of the Empire, the latter find themselves possessed of a greater purchasing power than at any previous time. This power can be used either for selfish gratification or for helping to win the war. If the former—the selfish—course is followed it is practically frittering away the resources of the Empire. On the other hand, the thoughtful patriot will save every cent to lend to his country. Those with the habit of spending freely are apt to look with aversion upon those with a disposition to save, but for the time being those who do save are the ones who forge the "silver bullets" that are now more than ever necessary.

**NOTE AND COMMENT**

The fighting still goes on, so also must the paying go on until the war is ended and the security of the world is assured. Have you done your share of paying for your freedom from Prussianism?

Canada is to go in for the manufacture of aeroplanes. This matter has been considered and a decision has been reached to establish a school and also to have built and equip in Canada a factory which will turn out aeroplanes complete with the motors, which heretofore have not been built in this country.

In England there are now 10,000 war savings associations at work, and thousands of working families are saving who never saved before. The teaching and practice of thrift have become as much a part of national defence as physical training of young men to fit them for military work.

Merchants who are paying 100 to 400 per cent. more for their wrapping paper will be able to sympathize with the newspaper publishers, whose raw material is largely paper. It may be difficult to establish the fact that a combine exists among the paper manufacturers of Canada, but no one seriously doubts it.

London Chronicle: The largest walnut grove in England—at Kempston near Bedford—was formed a century ago entirely for the sake of the timber. The then owner of the farm planted 365 trees for the cynical reason that the wood would always be wanted for gun-stocks. His dismal prophecy has hitherto proved only too terribly true.

In 1908 Lord Fisher wrote in his daughter's birthday book that Germany would be at war with England in 1914, and that Jellicoe would be the Nelson of the fleet. He justified his prophecy at the time by saying that by 1914 the Kiel Canal would be enlarged, the German fleet greatly strengthened and the financial burden in Germany so great that it must mean war or diminished armaments.

German is very unpopular at the British court. Last century it was commonly spoken in the Royal Family, but King Edward did not like it, and now King George has absolutely forbidden it. Indeed, he did so before the war. The Royal children are not at all sorry, for none of them, except Princess Mary, could speak German very fluently. Until the war, however, the Duke of Connaught, the most British of all Queen Victoria's sons, used to speak German in the family circle.

A husband was recently very sad because his wife had gone on a visit which she would not shorten in spite of his appeals to come home. He finally hit upon a plan to induce her to come home. He sent her a copy of each of the local papers with one of the items clipped out, and when she wrote to find out what it was he had clipped from the papers he refused to tell her. The scheme worked admirably. In less than a week she

was home to find out what it was that had been going on that her husband did not want her to know about.

The United States imports half a million tons of rags and waste paper a year, and yet burns and destroys carelessly more than she imports. The people of Canada may well profit by the information. All kinds of rags—white and colored—linen or cotton or woolen—are made into paper. All kinds of paper—soiled, inked or clean—newspapers, magazines, books or wrapping paper—have a ready market. Sir George Foster says: "It is of great importance now that this waste should be stopped, and that the saved material should be used to reproduce fresh supplies. A little attention to the saving of rags and old papers will mean a genuine relief to our paper industries."

**MARK IS**

GRAIN AND SEEDS—	
Wheat, fall, per bush. \$1 80 @	\$1 80
Oats, per bush	55 65
Barley, per bush	90 1 00
Beans, per bush	4 00 6 00
Timothy	4 00 5 00
Clover Seed	12 00 16 00
Alsike	9 00 12 00
PROVISIONS—	
Butter, per pound	30 35
Lard	24 24
Eggs, per doz	35 35
Pork	13 00 14 00
Flour, per cwt.	4 10 5 50
Brar, per ton	30 00 32 00
Shorts, per ton	34 00 36 00
MISCELLANEOUS—	
Wood	2 00 3 00
Tallow	8 10
Hides	14 16
Wool	32 42
Hay, per ton	8 00 9 00
VEGETABLES AND FRUIT—	
Potatoes, per bag	1 75 2 00
POULTRY—	
Turkeys, dressed	19 22
Turkeys, per lb.	15 18
Chickens, per lb.	12 15
Fowl	7 13
Ducks	10 13
Geese	9 13
London	
Wheat	\$ 1 55 to \$1 70
Oats, cwt.	1 95 to 2 05
Butter	36 to 40
Eggs	34 to 36
Pork	14 50 to 14 50
Toronto	
Receipts 958 cattle, 147 calves, 1068 hogs, 1418 sheep and lambs. Market strong and active for all grades of cattle.	
Choice heavy steers	7 75 to 8 25
Butcher steers, choice	7 25 to 7 65
do., good	7 10 to 7 25
do., medium	6 00 to 6 25
do., common	5 25 to 5 75
Heifers, good to choice	7 00 to 7 25
do., medium	6 25 to 6 75
Butcher cows, choice	6 25 to 6 50
do., medium	5 75 to 6 25
Butcher bulls, choice	6 85 to 7 15
do., good	5 50 to 6 00
Feeders	6 50 to 6 75
do., bulls	6 25 to 6 75
Stockers	6 00 to 6 25
do., medium	5 50 to 6 00
do., light	5 00 to 5 75
Canners	3 75 to 4 25
Cutters	4 25 to 4 75
Sheep, light	7 50 to 8 75
do., heavy	5 50 to 6 50
Spring lambs	10 00 to 11 25
Calves	10 50 to 11 50
Hogs, fed and watered	10 65 to 10 75
do., f. o. b.	9 90 to 10 15
do., weighed off cars	10 90 to 11 00

