THE MARTS OF THE WORLD

ENGLISH CABLE ADVICES REPORT A STRONGER FEELING IN GRAIN.

The Stringency in the Money Market—Quotations and Transactions on the Local Stock Exchange—Montreal Stocks—New York and Chicago Markets—European Cable Reports.

The reaction after the quietude of Christmas week has not yet set in and the chances are that business will not assume its wonted regularity until after the municipal elections are over. The grain men are doing practically nothing.

Apprehensions foreshadowed some few days ago, of tight money have been more than fully realized. In New York some great hustling has been done by moneyed men who are large stockholders, and who, anticipating a bull market early in January, are now trying to protect themselves against the squeeze. Stocks have been held up very largely by the anticipation of a better market in January, and if they are disappointed they will not hold on much longer. The January rise in 1888 did not materialize at all, and last year, after a laborious climb up to a good figure in February, it lost in three weeks all that it had gained in five. If there is a similar result this year, there will be a large amount of money dropped.

THURSDAY, Jan. 2, 1890.

Consols are quoted to-day at London at 97 3-16 for money and 97 5-16 account.

Canadian Pacific stock continues active. It closed to-day in London at 77¾. This is an advance of ⅛. Tuesday's quotations being 76½.

On the Toronto Stock Exchange this morning business was quite and transactions totaled only 195. They were: 13 Can. Permanent at 200; 60 and 4 Can. Landed Credit at 118½; 49 do at 118½; 20 B and Loan Assoc at 105½; 40 Peoples' Loan at 115. In the afternoon there was a pretty good trade but quotations were somewhat irregular. Transactions were: 8 Commerce at 122. 1 Imperial at 152½; 100 N W Land Co at 33; 200, 200, 10 and 400 Lon and Can L and A at 139.

BANKS.	12 M. Asked.	12 M. Bid.	2:30 P.M. Ask'd.	2:30 P.M. Bid.
Montreal	227	225½	227	226
Ontario	154½	154	135	135
Molsons	220	216½	220	216
Toronto	242	240	241	241
Merchants'	123	121½	123	122½
Commerce		151		152
Imperial		224½		223½
Dominion	159½	158½	159½	158½
Standard		169½		...
Hamilton				...
MISCELLANEOUS.				
British America		...	109	103
Western Assurance	139	137	139	137½
Consumers' Gas Xd		171	171	171
Dominion Telegraph Xd		89½		84
Montreal Telegraph		...		...
Northwest Land Co	35½	35	35	35½
Can. Pacific Rail. Grant Bonds		...		...
LOAN COMPANIES.				
Canada Permanent	207½	...		...
Freehold	162	...		...
Western Canada	165	...		...
Union		128		...
Can. Landed Credit	119½	118½		...
E. & Loan Association	105½	105		...
Farmers' L. & Savings	118	113		...
Lon. & Can. L. & A.	139	129½	140½	139½
National Investment	101	...		...
People's Loan		111½		...

JOHN STARK & CO.,

(TELEPHONE 930).

STOCK BROKERS, Etc.

Money carefully invested in stocks, debentures, mortgages and other interest-bearing securities.

Rents collected and estates managed.

26 TORONTO-STREET, TORONTO.

MONTREAL STOCKS.

MONTREAL, Jan. 2.—Closing—Bank of Montreal, 227 and 225; Ontario Bank, 135 and 133; 30 at 133½; Banque du Peuple, 100 and 97½; Molson Bank, 167½ and 152; Bank of Toronto, 220 and 210; Merchants' Bank, 141 and 139. Bank of Commerce, 122½ and 122½. Montreal Telegraph Co., 95 and 94½. N.W. Land Co., 34 and 31; Richelieu and Ontario Navigation, 63 and 61½; City Passenger R.R., 204 and 198½; C.P.R., 75½ and 75¼.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Local rates reported by John Stark & Co.

BETWEEN BANKS.	Buyers.	Sellers.	Counter.
New York Funds	1/16	3/16	¼
Sixty days' Sterling	7/8	15/16	
Demand do	15/16	9	9⅛ to 9⅛

RATES FOR STERLING IN NEW YORK.	Posted.	Trans'ny.
Sixty days' Sterling	4.84½	4.79½ to 4.79¾
Demand do	4.86½	4.84 to 4.84¼

RATES FOR DRAFTS.

C. S. Gzowski, money and exchange broker, quotes rates for drafts as follows:

Francs on Paris, Bourdeaux, etc	19¼	19⅛
Marks on Berlin, Hamburg, etc	24	24⅛
Roubles on Warsaw, St. Pet'rsb'rg, etc.	53	54
Sterling on London	4.89½	4.89

SKATES,

Scroll Saws,

Amateur and Mechanics' Lathes.

