

The Evening Journal

3 P.M. Edition

The Weather

FAIR AND COLD ON SUNDAY

ESTABLISHED 1859

ST. CATHARINES, ONTARIO, SATURDAY, MARCH 6, 1920

PRICE—TWO CENTS.

Row On in Germany At Proposal to Give Millions to Kaiser

Socialists Object to Endowing Him With Wealth Brutally Stolen From Unfortunate Princes and the Church—Would Be Crime, Vorwaerts Says

BERLIN, March 6.—The bills concerning the Hohenzollern compensations have been referred to a committee of twenty four, which will report to the Prussian Convention on the advisability of transferring the settlement to the National German Convention, the latter having the right, under Article 153, to create a separate law for expropriation for the State's benefit. Though this measure has prevented an immediate Government crisis it has only delayed it, for the Socialists are determined to retire if the other parties insist upon endowing the Hohenzollerns with the means to destroy the Republic; in other words, if the Democratic and Centrist parties refuse to consider the question not only from the sanctity of property standpoint, but also from the political and moral aspect.

Not Give Ill-gotten Wealth.

Vorwaerts yesterday explains that the Socialist party does not dispute the Hohenzollerns' right to property honestly acquired, but certainly refuses to confirm them in the possession of much ill-gotten wealth, some of which, like that of the House of Hannover, was brutally stolen from other unfortunate Princes and from the church and public institutions.

To the Socialist speaker's remark that the Hohenzollerns should get what they brought into Brandenburg 40 years ago, the Taegliche Rundschau replies that the reigning Kaiser in 1845 awarded Brandenburg to Markgraf Frederick, the first Hohenzollern, as a pledge for money advanced to the Imperial Treasury, redeemable for 400,000 golden guilders, which in present currency would mean several hundred millions of marks.

Other reactionary papers appeal to the people, praising the noble mind of the Hohenzollerns, who generously renounced any claim to the yearly revenue of 20,000,000 marks which the State had paid the King of Prussia until November, 1918.

Funds to Fight Republic.

The Deutsche Tageszeitung warns the German people that all other countries would distrust a nation that did not respect the Kaiser's private property, especially Americans.

But all, or most, is only jugglery to distract attention from the main issue, which is to provide the Hohenzollerns with funds to fight the Republic. The paralyzing of Erzberger's influence in the Centrist party became evident in yesterday's debate when a Centrist speaker declared himself unreservedly for making the Kaiser a multi millionaire at the expense of the starving people, and a Democratic orator followed this example.

Vorwaerts characterizes their attitude as influenced by cowardice. They fear the possibility of the reactionaries returning to power. Still, it is hoped that the majority of these two parties will take different views, and will be convinced that it means no violation of the sanctity of private property if the Hohenzollerns are dislodged from the property which was acquired by brute force or worse means, Vorwaerts says:

Crime to Give Them Millions

"We have repeatedly recounted how the Hohenzollern fortune was accumulated and how unspicable injustice it would be to place this fortune at the disposal of the man who caused untold misery for his country. When millions of Germans have nothing to eat, nothing to wear, and no roof over their heads, when everyone ought to work day and night and help the ruined Fatherland, it would be a crime to give him an income of millions. If such an injustice is committed the German nation would be justified in withdrawing confidence from all who voted for the arrangement. The Socialist party does not deprive the Hohenzollerns of anything justly belonging to them, but this question must be treated in a sense satisfying the overwhelming majority of the German people."

WANT THE BAN REMOVED NOW

Up to Board of Health to Meet and Lift Order Regarding Schools.

The regular monthly meeting of the Board of Education was held last night in the new Administration Building of the Board at 11 Welland Avenue.

No reports from Committees were presented, the majority of the members being of the opinion that the meeting night had been selected as the second instead of the first Friday in each month.

Communications were received from H. M. Gayman, tendering his resignation as Principal of the Alexandra School.

John Laughlin requesting that the Board have the smallpox ban on the schools removed.

The Central Council of the Home and School Association advising the Board of the advantage of having a motion picture machine for the schools.

Two applications were received for the position of stenographer to the Board.

