The Colonist.

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ELECTION STATISTICS.

The government organs in a half-hearted kind of way question the accuracy of the election statistics adduced by the Conservative newspapers to prove that the Liberal majority in Parliament represents a minority of the electors of the Dominion. They say that the figures are not official. The record of the votes polled for each candidate is official, and the Conservative calculations are based on that record. The official record, it is true, does not classify the candidates, but it would be difficult to make a mistake in the classification. Nothing was easier than to classify the candidates into Conservative, Liberal and Independent. We do not know of a single candidate who did not state before the election took place exactly where he stood on the different issues before the people. It may be said, and it is said, that some of the Conservatives were opposed to "coercing" Manitoba and so were a great many, perhaps the majority of the Liberals; yet Mr. Laurier more than once distinctly and specifically promised to restore to the Manitoba minority their separate schools, adding that if this object could not be attained by conciliatory means recourse would be had to the remedy provided by the Constitution. If then those who were opposed to the restoration of separate schools are to be taken from the Conservative list it is only fair that they should also be deducted from the Liberal list. If that were done it would be found that the Liberal Government represents a very small minority of the electors of Canada. The election is over and the Government have been in power nearly two months and it is not yet known what the policy of the Liberals on the school question is to be.

Who are to be fooled—the electors of Quebec who were made to believe that Mr. Laurier intended to do justice to the Catholic minority of Manitoba by enacting a more stringent and a more effective law than the one introduced by Sir Charles Tupper, or the Liberals of Ontario and the other Provinces who were assured that "coercion" would not, under any circumstances, be applied to Manitoba—that Mr. Laurier, if he were raised to power, would keep his hands off Manitoba? It is evident that when the time for action comes, when neither deception nor delay is any longer possible, it will be seen who have been duped. As for carrying out the principle involved in the cry "Hands off Manitoba," that is already admitted by Mr. Laurier to be impossible. He has, since the election, made preparations to lay hands on Manitoba by means of a Commission. That Commission is to be appointed for the express purpose of interfering with the school legislation of that Province. If the Government of Manitoba can neither be bribed nor persuaded into altering the school law of the Province so that it will accord with the findings of the Commission, what are Mr. Laurier's Government going to do? They are bound in good faith to introduce such a remedial bill as Mr. Laurier and Mr. Geoffrion promised the electors of the Province of Quebec.

A little reflection must show the Liberal organs that it is perfectly fair to place all the votes polled for candidates who were known to be Conservatives on the Conservative list, and all votes polled for candidates known to be Liberals on the Liberal list without inquiring too closely as to what their views were on the Manitoba school question. To pursue any other course would be to make the Liberal minority very much smaller than it has been shown to be. The Liberal newspapers have not made the slightest effort to prove that the Liberal majority in Parliament represents a Liberal majority in the country. The reason of this no doubt is that they know perfectly well that no matter how they manipulate the figures they cannot make it appear that a majority of votes was polled for the Liberal candidates.

A SHARP CONTEST.

Mr. William Paterson, the new Controller of Customs, will have to fight for his seat. He is running for North Grey, by no means a sure seat for a Liberal. Mr. Clarke, the late member, won it from the Conservative candidate by a majority of thirty-two only. The Conservative party, as might have been expected, are doing what they can to recover the seat. It is significant that both Sir Charles Tupper and Mr. Clarke Wallace are working to secure the return of Mr. McLaughlin, the Conservative candidate. They are allowing the responsibility of settling the Manitoba school question to be carried by the present Government. Instead of accepting the burden cheerfully the Grits are whining in a most melancholy way and accusing the Conservatives of inconsistency. It is hard to see where the inconsistency comes in. The Grits found fault with the way in which the Conservatives were handling that question; they did their best to convince the people that if they were in power they would treat it in a gentler manner and would succeed in settling it to the satisfaction of all concerned in a very short time. Some of the people believed them. They succeeded in getting the power they asked for; and there is surely nothing wrong in the Conservatives standing aloof and giving the Grits the opportunity they wanted to get over the Manitoba difficulty neatly and quickly.

THE SITUATION IN THE STATES.

We see in the American newspapers different accounts of Bryan's progress and prospects. The organs of the silver Democrats appear to be delighted with his success. They say that wherever he goes he carries all before him; that he is making converts by the thousand among workingmen and farmers. They declare with the utmost confidence that present appearances indicate that Bryan is to be the next President of the United States.