RICE LEWIS & SON,

(LIMITED).

32 King-st. east, corner Globe-lane.

LOCAL MARKETS.

On call at the Board of Trade to-day oats were offered at 31c for May delivery in Toronto, with 30c bid for 5000 bushels and 30½c for 10,000. May delivery. Toronto and sellers offered at 31½. Mixed oats offered at 31c on track here with no bids.

On the local grain market this morning receipts were very light and business dull. About 300 bushels of oats sold at 38c to 44c, and two loads of oats at 31c.

There was a small supply of country produce on the St. Lawrence Market to-day. Prices were generally steady.

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 2.—Wheat, firm; demand improving; holders offer sparingly. Corn, steady; demand fair. Spring wheat, 7s 3½d. red winter, 6s 11d. Corn, 4s 2d. Pork, 55s 9d. Lard, 32s 3d. Bacon, 30s to 31s. Cheese, 53s.

THE DEMAND FOR FOWL WAS NOT brisk during the last few days. There is not much on hand, but prices had to fall off considerably. Turkeys, 10c to 11½c; geese, from 8½ ducks, 60c to 80c; chickens, 40c to 60c. In Butter there is no change; choice moves steadily at 16c to 18c; for poor or medium there is scarcely any demand. Good fresh eggs sell readily at 21c. Consignments of above solicited. We have for sale fine butter in pails, tubs, rolls and prints. Finest cheese from the Highlands of Haliburton. Canadian and American lard. Fowl and game in season. Choice honey in the comb. Dried and evaporated apples, for which we solicit your order. YOUNG, ANDREWS & CO., Produce and Commission, 74 Front street east, Toronto.

BEERBOHM'S REPORT.

LONDON, Jan. 2.—Floating cargoes—Wheat nil; corn, firm. Arrivals—Nil. Sold—Corn, 1; Waiting orders corn, 2. Cargoes passing—Wheat, quiet; corn firmer. Liverpool—Spot Wheat, quiet; corn firm. No. 1 Cal. 7s 4½d; wheat firmer; corn firm. No. 1 Cal. 7s 4½d; No. 2 Cal., 7s 1d; red winter, 6s 11d; India, 7s 1 1-2d; flour, 23s; corn, 4s 2d. peas, 5s 9d; all unchanged.

OSWEGO BARLEY MARKET.

OSWEGO, Jan. 2, 11 a.m.—Barley quiet; No. 1 Canada 54½c. No. 2 extra 57. 3 p.m.—Barley quiet and prices unchanged.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Jan. 2.—Cotton—Quiet, unchanged. Flour—Firm, fairly active. Wheat—Receipts, 5500 bush, exports 64,873 bush; sales 2,704,000 bush futures, 23,000 bush spot; spot dull, firmer No. 2 red 85½ to 89 elevator, 87½ afloat, steamer, No. 2 red 88. No. 1 northern 91; No. 1 hard 97½; options fairly active, 1c to ⅛c up; steady; No. 2, red Jan. 85½ Feb. 86 March 88⅛, April 89, May 89½, June 88⅞, July 88. Barley—Dull, Canada 59 to 73. Corn—Receipts 123,000 bush, exports 13,926 bush; sales 496,000 bush futures, 168,000 bush spot; spot easier, free offerings, fair trading; ungraded 33 to 41; options dull, ⅛c lower, steady; Jan. 39½, Feb. 39, March 39½, May 39⅞. Oats—Receipts 81,000 bush; sales 220,000 bush futures, 139,000 bush spot; spot quiet, easier; options fairly active, ⅛c to ¼c up; Jan. 29½, Feb. 29½, May 28; spot No. 2 28½ to 30, mixed western 26 to 30, white do. 30 to 34. Sugar—Firm, good demand; standard A 6¼, cut loaf and crushed 7⅛, powdered 6⅞, granulated 6⅛.

CHICAGO MARKETS.