Hopes For Success.

Trustee Burgoyne gave an oral report of the conference held in Toronto recently between members of the Board, members of the Finance Committee of the City Council and cabinet ministers. The matter of removing the restrictions on the borrowing powers of the city was presented by the Mayor and Solicitor Cummings and Trustee Burgoyne intimated that favorable results were expected. Mr. Raney, he said, had stated he was familiar with the needs of a new Collegiate for this city as he had been both a pupil and a student here.

Trustee McBride, Chairman of the Property Committee explained that he had invited the members that they

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A Fresh Tragedy is Looked For in the Capital Of Ireland

Sterling Again Bounds Upward

Despite Denials of Gold Imports the Pound Goes Up Twelve Cents in N. Y.

NEW YORK, March 6.—Foreign exchange continued to advance yesterday, in the face of denials from foremost local and foreign interests of any immediate prospect of European gold imports, even in moderate volume.

J. P. Morgan and Company, financial agents of the British Government here, declared they were without any knowledge of such a movement. Advances from London also pointed to the slight probability of gold shipments here in the immediate future. There were further accessions to the gold movement to South America, but trade authorities believe exports to that country will soon cease. Several moderate imports of the metal from Canada were said to be without bearing upon the reported Anglo-French situation.

DEATH OF MISS JEAN M. WEEKS

The many friends of Mr. and Mrs. S. Weeks extend their sympathy to them in the loss of their youngest daughter, Jean Montrose, which took place yesterday at the family residence, 115 Dufferin St. Besides her parents three sisters Mrs. McIntyre, Winnipeg; Mrs. Frances, St. St. Marie; and Audrey at home, three brothers Kenneth, Winnipeg; Robert and Gordon of this city survive. The funeral will be held on Monday at Victoria Lawn Cemetery.

Tyrone Power, the notable actor in "The Servant in the House" is coming to the Grand city in a couple of weeks.

Will Be Precipitated By Any Increase of Rigor of Martial Law—Are 200,000 Assassins —Loyalists in West and South Want to Leave Country.

LONDON, March 6.—The Graphic yesterday features a Dublin despatch saying that the Irish situation is changing remarkably. The despatch declares that nothing can avert a fresh tragedy, except the utmost coolness on the part of the authorities and that any increase in the rigor of martial law will inevitably precipitate such a tragedy, causing dangerous complications for England in America.

To Break Sinn Fein Morale.

The chief danger, according to The Graphic, is the widespread conviction that a small Dublin Castle clique is bent on getting Ireland's youth into the open so that the morale of the Sinn Fein may be broken by bloody repression.

This, however, the despatch says, is having one good result, in causing the Sinn Fein leaders to avoid provocation at all costs.

Ian Macpherson, Chief Secretary for Ireland, rebutting in the House of Commons last night attacks on the Irish Administration, said:

Ready For Murder.

"It is obvious we are up against a tremendously dangerous situation in Ireland." He added that the Sinn Fein had at least 200,000 men prepared to commit murder at any hour of the day or night.

Secretary Macpherson asserted he had received letters from Loyalists in the west and south of Ireland begging the Government to take steps to get them out of the country. The

Easter rebellion of 1916 has not been stamped out, he said, and had left behind it a spirit more malignant and revolutionary than Ireland had ever known.

BLAMING LORD FRENCH

FOR THE IRISH MESS

LONDON, March 6.—The speech of Sir Horace Plunkett at Dublin last night, in which he sharply criticized the new Irish Home Rule Bill taken with Ian Macpherson's defense of the Irish Administration, in the House of Commons, formed the basis of comment in some of the morning newspapers.

The Daily News, severely condemning the new Home Rule measure, asks:

"Can the insincere jugglers who are thus mocking the maddened victims of their own cowardly policy be relied upon to give real effect to the slight promise of happier development which may be hidden in its crooked promises?"

The Post charges Viscount French Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, with the "shameful" position. The newspaper tells the Viceroy his duty is to order that after a given date all proved guilty of crimes or violence be court-martialed and shot. Otherwise, The Post says, he ought to resign.