The Republican and the gold Democratic papers on the other hand affirm that the people of the East see through Bryan, that they look upon him as a clever and audacious advocate of a vicious currency system. His New York speech, they say, though less objectionable in form than his Chicago oration, was equally unsound and equally fallacious in substance. All that men of common sense require to perceive how shallow, how sophistical and how dangerous it is is to have time and opportunity to study it carefully. There is nothing surer, they declare, than that the Eastern States will reject Bryan and his theories by an almost unanimous vote.

Yet, it is evident that they fear Bryan a very great deal more than they despise him. The newspapers are filled with attacks on him and with arguments against the cause he advocates. It is clear that the Republicans and gold Democrats, although they have not yet united heartily against Bryan and his party, have commenced a campaign of education. They appear bound that the electors shall be made aware of the mischievous nature of the teachings of the Silverites and of the ruinous results that must follow any attempt to put their principles into practise. Whether they will be as successful as teachers as Bryan and his host of associates and disciples are it is difficult to say. So dangerous are Bryan's teachings, and such is their effect on the people that leading Democrats have considered it their duty to use their personal influence as well as their talents to counteract their effect. Charles A. Dana is one of these. The venerable editor of the New York Sun has published a letter over his own signature in which he warns the people against the principles which Bryan is advocating. He inveighs chiefly against the free coinage of silver, interference with the constitution of the Supreme Court and the approval of lawless violence by the denial of the right of the Federal Government to interfere in the different States for the purpose of preserving the peace and protecting life and property. Mr. Dana earnestly exhorts all whom he addresses to unite without regard to party or section to avert the evils with which the country is threatened. Here is the concluding paragraph of his letter:

All questions relating to the tariff have become insignificant for the time being, in view of the possibility, however slight, that the abhorrent principles of the Chicago platform may prevail. The duty and the necessity to compass the final overthrow of that platform by assisting in the defeat of William J. Bryan are most imperative and solemn. This may most certainly be accomplished by voting for the electors pledged to the support of William McKinley; but I have no quarrel with any Democrat who adopts any other course which seems to him equally well adapted or better adapted to the same end.

Mr. Dana and men of the school of politicians to which he belongs must see that the danger of Popocratic ascendancy is great and imminent, or they would not be so earnest in opposing Bryan. If the nominee of the Silverites were a mere blatherskite they would not go so far out of their usual course to warn the people against him and his teachings.

ANTI-BRITISH APPEALS.

Both parties in the States we see appeal to the hatred and jealousy of the British nation, supposed to be so active and so general among Americans, to gain supporters to the cause which they advocate. The Republicans, who are zealous protectionists, say that the free trade policy advocated by the Democrats is a British policy and that its adoption by the United States is just what the British want. They say that "the change made by the Democrats in the tariff, while it has been injurious to the interests of the people of the United States, has been most beneficial to the business men and the working classes of Great Britain. It follows, then, that if the people vote for the Democratic candidates they will vote for increasing the prosperity and adding to the power of Great Britain. Are Americans become so degenerate and so disloyal as to play into the hands of their hereditary enemies, etc., etc."

This is of course great rubbish, for the United States tariff was revised with the view to benefit the people of the United States, and those only; and if the revison has not had that effect it was because the Democratic statesmen could not foresee the results of their legislation. But the stump orators did not wait to consider this; what they wanted was to produce on their hearers an effect favorable to their cause, and they used the arguments and the appeals which, in their opinion, were best calculated to bring about that effect.

That the Silverites ask the people of the United States to reject the gold standard because it is the British standard, must be admitted by every man who has an intelligent knowledge of the controversy now raging in the United States. So frequently is the appeal made to anti-British feeling and so effective does it seem to be that the advocates of sound money consider it necessary to expose its dishonesty and its general worthlessness. The New York Commercial-Advertiser devotes the leading article of its issue of the 10th inst. to this subject. It says:

Nothing could show more plainly the contempt which the free silver organs entertain for the intelligence of their readers than the persistent assertion of these journals that the gold standard is a British device for impoverishing and enslaving the rest of the world. This weary and dreary old lie has been refuted hundreds of times. Yet the mine owners' organs go on repeating it with unblushing impudence, and Bryan himself reiterates it with parrot-like volubility whenever he can get a few score of voters within reach of his voice.