**Carnegie Pledges**

(From the Ontario Library Review)

When application is made to the Carnegie Corporation for a grant of money for a Library, a Municipal Council is asked to enter into an agreement to expend annually ten per cent. of the amount of the Carnegie gift for Library purposes. This is not an unreasonable request. There are many Library authorities who think twelve and a half should be asked by the Corporation. Our best Libraries expend annually from fifteen to twenty per cent. of the value of their buildings.

The chief difficulty in raising funds to support a good Library is with communities with less than 1,500 inhabitants. No community should make a pledge until all arrangements have been made to ensure the payment. A pledge is a pledge and the honor of a community is always at stake in making one.

It is unwise to depend very much upon the assistance of the Legislative grant, fines, and miscellaneous receipts to make up the amount required.

On the whole the municipalities that have received Carnegie buildings have done wonderfully well, but a few of the smaller places find difficulty in raising the necessary funds for maintenance.

The two most important features of a Public Library are the Librarian and the books, also a good Library Board. When a small Library with a fine building has not adequate funds, the result is usually felt in the book account and in the Librarian's salary, the two most essential features that should never be neglected.

One half mill on the taxable assessment is all the Library is sure of, however a Municipal Council may by a two-thirds vote of all its members, increase the rate to three-fourths of a mill which would aid the Library board very much with the yearly expenses.

At the Methodist Parsonage, Forest, on Wednesday, Nov. 8th, 1916, by the Rev. A. E. Moorhouse, Mr. Caleb Capes, to Mabel, daughter of Mrs. Geo. Milner, of Forest.

**Special Display Suits And Coats**



Coat \$792  
Butterick Pattern.

**Fair and Much Colder**

Hasn't your suit begun to feel a little thin above the knees? And the wind in the back of your neck! Brrr! You know you need that coat—a soft thing of wool velours with a big fur cape-collar and cuffs. The fullness and flare come from the belt at the sides. In front and back it has the new flat panel effect.

- Ladies' Suits \$10.00 to \$25.00
- Men's Suits \$8.00 to \$15.00
- Ladies' Skirts \$3.50 to \$10.00
- W. P. Slip Ons \$4.50 to \$10.00

- Ladies' Coats \$7.50 to \$25.00
- Men's Coats \$6.00 to \$15.00
- Girl's Coats \$4.50 to \$10.00
- Children's Coats \$2.50 to \$5.00

**SWIFT, SONS & CO. Direct Importers**

**MARRIED.**

In the Anglican Church, Arkona, on October 25th, by Rev. Ash. Everest, Reginald Baxter to Miss Flora Thorne, both of Warwick.

At the residence of the bride's parents, on Wednesday, Nov. 1, 1916, Miss Hattie Strangway, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Richard Strangway, 10th line east, to Mr. Jos. Hastings, of the 8th line, Enniskillen.

At the Baptist Parsonage, Forest, on Wednesday, Oct. 25th, 1916, by the Rev. H. Elmer Green, Mr. Wm. Ellerker, of Warwick, to Lily May, daughter of Mrs. Thos. Alva Bell, of Bosanquet.

**DIED.**

In Arkona, on Tuesday, Nov. 7, Carolyn Margaret Riggs, aged 20 years, 4 months and 17 days.

In Enniskillen, on Thursday, Nov. 2nd, 1916, Jessie B. Davidson, wife of Mr. Wm. Brand, formerly of Bosanquet, aged 70 years.