"Viscount French was appointed to govern Ireland," The Post declares "He has failed. He must know he has failed, and it is inconceivable how he justifies his continuance in office."

Diamond Thief Takes Poison

International Sobriquet of the Dia- mond Queen Commits Suicide Rather Than Be Captured

NEW YORK, March 6.—Antoinette Bonner, who acquired the international sobriquet of the Diamond Queen when she was brought back from Paris in 1914 with Joseph B. Kislinger to face charges of large jewelry thefts in New York, dramatically ended her life yesterday by drinking poison as she was being placed under arrest in Kislinger's office here, charged with theft of diamonds valued at \$2,000.

"You'll never take me alive!" she cried as she snatched a poison phial from her handbag and swallowed the contents.

Kislinger was arrested on a charge of acting in concert with the woman in the theft of diamonds from a New York concern and was held in \$1,000 bail for examination on Thursday.

In Miss Bonner's handbag the police found uncut diamonds valued at \$30,000, besides several hundred dollars in cash.

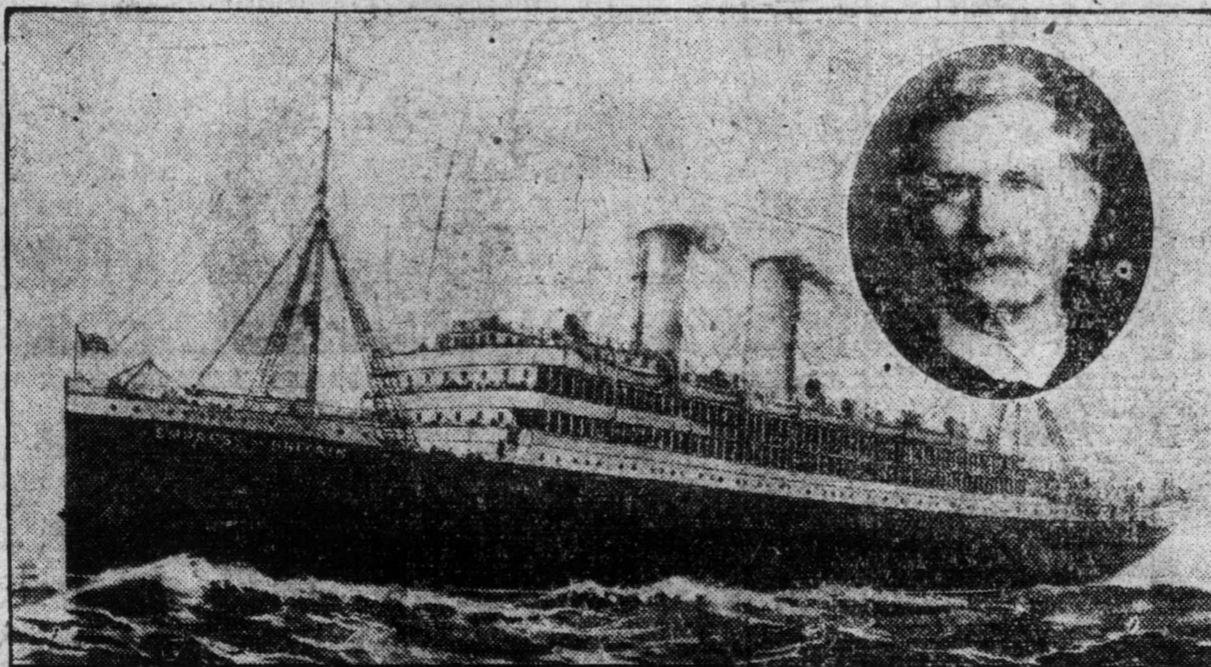
THE WEATHER

TORONTO, March 6.—The disturbance which was developing near the south Atlantic coast yesterday morning is now centered near the Bay of Fundy. Rain fell yesterday in eastern Ontario and there has been a heavy snow fall during the night in some parts of Quebec.

The weather is now fair and decidedly cold from the Ottawa Valley to Alberta.

FORECASTS—North west winds, fair and cold today and on Sunday.