It is impossible to believe that either the repudiationist newspapers or their candidate can be sincere in their twaddle and buncombe about this matter. Bryan knows perfectly well—every free silver editor in the country knows—that the gold standard is no more British than steam engines, or railroads, or printing presses, or the telegraph or any of the appliances of modern civilization. Gold is to-day, by the common consent of civilized mankind, the basis of monetary values in all progressive and enlightened nations. Humanity has discarded silver as a unit of value precisely as it has discarded the stage coach and the hand spinning wheel—because it has found by experience that gold is infinitely better adapted to its needs, just as railways and power looms are better than the methods of transportation and textile manufacture used by our great grandfathers.

It is perfectly true that Great Britain, as the foremost commercial nation of Europe, is on the gold basis. But France is also on a gold basis. So is Germany. So is Austro-Hungary. So are Italy, Switzerland, Belgium, the Netherlands, Denmark, Sweden and Norway—every European country in fact, which makes any pretensions to civilization, except Russia; and the ablest statesmen of Russia have been devoting their energies for the past three years to the task of accumulating enough gold in the Imperial Treasury to enable the Muscovite Empire to join the rest of the world by planting itself on the gold standard.

This is very plain speaking and shows that appeals to anti-British feeling by the Silverites are very frequent and that they are addressed not only to the national prejudices but to the ignorance of the people.

B. C. MINES IN TORONTO.

TORONTO, Aug. 17.—(Special)—Herbert Cuthbert, a member of the Victoria Board of Trade and the Victoria Stock Exchange, is here to interest local capitalists in Pacific Coast mines. He says there are not three mining properties in British Columbia, where the title is perfect, whose stocks are lower now than they were six months ago. The big jumps in prices, he adds, were based on true developments of the properties.

Robert H. Ahn, of Rat Portage, who is placing the stock of the Golden Gate mine, Rainy river, on the market, on Saturday received an offer cabled from Edinburgh, from Lord Mount Stuart of Elphinstone, son of Lord Elphinstone, for the entire property. Mr. Ahn says the offer has not been accepted.

W. D. Balfour, member of the Ontario legislature for South Essex, who two weeks ago resigned the speakership to become provincial secretary in the Hardy government, is dying at his home in the parliament buildings from the effects of an attack of bleeding of the lungs.

Ald. Scott, who crossed to New York with Chief Justice Russell, announces that His Lordship will visit Toronto.

One Honest Man.

If written to confidentially I will mail in a sealed letter particulars of a genuine, honest home cure, by which I was permanently restored to health and manly vigor after years of suffering from nervous debility. I was robbed and swindled by the quacks until I nearly lost faith in mankind, but, thank Heaven, I am now well, vigorous and strong, and wish to make this certain means of cure known to all sufferers. I am desirous of helping the unfortunate to regain their health and happiness. I promise perfect secrecy. Please address, simply: P.O. Box 388, London, Ont. *

NEWS OF THE PROVINCE

Skagit Farmers Removing to British Columbia—Delta Crops—Mining at Shoal Bay.

Excellent Run of Salmon—Gold Mining in Cariboo—Westminster's Coming Show.

(Special to the COLONIST.)

VANCOUVER.

VANCOUVER, Aug. 17.—It has been decided to hold a subscription ball at the Hotel Vancouver during carnival week.

The Japanese mission at Vancouver is in full swing, and is now in charge of the Rev. George Kaberagi. Last night a reception was tendered to the new pastor, and the illuminations and literary programme were very meritorious. The affair was rendered more important by the presence of Hon. Mr. Nosse and staff.

Grain cutting is general throughout the district, and a good average yield is being harvested. The Delta crop is especially good, and the returns will be above the average.

Trout are commencing to come up the various coast streams. Some good baskets have been made up on the Coquitlam, and a few big hauls are reported from the Nicomekl, in Surrey.

A number of Skagit river farmers are removing to British Columbia, and will settle on Pitt Meadow lands, Coquitlam municipality. One of the new comers, named White, is bringing his family and all his live stock, implements, etc. He has rented a 100-acre farm for a term of five years.

G. W. Willis, who came down by the Comox on Friday from Shoal Bay, reports that there is considerable activity in that locality. Wm. Gerard, a mining man from California, is one of the latest arrivals there and has, it is reported, acquired options on several claims in that neighborhood.

A Chinaman was found dead on Dupont street to-day in an empty shack. A searching inquiry will be made by the coroner.

Another big salmon run has taken place, averaging 100 to the boat, the premier catch, 600, being made by J. Elckhoff.