In Arkona, on Sunday, Nov. 5th, 1916, Bessie Jenn, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Brown, aged 25 years.

In Strathroy, on Thursday evening, October 28, 1916, Mrs. Daniel Murphy, aged 78 years.

In Strathroy, on Saturday morning, Oct. 28, 1916, Catherine, beloved wife of W. A. Ogden, in her 66th year.

**IN MEMORIAM**

In loving memory of our dear husband and father Richard Ansley who departed this life on the 14th of November 1911.

Far and oft our thoughts do wander,  
To a grave not far away,  
Where we laid our dearest loved one,  
Just five years ago to-day.  
BY HIS WIFE AND FAMILY.

**WANT COLUMN.**

STRAYED from lot 14, con. 14, Brooke, on or about Nov. 6th a Hereford heifer. —HEZ. LETT.

OFFICE HAND wanted must be quick at figures and making change and write well.—SWIFT'S.

FOR SALE, 100 bushels O. A. C. No. 72 oats for seed. Also 100 shocks of corn.—W. A. BUTLER, R. R. 1, Arkona.

LARGE WHITE PERKIN DUCKS for sale \$1.50 each. A few good Indian Runner Drakes from heavy laying strain \$1.00 each.—E. A. EDWARDS, Route 4, Watford.

A FEW DWELLING HOUSE PROPERTIES and one business property in Watford and some farms in this vicinity for sale. Apply to W. E. FITZGERALD, Barrister, &c., Watford.

CIDER PRESS.—TROTTER BROS., west half lot 16, con. 6, S. E. R. Warwick, will operate their cider press every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday afternoon during the season. s15-m2

WORN OUT HORSES and fallen animals of any kind bought.—LETT BROS., fur ranchers, lot 18, con. 13, Brooke; Rural phone 482L. Watford P. O. Phone messages at our expense.

WANTED—TURKEYS, GEESE and DUCKS, on Tuesday, November 21st.—Bled and clean picked—heads on. We will use you right, as we always tried to do in the past. Come early.—R. E. JOHNSTON.

FOR SALE—10 h. p. gasoline or coal oil engine; 1 turning lathe; 1 portable forge and anvil; 1 combination dimension saw; 1 shaper. All nearly new and in first-class shape. Apply to HARRY WILLIAMSON, Watford. s25-3m

DR. MCGILLICUDDY, V. S. wishes to announce to his numerous patrons that a special engagement will necessitate his absence from Watford for a short period. In returning his best thanks for the generous patronage extended during the past twenty-two years he purposes resuming practice at an early date of which due notice will be given.

**WE INVITE YOU**

To look over our stock of Shoes and Rubbers—just what you want for fall. Some special bargains yet for quick buyers. Come early and get a bargain.

- Women's Fine Button Shoes \$2 75
- Girls' Fine Button Shoes 2 25
- Boys' School Shoes 2 25
- Men's Gun Metal Blucher Shoes 3 50
- Men's Working Shoes 2 50

A large stock of Fancy China, odd pieces, 10c to \$4.00.

Some nice Hanging and Parlor Lamps.

A large shipment of new Wall Paper received. See the new patterns, something new.

GIVE US A TRIAL ORDER FOR GROCERIES AND BE PLEASED.

**WATFORD'S BUSY STORE— P. DODDS & SON**

**A Sensible Italian Idea of Peace**

Signor Bissolati, the Italian Socialist leader, expressed it very well when he said: "To consent to peace now would be an act of treason on the part of any allied nation. The peace to which the whole world aspires after so many horrors and sacrifices must be real and lasting, not a mere truce. Civilization must safeguard itself against attempts similar to the one against which she is now reacting with all her strength. This means that we must create in Europe such conditions as to render it impossible for Germany to resume her criminal designs."

"I therefore think that any state or states of the entente who would

to-day harbor the thought of peace would be guilty of an act of treason. Rather than accept a peace contaminated by the germ of other wars, it would have been better not to embark on the present war at all.

"The deadly germ of war can be killed only by destroying Austria as a state and depriving Germany of every illusion of predominance. It is necessary to proclaim this fearlessly and openly, as Premier Asquith and Lloyd George did."

The Amherstburg Board of Health has received apparatus from Toronto to make tests of milk being delivered to residents of that town by local dairymen.

James Ralph, farmer of Euphemis, was unfortunate in having his left hand caught in a corn shredder while it was in operation and his hand was torn in shreds.