War Shipping Organization Demobilizes



One of the Transports used by the British Ministry of Shipping (Canada). Sir Arthur Harris, inset.

The British Ministry of Shipping (Canada) which during its five and one half years of existence practically controlled the export trade of Canada, inland and overseas, clearing over 3,000 transports and liners from Canadian Ports and Portland, will, according to an announcement by Sir Arthur Harris, its Director General, be demobilized on March 31st, next.

All correspondence relating to the affairs of the Ministry in Canada after that date is to be addressed to Mr. E. M. Raeburn, Director General, British Ministry of Shipping, No. 165 Broadway, New York.

The activities of the Ministry in Canada, including the Overseas Department which it succeeded, date from August 1914, at which time the Dominion Government, appreciating the importance of securing the service of an expert Overseas Officer, conferred with the heads of the large Canadian Transportation Companies with the result that the then President of the Canadian Pacific placed at the service of the Government Mr. now "Sir" Arthur Harris, who acted as Director Overseas Transport up to the 5th September 1918, at which date the Department was absorbed into the British Ministry of Shipping. Sir Arthur Harris continuing in charge as Director General in Canada.

During the period 1914-18 the Director General practically controlled the export trade of Canada, inland and overseas, and that the work was well and impartially performed was evidenced from the fact that the Railway and Steamship Interests were satisfied, and the general business of the Country continued with a minimum of disturbance.

The development of the Department may be realized by the number of vessels cleared from Canadian Ports, and Portland between the 25th August 1914 and 31st December 1919, viz:—

1914	1915	1916	1917	1918	1919
Transports.	132.	362.	427.	875.	975.

During the above mentioned period in excess of sixteen million gross tons of munitions, war material, and supplies, were moved inland and overseas.

The Director General was supported by an efficient staff drawn from the service of the Canadian Pacific. They did good work for Canada and the Empire, and the fact that it was done quietly, almost to the point of self-effacement, is recognized and appreciated.

The General Public little knew the onerous obligations devolving on the successful administration of an undertaking of such magnitude.

When the history of Canada's participation in the Great War is chronicled not the least of its achievements will have been the successful administration of its transport services.

The report of the Select Committee (Imperial Government) on national expenditure issued as a White Paper in London on the 5th January last pays a deserving tribute to the effective and economical administration of the affairs of the Ministry of Shipping not only in the United Kingdom but in various outports of the World to which the operations of the Shipping Control was extended.

Dr. Cody Leaves Field of Politics

No Longer Has Any Ambition and No Reason Simply to Sit in Opposition.

Toronto, March 5.—Hon Dr. Cody Minister of Education in the Hearst Government, is quitting politics. His resignation will be handed in probably before the session opens next Tuesday. Hon. Dr. Cody has seen Hon. G. Howard Ferguson, leader of the Conservative party in Ontario, and his resignation has simply to pass the formal stages.

This will leave "A" seat, North-east Toronto, without a representative in the legislature for at least a part of the coming session or until an election can be issued for a by-election.

Hon. Dr. Cody has no political ambitions. Since the defeat of the Hearst Government he has limited his intention of abandoning public life, although it was understood by those in close touch with him that he would remain for the session. He took public office to put into the department some reforms which he thought were required in the public school system of the province. It was understood that he would not "mix up" politically. His one object was legislation as it affected education. The defeat of the

Hearst Government and the appointment of another Minister of Education has taken from him the opportunity of securing the adoption of such legislation as he intended. Nothing remaining but political action in opposition, which does not appeal to him, he has decided to quit the political arena.

Joined Cabinet in 1918

Dr. Cody was called into the Hearst Cabinet in 1918 in charge of the Department of Education, and continued in that capacity until the Government resigned after its defeat in the elections. He was one of the few members of the Cabinet to survive the election in their own constituencies and was elected by acclamation. During 1918 he toured Britain and France on educational matters.

NIAGARA FALLS, Ont., March 6

The Canadian Club is endeavoring to obtain the consent of W. H. Taft to speak at their dinner to be held at the Clifton hotel this month.

The ex-president is making a tour of several Ontario cities under the auspices of the Dominion Chautauqua.

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