CHICAGO, Jan. 2.—The leading futures closed as follows: Wheat—Jan. 77½, May 83½, July 81½. Corn—Jan. 29½, Feb. 29½, May 29⅞. Oats—Jan. 20½, Feb. 20⅞, May 22⅞. Pork—Jan. $9.10, Feb. $9.25, May $9.62. Lard—Jan. $5.80, Feb. $5.87½, May $6.05. Short-ribs—Jan. $4.55, Feb. $4.67½, May $4.87½. Cash quotations were: Flour steady, unchanged. No. 2 spring wheat 77½; No. 2, red 77 3-4. No. 2 corn 29½. No. 2 oats 20 to 20⅛. No. 2 rye 44½. No. 2 barley 56 to 58.

mess pork $9.10 to $9.12 1-2, lard $5.80 to $5.82½, short ribs, sides, $4.55 to $4.65, dry salted shoulders $4.12½ to $4.25, short clear sides $4.95 to $5, whisky $1.02. Receipts—Flour 26,000 bbls, wheat 34,000 bush, corn 622,000 bush, oats 180,000 bush, rye 16,000 bush, barley 53,000 bush. Shipments—Flour, 34,000 bbls, wheat 15,000 bush, corn 402,000 bush, oats 113,000 bush, rye, 9000 bush, barley, 32,000 bush.

Business Embarrassments.

T. T. Laronde, boot and shoe dealer, North Bay, met his creditors at E. R. C. Clarkson's to-day and being unable to settle at a satisfactory figure on the dollar the estate was ordered to be wound up. Laronde owes $1300 and has $237 assets.

William McBride, general merchant, Thornton, who has been trying to compromise at 60c on the dollar, met his creditors on Tuesday afternoon at E. R. C. Clarkson's. The creditors ordered the insolvent to assign. The assignment was made and the settlement will probably go through at the figure offered.

Boyes & Sons, hardware merchants, Chatham, have failed with $14,000 liabilities. The chief creditors are Hobbs, Osborne & Hobbs, of London, who rank on the estate for from $10,000 to $12,000. This firm, although doing an extensive business, have been in deep water for quite a time.

Wm. Thomson & Co., wholesale hardware merchants, 22 Front-street west, have settled with their creditors. Their stock and assets, valued at $60,000, have been sold at 60c on the dollar, which will pay the creditors between 65 and 70c on the dollar. It the meantime the firm have assigned to E. R. C. Clarkson, who will wind up the affairs of the insolvents.

One great advantage of Burdock Blood Bitters over other medicines, is that it acts at the same time on the Liver, the Bowels, the Secretions and the Kidneys while it imparts strength.

TWENTY-FOUR O'CLOCK.

Uniform Time Movement Progressing in the Old World and in the New.

The movement towards securing a 24-hour uniform notation of time seems of late to be gaining many supporters. The American Society of Civil Engineers do not deem the question beneath their notice, as is shown by the following statement:

The American Society of Civil Engineers continue to take an active interest in the 24-hour notation of time. A short time ago they circulated a report of their special committee on uniform standard time among the managers and superintendents of railways in the United States, inviting an expression of opinion as to the desirability of adopting the new system. Over five hundred replies in all have been received to the circulars issued by the society and the overwhelming number are favorable. Only two or three per cent. are adverse, and of those heard from about one-half are in favor of adopting the new system in 1890 and none of them desire to postpone its adoption later than 1892.

The following extract from the New Freie Presse of Berlin proves that the movement is also making considerable progress in the old world:

The Society for Railway Knowledge in Berlin at a very numerously attended meeting on Oct. 8, after deliberation on a question of great importance to commerce, the introduction of a uniform system of time reckoning for the internal and external service of the railways of Germany, unanimously adopted the following resolution:

"The Society for the Promotion of Railway Knowledge in Berlin considers the introduction of standard time (uniform time) for the internal and external service of the railroads of Germany as very desirable for their regular and safe management, and recommends for this purpose the mean solar time of the earth's meridian, which lies 15 degrees east from the meridian of Greenwich Observatory. The society is further of opinion that the introduction of this time-reckoning with Germany is of advantage in a legal and civil point of view and, as in the case of England, Sweden, North America and Japan, will easily be effected."

The society finally resolved to bring this resolution before the imperial authorities and the States' governments.

The action of the Berlin Society is fully endorsed by the Hungarian authorities, who are taking similar steps.

Severe colds are easily cured by the use of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, a medicine of extraordinary penetrating and healing properties. It is acknowledged by those who have used it as being the best medicine sold for coughs, colds, inflammation of the lungs, and all affections of the throat and chest. Its agreeableness to the taste makes it a favorite with ladies and children.

A BIG AWARD.

The Arbitrators in the Larratt Smith Property Make their Deliverance.

The arbitrators in the matter of the expropriation of the property of Dr. Larratt Smith on behalf of the city to gain a free entrance into Rosehill Reservoir Park, surrendered their award yesterday on the demand of Mr. Wallace Nesbitt, solicitor for Dr. Smith. The Board was composed of Judge Morgan, Walter S. Lee and J. Enoch Thompson. They give the professor $30,000 for the property to be expropriated, which, in case he opens up a private street to give frontage to his other property, is to be reduced to $22,000.