VANCOUVER, Aug. 18.—During carnival week for the enjoyment of visitors trips will be arranged up in the mountains; down in the mines; while a diving bell will take a trip to the bottom of the Inlet every 15 minutes for 25 cents a passenger. The council have decided to allow a team from the local police force to pull in a tug-of-war against a team from Victoria during the celebration. One alderman, however, has stipulated that if the local team do not pull the visitors off their feet they be forthwith dismissed as servants of the city. The Boys' Brigade are to hold a military concert during carnival week. Mr. Clive Phillips Wolley will give a special prize for competition by the brigade. A subscription ball will be held at the opera house during the first week in September. On another evening a dance will be held on scows anchored in the inlet. J. M. Finn has written in reference to putting on the Victoria minstrels during the week of sport, but states that the company would not perform if a local burnt cork organization had arranged to do so. The Vancouver Lacrosse Minstrels have engaged the Opera house for two nights during the first week in September. A prize will be given to the first fisherman who arrives from Steveston in his boat under sail. All competitors to start at once. Mr. Suckling left for Victoria to-day to arrange for the trophy lacrosse competition. It is said by local yachtsmen that the races here on the first day of the carnival will be the best ever held on the Pacific coast. Victoria and the Sound will be well represented.

The carnival committee could not help the jockey club meet as requested, as all the available funds had been appropriated. The jockey club then undertook to hold the meet any way and at a meeting last night decided to offer $1,475 in prizes. Entry blanks will be issued on Wednesday. A good string of Victoria horses is looked for. The meet will attract a number of visitors to the carnival who otherwise would not come, and the carnival committee are grateful to the jockey club for not urging their just claims on the committee at this late hour when funds are not available. The city council have decided to forego all advantages from the meet to assist the jockey club.

The funeral of W. H. Denis, the late horseman, was very largely attended, thirty-five carriages being in line. The floral tributes were very numerous. The Vancouver jockey club sent their last token of friendship in the shape of a floral offering in the form of a horseshoe.

Japanese interpreters here charge $2.50 a day for their services, while in Japan the fee is 10 cents. Some of the aldermen are objecting to the British Columbia charge.

E. Lindsay Philips has returned from England, and reports that great interest is being taken in British Columbia mines by British capitalists. Mr. Philips succeeded in organizing a powerful company for the purchase of any good properties in British Columbia. Mr. Philips says that it is absolutely necessary for the credit of the province that wild cat mining be stopped.

W. Haywood, formerly of the Vancouver fir brigade, has been appointed chief of the Astoria fire brigade, and is arranging a grand three days' firemen's tournament in that town.

An attempt was made by a gang of burglars to break into several private houses yesterday. In every case the house-breakers were frightened away.

The city have been asked to help two destitute women—one named Haddon, 71 years old, who wants to go to St. George's Home, Montreal, but has no money, and one named Howard, whose husband has deserted her and left her destitute.

W. Keeler is asking for damages from the city owing to injuries sustained by falling on a defective sidewalk.

A case is to be tried to decide whether or not the late council had the power to decrease civic salaries by a majority vote. If the case is decided against the city lawsuits will be numerous.

The temperance organizations are petitioning the council not to allow liquor to be sold at Brockton Point during the carnival. There is a by-law in force to the effect that any responsible person can sell liquor at Brockton by paying $50 per day.

WESTMINSTER.

WESTMINSTER, Aug. 17.—The time limit in Westminster for receiving a rebate on civic taxes expires on August 31. The council have the matter under consideration and will probably further extend the time for the payment of the rebateable taxes.

The remains of a man found in the Fraser have been identified as those of a tramp who had been stealing a ride on the C.P.R. tea train when it plunged into the river during the recent flood.

Mr. Justice McCreight left yesterday morning for Kootenay, where His Lordship will remain probably for some weeks discharging official duties in that very important district. Chief Justice Davie has left Victoria on his way to Nelson, to take the special Court of Assizes there.

The banks have been very busy during the past few days paying cannery cheques, and business men have felt the benefit of the large increase in circulation.

Lieut.-Governor Dewdney will be asked to open the Royal agricultural show. The judges have been appointed for the different divisions. J. C. Snell, of Brampton, will judge cattle, sheep and swine, while Mr. Marker, of the Dominion dairy department, will be asked to judge in the dairy classes.

WESTMINSTER, Aug. 18.—A still bigger run of sockeyes has taken place in the Fraser to-day. The boats took from 100 to 900 fish.