It will be recollected that the city offered Dr. Smith $25,105 for the roadway, which he refused to accept preferring rather to trust to arbitration.

—Caswell, Massey & Co's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil with Pepsin and Quinine, is recognized as the best preparation known. Prescribed by the leading physicians. W. A. Dyer & Co., Montreal.

IT MUST BE REMEDIED.

The Secretary of War And the Toronto Veterans.

For years past the army and navy pensioners residing in Toronto, when going down to draw their allowances, have been compelled to wait outside the office until their turn came round, notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather. Rain or shine the old fellows who had stood by their country in the days of their manhood and strength, were denied the privilege of shelter for the few minutes previous to being paid off. The Army and Navy Veterans' Society determined to see if the evil could not be remedied, and to that end appealed to the Home Office in London. On Monday last a reply was received to the effect that shelter must be afforded the pensioners, and stating that steps would be taken at once to that end.

Burdock Blood Bitters cure Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Biliousness, Constipation, Headache, Loss of Appetite and Debility by the unequalled purifying, regulating tonic effect of the medicine.

SHE IS GOING AHEAD.

The Mayor Elect of West Toronto Junction Talks to The World.

The Mayor-elect of West Toronto Junction, Ald. St. Leger, talked to The World yesterday of the prospects of that flourishing little town. "It may not be generally known," he said, "that Mayor Clendennan and myself were the two first men to invest in property at the Junction with a view of making it a town. We had faith in its future, and that faith has borne fruits. We are now considering a scheme to provide sewage, on the basis of a population of 50,000 people. You will see a wonderful advance there shortly. The Clarke trunk factory is coming out there and in three months time we will also have the Gurney foundry with us. We will have a registry office there, and all we want besides is a live daily paper."

Jacob H. Bloomer of Virgilia, N.Y., writes "Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil cured a badly swollen neck and sore throat on my son in forty-eight hours; one application also removed the pain from a very sore toe; my wife's foot was also much inflamed—so much so that she could not walk about the house; she applied the oil and in twenty-four hours was entirely cured."

More About the Free Breakfast.

EDITOR WORLD: According to your report in Monday's paper of what I said at the free breakfast on Sunday morning last I am afraid that I did not state my views thereon very clearly. Will you therefore kindly allow me to give them in a few words?

The free breakfast and its religious service I most heartily concur in; it must have a tendency for good. The establishment of a labor bureau for these men I consider ought not to be a necessity. With the abundant provision made by the city corporation at the House of Industry for the dealing with these men, if only thoroughly and efficiently managed, everything pertaining to them during the winter season should be there; but if that institution is not efficiently worked then I wish every success to the intended effort.

J. E. PELL.

What it Costs for Water.

During the year 1889 there was consumed in the Waterworks pumping station 9616 tons of coal, at a total cost including cartage of $45,000. It is expected that with the improved service the cost will still be further reduced in 1890.

Holloway's Corn Cure is the medicine to remove all kinds of corns and warts, and only costs the small sum of twenty-five cents.

THE BOMBSHELL FELL.

It Was Directed Against Vicar-General Laurent of St. Patrick's Ward.

In accordance with the rule in such cases made and provided, the old members of the Separate School Board met last evening in the De La Salle building to hear the reports of the previous day's elections, and declare them legal. As the regular chairman, Vicar-General Rooney, being a new member, could not preside, Rev. Father McCann, the secretary-treasurer, took the chair. There were present besides Rev. Father O'Reilley, Rev. Father McPhillips, Hon. T. W. Anglin, C. Burns, W. Fraser, James Ryan, John O'Connor, Patrick O'Connor, M. Kielty, E. J. Rielly, D. A. Carey and Neil Smith.

Proceedings opened at 7.30 by Secretary Hall reading the returns of the contested wards. In the matter of St. James' Ward the protest filed against the return of Rev. Father Gibbons by Mr. Curran was read by the chairman, who refused to allow it to be considered, on the ground that the business before the meeting was simply to pass upon the reports of the returning officers, and that the courts were the proper place to show up any illegality.

Mr. Curran, who was present, then fired the threatened bombshell. It was as follows:

To the Secretary of the Separate School Board, Toronto:

SIR,—I hereby enter protest against the election of Rev. J. M. Laurent as trustee of the above board for St. Patrick's Ward for the ensuing two years on account of being improperly qualified, and his nomination being illegal.

Respectfully yours, PATRICK CURRAN.

This document met with the same fate as the Gibbons one. The returns were then approved of on motion of Mr. C. Burns, seconded by Mr. W. Fraser and the board adjourned.

The World asked Mr. Curran after the meeting on what grounds it was proposed to upset the election of Vicar-General Laurent. After a great deal of persuasion the ex-trustee finally made the following deliverance: "The grounds of opposition to Father Laurent is because he is not a British subject and an alien. Then his nomination was illegal. The person who was sent for to nominate him declared that he was not a separate school supporter and therefore could not interfere. In spite of this his name was put up as seconder."

It was learnt subsequently that the party referred to was Mr. John O'Leary, but Father Laurent's friends claim that as Mr. O'Leary was rated as a separate school supporter, and he did not come forward and order his name to be withdrawn, the nomination is perfectly valid. Mr. Curran told The World that he and his friends would fight the matter to the bitter end, and carry the case to every court in the Dominion. The indications are that matters, instead of quieting down will grow still more lively, as there are still a few staunch supporters of the ballot left on the board.

Who will be the leader to take the place of Trustee Cahill is still a moot point. The honor lies between Trustee Walsh and Trustee Kielty. The latter is an aggressive fighter after the manner of Cahill, while Walsh, although he does not speak often, can be very forcible when occasion requires. The anti-Laurent men, however, are jubilant at their victory, which was much more sweeping than their most sanguine imaginings permitted them to hope for.

Dyspepsia or indigestion is occasioned by the want of action in the biliary ducts, loss of vitality in the stomach to secrete the gastric juices, without which digestion cannot go on; also, being the principal cause of headache. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills taken before going to bed, for a while, never fail to give relief and effect a cure. Mr. F. W. Ashdown, Ashdown, Ont, writes: "Parmelee's Pills are taking the lead against ten other makes which I have in stock."

THOSE WHO TEACH SCIENCE.

Organization of an Association for Promoting the Study of Natural Science.

F. W. Merchant, B.A., of Owen Sound, presided at a meeting of the Science Teachers of Ontario, held yesterday afternoon and evening in the Canadian Institute. There were not a great many of the active teachers present, but all who were able to attend entered heartily into the scheme of forming an association with the object in view of encouraging the study of natural science in the high schools and collegiate institutes of Ontario.

The only business done during the afternoon was the adoption of a constitution and the election of these officers:

Honorary President—Prof. Ramsay Wright.
President—F. W. Merchant.
Vice-President—H. B. Spotten.
Secretary-Treasurer—William Burns.
Councillors—W. S. Ellis, W. Oliver, J. B. Turner, T. H. Lennox and J. J. Mackenzie.

At the evening session H. B. Spotten, B.A., delivered an interesting address upon "Science in Reference to the Junior Matriculation Examination," which was followed by some discussion.

The newly-formed association will meet again this morning in Biological Hall, Toronto University. The program is:

9 a.m. High School Text Books in Science... J. B. Turner, B.A.
Desirability of beginning the Honor Science Course in the First Year of the University Work... W. S. Ellis, B.A., B.Sc.
Technical Education... A. P. Knight, B.A.
2 p.m. The Study of Cryptogamic Plants in High Schools... J. J. McKenzie, B.A.
Value of a Training in Natural Science to Teachers... William Burns, B.A.

A. Burns, blacksmith, Cobourg, tried every known remedy during fifteen years' suffering with Dyspepsia. Four bottles of Burdock Blood Bitters cured him.

THE LICENSE DEPARTMENT.

A Branch of the City's Work Which is Steadily on the Increase.

General Inspector Awde of the License Department makes a good showing for 1889 as compared with previous years. The figures for the last four years are as follows:

1886	$20,540
1887	25,498 65
1888	27,169 76
1889	33,233 94

This gives an increase in revenue in the last four years of $13,000 odd, a proof of the rapid growth of the city.

The returns for December are as follows:

Auctioneers	$ 25	
Billiards	40	
Butchers	93	
"	19	
"	230	
Express	78	40
Hawkers	2	
Livery	2	
Milk dealers	27	50
Miscellaneous	50	
Plumbers	10	
Second-hand dealers	16	25
Tobacco and cigars	15	
Victualling houses	25	
Transfers		

Health-giving Herbs, Barks, Roots and Berries are in Burdock Blood Bitters which regulate all the secretions, purify the blood and strengthen the entire system.

Help! O Ye Ministers!

A deputation from Port Rowan, consisting of Dr. Stewart, Capt. J. A. Dease and J. L. Buck, waited on the Attorney-General yesterday to ask his assistance in getting the municipality out of a little muddle. At the last session of the county council (Norfolk) Port Rowan was incorporated as a village but the returning officer failed to hold nomination meeting at the proper time and as a consequence the citizens are unable to proceed with the duties of electing a council. As there is no provision in the act to help them out of the dilemma, the Government have been appealed to. The Attorney-General promised to lay the matter before his confreres to-day and advise at an early date the best measures to pursue.