It is rumored that the famous Eburn gold well has been sold to an outside syndicate for $30,000. The rumor has revived the interest in the claims. There is no question about a quantity of gold having been obtainable in the vicinity, but whether the claims can be worked at a profit or not has not been demonstrated.

The citizens' celebration committee met to-night and appointed working committees for the coming exhibition.

Rails will soon be laid on the extension of the Great Northern to South Westminster.

Lindsay Irvine shot three brown bears near his farm in Coquitlam yesterday. He first used a shotgun, which had no effect on the bears. He then went home and got a rifle and returned to the killing.

NANAIMO.

NANAIMO, Aug. 18.—The government steamer Quadra, Capt. Walbran, went out to Entrance Island lighthouse yesterday and supplied that station with the year's allowances of coal and other stores. Mooring stones for buoys were procured from Newcastle island quarry, the steamer then leaving for Burrard inlet.

On Sunday afternoon the funeral of the late Miss Edith Montgomery Gordon, daughter of the late D. W. Gordon, took place from the residence of her brother-in-law, Mr. W. Hunter, Newcastle townsite. The funeral service took place at St. Paul's church, and Rev. Canon Good officiated.

H. Parrish, of Newcastle townsite, has a cucumber measuring twenty-seven inches in length and weighing four and one-quarter pounds. It is a cross known as "Parrish's Model" and is a beauty in appearance as well as a mammoth in size.

Mr. John Carstairs, for many years a resident of Wellington, died at the Nanaimo hospital yesterday from consumption. He was a native of Scotland, aged 54 years, and leaves a widowed daughter, Mrs. Berteaux, to mourn his loss, his wife having died about a year ago.

On Sunday evening Rev. Mr. McRae preached his farewell sermon in St. Andrew's church, his text being "Farewell, brethern, farewell; be perfect, be of good comfort, be of one mind, live in peace; and the God of Love and Peace shall be with you." 2nd Corinthians, xiv, 11.

The Hodgson case was to-day postponed until the 20th inst.

DUNCAN.

DUNCAN, Aug. 17.—Mr. W. Rockett who is superintending the repairs to the Duncan wagon bridge, fell off the bridge yesterday upon some scaffolding beneath and is believed to have broken two ribs.

GOLDEN.

(From the Golden Era.)

Among the specimens now at the government office are some from the Boston mine, recently purchased by an American syndicate. The ore runs very high in silver and copper, the lowest assay yet obtained being 3 oz. gold, 150 silver and 35 per cent. copper; the last assay made gave 1 oz. gold, 268 silver and 40 per cent. copper. There are also remarkably fine specimens from the Hidden Treasure copper mine, and one from Messrs. Moodie and Drainard's claim at Ottertail.

H. R. Moodie came down from Ottertail Wednesda,. He seems well pleased with the prospects.

J. C. Greene has staked out a claim at Ottertail adjoining that held by Messrs. Drainard and Moodie.

A strong company has been formed to work the International claim. Mr. Townsend is to get all matters prepared and will get a supply of provisions and supplies transported to the mine so that mining operations may continue all winter.

CARIBOO.

(From the B. C. Mining Journal.)

A person who has stayed at 150-mile house for some time says that no less than twelve different nationalities had taken dinner there on the same day, including English, Scotch, Irish, American, Spanish, French, German, Italian, Mexican, Japanese and Chinese.

The machinery for the steamer Charlotte, to ply on the Quesnelle, was loaded here yesterday. The weight is about 18 tons; it will be taken through to Quesnelle by Lu Hautier with his twelve-mule team.

Work on the bed-rock drain on Williams creek has been resumed after having been shut down for some months. Contractor Rivard has started three shifts to work and will push it through while the water is low.

Messrs. Heney, Heard, and E. and J. Bradley have just returned from the lower end of Fountain creek, which heads in Van Winkle mountain and flows south. They report an abundance of fish, but gold a good deal harder to catch.

The Slough creek company are working two shifts and expect to have it up to where they intend starting their bedrock shaft shortly.

Mr. Burton, in the "62" claim at the mouth of Mosquito creek which puts into Lightning creek at the Bonanza, is in about 200 feet with his third tunnel, looking for the old run.

The South Wales Company are on pay again. It is to be hoped they will be able to manage the slum, as they have undoubtedly the richest piece of known drifting ground in Cariboo.

LILLOOET.

(From the B.C. Mining Journal.)