Burdock Blood Bitters will speedily cleanse all impurities from the blood and cure Blotches, Boils, Pimples, Ulcers, Erysipelas and Chronic Diseases of the Skin.

Wedding on Murray-Street.

A large gathering assembled at the residence of Mr. James Alison, 52 Murray-street, on New Year's evening. Maggie, second daughter of the above named gentleman, was united to Mr. J. S. Conning of Knox College. The bride was very handsomely dressed in a tann-colored suit trimmed with velvet lace. The presents were both numerous and handsome. The happy couple left by the evening train for a tour through the west.

ST. DAVID'S WARD.

Some Pointers for the Electors in Their Municipal Contest.

Why the electors of St. David's Ward should support W. C. Price as alderman for 1890.

1st. He would, if elected, press both the railway companies for a freight and passenger station in your ward.

2nd. He would advocate electric street railway, giving a more frequent service, lower charges, and employment to a greater number of men.

3rd. He would endeavor to have a fair share of the taxes paid by this ward spent in the ward.

4th. He would advocate the publishing of the assessment rolls, which would have a great effect of equalizing the taxes of the entire city.

5th. He wants to have the Edison low current incandescent electric light wires laid in the ward at once. So you can be furnished with the cheapest light without delay.

6th. He is opposed to any exemptions, and if elected will press industriously for their removal.

7th. He is a heavy taxpayer himself, and if elected, will use every endeavor in the best interests of his ward.

"This Comes Hopping."

"This comes 'hopping' to find you well as it leaves me at this present," was the quaint finish, to many a letter in days gone by. The "hopping" was odd spelling for hoping. This comes hoping to point same weary woman, the victim of functional derangements of uterine troubles, internal inflammation and ulceration or any other ailments peculiar to the sex, the way of hope, health and happiness. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the only medicine for woman's peculiar weaknesses and ailments sold by druggists under a positive guarantee from the manufacturers of satisfaction being given in every case, or money refunded. See guarantee printed on bottle wrapper.

The Ladies Jubilant in the Glad New Year.

An adjourned meeting of the Woman's Enfranchisement Association of Canada was held at the residence of the president, Dr. E. H. Stowe, to consider the appointment of an organizer for the province. After considerable discussion it was decided to offer the position to Mrs. Mary Seymour Howells, whose visit to this city a year ago is so favorably remembered by the general public. The President announced the formation of an organization guarantee fund to which several citizens had already contributed handsomely. The meeting endorsed the action of the president and added to the funds the amount of $40.

A committee consisting of Mesdames Jacob Spence, McDonnell, St. Croix, McMahon and Baxter were appointed to make the necessary arrangements for the visit of Rev. Annie H. Shaw on behalf of the objects of this association. This favorite speaker will be in the city about Jan. 26. It was resolved:

That this association record its appreciation of the promptitude with which Rev. Dr. Wild has responded to our request for a lecture or a sermon on Woman Suffrage, Dr. Wild being the first out of a list of sixty city ministers who received our request.

Dr. Stowe was accredited to the coming National Woman Suffrage Convention to be held at Washington, D.C., in February, to convey fraternal greetings from this association.

There is nothing equal to Mother Graves Worm Exterminator for destroying worms. No article of its kind has given such satisfaction.

The Children of Deaf Mutes.

EDITOR WORLD: I take exception to your editorial article on "The Human Race," in The World of Saturday last, as far as mutes are concerned. You say "But it seems to us that the climax is reached, and one that should be frustrated by law when deaf mutes intermarry." Why? Because you are under the impression that mutes beget mutes. A great many intelligent persons have the same idea, but they have arrived at a conclusion without investigating the matter. I have been collecting statistics relative to the deaf in Ontario for over ten years, and various tables of interest concerning them have appeared in the yearly report of this institution. In July last I sent a letter to every newspaper in Ontario, which was kindly published by them with scarcely an exception asking for the names and addresses of mutes, with or without children, so that I might learn as nearly as possible how many deaf children were born to deaf mute parents.

Now what are the facts?

It is estimated that in Ontario there is one deaf mute to every 1500 of the population, or about 1330 in all.

Up to the 30th September last 827 mute children were enrolled as pupils of this institution during the nineteen years of its existence. The fathers' and mothers' of these children are reported as hearing and speaking persons, with one exception. A little father now has a mother who is deaf, she having lost her hearing by a fever when four years of age and the child lost his hearing at two years of age from a similar cause.

There is one little deaf boy four years of age in the province whose father and mother are deaf.