It is reported that twenty men have been put to work on the Golden Eagle with the intention of securing several tons of rock, to be shipped to some stamp mill in order that it may prove its value.

Several men have vacated Pavilion and have secured a situation for the time being at the above mentioned mine.

Quartz mining is becoming as great an interest in Lillooet now as the quartz and hydraulic mines used to be several years ago.

FORT STEELE.

(From the Prospector.)

The Nip and Tuck are working night and day, and will continue as long as the water lasts.

Another rich strike is reported near Wolf creek; the ore is gray copper and the lead about 75 feet in width.

Al. Murtz has struck three feet of solid galena on the Skylight claim on Tracey creek.

The North Star company are working in the north drift, taking out ore that runs $100 to the ton.

A bond will be taken on the Emerald mine, one of the Dibble group, during the coming week.

The Invicta company are working three giants. The large amount of gravel being worked indicates a good clean-up at the end of the season.

TRAIL.

(From the Trail Creek News.)

In a few days Trail will have waterworks in active operation.

J. A. Mara, ex-M.P., is managing the business of the C. & K. S. N. Co. in the absence of Captain Troup.

A correspondent pronounces the R. G. Sovereign claim, near Trail, as one of the most promising claims in that district. It is under bond for $35,000 and being worked by Gen. Charles S. Warren, of Butte, Montana. The showing is very good. The shaft is down 35 feet in solid ore, the general average being $16.40.

At the smelter matters are progressing satisfactorily. The new 250-ton blast furnace is in place and ready for business. Its addition gives the smelter a top-notch capacity of 500 tons per day, and from date there will be treated at Trail all the ore the Columbia & Western can bring from Rossland. Among the new improvements is a Chili mill, for grinding the clay to be used around the furnaces. The new assay office is completed. The blower for the furnace was put in place on Monday. A Blake crusher that will sample 400 tons of ore per day, will at once be placed in position in the sampling house.

The customs business of $5,000,000 for the port of Northport in one year is a record which few custom houses in the United States can equal, but the balance of trade is in favor of the United States. The value of silver lead ores up to June 30, passing through the officials' hands and on which duty has been paid, was $2,000,000. Forty thousand tons comprised the shipments, and they consisted of ores and bullion. Most of this came from the Slocan country via the Pilot Bay smelter, and the duties on it aggregated $96,000. The Slocan Star and the Skyline are the heaviest shippers in that section. Gold ores have been shipped from Trail and other districts to the value of $2,000,000, divided between the smelters in Washington and states to the east. This makes the total value of ores for a year $4,000,000. In a year's time goods to the value of a million dollars have passed through Northport and have paid duty. By far the largest part of the exports have been groceries and food stuffs, nearly 75 per cent. of the total coming from Eastern Washington.

REVELSTOKE.

(From the Kootenay Mail.)

The body of Jake Hoar was discovered on Wednesday under four feet of snow near Trout lake. The fingers of one hand on which was a black mit showed up above the snow and were first discovered by the dog "Tuck." The dog stopped behind the men and howled when near the body.

Jack Knowles is working hard on the Silver Cup extension, which is looking fine.

Never before in the history of the Big Bend has so much assessment work been done on quartz properties as this season. Work has been performed on about twenty claims and every one shows well defined fissure veins. Generally the veins cut the formation north to south and the larger ones run southeast and northwest. The large leads are all between three and thirty feet wide and some stand ten feet clear above the ground. The veins are mostly free milling on the surface but one or two show sulphides.

J. W. Haskins arrived Tuesday from McCulloch and French creeks. The properties of the Vancouver syndicate, situated on the divide between the two creeks look well and the more work done the better they look. He has brought down some very pretty samples from the Orphan Boy.

The manager of the Vancouver syndicate, J. H. Hoar, is in town with a large sack of samples which he is taking to Vancouver. They intend to run 600 feet of tunnelling on the Vancouver and Gloster, two of their group, and are now building a camp. The ore will easily average $50 per ton.

The Cariboo Gold Fields people are making great improvements on their new townsite.

There are now about 17 or 18 locations in the North Fork camp.

If you once try Carter's Little Liver Pills for sick headache, biliousness or constipation, you will never be without them. They are purely vegetable, small and easy to take. Don't forget this.

WANTED—Three general agents for a block of Counties; also five canvassers for each. A big thing, and those who get territorial rights will be in luck. Can also employ several bright ladies at their own homes. The Bradley-Garretson Co., Ltd., 49 Richmond St. West, Toronto, Ont. jy11