I have the names and addresses of twenty-seven married couples, mutes, mostly graduates of our institution who have 71 children; of these 70 can hear and speak, and only one is congenitally deaf and dumb—the case noted above.

From the foregoing it is clear to my mind that the probability of a mute race from the intermarriage of mutes is very remote, and the urgency of a law forbidding their marriage unnecessary.

I am glad you are taking an interest in this matter and hope you will push your inquiries a little further and let your readers know how the silent members of the community in Toronto are getting on in the world. I can furnish you with the names and addresses of a number of mute married persons living in your city, who are, without exception, good, orderly, industrious citizens. It might be too much trouble for you to visit them at their homes, but if you can spare a little time to be with them when they meet on Sundays for religious exercises, Mr. J. D. Nasmith of Jarvis-street, will, I feel assured, esteem it a pleasure to escort you to their place of meeting. You will find assembled from 50 to 50 middle-aged and young persons, of both sexes, married and single, well-dressed, courteous, intelligent, and all interested in their devotions. Question them as to how they make a living and you will find that some are portrait artists, photographers, wood engravers, lithographers, printers, bookbinders, shoemakers, painters, blacksmiths, tailors, carpenters, milliners, etc.

To see how the young mutes are trained for the responsibilities of life, take a run to Belleville and stay with us at the institution for a few days.

Wishing you the compliments of the season. Yours faithfully,

R. MATHISON.

Institution for the Deaf and Dumb, Belleville, Dec. 31, 1889.

Scrofula

Is one of the most fatal scourges which afflict mankind. It is often inherited, but may be the result of improper vaccination, mercurial poisoning, uncleanliness, and various other causes. Chronic Sores, Ulcers, Abscesses, Cancerous Humors, and, in some cases, Emaciation, and Consumption, result from a scrofulous condition of the blood. This disease can be cured by the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

I inherited a scrofulous condition of the blood, which caused a derangement of my whole system. After taking less than four bottles of Ayer's Sarsaparilla I am

Entirely Cured

and, for the past year, have not found it necessary to use any medicine whatever. I am now in better health, and stronger, than ever before.—O. A. Willard, 218 Tremont st., Boston, Mass.

I was troubled with Scrofulous Sores for five years; but, after using a few bottles of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, the sores healed, and I have now good health.—Elizabeth Warnock, 54 Appleton street, Lowell, Mass.

Some months ago I was troubled with Scrofulous Sores on my leg. The limb was badly swollen and inflamed, and the sores discharged large quantities of offensive matter. Every remedy failed, until I used Ayer's Sarsaparilla. By taking three bottles of this medicine the sores have been entirely healed, and my health is fully restored. I am grateful for the good this medicine has done me.—Mrs. Ann O'Brian, 158 Sullivan st., New York.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Druggists. Price $1; six bottles, $5.

ADVERTISING FAKIRS

Strike the Town and Carry Off $5000 of Plunder—The Mail a Party to One of the Swindles.

Two advertising fakirs struck the town about a month ago, bought the space of three pages of The Mail for $600 a page, engaged a couple of local fakirs and then went at the business men with a story that The Mail was going to write an illustrated business review of the trade of Toronto for New Year's Day, a review that would be the most complete of its kind ever compiled, and that considering the immense circulation the paper would have that day they had the gall to ask and inveigle a lot of merchants and others into paying from 50 cents and $1 a line for the insertion of their cards. As The Mail fathered the project and published this review as its own the people who paid their money and think they were done up are looking to The Mail for a refund of the money extracted from them on the most flagrant false pretences. The Mail clears $600 by the deal, and the fakirs over $3000. This is not the first nor the third time that Toronto has been swindled by such fakirs, and that a paper of The Mail's reputation should countenance such a swindle is surprising. If The Mail has been misled, as it claims to have been, the least it can do is to refund the money to the victims.

Another of these fakirs struck the town ten days ago. He asked for the telegraph office, there he got a list of their offices; armed with this he drew up a "scheme" and presented himself before the business men. He had been authorized by the telegraph company to print, we do not know how many thousands of their list of offices, and he would be willing to print a few business cards as a border to the list for so much a piece. The fakir made several hundred dollars. He did not carry out his promises, but he collected in the plunder.

Next this industrious fakir bought a copy of the Canadian almanac, cut out his list of "Banks and their Branches," pasted it on a card, and those business men that he did not catch for the telegraph fake, he caught for the banks and their branches' fake. He will jump or has already jumped out of the town with over $1000 in his pocket for a few worthless hanging cards, and will probably work the same racket in another town for as much more money.

Here then are these wandering fakirs taking $5000 out of Toronto within the last three weeks for their ancient and barefaced swindles. The victims almost merit their loss, but that a paper like The Mail should aid and abet them is rather unlooked for.

JEALOUSY AROUSED

The jealousy of the general practitioner of medicine in Toronto has been aroused by the success of the advertising specialists, and is the sole reason why they take the negative side of the question, "Is it right for doctors to advertise their specialties?" This question is wrong and can only be taken on purely selfish grounds, as any one with common sense knows that a specialist who makes particular diseases his special study will be more competent to deal with them than the general practitioner, who treats all the diseases known to man. Below we give an illustration wherein a party was perfectly cured by an advertising specialist. Mr. John Stitt of No. 236 Ontario-street, had been for years treated by general petitioners of medicine, and had grown from bad to worse until his case was to him hopeless. He was so bad he had to abandon his work, but he noticed the advertisement of the Medical Institution for the cure of Catarrh, Dyspepsia and Chronic Diseases, located at 198 King-street west, and resolved to give them a trial. Mr. Stitt had chronic dyspepsia, his appetite was gone, he had nasty pains and burning sensations in his stomach, attended by occasional vomiting, was bloated, had palpitation of the heart, headache, dizziness, pain in the back, felt worn out on the least exertion, had no ambition. After a short course of treatment he was entirely cured and is now a well and happy man. He can be seen by any one who wishes to call on him and will gladly tell his story.

We have hundreds of similar testimonials which can be seen on application at our office. No testimonials published without consent of patients. Medical Institution, 198 King-street west. Office hours, from 9 a.m. to 8 p.m.; Sundays, 1 p.m. to 3 p.m.

SCOTT'S EMULSION

DOES CURE

CONSUMPTION

In its First Stages.

Palatable as Milk.

Be sure you get the genuine in Salmon color wrapper; sold by all Druggists, at 50c. and $1.00.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Belleville.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that "The Toronto Savings Bank Charitable Trust" will make application to the parliament of Canada at the next session thereof for an act authorizing the said Trust to invest the fund or any part or parts of the fund retained by it under a transfer sanctioned by an act of the parliament of Canada passed in the forty-second year of Her Majesty's reign and chaptered 55, entitled "An Act to Confirm an Indenture of Sale by the Trustees of the Toronto Savings Bank to the Home Savings and Loan Company, Limited," in the same manner and subject to the same duties and responsibilities as are provided for investment by trustees under the law in the Province of Ontario.

O'SULLIVAN & ANGLIN,
Solicitors for the Toronto Savings Bank Charitable Trust.

Toronto, 19th Dec., 1889. 51

NOTICE. Application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario at the next session thereof to incorporate a company to be called the Toronto Transfer and Warehouse Company, with power to construct a railway from the crossing of the Canadian Pacific Railway and Grand Trunk Railway tracks, at or near Parliament-street, or wherever said crossing may be, then easterly crossing the Don south of the Grand Trunk Railway bridge along the north shore of Ashbridge's Bay and Lake Ontario, to the westerly limit of Victoria Park, and also from a point on said Victoria Park, and also from a point on said proposed line of railway, west of Kew Beach, and extending westerly along the arm of land which bounds Ashbridge's Bay on the south to the extreme westerly point of said arm, with power to construct swing bridges over the River Don and Coatsworth's Cut, and also from said extreme westerly point to extend northerly to meet the first above mentioned line at a point east of its crossing over the Don, and also to construct any line or lines of railway to connect with the present and any other systems of railway entering the city of Toronto, and to connect with any union station which may hereafter be built in said city, and to erect warehouses along said railway and do a general warehousing business.

C. N. SHANLY,
For the Applicants.

Toronto, Dec. 13, 1889.

TORONTO POSTAL GUIDE. DURING the month of December, 1889, mails close and are due as follows:

	Close. a.m.	Close. p.m.	Due. a.m.	Due. p.m.
G.T.R. East	6.00	7.30	7.45	10.30
O. and Q. Railway	7.30	7.45	8.00	9.00
G.T.R. West	7.00	3.20	12.40	7.40
N. and N. W.	7.00	4.40	10.00	8.10
T. G. and B.	7.00	3.45	11.00	8.30
Midland	6.30	3.30	12.30	9.30
C.V.R.	7.00	3.20	9.00	9.30
	a.m.	p.m	a.m.	p.m
G.W.R.		2.00	7.45	12.50
	6.00	4.00	10.30	2.00
	11.30	9.30		3.40
				8.30
	a.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m
U.S.N.Y.	6.00	4.00	10.30	9.00
	11.30	9.30	9.00	5.45
U.S. Western States	6.00	9.30		7.30
	12.00			

English mails will be